

This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

### Usage guidelines

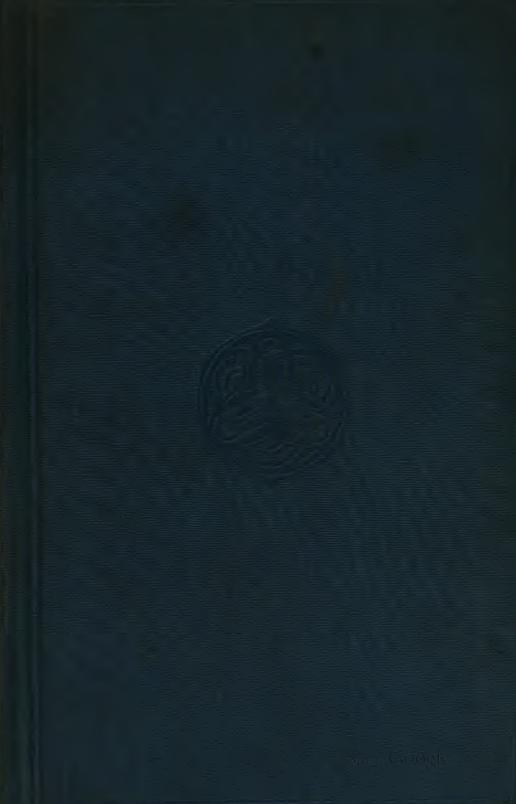
Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + Refrain from automated querying Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

#### **About Google Book Search**

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at http://books.google.com/



M. M. Sociarra
Tihema 9. 1881

THIS BOOK IS PRESENTED TO RHODES HOUSE LIBRARY

BY

Miss Hands.



Digitized by Google

A

## DICTIONARY

OF THE

# NEW ZEALAND LANGUAGE;

TO WHICH IS ADDED

## A SELECTION OF COLLOQUIAL SENTENCES.

BY THE RIGHT REVEREND

## WILLIAM WILLIAMS, D.C.L.

BISHOP OF WAIAPU, NEW ZEALAND.

#### THIRD EDITION

WITH NUMEROUS ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS AND AN INTRODUCTION

· BY THE VENERABLE

W. L. WILLIAMS, B.A.

ARCHDEACON OF WAIAPU.



## WILLIAMS AND NORGATE,

14, HENRIETTA STREET, COVENT GARDEN, LONDON; AND 20, SOUTH FREDERICK STREET, EDINBURGH.

1 8 7 1.



## PREFACE TO THE THIRD EDITION.

THE principal feature in this edition of the Maori Dictionary, which calls for special notice, is the arrangement of the words. are certain changes in form which are applicable to a very large proportion of the words in the language, and especially to adjectives and verbs. These changes are effected by the reduplication of one or more syllables, by prefixing the causative 'whaka', and by the addition of a termination which forms a derivative noun. been thought better therefore, in this edition, not to place all words so changed in alphabetical order, as so many independent words; but to group them all under the simple forms, and to give, in an Introduction, an explanation of their usual effect in modifying the meaning of a word. If, therefore, a word having one or two syllables repeated, or a word beginning with 'whaka', or a word with the termination of a derivative noun, cannot be found in its place, according to the alphabetical order of the letters, it may be looked for under the simpler form of the word. Thus, papae, paepae, whakapae, paenga and whakapaenga may all be looked for under pae, and whakamaharahara and whakamaharatanga may be looked for under the simple form, mahara. If, in any such case, the particular development of the word is not to be found under the simple form, the meaning may be ascertained by a reference to the Introduction. A little experience will soon shew the advantage of having these various forms of each word thus grouped together.

The accents have been omitted, and the quantity of the vowels, as being of much more importance, has been indicated by the usual long and short marks. Rules for accentuation are appended to the Introduction.

The first, or Maori and English portion of the work has been submitted to very careful revision, and the additions amount to upwards of 1200 genuine Maori words, without reckoning the reduplicated forms, the causatives with 'whaka', or the derivative nouns. The large number of corrections and additions and the alteration in the general plan of the work have involved the necessity of re-writing the whole.

It would be a great achievement, if it were possible, to obtain a collection of all known Maori words, with well authenticated examples of genuine Maori usage. This book makes no pretension to any such completeness. The difficulty of the task of collecting words can be fully appreciated by those only who have made trial To make a collection at all approaching to completeness would require the co-operation of a number of individuals, each working in a different district, for there are many words, which, though well known in one district, may be absolutely unknown in another. Nor is it so easy to procure good illustrative examples as it may be imagined to be. A large number of examples have been taken from the "Mythology and Traditions of the New Zealanders" edited by Sir G. Grey, and published in London in the year 1854. The numbers appended to many of the examples now given refer to the pages of that work from which they have been taken. The other examples have for the most part either been copied from Maori letters or other writings or they have been taken down on the spot from the lips of Maori speakers.

The second part, containing the English and Maori vocabulary has undergone very little alteration. The Colloquial sentences remain as they were before, and the concise Grammar has been omitted altogether, as it may be considered to have been superseded by works which have been subsequently published.

Turanga, December, 1869.

## EXTRACT FROM THE PREFACE TO THE FIRST EDITION.

It has indeed been proposed by some, that the New Zealand language should be discouraged as much as possible, and that the Natives should at once be instructed in English. It must be allowed that, if such a plan were practicable, the advantages arising from it would be great; and civilization cannot advance so favourably without it. Let this difficulty be once overcome, and the immense fund of information to be gathered from books in our own language is thrown open to this interesting people. But a knowledge of facts tells us the acquisition of English by the New Zealanders will only be partial, even in those districts in which our principal settlements are made, while the larger portion of the Natives will hold but little intercourse with our countrymen, who will have no inducement to settle in those districts which the Natives generally prefer. That it will be difficult to persuade the Natives, as a people, to adopt our language to the disuse of their own, may be inferred from the fact, that the Irish and Welsh, even though living in the heart of English towns, continue to use their favourite tongue, and that, too, after our connection, as one people, has continued for many centuries. While, therefore, every encouragement should be given to the Natives to learn English, it will not be the less necessary for those, whose position brings them into frequent communication with this people, to learn their language; and, it is interesting to know that many are ready to make use of every help which may be afforded them. As these attempts are persevered in, it is likely that a great accession of valuable materials will ere long be made from various sources. If, in the meantime, the present Compilation shall be the means of assisting those who are disposed to prosecute the study,—though it be only as a ground-work for something more extensively useful hereafter, it will have served the purpose for which it was undertaken.

TURANGA, 1844.

### ADVERTISEMENT.

In the first part of this Dictionary, the English words which are printed in Italics are to be regarded as the *meanings*, or *English equivalents* of the Maori words or sentences to which they are appended. Mere *descriptions* of words which may or may not have English equivalents, are printed in Roman type.

### INTRODUCTION.

There does not appear to be any real necessity for encumbering the pages of a dictionary by treating as so many distinct words what are, in fact, only different regular uses of the same word. In an English dictionary, for example, no one would expect to find the plural form of every noun treated as a distinct word. may go further even than the usual practice in English dictionaries, and say that there is no necessity for setting down all the regularly formed participles, and the nouns ending in -er, as distinct words: for no one, who is acquainted with the habits of ordinary English verbs, would fail to see at a glance the meaning of such words as "doer", "doing" &c., as soon as he had ascertained the meaning of the verb from which they are regularly derived. again, when one hears or uses the expression, "a stone house", is it necessary to consider the word "stone" as an adjective, distinct from the noun "stone", because it happens, in this particular instance, to be used as an adjective, any more than we should say that there is also an adverb, "stone", to explain such an expression as, "stone dead". But when the attempt is not made to present each word under every variety of form, and in every possible position in which it may be found in the language, it becomes the more important that the various modifications of form to which any word is liable should be pointed out, and that the effect which such modifications usually have upon the meaning of the word should be explained. This is the intention of the present introduction.

#### § i. REDUPLICATION.

Adjectives and verbs are modified both in form and meaning by the reduplication of one or both of the syllables of the root\*.

An adjective, with the first syllable of the root doubled, becomes plural: thus, He rakau pai, a good tree. He rakau papai, good trees. It is to be observed however that the simple form is used both as singular and plural; the reduplicated form, as plural only.

The effect of doubling both syllables of the root is to diminish the intensity of the meaning of the adjective, thus; Mate, sick. Matemate, sickly. Wera, hot. Werawera, rather hot; warm.

In the case of verbs, the effect of the two kinds of reduplication is somewhat different. The reduplication of the first syllable of the root denotes either, 1. a prolongation or continuance of the action with increased intensity, or, 2. a mutual action; while the doubling of both syllables of the root gives the verb a frequentative force, denoting that the action is frequently repeated, the intensity being diminished. Thus kimo denotes the ordinary involuntary winking of the eyes; kikimo denotes that the eyes are closed and kept fast closed; kimokimo again, denotes a frequent winking.—Kei te whaia tonutia te Hauhau e te Kawanatanga: kaore ano i tae noa mai he korero o te pipiritanga. The Hauhaus are still pursued by the colonial forces: no tidings have yet reached us of their having joined battle.—Hopuhopu kau ana; ka mate nga atua o Puarata; He caught Puarata's atua one after onother, and thus they were destroyed.

In words of three syllables, the doubling of both syllables of the root causes a euphonious lengthening of the first syllable. Mănia, slippery, becomes măniana; and tinei, extinguish, becomes tineinei.

## § ii. WHAKA.

Nouns, adjectives and verbs may all have a prefix, whaka, (sometimes contracted to wha), the effect of which is to make a

\* Most simple Maori words seem to be formed from a di-syllabic root; some consisting of the root only, and others of the root and a prefixed syllable. Of the prefixed syllables, mā generally constitutes the word an adjective. Long vowels and diphthongs are equivalent in this respect to two syllables, a consonant having certainly in some cases, if not in all, been dropped: thus "kē", different, is, in the Tonga dialect, "kese", and "tai", sea, is, in the Sandwich Island dialect, "tahi".

causal verb. WHakatangata signifies make into a man, or treat as a man; whakapai, make good, or pronounce good; whakanoho, cause to sit; whakamohio, cause to know. Nouns and some adjectives, having whaka thus prefixed, are often used intransitively, when they have a reflex signification, it being assumed that, where no object is expressed, the agent is himself the object of his own action. Thus whakatika, straighten, is commonly used, without an object expressed, to signify straighten oneself, or stand up; whakatamariki, act the part of a child; whakatane, play the man\*.

## § iii. Passive Terminations.

The usual passive terminatinos of verbs are -a, -ia, -kia, -mia, -ngia, -ria, -tia, -whia, na, ina, whina. Thus

| Poro     | becomes | poroa;                   |
|----------|---------|--------------------------|
| WHawhati | ,,      | whatiia;                 |
| Waru     | ,,      | waruhia;                 |
| Moto     | ,,      | motokia;                 |
| Horo     | ,,      | horomia;                 |
| Rere     | "       | rerengia;                |
| Mau      | "       | mauria;                  |
| Awhi     | "       | awhitia;                 |
| WHawhao  | ,,      | whaowhia, and whaowhina; |
| Tiki     | "       | tikina;                  |
| Aroha    | "       | arohaina.                |

It is questionable whether any rule can be laid down for applying one termination rather than another to any given verb. Usage varies in different parts of the country so much that it appears to be mere matter of custom, some regard being paid to euphony.

Intransitive, as well as transitive, verbs have a passive voice, requiring the addition of a preposition, in English, to make the sense complete. Thus, haere, go; haerea, be travelled over; noho, sit; nohoia, be sat upon.

Some adverbs, and all adjectives when used adverbially, take one or other of the above terminations whenever the verbs with which they are connected are passive. Example. Tokowha o ona hoa i kainga katoatia e ia; There were four of his companions who were devoured entirely by him.

<sup>\*</sup> This reflex use is met with in other words besides those compounded with whaka. Neke, v. t. move, if no object is expressed, is always understood to mean, move oneself.

Nouns will also be met with occasionally, carrying the termination of a passive verb. This form expresses a change as having taken place into that which the noun signifies. Thus, Koroua signifies old man; Kua korouatia koe, you have grown into an old man.

Sometimes a phrase may be treated like a verb when it is impossible to consider it as a permanent compound word. For instance, the expression, ma te matapihi, through the window, might be welded together into one word, and a passive termination added, thus, Ma-te-matapihi-tia mai, Let it be passed through the window.

## § iv. Nouns of CIRCUMSTANCE.

These are derived from adjectives, participles or verbs by the simple addition of one of the following terminations, -nga, -anga, -hanga, -manga, -ranga, -tanga, -inga; the choice of the termination for any given word being, as in the case of the passives, somewhat arbitrary, and dependent upon usage which is not always uniform. Thus

| 11     | mahi     | makes | mahinga,       |
|--------|----------|-------|----------------|
| sit    | noho     | ,,    | nohoanga,      |
| المساو | titiro   | "     | tirohanga,     |
| 1,45   | ngaro    | "     | ngaromanga,    |
| 51, Lw | whakaatu | ,,    | whakaaturanga, |
| held   | pupuri   | ,,    | puritanga,     |
| عارني  | 8.       | ,,    | ainga.         |

In some few cases the final vowel is altered, for arahi makes arahanga, and nunumi makes numanga. These nouns denote the circumstance, time or place of the action or condition, and those which are derived from verbs may be either active or passive, according to the context. Thus, patu signifies strike, and patunga, the circumstance, time or place of striking or of being struck. Tana patunga is a au, the circumstance of his striking me. Tona patunga e au, the circumstance of his being struck by me.

## § v. Numeral Prefixes.

These are 1. e, prefixed to all but tahi; 2. ko, prefixed to tahi only; 3. toko, used in speaking of persons, when the number is not higher than nine; 4. hoko, which expresses multiples of ten, but sometimes also is merely equivalent to toko; and 5. taki, which is distributive, as takiwhitu, by sevens. All of these except ko are used with the interrogative numeral hia, and in speaking of per-

sons taki is used along with toko, as takitokowha, by four persons at a time.

Taki is also used sometimes with adjectives or participles to denote that the word applies to each and all of the things spoken of. Ka takimanu anake nga waka, the canoes are one and all afloat.

### § vi. -TANGA.

Passive verbs sometimes have a suffix, -tanga, which, if the verb is qualified by an adverb, is attached to the adverb in place of the passive termination. The force of this suffix it is not very easy to determine. Sometimes, at all events, it seems to have the same effect as 'ana' would have in the same position. Hiko tonu is ki nga ngarehu, apuatanga. He immediately snatched up the burning coals and crammed them into his mouth.—Apitiria tonutanga atu ko te pa, ka horo, The pa was then attacked in addition, and fell.

## § vii. NGE.

The syllable nge is sometimes prefixed to personal or possessive pronouns, as nge-au; nge-ona: and sometimes it appears as a suffix to the adverbs pea and koa, thus, peange, koange; but in none of these cases does it apparently affect the meaning of the word to which it is attached.

## § viii. DIFFERENT MODES OF SPELLING.

A Maori, in writing a long vowel, will frequently double it to shew that it is long, especially when it may be important to keep it distinct from another word which is similarly spelt, but differently pronounced, and thus we may have the same word spelt in two different ways. Kainga, dwellingplace, is thus often written kaainga, to distinguish it from kainga, act of eating. The words tangata, wahine, matua, tupuna, and a few others, may, in the same way, have the vowel in the antepenultimate syllable doubled, to shew that that syllable is to be pronounced long, to denote the plural number.

## § ix. DISGUISED WORDS.

Well-known words may sometimes be met with in such a disguise that it is difficult, at first sight, to recognize them at all. The disguise may be effected 1. by the transposition of single letters, or syllables; or 2. by the substitution, for one letter, of another

Digitized by Google

which has, or may be assumed to have some affinity with it; or 3. by the substitution, in a compound word, for one of its elements, of another word having the same signification. Changes of the first class may perhaps be set down merely as peculiarities of dialect, though some of them have possibly had an arbitrary origin. Those of the third class, and probably those of the second, have originated in a desire to avoid the possibility of one's getting into trouble through the accidental resemblance of the name of some great chief to a word in common use. The mere fact of his name, or a word similar to it, being used in a manner which he considered disrespectful to himself, used to be considered quite sufficient justification for a chief in picking a quarrel with his neighbours, when the quarrel was determined on, and nothing but a plausible pretext was wanting. The following may serve as an illustration of this. Some years ago, the child of a chief of the NGatiporou tribe received the name of Te Wairama. In consequence of this the word honu came into common use for water, and the usual word, wai, was avoided for fear of giving offence.

Cases of transposition are not uncommon, and sometimes both forms of a transposed word may be found in use together in the same district. Thus ngaro, fly, is transposed into rango; and ngawhariki into whanariki\*.

Interchangeable letters are 1. a and e; 2. a and o; 3. i and u; 4. m, n and ng; 5. k and ng; 6. k and p.

## Examples.

- 1. teina, taina.
- 2. taimaha, toimaha.
- 3. taimaha, taumaha. tupuna, tipuna.
- 4. momi, ngongi. memenge, memene.
- karengo, kareko. kainga, kaika.
- 6. karengo, parengo.

<sup>\*</sup> The word, engari, is probably only a transposed from of erangi. Some good authorities consider the two words to be distinct, both in etymology and signification, but after much close observation of the use of the two words by Natives, both in writing and speaking, I have been driven to the conclusion that they are identical, at least in meaning.

## § x. THE SAME WORD IN DIFFERENT ASPECTS.

The same word may at different times assume the functions of several different parts of speech. Thus nouns are frequently used as adjectives to denote the material of which a thing is made, the purpose to which it is applied, &c. He whare raupo, a house [built of] raupo. He roto tuna, a lake in which eels abound. Adjectives and participles are used as nouns to express the quality, apart from the individual person or thing in which that quality may reside. Haere koe, e hoki ki uta, hei korero i toku toa, Go, return to the shore, to tell of my bravery. Adjectives and participles are also commonly used as adverbs. I mauria maoatia mai te kai; The food was brought in a cooked state.

Verbs again frequently become nouns; the infinitive mood of the verb being, in fact, nothing more than the verb treated as a noun. Or again, they do the work of adjectives and adverbs. He matua whangai, a foster father.

Nouns also will sometimes assume the function of verbs, as in the case already mentioned, § iii, as well as in others. Nona ka kaumatua nei, ka timata tona mate; It was when he arrived at man's estate that his sickness began.

#### ACCENTUATION.

It may be set down as a general rule, to which there are some exceptions, that Maori words are always accented on the first syllable; but compound words, or words which have the disyllabic root doubled, have a secondary accent on the second portion of the word.

WHaka, beginning a word is always un-accented.

The Articles, he, te, nga, all the prepositions, the verbal particles, and the particles a and ko are un-accented; but when a precedes any of the singular personal pronouns au, koe, ia or the indefinite pronoun mea, these words throw back their accent upon the a, which thus becomes accented.

## SCHEME OF A MAORI VERB. AFFIRMATIVE AND NEGATIVE FORMS.

## Karanga, call.

#### i. INDICATIVE.

1. Inceptive; past or future.

Ka karanga ia, He called, or began to call; He will call, or will begin to call.

Ka kore ia e karanga, He began, or will begin not to call.

2. Imperfect; past, present or future.

E karanga ana ia; He was, is or will be calling.

Kahore ia e karanga ana; He was not, is not, or will not be calling.

3. Perfect; past, present or future.

Kua karanga ia, He had, has, or will have called.

Kahore ia kia karanga; He had not, has not, or will not have called.

4. Indefinite, past.

I karanga ia; He called.

Kihai ia i karanga; He did not call.

5. Indefinite; future.

E karanga ia, or Tera ia e karanga; He will call.

E kore ia e karanga, or Tera ia e kore e karanga; He will not call.

6. Narrative form.

Karanga ana ia; He called.

#### ii. IMPERATIVE.

Karanga! Call!

Kaua e karanga! Do not call!

#### iii. OPTATIVE.

1. With Kia, that.

Kia karanga ia; That he should call.

Kia kaua ia e karanga; That he should not call.

2. With Kei; lest.

Kei karanga ia; Lest he should call.

Kei kore ia e karanga; Lest he should not call.

#### iv. Subjunctive.

1. Imperfect.

Me e karanga ana ia; If he were calling.

Me kahore ia e karanga ana; If he were not calling.

2. Perfect.

Me i karanga ia; If he had called.

Me i kahore ia i karanga; If he had not called.

3. Future (contingent).

Ki te karanga ia; If. he should call.

Ki te kore ia e karanga, If he should not call.

#### v. Infinitive.

Karanga preceded by an article or definitive pronoun, thus; He karanga; te karanga; tana karanga &c.

## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS.

| art. |           |  |  |  |    |  | Article.         |
|------|-----------|--|--|--|----|--|------------------|
| n.   |           |  |  |  |    |  | Noun.            |
| a.   |           |  |  |  |    |  | Adjective.       |
| prot | <b>2.</b> |  |  |  |    |  | Pronoun.         |
| v.   |           |  |  |  |    |  | Verb.            |
| ad.  |           |  |  |  |    |  | Adverb.          |
| conj |           |  |  |  |    |  | Conjunction.     |
| prep | ٠.        |  |  |  | ٠. |  | Preposition.     |
| int. |           |  |  |  |    |  | Interjection.    |
| W.   |           |  |  |  |    |  | Waikato dialect. |
| R.   |           |  |  |  |    |  | Rarawa dialect.  |
| T.   |           |  |  |  |    |  | Tauranga dialect |
| E. ( | c.        |  |  |  |    |  |                  |
| Ngt. |           |  |  |  |    |  |                  |
| Ng.  |           |  |  |  |    |  | 37 11 11 1       |

Note.—The failure of the attempt to get this book printed in New Zealand involved the necessity of sending it home, where it could not have the Editor's supervision as the sheets passed through the press; hence the number of typographical errors which it is desirable should be corrected before the book is used.

```
Page viii., line 29, for maniana read maniania.
 " note, line 6, for "kese" read "kehe," and dele "in the Sandwich Island dialect."
      1, col. 2, line 18, for kuiwai read Kuiwai.
      3, ,, 1, ,, 21, for Auareka read Ahuareka.
                 " 32, for Ne read He.
            ,,
                " 14, for ninu read rimu.
            1,
                     9 from bottom, for ta read te.
          ,, 2,
                "
                    18 from bottom, for Ainake read Auinake.
     12,
             1,
                ,,
                    I from bottom, for Araki read Auraki.
             1,
                   10, for karewa read Karewa.
            2,
          " 1, " 10, for gi read ki.
                   22, for kaupa read kainga.
            1,
                   8, for ti read te.
          ,, 2,
    15, ,, 2, ,, 16 from bottom, for humariae read humarire.
                     6 from bottom, for ou read or.
             2,
     15, ,,
     17, ,,
                 , 11, for v. t. read v. i.
            1,
                     2, for to read te.
             2,
                 " 13, for heri read heoi.
     18,
                    19 from bottom, for the read she.
     19.
             2,
     20,
             2,
                    11, for traws read Araws.
                     9, for keoi read heoi.
     24,
             1,
             2,
                     5, for Kikarohia read Hikarohia.
     25,
                     9 from bottom, for strine read shine.
     25,
             2,
                     4 from bottom, for kampango read karupango.
     25,
            2,
                     8 from bottom, for karewa read Karewa.
     26,
             2,
                 ,,
                    21, for a read e.
     27,
             1,
                 ,,
                    26, for mauie read marie.
     27,
             1,
                    15, for nai read na.
     27,
             2,
                 " 20 from bottom, for to read te.
     27,
             2,
    28.
             1,
                     6, for re read te.
                     5 from bottom, for kokai read hokai.
     28,
             2,
                 ,, 12, for kokehokes read hokehokes.
     29,
            1,
                " 24, for burut read burnt.
     31,
            1,
                " 16 from bottom, for Hona read Houa.
     31,
             2,
     32,
          ,, 2, ,, 17 from bottom, for maki read mahi.
                    16, for siliccous read siliceous.
         ,, 1, ,,
         ,, 1, last line, for whuia read whiua.
    33.
     34, ,, 2, line 6, for the read te.
          ,, 1, ,,
                     3, dele comma after huri.
     35, ,, 2, ,, 28, for stunded read stunted.
```

```
Page 36, col. 1, line 23, dele te.
                       4, for haukia marange read hau, kia maranga.
     37,
              1,
                     21 from bottom, for ho read ko.
                       9, for WHina read WHina.
              1,
                  ••
              1,
                       9 from bottom, for Ke read Ko.
                     18 from hottom, for price read prize.
     42,
              1,
     43.
              1,
                     16 from bottom, for ke read he.
     49,
              2,
                       5, for Katahanga read Kautahanga.
                       6, for ponaka read ponaka.
     49,
              2,
                     14 from bottom, for whina read whius.
     52,
              1,
     52,
              2,
                     19 from bottom, for Lest read Let.
     52,
              2,
                       8 from bottom, for tangata read tangatanga.
           ••
                       7, for Kititona read Kiritona.
     54,
              1,
                       7 from bottom, for tana read taua.
              2,
                     23, for koaru read koaro.
     55,
              1,
     55,
              1,
                       3 from bottom, for Koehoea read Koekoea.
                     13 from bottom, for hoangaw-, read kohangaw-.
     55,
     58,
              2,
                     16, for whahak, read whakak.
              2,
                       8 from bottom, for place, read circumstance.
     58,
     59,
                       1, insert semicolon after slanting.
              1,
                     20 from bottom, for longata read lævigata.
     60,
              2,
              1,
                     17 from bottom, for Kopohuri read Kopuhuri.
     61,
                       9 from bottom, read Koroingoingo.
              1,
     64,
              2,
                     15, for light read bight.
              2,
                     20 from bottom, for Koweka read Kowheka.
     67,
              1,
                     13. for termi- read tenui-.
              2,
                       7 from bottom, for sewed read served.
     70,
     74,
                       5 from bottom, for -niu read -nui.
              1,
  "
                     28, matua with u short.
     80,
              2,
  99
                     10, for position read pression.
     83,
              1,
                     18, for to read te.
     83,
              1,
              2,
                     11 from bottom, for make read anake.
  ••
                     19, for of read off.
     86,
              2,
     89,
              2,
                       2 from bottom, for Nanawa read Nanawe.
                     22 from bottom, for whina read whiua.
     90.
              1,
                       3 from bottom, for sheel read shell.
     95,
              2,
                       3 from bottom, for wahie read kamaka.
     96,
              2,
                     14, for NGeni read NGeru.
     97,
              2,
                     13, for ponaka read pouaka.
              1,
                  ,,
                     23, for tanga read tangata.
              1,
    102,
                     37, for Te read To.
    102,
              1,
                     27, for niai read mai.
    108,
              1,
                     37, for e read a.
              1,
    103,
                       2, for point read joint.
    103,
              2,
           ,,
                  ,,
                       3 from bottom, for To read Te.
    105,
              1,
                       2 from bottom, for orus read oms.
    105,
              1,
          ,,
                     21, for ma read rua.
              1,
                     21, for to read te.
              2,
                  ..
                       2 from bottom, insert he before raupo.
```

,, 111,

1,

```
Page 111, col. 2, line 24 from bottom, for mater read water.
     113, ,, 2, ,, 20, for o read e.
     114, ,, 2, ,, 19, for ma read rua.
                 " 10 from bottom, for Komai read Homai.
          ,, 1,
     118, ,, 2, ,, 21, for papatu read papatua.
     120, ,, 1, after line 12, meet Poporcihewa, n. a bird.
     120, ,, 1, line 13, for Poporcihewa read Poporckaiwhiri.
                " 22 from bottom, for Ho read He.
     124, ,, 1,
                 " 19 from bottom, for hi read ki.
     124, ,, 2,
     125, ,, 2, ,, 12 from bottom, for na read ua.
                     4 from bottom, for Parakau read Purakau.
     126,
             1,
                 " 24 from bottom, for Ke read Ka.
     127, ,, 2,
     128, ,,
                 " 21, for pokaka read poaka.
             1.
     180, ,, 2,
                      3 from bottom, for tinaua read tinana.
                 " 24, for ke read te.
     184, ,, 2,
                     4 from bottom, for ki read kis.
     134, ,, 2,
     135, ,, 1, ,, 14 from bottom, for Rotae read Retae.
     140, ,, 1, ,, 18, for ruawhine read ruwahine.
     141, ,, 1, last line, for rire read riu.
     141, ,, 2, line 11 from bottom, for te read ta.
     142, ,, 1, last line, for keoi read heoi.
     142, ,, 2, line 5, for for read far.
                ,, 17 from bottom, for Ho read He.
     143, ,, 1,
                 ,, 18, for kawa read kowa.
     144, ,,
             2,
     145, ,, 2,
                      1, for Tainaki read Tainahi.
    147, ,,
                 " 14, for Takahau read Takakau.
             1,
     150, ,,
             2,
                 ,, 18, for Aus te read Aus e.
                 ,, 12, for O read E.
     151, ,, 1,
                 " 21 from bottom, for hua read hoa.
    151, ,,
             2,
                      5, for Tapukitia, read Tapuhitia.
     154, ,, 2,
    159, ,,
             1,
                      6 from bottom, for Hei read Heei.
                      3 from bottom, insert ana before to.
     160, ,, 1,
                 "
                 " 12 from bottom, for Tiwaki read Tiwhaki.
    171, "
             1,
     172, ,,
                 " 18 from bottom, for ai read ia.
             1,
                      2 from bottom, for stempost read sternpost.
     173, ,,
             1,
                      2, for ngu read nga.
     180,
             1,
                 ,,
                 " 14, for ke read he.
     181, ,,
             2,
     181.
             2.
                 ., 27, for is read a.
                      7, for toans read tans.
     182, ,, 1,
                 "
     183, "
                      5, for for read of.
             1,
                 " 21 from bottom, for tana read tane.
     190, ,, 2,
                 " 19, for haki read kaki.
     191, " 1,
                      6 from bottom, for Kai read Ka.
     191, ,, 2,
                      9, for WHahikitia read WHarikitia.
     192, ,, 1, ,,
```

A, n. collar-bone. Usually joined with kakī, thus; Te a o toku kaki.

A, v. t. drive; urge; compel. Ka aia te waka e te ia. Ka rumaki tonu te pane ki te hoe, i te ainga hoki a te wehi (144).

(\(\begin{align\*} \begin{align\*} \

A, a prefix to proper names and personal pronouns, and occasionally to common nouns.

1. to names of persons, proper names of canoes &c., and personal pronouns (except ahau).

(a) when standing as subject in a sentence. Kei te ngaki kumara a Te Kehu (85).

(b) when fellowing any of the prepositions, hei, kei, ki, i. Ka korero atu a Kupe ki a Turi (110). Kua timata mai ano i mua atu, i a WHakatauihu, i a Tawhaki, i a Tuhuruhuru (63).

(c) in explanatory clauses. Kua tupu tana tamaiti, a Rata (54).

2. to names of places and local nouns, when standing as subject in a sentence. Ka taunahatia e Naki a Motiti (75).

3. occasionally to common nouns in explanatory clauses. Rokohanga atu e takoto ana te kai nei, a te kukupa. (146).

A, conj. 1. as far as. Ka rere

mai a te Arawa, a waho i te moana (71). 2. until. Takoto nei, a ao noa te ra (90). 3. and; and then; connecting successive actions or events. Hoe ana mai, a ka u ki Mokau (123). 4. well then, in rejoinders. A, tena, kei whea au tuaahu? (122)

A, prep. 1 of; belonging to; used in speaking of actions of any kind, food, children, slaves &c. but not in speaking of the parts of a whole, names, qualities, houses, lands, water for drinking, clothes &c. NGa tama a Rangitihi.—NGa kupu poroporoaki a Hou (82). Te umu a kuiwai (83). 2. at, of future A whea ano ra ka po? (167) 3. after the manner of. He mea mohio a ngakau ta-Heoi, ka noho a ngata (84). pahi te rau ma whitu nei i reira (154).

AATA, n. altar.

Ae, ad. 1. in answer to an affirmative question, yes. Ka mea atu te matua ki a ia, "Ae, e pai ana" (25). 2. in answer to a negative question, no. "Kahore i homai he kai mau?" "Ae."

ae, v. i. consent. Ae ana mai ona whanaunga kia patua te ra (25).
whakaae, v. i. say yes; consent.
Ka whakaae to raua whaea (46).

#### Aeses.

whakaacaca, 1. v. i. pant for breath. Ka kake i te pikitanga, ka whakaacaca. 2. v. t. utter disconnectedly, as though in want of breath. Kaua e whakaacacatia to korero, engari honoa tonutia.

Acha, int. denoting contempt.

Aha, (a-a) pron. 1 what? of things only. He sha te korero? (90) 2 of what sort &c. 3 whatever. Te ai he sha hei whakaohooho mai (117). There is nothing whatever to disturb.

sha, v. i. or t. do what; do what to. E sha and koe i kona? What are you doing there? I shatia e ratou tana tamaiti? What did they do to his child?

ahatanga, n. doing what. He ahatanga? or Ko tena te ahatanga? What of that?

Ahākoa, conj. 1. although. Ahakoa kei te whenua tawhiti e noho ana, ka taea ano i reira. 2. nevertheless. 3. repeated, whether...or. Ko te taua haere atu i raro nei, kei Muriwhenua ka mate; ahakoa taua, ahakoa tira haere noa, e kore e ora (175). Sometimes written as two words with he, thus, he aha koa, but this is often only an intensified form of he aha. He aha koa u ana te waiho ai hei hoa aroha mo tatou? (12)

Ahaku, pl. of tahaku, a lengthened form of taku. See taku.

Ahau, pron. I. often shortened to au. Te wai i kite ai au (110). After the prepositions a, o, ma, mo, na, no, ta, to, it is changed to ku, thus; aku, maku &c. Ahau does not take the prefix a, but au does.

Ahĕa, (ā hĕa) adv. interrogative, of future time. when. Ahea koe haere ai? see Hea.

Ahěi, (ā) v. i. 1. be able. E kore

au e ahei te ki atu. 2. be possible; be within one's power. Kaore e ahei i a ia te haere. Aheiha, ad. truly. a form of assent.

Ahere, n. snare for birds.

Ahi, (ă-ĭ) n. fire. Tenei to ahi (24). ahiahi, n. evening. Kia ahiahi ka hoki mahi ki roto ki tona whare (46).

Ahiki, v.i. make haste. Ahiki mai. Aho, (ŭ ŏ) n. 1. string; line. Ka maro a raua aho (25). 2. woof; cross threads of a mat.

Aho, (a ŏ) n. radiant light, as opposed to diffused light. Compare mataaho, tiaho &c.

Ahoroa, (ā ŏ) n. moon. I. Ahu, (ă ŭ) n. heap.

ahu, v. i. tend; foster. Na Tuparimaewaewa nana i ahu mai, ka kiia he tangata (17). ahu whenua, cultivate the soil.

ahuahu, a. large. Ka ahuahu te tupu o to hoiho.

ahuahu, v. i. 1. heap up. 2. earth up; cover with a heap of earth, as potatoes &c. 3. foster; tend. Ahuahungia mai e Rongotakawiu, ka tupu ko WHakatau (57).

whakaahu, i. v. t. heap up; lay in a heap. WHakaahua koe ki te ahi rarauhe (5). WHakaahutia he aruhe ki runga ahi. ii. v. n. 1. swell up. Ka whakaahu taku puku. 2. be displeased. WHakaahu ana au i te pukapuka a Henare: ko taku whakaahu tenei, te haere ia ki WHarekahika kati mai ai. shew contempt. Katahi te tangata whakaahu ki aku kai.

II. Ahu, (ă ŭ) v. n. move in a certain direction. E ahu mai ana te waka.

I. Ahua, (ā ŭ) or ahuatanga, n.
1. form; appearance. Ae, me koe na ano te ahua (62).
2. likeness. Ka whakaahuatia hoki

ahau ki to te manu ahuatanga (18). 3. character. He tangata ahua pai.

ahuahua, v. i. resemble. Ahuahua ana te kanohi o te tamaiti nei ki tona papa.

ahuatia, v. pass. be matured; be completed. Kahore ano kia ahuatia te haora mo te kai.

whakaahua, 1. v. t. form; fashion. 2. v. i. acquire form. E whakaahua ana te tamaiti.

whaka-whai-ahua, v. t. impart form to; fashion.

II. Ahua, v. i. be pregnant. E ahua ana te wahine.

III. Ahua (ā ŭ) v. i. hasten. E ahua mai koutou.

Ahua (ă ū) ad. truly; a form of assent.

Auarěkă, a. 1. pleasant; agreeable; entertaining. 2. pleased. E kore ahau e ahuareka ki tena mea.

Ahŭkăhuka, v.i. resemble; coincide nearly. Kihai i ahukahuka mai tau korero i runga i taku.

Ahurewa, (ă-ŭ) n. sacred place for the performance of mystic ceremonies; the same as tuanhu.

Ahuru, (ā) a. warm; comfortable. Ne whare ahuru.

whakaahuru, v. t. warm; nestle; cherish. E whakaahuru ana te manu i ana pi.

 Ai, (ă) ad. not generally to be translated by any equivalent English word, but used in the following cases.

1. In relative clauses, where the relative in English is governed by a verb or preposition. Kei kona nga tangata i kite ai au (116). There are the men whom I saw. Ka kitea he tikanga mana e mate ai tenei taniwha (110). He discovered a plan by which this taniwha might be killed. Occasionally with pas-

sive verbs when the relative is the subject of the verb. Ka kitea te wahi i kimihia mai ai e ratou (121). The place was found which was sought for by them.

2. In clauses expressing the reason for which anything is done, or the object in view in doing it. He aha koe i whakaorangia ai? (46) Why were you saved alive? Koia i tapaa ai toku ingoa e te iwi nei ko Tatau (46). That is why this people gave me the name of Tatau. I tapaa ai tena matenga ko Maikukutea, no te mea ko nga maikuku kau i kitea (93). place of this slaughter was called Maikukutea because there was nothing found but the fingernails. He nuka na Kupe kia riro mai ai a Kuramarotini mana (109). It was an artifice of Kupe's in order that he might obtain Kuramarotini for himself. Mo wai to wai, i haere iho ai koe i te po? (96) For whom is your water that you come down to fetch it by night?

3. In clauses marking the time or place of an action or event. Nonawhea koutou nei i u mai ai? (122) When was it that you arrived? Kei to wai heru ano ka patu ai, katahi ka mate (54). It is at the pool where he dresses his hair that you should strike him; then he will die.

4. With a verb or adjective denoting an action or state consequent upon some previous action. Toia ake ki uta takoto ai i te po (76). It was drawn up on shore at night, to lie there.

 Denoting present condition or habitual action. Noho non ai nga tangata o tera motu; kaore e mahi kai. The men of that island live at case; they do not cultivate food.

6. With reference to something previously mentioned, as aforesaid, as already stated. I a ia ai i roto i te whare o ona tuakana (17). When he was, as already stated, in the house of his elder brothers. Po iho ai, ka whiti mai a Hinemoa ki Mokoia (135). When the night came, as aforesaid, Hinemoa crossed over to Mokoia.

7. In the phrase, Ko wai i hua ai? or Ko wai i tohu ai? Who would have thought?

II. Ai, (ă) v. substantive. Te ai he aha hei whakaohooho mai (117). There was nothing to disturb them. E ai ki tana, or E ai tana; It is according to his [saying] i. e. He says. Me e ai ana he toki maku; If there were an axe for me; for If I had an axe.

III. Ai, (a) v. t. 1. lie with a female. 2. procreate; beget. To aitanga a Tiki (145); The descendants of Tiki, a tribe.

IV. Ai, (ă) int. expressing surprise. Ai! taukiri e! (63).

Aiānēi, ad. now; to-day; presently.

Waihoki ko tenei, e aku tuakana, ka taea hoki e au tenei,
ka taea hoki e au tera atu aianei (19).

Ainga, n. derived from verb a. See a.

Aio, (ā) a. 1. calm. Kia aio te moana ka hoe. 2. at peace. He whenua aio.

Aitŭ, (ă) n. sickness.

Aituā, (ăi) a. 1. of ill omen; unlucky. He aitua, ina mahue te whare. 2. unfortunate; in trouble. Na koutou hoki tatou i aitua ai.

Aka, (ĕ-ă) n. 1. long and thin roots of trees or plants. 2. metrosideros scandens, a climbing

plant. 3. stem of any climbing plant; hence occurring in the names of many climbers as akakiore, parsonsia rosea; aka-kongohe; aka-kūkū; aka-kura; akapohue; aka-tawhiwhi; aka-tea; aka-totara, &c.

akaaka, n. fibrous root.

akaaka, a. having fibrous roots. Akau, (ā-šu) n. seashore; coast. Noho ana i te akau o te moana (96).

Ake, (ĕ-ĕ) n. dodonea viscosa; a tree called also ake-rautangi. ake-piro; olearia furfuracea, a shrub.

Ake, (ă-ĕ) ad. 1. onwards, in time. mea ake, or mea kau ake; in a very little while; immediately. No reira tana mohiotanga, mea ake ia whakamatea hei utu mo taua tamaiti (108). Taro ake; in a little while. Ake, ake, ake; for ever. 2. forming a comparative, with nouns of position. No mua ake; just before; ki runga ake; higher up. 3. down below: in a low situation; with reference to a person or thing in a higher one. E koutou e haka ake nei, whakarongo ake koutou katoa (65). 4. from below; upwards. Te puna e hu ake ra i raro i te whenua (154). 5. implying direction to some place connected with the speaker, but not where he is at the time of speaking. Haere ake koe ki toku whare. 6. intensifying personal or possessive pronouns, self. E wawata puku ana tetehi, me tetehi, ki a raua ake (131). own. Tona ake kakahu. Akěngčkěngč, ad. to-morrow.

Aki, (ă-i) 1. v. t. dash. Hohoro kau ana te tangata ki te aki i te patu ki nga kauae o te ika ra (155). 2. v. i. dash. Ko te tai anake e aki ana (93).

akiaki, v. t. urge on. E akiakina ana matou e Turiri kia haere ki te whawhai.

Akiko, ad. at a distance from home. E noho akiko ana taua tangata.

Akĭrĭ, (ā) v. t. throw away; reject. Akiritia nga otaota ki waho.

Ako, (ă-ŏ) v.t. 1. learn. I akona e koe ki a wai? 2. teach. Penei ka rongo mai koe ki taku ako atu ka ora koe (25).

akonga, n. learner; disciple.

akoranga, n. 1. circumstance, time, place &c. of learning; 2. thing taught or learnt.

whakaako, v. t. teach. Na te atua ano ia i whakaako, i mohio ai (8).

**Ako**, (ă-ŏ).

akoako, v. n. split; have a tendency to split. E kore tenei rakau e akoako.

Aku, (ā-ŭ) 1. personal pronoun 1st. person singular, with the preposition a: of me. 2. plural of the definitive pronoun taku, my. See taku.

Aku, (ă-ŭ).

akuaku, 1. v. n. delay; take time over anything. 2. v. t. clear the stones out of preparatory to heating it. Akuakuna te umu.

akuaku, a. firm; strong. Kahore ano kia akuaku nga iwi o tana tamaiti.

Akuanei, (ā-ŭ) ad. of time future, presently; to-day.

AKUHATA, n. August; one of the months.

Akuto, a. 1. late. He tau akuto; A year in which the crops are late. 2. slow. He ope akuto, e kore e hohoro te ara.

Ama, n. (ĕ-ă) outrigger on the windward side of a canoe. Hei roto koe, hei te ama o to taua waka (26).

Amai, n. (ă-ăi) swell on the sea.

amai, a. giddy; dizzy. E amai ana tona watenga.

Amăiă, n. halo.

Amaru, (ā) n, metrosideros species; a tree.

Aměně, (ā) v. t. desire. Kei te amene te ngakau ki te kino.

Ami, (ă-i) v. t. heap up.

Amiki, (a) v.t. 1. gather up without omitting any; make a clean sweep. Kua amikia katoatia nga kai. 2. tell a story without omitting any particular. Kaua e amikitia te korero.

Amiku, v. t. for amiki.

Amiomio, (ā) v. i. 1. turn round and round; 2. be giddy.

Amo, (ă-ŏ) v. t. 1. carry on the shoulder. E kite koe i te rakau roa, turakina, ka amo mai (46). carry on a litter. 2. rush upon; charge. Amohia!

amo, n. litter; bier.

Amu, (ă ŭ).

amuamu, v. i. grumble. He aha tau e amuamu? Pass. amuamutia, be grumbled at.

Amua, (am) n. The time to come. Hei amua, or mo amua; hereafter. Hei amua ahau ka haere ai.

Amuri, n. The time to come. Waiho mo amuri. Amuri ake nei; hereafter.

 Ana, (ă-ă) n. cave; Te ana kowhatu o te wahine ra (95).

II. Ana (ă-ă) one of the verbal particles always placed after the verb or adjective. 1. When e precedes the verb, it denotes a temporary condition, an action in progress, or an action intended to be performed immediately. Kei runga kei te whare e iri ana tou taina, e ngaua ana e te paoa ahi (64). E whakarongo ana raua ki te putanga mai o te hau (93). E haere ana ahau ki Tauranga. 2. Without

e it is used in animated narration of a rapid succession of actions. Ae ana mai, haere ana: noho ana ia, tunu manu ana mana (95). 3. Placed after a noun to denote the point to which anything reaches. Ko Te Kahureremoa atu ano i waho nei, a, roto atu ana.

Ana, (ă-ă) 1. ad. there. Ana, kei Motutapu (33).

 conj. when, in future time only. Ana tae koe ki te kainga.

3. int. calling immediate attention. Ana! me te poko! (13)

Ana, (ā-ā) 1. pron. 3rd. person singular with preposition a, of him, of her.

2. plural of definitive pron.

3. for ena, plural of tena.

4. contracted from ae-na, yes. Ana koia; yes certainly.

Anahě, (ă-ă) ad. only.

ANĂHĔBĂ, n. angel.

Anake, ad. 1. only; none but; nothing but. Ko to tai anake e aki ana (93). 2. without exception. He pai anake enei rakau.

Anămătă, ad. Hereafter.

Anănā, int. expressing admiration.
Anaoa, ad. certainly; a form of assent.

Aneane, (ă) a. skarp. Aneane tonu te mata o te rakau.

Aněhů, a. misty. He rangi anehu. Anei, (a) for enei, pl. of tenei.

Anei, (a) for ener, pl. of tener Anei, (a) ad. here; like tener.

Aněně, (a) v. i. breathe gently. I ata anene te haere mai o te hau ra;—anenenene, a ka rahi haere.

Anewa, a. weak; listless. Kahore he iwi i te ngaunga a te ra; anewa noa ai.

whakaanewanewa, v. i. act slowly and deliberately. "WHakaanewanewa marire", e ki ana a Patētē.

e it is used in animated narration of a rapid succession of actions. As an mai, haere ana: taku upoko.

Aniwaniwa, n. rainbow.

aniwaniwa, a. black, like clouds in stormy weather, or like deep water. E whakaaniwaniwa mai ra te rangi.

Ano, (ă-ŏ) ad. 1. up to the time spoken of; still; yet. E tupu mai nei ano (100). Kahore ano; not yet. 2. again. Maranga atu, tohe mai ano (100). Korerotia ano kia rongo ai ahau. 3. also; Ka tahuna te whare ki te ahi, me nga tangata ano i roto (46). 4. quite; just; exactly. Ae; me koe na ano te ahua (62). Katahi ano; now for the first time. With personal pronouns, self: with demonstratives, same. Nau ano i kawe mai i a koe? (60) Ka whakatika mai o Taupo tira, ko te ara e haere mai ai, ko taua huarahi ano (149). 5. in-E tika ana ano.—In affirmations. Kahore he waka mou? He waka ano. 6. denoting admiration, and sometimes used interjectionally. Ano, me he pukepuke whenua (150). Koia ano! 7. as; as though; as it were. Ano ko Kopu ka puta ake i te pae nga karu o te maipi a te tangata ra (99). 8. and when for a no.

Anŭ, (š) n. cold. Ka hauhau koe i te anu o waho (66).

anuanu, a. offensive. E pa, neke atu; anuanu tahi tou.

Anŭhě, (ă) n. a large caterpillar, the same as hotete.

Anga, (ā-ă) n. derivative from a, see a, v. t.

Anga, (ă-ă) v. i. 1. look or move in a certàin direction. Katahi ano ka anga mai te tangata nei ki a au. 2. begin to do any-

Digitized by Google

thing. Katahi ka anga ki te tui i a ratou ika.

anga, n. 1. aspect. He anga ora tenei, e kore e roa ka tupu te kai. 2. cockle shell.

anganga, n. aspect. He anganga ra, a sunny aspect.

angaanga, n. head. Ka taha te patu i tona angaanga. Te papa o te angaanga, the skull.

whakaanga, v. t. cause to turn in a certain direction.

whakaangaanga, v.i. debate with oneself. Te wahi i whakaangaanga ra tatou hei reira o tatou hoiho.

Anganui, v. i. look directly towards; be right opposite. Kia anganui mai to korero; speak directly to me.

Angangamate, n. back of the hand. Piri ana i tua o te angangamate o te kapu o te ringa (145).

Angărite, n. a bivalve mollusk; the same as kokota.

Angengi, n. a fish.

Angĭ, (ā) n. 1. light air. 2. fragrant smell.

whakaangi, v. t. 1. approach stealthily. WHakaangia tonutia mai i muri, na kua mau. 2. fly, as a kite &c. ko tana mahi he whakaangi manu (57).

Angi, (ă).

angiangi, a. 1. thin. He papa angiangi. 2. unencumbered. E whakaaro ana kia iti te kai, kia angiangi ai te poho o te tangata (166).

Angina.

E haere koutou ki uta, kei mau ki Tai-ki-tu, ka puhia, he angina (82).

Angitŭa, (ă) a. unsuccessful.

Angoa, (ă) a. lean, wasted away. Ka angoa nga kiko, ko te anga anake tenei e tu nei.

I. Ao, n. 1. daytime, as opposed to night. Ka wehea te po, ka

wehea te ao (93). 2. world. Na Papatuanuku i whakatupu ake ana purapura, hei oranga mo ana uri i tenei ao tu roa (14). 3. cloud.

ao, v. i. become light. Ao kau ano te ata (66). I te aonga ake, or simply, ao ake (100), on the following day.

II. Ao, v. t. take up by handfuls. Aohia nga paru ki te kete. Ao taro; prepare beds of gravel for taro. Kei te ao taro a Hori ma.

III. Ao.

E ao koa hoki ianei te mea i rite ki te ika, ta te mea no te wai ano tenei (155).

Aohanga, n. 1. a striped variety of N. Z. flax. 2. derivative from ao. See II. ao.

Aonga, n. See under I. so.

Aorere, n. a kind of garment.

Apa, (ă-ă) n. 1. company of workmen. He apa matou no Hongi.
Used also of persons under the influence of a familiar spirit.
No te apa a Paraharaha a Hare.
2. fold of a garment. apa-rua, of two folds or thicknesses; double.

Apāhā, conj. if the case were that.
Apānoa, ad. until. Apanoa, a kia motu ano toku kaki i runga i toku pihi.

Apăkură, n. dirge; lament.

Apärängi, n.

Tuku tonu ma te aparangi, kia ora te noho, te matakitaki mai (148).

Apătări, v. t. carry; bring. Nau hoki i apatari mai te taonga ki tenei wahi.

Apiapi, (ĕ-ĭ) a. close together; crowded. Apiapi tonu te noho

o te tangata.

Apiti, (ā) v. t. 1. put together; place side be side. Apitia nga kete kia kotahi te kauika. 2. supplement anything deficient. He apiti nga riwai mo te poaka.

apiti, n. 1. small bone of the arm; radius. 2. cleft; narrow pass. 3. curse.

apiti, a, confined.

He whare apiti; a steep-roofed house.

Apo, (ă-ŏ) v. t. 1. gather together. Apohia nga otaota nei. 2. grasp; extort.

apoapo, v. i. roll together; entangle. He mea apoapo e te ninu, takai atu, takai mai (11). Apo, n. dregs of shark oil.

Apopo, (a) n. to-morrow. Mo apopo taua riri ai (92).

Арово, (a) n. apple.

Apŭ, (ā) n. squall. Katahi ka tonoa ko te Apu hau, ko te Apu matangi (4).

Apu, (a) 1. v. i. force oue's way into the ground; burrow. te waka, e apu ana, e keri ana. 2. v. t. cram into the mouth; gorge; glut. I apua te kai i hohoro ai te pau.

apu, n. company of labourers. E mahi mai ra te apu.

apuapu, u. 1. crammed; stuffed. Ka apuapu te waha i te kai. 2. palatable. Apuapu marire te reka o te wai nei.

Apŭrĕ, (ā) n. bare patch.

Apuru, (a) v. t. 1. crowd one upon another. Kia takitahi, kaua e apurua mai. 2. shut up; suppress. Kei kiia, 'i apurutia ki roto ki tona waha ana korero.

Aputa. (a) a. at intervals; found only here and there. Ehara i te he aputa te he nei, engari, he katoa.

**Ara**, (ă-ă) n. 1. way; path. I ma hea mai koia to koutou na ara i haere mai ai? (149)

2. means of conveyance. Katahi ia ka haere ki te tiki ara mona Arău, (ā-) v. t. gather; lay hold

i tona hungawai, homai ana ko Aotea hei waka mona (108).

Ara, (ă-ă) v. i. rise; rise up; wake up. Kua ara to tamaiti.

whakaara, v. t. rouse. Tikina a Tutanekai, whakaarahia (134).

whakaara, n. hostile party; marauding band.

Ara. (ā-ā) ad. namely, in other E ki ana ahau ki te words. rangatira o tenei kainga, ara, ki a Tuma.

Ara, (ă-ă) int. expressing surprise. Ka heua ake, ara! he tangata (71).

Ara, (ā) i. e. a ra, and then. Ara ko taua mokai (96).

Ara, (ā-ă) for era, plural of tera, See tera.

Araara, n. a fish.

Araarai. See arai.

**Arah**ĭ, (ā-ă) v. t. *lead* ; *conduct*. He aha te utu mo te arahanga i a koutou.

Arai, (ā-ăi) v. t. 1. screen. 2. keep off; ward off. 3. block up. Araia te kuwaha kei puta te kuri ki waho.

araarai, frequentative, screen on every side.

arai, n. screen; veil; curtain; blind.

Aranga, (ă-ă-ă) v. i. 1. rise to the surface; appear. Ka aranga to taniwha. 2. become famous. Ka aranga i kona te rakau a Manaia (123).

whakaaranga, v. i. appear in a vision, or in second sight. hara ta tangata, ka whakaaranga mai te atua.

Arangĭ, (ā-ă) a. unsettled. Kei arangi tonu te tinana, arangi hoki nga whakaaro.

Arataki, (ă-ă) v. t. lead; conduct. Ka aratakina ano e taua miromiro (96).

tutu i arau i makere ai taku potae.

arau, a. entangled. Ka hutia ake e Irawaru tana aho, akuanci ka arau ki ta Maui (25).

Arawhata, (ara) n. ladder; bridge. Are. (ărĕ) int. what! Are! ka tohe koe ki a au?

Are, (ărĕ).

areare, a. overhanging; prominent. Areare ana tera te ihu o te tangata nei!

2. excavated; cavernous. areare te parenga o te tai.

arearenga, n. concavity; hollow. Katahi ano ka kitea te tini tangata e huna nei ki roto i te arearenga o nga poho o Rangi raua ko Papa (4).

Arĕrŏ, (ă) n. 1. tongue. Ka naomia atu te tangata ra, ka tapahia te arero, ka motu (42). 2. upper point of a taiaha, carved in imitation of a human tongue.

**Ari**, (ă-ĭ) n. 11th day of the moon's age.

Ari.

whakaari, v. t. hold up to view. Tena whakaaria mai, kia kite au.

Aria, (ari) v. i. be seen indistinctly; appear. I aria ake i aku kanohi ko Hemi e haere ana.

aria. n. 1. likeness; resemblance. 2. imaginary presence connected with anything which one may have touched &c. and which therefore might serve as a medium to convey the effect of a charm to the person for whom it was intended.

ăriăria, v. i. resemble. Ka ariaria tenei tangata ki a Witiwiti.

Ariki, (ă) n. 1. firstborn male or female in a family of note, hence, chief; priest.

2. leader. Ki te mau te ariki ka mau katoa te rere kakara.

of; entangle. Na te peka o te whakaariki, n. invading army, wai-ariki, hot spring.

Arikiwi, n. a garment covered with feathers of the kiwi or apteryx.

Arĭtă, (ā-) a. 1. burning with desire; eager. I titiro atu au, e arita tonu ana ki te haere.

irascible; easily offended. Katahi ano te tangata aritarita ko koe.

**Aro**, (ă-ŏ) v. i. 1. face; turn towards. WHai tonu atu i muri o te aronga kautanga atu o te kuri ra (121). 2. have a certain direction. I aro mai i waho ra te waha o te tangata e karanga nei. 3. be inclined; be disposed. Ko wai i tohu ai, e tae mai tona aro ki te patu i a au? 4. attend to; favour. Korero noa atu, e kore ia e aro mai ki a au.

aro. n. inclination. Kei a Te Karanga ia te aro i mau ai.

aroaro, n. face; front. Tahuri mai tou aroaro.

whakaaro, v. t. think on; consider.

whakaaro, n. thought; intention; opinion. Ka tupu te whakaaro i a Tawhirimatea kia tahuri mai ia ki te whawhai ki ona tuakana (4).

whakaaro-mahana, v. t. come to assistance of. E haere mai ana ki te whakaaromahana i a tatou.

whakaaro-rangi, v. f. think on daily; entertain affection for. Kua whakaarorangi noa ake te ngakau ki a Te Ponga (167).

Aroā, (ărŏ) v. i. be comprehended; be laid hold of by the understand-Tē aroa ake i a au: I do not understand it.

ărŏărŏā, a. 1. lonely. Te aroaroa i a au i te kore tangata. sorrowful; longing for absent friends.

Aroākāpā, (ărŏ) n. row; rank;

front rank. E kore ia e pai kia rere kau ki mua o te aroakapa o te haka (167).

Arŏărŏtĕa, white - breasted n. shag: a bird.

Aroarowhaki, v. i. flap the wings. E aroarowhaki ana te parera. 2. move the hand to and fro with the arms extended; a sign of grief &c.

Arŏhă, n. 1. love for an absent relative or friend. A, ka ngaro atu ia ka noho a Tawhaki, ka ngau kino te aroha i a ia ki tana wahine raua ko tana kotiro (48). 2. pity; compassion. Ka oho ake te aroha o NGatoro ki te waha o te tangata, o te wahine, o te tamariki, e aue ana e tangi ana (72).

aroha, v. i, feel love or pity. Pass. archaina, be the object of love &c.

Arŏhĭ, (ā) v. t. 1. reconnoitre; examine. Kei te arohi i te pa kia kitea te wahi ngawari hei whakaekenga atu. 2. look for. I hea koe e arohi kai ana mau?

arohirohi, v. i. turn round and round.

Aronui, v. i. be right opposite. aronui, n. a finely woven mat with a deep ornamental border.

Aropiri. v. i. cling; be attached. Kai whea te tau i aropiri ra?

Arotahi, v. i. look in one direction. E arotahi ana te whakaaro o te tangata.

Aru, (ă-ŭ) v. t. follow; pursue. Arumia te tahae. Sometimes used intransitively. E aru ana au i muri i o raua waewae ko Paratene.

aruaru. v. t. 1. chase. 2. woo. Kei te aruaru wahine mana. interrupt. Kia ata aruaru i te korero.

Aruhe, (a) n. edible fern-root being Ate, (a-e) n. 1. liver. 2. the seat the root of pteris aquilina, var.

esculenta. Rau aruhe; fronds of pteris aquilina.

Ata, (ătă) int. expressive of disgust, bah! Ata! te piro!

Ata, (ătă) n. 1. reflected image. 2. shadow. Ehara au i te rangatira, engari he ata au no te tangata. 3. early morning. po; before dawn. Ata hapara, or ata pongipongi; the time of Ata tu; just after sun-Ata mărama; moonlight.

ataata, n. a large kind of periwinkle.

whakaata, n. mirror.

Ata, (ătă) a. true; only used as a form of assent. He ata, he ata.

Ata, (ătă) ad. 1. gently. Kia ata haere. 2. deliberately. 3. quite. Kihai i ata maoa te kai.

Ataāhŭa, a. good; pleasant; beautiful. Ka titiro atu te ruruhi ra ki te ataahua mai o te wahine raka (164).

Atae, (ātăe) a. how great. te hoi o tenei taurekareka! (168)

Atămăi, (ăt-) a. *liberal*.

**Atămăi,** (ăt-) v. i. *behave contemptu*ously. Ehara te mahi a te tangata ra ki te atamai ki a au.

Atămiră, (ăt-) n. 1. stage; platform. Ka piki raua ki to raua atamira (130). 2. a low stage on which a dead person is laid out, one end being elevated for the head.

whakaatamira, v. t. lay out on an atamira. Ka hemo te tupapaku ka whakaatamiratia.

Atārăngĭ, (ăt-) n. shadow. roa ke te atarangi o te tangata.

Atărău, n. moon. Ka titi te atarau, mārama tonu.

Atărŭa, a. dimsighted.

Atăwhăi, v. i. shew kindness; be liberal. E atawhai ana a Te Porua ki a au.

of the affections; heart.

te ate; an expression of endearment, used with reference to a child. Kai whea te tau o taku ate? Te waha o te ate; the pit of the stomach.

ateate or ateatenga, n. calf of the leg. Ko Tumatauenga, i tu tonu i te ateatenga o tona whaea, o Papatuanuku (6).

Atea, (ā-) a. 1. clear; free from obstruction. E atea ana te whare, kahore he tangata o roto. 2. out of the way. Tarakea atu nga otaota kia atea.

Atětě, (ā) v. t. 1. oppose; resist. Ki te atete i nga hoia hei noho mo runga i ou whenua. 2. treat roughly. Kaua e utuutua nga ki, e atetetia. 3. affront; insult. Ehara tenei i te atete i a koe.

Ati, n. a word used only in the names of tribes or clans. Te ati-awa; Te ati Hapai &c. offspring; descendants. compare aitanga under III. ai. NGati, probably a contraction from nga ati, as in Ngatimaru &c.

Ati, (ă-ĭ) conj. then.

Ati, (ă-ĭ).

atiati, v. t. drive away.

Atĭtĭ, (a) v. i. wander.

Atĭutĭu, (ā) v. i. wander; stray. Ato, (ă-ŏ) v. t. thatch. Atohia te whare mo te manuhiri.

Atu, (ă-ŭ) ad. 1. in a direction away from the speaker; away. E ta, kawea atu tetehi wai moku (168). 2. used with adjectives to form a comparative. atu tana i taku.

whakaatu, v. t. point out; shew. Ma wai e whakaatu mai te ara? Atua, (ă-ŭa) n. 1. god, applied also to any object of superstitious regard. 2. The moon at 15 days old.

Atua, (ā-ŭa) ad. first. He aha

muri iho ka patu i nga punua?

Atuapo, n. niggard; churl. kore e homai e koe akuanei, heoi ano he ki maku ki a koe, "Atuapo! Atuapo!" kia whakama ai koe.

**Atŭhākŏnă,** n. a fish.

Atŭrĕrĕ, n. a fish, highly prized. He mokopuna na Mahaki, na te tangata i whai nei ki te aturere.

Atŭtăhi, n. the star Canopus, also called autahi.

Atŭtě, (ā) v. t. hustle; jostle.

Au, (ău) n. 1. smoke. Ka puia aku kanohi i te au. 2. gall. 3. cloud; mist; fog. 4. current. E kore e puta te waka i te au. 5. rapid. Te au o kura-te-au (109), 6. whirlpool. Ka kawhakina e te au kume, e te au rona, e te au hirere, hirere ki te po (112). 7. Te au o te moana (21) midocean. 8. string; cord. Tuia ki runga ki te au kotahi. 9. large mat pin, generally made of bone or ivory. auau, n. basket of seed potatoes.

Kia rua auau, ka kapi te mara. auau, a. frequently repeated. He korero auau. As adverb frequently.

auau, v. t. lift. Maku anake e auau te hanga taimaha na?

whakaauau, v. t. smoke; roast slightly. He mea whakaauau noa te poaka, kaore i maoka.

Au, pron. contracted from ahau, I. Au, a. 1. firm. Kia au te noho. 2. sound (of sleep). Ko te po whakaau te moe (46).

Au, v. i. bark. Ka kau te kuri ra, me te au haere (121).

Au, a. certainly, a form of assent. Au, (ā) 1. pron. 2nd person sing. combined with the prep. a. of thee. 2. plural of tau. See tau. koe te atua ai ki te whaereere, I. Aua, n. a small fish; herring.

II. Aua or auaake, ad. I know not. 'Kei hea to koutou teina?'
'Aua, kaore matou i kite' (95).
See also auara.

III. Aua, ad. imperative. not. Aua koe e haere.

IV. Aua, ad. far advanced; far on; in point of distance. Generally with mai or atu. Kua aua mai koe; you have come a long way. Kei aua noa atu nga tangata; the men are a great distance off.

Auahi, n. smoke.

Auškă, ad. do not; don't.

Auără, ad. after a negative question, certainly there is &c. "Kaore he tangata o te tai hauauru e puta mai ana te ingoa ki konei?"
"Auara, e puta mai ana ano ko Marutuahu" (138).

Auau. See under au.

Aue, int. alas.

aue, v. i. groan; make lamentation; cry. E aue mai nei te tamaiti i te mataku.

Auha, v. i. leap out of the water. Ka auha te ika.

Auhăhă, v. t. seek after. Ka auhaha noa ia ki tetahi kai mana. Auhŏkĭ, n. eddy.

Ainăkě, ad. on the morrow.

Aukaha, v. t. lash the rauawa, or bulwark, to the body of a canoe. Na ka oti tona waka te aukaha, ka toia ki te wai (120).

aukaha, n. lashings which fasten the rauawa to the body of the canoe.

Aukăti, v. t. stop one's way; prevent one from passing.

Aŭkĭ, (ā) a. old. See uki.

Aumoe, a. at ease. Ka kanaenae nga kanohi, kahore i te aumoe.

Aupŏrŏ, v. t. cut short; stop. Kotahi te tangata nana nei matou i auporo, ko Iharaira anake.

Arăki, 1. v. i. turn aside. Tatou ka auraki atu ki te kainga nei.

2. v. t. do a thing in a hurry. Aua ra e aurakina.

Aurara, v. i. 1. clutch; grasp. Aurara ke ou ringaringa ki kona ki te aha? 2. encroach.

Aurei, n. the 3rd day of the moon's age.

Aurere, v. i. 1. moan; groan. E aurere mai ra a Tairi. 2. sail. Ki karewa, aurerenga hipi.

Aŭriŭri, (ā) a. free from tapu. Ka auriuri pea koe.

Auru, v. t. 1. break off; pluc up.
Aurutia mai nga tarutaru. 2.
throw away.

Aurukowhao, n. 1. leakage from the lashing holes of the rauawa of a canoe, hence 2. any trifting damage.

Aută, v. t. encroach upon; attack. Ka mate a Hongi, a auta ka auta, ko Te WHareumu.

Autăhi, n. the star Canopus.

Autăiă, (ău) a. extraordinary; strange.

Autăki, a. round-about; circuitous. He kupu autaki.—He ara autaki.

Autāně, n. a woman's brother-inlaw.

Autaua, n. one who announces the approach of a fighting party.

Autě, n. 1. Broussonetia papyrifera or paper mulberry. 2. band for the hair.

Auwähine, n. sister-in-law of a man.

Awa, (awa) n. 1. river. Kei tawahi ke o te awa e tawharau ana mai a te Arawa (81). 2. channel.

awaawa, n. valley.

Awakări or ăwăkēri, n. ditch.

Awamăte, n. ditch outside the palisading of a pa; moat.

Awarŭa, n. ditch.

whakaawarua, n. ditch inside the palisading of a pa.

Awangawanga, (a-) a. uneasy in mind; disturbed.

Awatea, n. (ao atea). 1. broad daylight. Kua awatea, kua puta rawa te ra (47). 2. the middle of the day.

Awe, (ă-ĕ) n. 1. soot. 2. long hairs on a dog's tail and rump.

aweawe, a. far off, out of reach. Aweawe ana nga rau o te rakau.

Awe, (ĕ-ĕ) ad. (abbreviation of wawe) soon. Kia awe tatou te tae ki te kainga.

Aweke, (a) a. 1. perverse; illtempered. He aha tau ka aweke tonu? 2. slow; dawdling, with the notion of waywardness. Katahi te aweke o tau haere.

aweke, v. t. falsify; misrepresent. E kore au e anga ki te aweke korero maku.

Awěkő, (ā) a. 1. old; ancient. He riri mo tenei kainga, me korero; ko nga riri aweko o tawhiti, kauaka e korerotia. 2. knowing; understanding. Me te aweko haere tou au ki te haramaitanga o toku papa.

Awhā, (ā-) n. 1. gale; storm. 2. rain. Ka ua te awha.

Awhătŏ, (ā-) n. a fungus which is parasitic on a kind of caterpillar, sphæria Robertsii.

Awhe, (ă-ĕ) v. t. 1. gather up into a heap. Awhea mai nga

oneone. 2. surround; beset. Ka awhea mai e te hau o roto o te riu (153).

awheawhe, v. t. set to work at a thing with a number of persons. Me awheawhe noa tena mahi ka oti.

awhe, v. i. pass round or behind. Ka awhe i tera taha.

Awheo, n. halo.

awheo, v. i. be surrounded by a halo. Ka awheo te marama ka taka.

Awheotau, v. i. be surrounded by a halo.

Awheto, for awhato, see awhato.

Awhi, (a-ĭ) v. t. 1. embruce. 2. draw near to. Awhitia mai, kia piri, kia tata.

awhiwhiwhi, v. i. approximate; resemble.

Awhina, (a-) v. t. assist; benefit. He awhina tangata anake te rangatiratanga o tenei mea o te tangata (12).

Awhio, (a) v. i. go round about; wind. He ara awhio.

8whiowhio, n. whirlwind; whirlpool.

Awhireinga, (ă-) v. t. embrace in the region of spirits.

Awhitu, v. i. feel regret; feel hurt. Eawhitu ana toku ngakau ki nga kai kihai i nui mai ki a au.

## E.

I. E, a particle used in forming certain tenses. When used alone with a verb or adjective it makes a future. E kore ranei e tae mai ki konei? (189) In the case of numerals however the time is present. E hia? How many are there? When the verb or adjective is followed by ana the action is in progress, or the con-

dition temporary. Ko te ope ra, e mahi ana i te takaro, i te haka, i te waiata, i te ngahau (92).

II. E, prep. by of the agent and following passives only. I ngarea mai au e Paoa (187).

are there? When the verb or adjective is followed by ana the action is in progress, or the con-

whakahokia ki uta (111). 2. calling attention. E! ko Te Kahureremoa (144). 3. in poetry at the end of a line or stanza, without any particular meaning. Ka tau te tini o te Hakituri i taua tau e.

Ea, v. i. 1. appear above water. Kia timu te tai ka ea ai nga toka gi runga. 2. be brought to land. Ka ea te kupenga ki tahaki. 3. be produced, as a crop. 4. be paid. Ka ea te utu. 5. be paid for. Kaore ano i ea toku kakahu. 6. be avenged. Ka ea te mate o Tuhuruhuru (62). 7. be performed, as a religious ceremony. Ka ea te purenga (83).

whakaea, v. t. pay for.

whakaeaea, v. t. lift or draw out of the water. Tukutukua i Rangiaowhia; whakaeaea i te Mamaku (178).

Eā, int. expressing surprise. Ea! kua mate tau mokai (161).

Eāhua, see ahua.

Eai, see II. ai.

Eaoia, see III. ao.

Ehăke, ad. not. Ehake tenei tangata. comp. ehara.

Ehără, (ē) ad. 1. not, stating nonidentity, and followed by i. Ehara i te tikanga tangata (61). Ehara tenei kakahu i a au, this garment is not mine.—Ehara i te mea; it is not the case that. Sometimes with an ellipsis of 'i te mea', as, Ehara maku nga moni.-Ehara i te hanga, perhaps for 'ehara i te hanga noa iho'; It is no common thing, i. e. it is something extraordinary. Ehara is sometimes used alone in this sense. Ehara ano te haere o tera toa (60). 2. in animated narrative, without doubt;

rerenga iho o tana meremere, ehara, kua mate (120).

Ehea, plural of tehea, which.

Ehi, int. well! Ehi! kua rite o maua hiahia (131).

Ehia, or more correctly Ehia. See hia.

Ehinu, pron. definitive plural. some. Kei hea ehinu o nga toki? Ehu, (ĕ-ŭ) a. turbid. He wai ehu,

he wai para-horo.

ehu, v. i. 1. bale water out of a canoe. Ka ehua te wai o tona waka (111). 2. exhume, disinter (comp. hahu). No te ehunga i a Te Eke.

Ei, int. in poetry at the end of a line or stanza.

EKA, n. acre.

Eke, (ĕ-ĕ) v. i. generally place oneself or be placed upon another object, and so 1. embark. waka i eke mai ai o matou tupuna ki tenei motu (69). 2. get aground; come to land. Ka eke ki uta, ka kitea nuitia e nga tangata (57). 3. mount a horse &c. reach the summit of a mountain &c. Haere ana ratou, ka eke i runga i te puke (79). 4. be laid or cast upon, as blame, censure &c. Ka ekengia ahau e te kupu; I am the subject of blame; —I am found fault with. 5. come to be exercised over, as control, authority &c. He whakaaro nana, kei eke mai he tikanga ma te matua ki runga ki nga taonga i wehea mai mona.

whakaeke, v. t. 1. place upon; load. Ka pau te tui te whakaeke ki te ngohi (179). 2. rush upon; attack. Tena whakaekea.—Ua whakaekeeke, light sprinkling rain.

whakaeke, n. visitor; guest. Ko etahi rawhi ka pau ma nga whakaeke (185).

sure enough. Tahi ano whaka- Emi (ĕ-ĭ) or emiemi, v. i. 1. be

assembled; be gathered together. Kua emiemi nga tangata ki te 2. be ushamed. whare.

emiemi, n. a tree.

whakaemi, v. t. gather together. Katahi ka whakaemia kia kite i te patunga o WHakaturia (64). Enă, (ē) plural of tena. See tenu.

Ene, (ĕ-ĕ) v. t. 1. flatter. He ene te korero a te tangata nei, ma wai e whakarongo atu? 2. endeavour to obtain by flattery, coaxing &c. Kei te eneene kai 3. eneene riri, provoke a quarrel.

Enei, (ē-) plural of tenei. See tenei.

Engăengă, v. i. overflow.

Engari, 1. it is better. Akuanei pea ka mate ko au: engari pea me haere noa atu au ki te kimi kaupa ke atu hei oranga moku (119).2. conj. but; but rather. Kei hopú tou ringa ki te aka taepa, engari kia mau ki te aka matua (48).

I. Epa,  $(\check{e}-\check{a})$  v. t. pelt; throw anything at. Roa noa atu ratou e epaepa ana i a ia, kihai hoki i pa (16).

II. Epa, (ĕ-ă) n. 1. boards placed on edge under the end rafters of a maori house. 2. posts at the poupou and poutaahuhu.

objection; hindrance. Kahore he epa mo tena.

whakaepa, v. t. 1. object to; hin-Kahore tatou i te tika e ahei ai i a tatou te whakaepaepa. 2. conciliate; influence; win over. Riro ana taku poaka hei whakaepaepa mo ti tohunga.—Me ata whakaepa; let him be made much of.

Eră, (ē) plural of tera. See tera. Erăngi, the same as engari. See engari.

Erawe. See under rawe.

**Ero**, (ĕ-ŏ).

whakaero, v. i. dwindle; fall off; diminish. WHakaero ana te tangata, whakaero ana hoki te moni.

Etahi, plural of tetahi. See tetahi.

**Ete** (ĕ-ĕ).

whakaete, v. t. force one's way &c. by pressing through a crowd. Ka whakaetea he nohoanga mona. Eti, (ĕ-ĭ) v. i. shrink; recoil. Ka

eti taku kiri i konei.

etieti, n. disgusting.

Etia, a. how great. Etia tonu tou humariae! (164)

Etőkőhinű, for ehinu, some.

**Ewa**, (ĕ-ă).

whakaewa, n. strings of a mat. the end of a maori house between Ewe, (ĕ-ĕ) n. 1. placenta or afterbirth. 2. land of one's birth.

### H.

I. Ha, in. 1. breath. 2. taste; fla- | Ha, int. what! varying in signivour. Kahore he ha o tena kai. ha. v. i. taste. Ka ha toku waha. whakaha, v. i. emit breath; breathe.

II. Hā, v. i. hesitate in speaking; be at a loss for words. Ha noa te waha o te tangata ra e!

hāhā, v. t. warn off by shouting. Ka haharia mai e te katoa (51).

fication acording to the tone in which it is uttered.

HAAPA, n. harp.

Hae ou hăhae, i. v. t. slit; lacerate; tear. I haea toku e ii. v. i. 1. become detachwai? ed (longitudinally). No te taenga ki Tapuae, ka hahae nga kawainga o te ata. 2. loathe; hate. He whakatauki na Tuwhenuakura, 'Ahakoa kai tahi, tera a roto te hahae ke ra'. 3. be envious. He aha koe ka hae nei ki te utu o tera tangata?

hachae, v. t. 1. cut repeatedly. He tangi hachae; a wailing accompanied with cutting of the skin, as a sign of grief. 2. cut up. Tahuri hachaea te ika nei (152). hac. n. 1. fear or dislike inspired

hae, n. 1. fear or distike inspired by any object. Te hia ora o nga tangata noho i roto, i te hae mai o te ngarara nei. 2. envy. whakahaehae, v. t. scare; frigh-

ten.

Haceta, n. 1. dawn. Ka rere te haceta. 2. beam of light, entering any dark place. Kei puta mai hoki te haceta o te awatea ki roto i te whare (13).

which a beam of light comes. Ka titiro atu i te haeatatanga o te whatitoka (13).

Hachae. See under hac.

Haemătă, v. t. cut up in an uncooked state. Ka patua nga kuri e rua, kotahi i taona, kotahi i haematatia (112).

Haere, v.i. 1. come; go; depart.

Kia kite au i te haerenga o Te
Ngahue. Haere mai; come towards the speaker. Haere atu;
go away from the speaker. Haere
mai is a common expression of
welcome. 2. become. Ka haere
ka momohangatia te manu; birds
are becoming scaree. pass. haerea, be travelled over.

whakahaere, v.t. 1. cause to go; carry about. Kei te whakahaere a Puru i tana potiki. 2. explore; search for; go about to examine. Apopo matou haere ai ki te whakahaere kiekie. 3. conduct any business; execute. Ki te korero i te ata whakahaere (150). WHa-

kahaere tikanga; direct; superintend; govern.

hacreere, v. i. stroll; wander.

Haere, n. a spirit supposed to reside in fragmentary rainbows on detached clouds.

Haeroa, a. Ka keria te rua haeroa, te rua o te ngana (86). The rua haeroa was a hole dug in the ground in connection with incantations against one's enemies; called also rua tūpō.

Hăhă, v. t. 1. seek; look for. E haha ana au ki taku toki. 2. procure. I haria mai taua here e raua hei haha kai ma raua (137).

Hāhā, see under II. hā. Hāhae, see under hae. Hāhānā, see under hana. Hāhārĭ, n. a shell fish. Hahau, see under hau. Hāhĭ, n. church.

Hăhu, v. t. 1. disinter the bones of the dead before removing them to their final resting place. Ma wai e hahu te tupapaku? 2. search for. E hahu noa ana ia i tetahi kai ma tona puku. 3. scatter.

Hāika, n. anchor.

Haka, n. jug; jar. Haka, n. American groundsel.

Hăkă, v. i. 1. dance. Ka mea atu taua hunga, "Ehaka!" (65). 2. sing a song to be accompanied with a dance. Katahi ka hakaa e ratou, koia tenei ta ratou haka. (37).

haka, n. 1. dance. 2. song, accompanying a dance.

Häkä,

hakahaka, a. short in stature; low. He maunga hakahaka. Hākārāmēta, n. sacrament.

Hākšri, n. 1. gift; present. 2. entertainment; feast. 3. roe of a fish.

i te ata whakahaere (150). WHa- Hake, a. humped; crooked. He

hake te tuara o te tamaiti.—E tama, whakarerea te rakau na, he hake.

Hākĕrĕ, a. stingy.

hakere, v. t. grudge; stint.

hakerekere, a. gloomy; downcast. Hakerekere ana te hinengaro.

Hăkihăki, n. 1. itch; skin disease. 2. worn out mat.

Hakiki, v. t. be overbearing. Ka hakiki noa te tangata nei.

Hăkirără, a. idling; trifling; lying. Te waha hakirara!

Hăkiri, i. v. t. hear indistinctly. Kahore i hakiritia e au te reo o te tangata. ii. v. i. 1 be heard indistinctly or vaguely. I hakiri ano i a au taua korero. 2. make itself felt slightly. Katahi ano ka rongo ki te hakiri ika ki tana aho (117).

Hăkŏ, n. spoon.

Hākoakoa, n. a bird.

Hăkoko, a. bent so as to form a hollow; concave. Ka hakoko te ringa o te tangata ra i tona mate.

Hākŏrŏ, n. old man.

Hăkŭ, v. i. complain; murmur. Te ai e tatou te haku ki tona matenga.

Pass. hakua, be found fault with. E kui ma nei, kauaka au e hakua.

Hakuai, n. a bird, the same as hokioi.

Hākui, n. old woman.

Hākŭkŭ, v. t. scrape. Hakukua te korari nei.

Hăkune, v. i. be deliberate; be careful. Hakune marie ai, kaore e hohoro.

Hămă, v. i. be consumed. Kua hama te kai i te poaka.

Hama, 1. n. hammer. 2. v. t. strike with a hammer.

Hāmāmā, a. 1. open. Ko te taniwha, kua hamama haere mai te waha (151). 2. vacant; exempt. Kei hea to wahi o te ao i hamama i te raru?

hamama, v. i. shout. I reira ka hamama te waha o te kuia raka ki te ki atu ki a ia (165).

Hămărŭrŭ, a. shut in; confined. I ahua kino te tunga o te whare nei i Takopa, he hamaruru.

hamaruru, n. crutch of a ko or digging implement.

Hāměmě, v. i. mutter. E hameme ana te turoro.

Hämiti, for hamuti. See hamuti.
Hāmökö, n. spaces between the bundles of raupo in the walls of a maori building.

Hămu, v. t. gather things that are thinly scattered; glean. Ka ongeonge nga kai ka hamu ai i nga puka.

Hămumu, v. i. 1. speak. Kihai hoki i hamumu atu te wahine ra (164). 2. mutter, muke an indistinct sound. Te mea e hamumumumu nei me te waha tangata.

Hāmŭrĕ, v. i. be beforehand with others in eating.

Hămuti, n. human excrement.

Hănă or hăhănă, v. ì. shine; glow; give forth heat. Ka hahana te kapura nei.

whakahana, v. t. hold up weapons &c. in defiance. Ka whakahana i nga patu, i nga pu, me te pukana.

hanahana, n. garment smeared with red ochre.

Hăně, v. i. be confounded; be silenced &c. a modern word.

Hăněhăně, n. rottenness. Ma te huhu, ma te popo, ma te hanehane (5).

Hānea, n. a small black mussel. hāneanea, a. unpalatable.

Hāněně, a. blowing gently. I ata hanene te haere mai o te hau ra. Compare anene. I. Hani, n. a wooden weapon; Hangere, a. half-full. the same as maipi and taiaha.

II. Hani.

hanihani, v. t. speak ill of; dis-Kati ra te hanihani purage. i tou hoa.

**Hănîkură,** n. a shell-fish.

HANUERE, D. January.

Hanumi, v. i. be merged or swallowed up; be mixed.

whakahanumi, v. t. mix; cause to be swallowed up.

Hăngă, v. t. make; build. Heri ano nga tohunga nana i hanga nga waka (69). Kei te hanga i te taiepa oneone (19).

hanga, n. work; fabric; thing; property. Ehara i te hanga, it is no ordinary thing, so also Kihai i hanga ake tana wahine (196).

hangahanga, a. 1. frivolous; of no account. Hua noa he hangahanga noa nga korero a tera, kaore, he tika tou ia. 2. spreading over the ground. Ka hangahanga te tupu o te kapana.

whakahangahanga, v. t. hundle gently. He mea whakahangahanga noa; nana noa i mate.

Hangai, a. 1. opposite; confront*ing*. Kia hangai mai tou kanohi. 2. across; at right angles. Hangai pu nga waewae.—He toki hangai, an adze.

Hängänöa, n. small basket for cooked food.

Hangarau, v. t. jest with; befool. He aha tau i hangarau i a au? (18)

Hăngărěkă, v. i. or t. jest; de-He hangareka kau te mahi a tenei tangata.

Hăngĕhăngĕ, a. quite dry. Maroke hangehange te waka i runga i te kowhatu.

hangehange, n. geniostoma ligustrifolium; a shrub.

He hangere tenei kete.

Hangi, n. native oven.

Hängö.

hangohango, n. an implement for digging and for setting potatoes &c.

hangohango, v. t. dig or plant with a hangohango. Kei te hangohango riwai nga tangata o tenei kainga.

Hängörĕ, a. weak.

Hångörö, a. slack; loose. Hangoro noa taku pikau.

Hangorungoru, a hanging in folds.

Hangu, a. quiet; not talkative. He wahine hangu.

Hängürü, a. chattering. Kauae hanguru, jaw chattering with cold.

Hao, v. t. 1. draw round so as to encompass fish &c. He hokinga mai no nga waka o tona iwi i te hao kupenga ika (141). catch in a net; enclose. Me hao ki te kupenga. 3. grasp gree-

hao, n. 1. a basket in which cockles are collected. 2. a moderatesized eel.

HAONA, n. horn.

I. Hăpă, v. i. 1. be passed over in the apportionment of anything. Tokorua nga tangata i hapa i te kai inaianei. 2. gone by. Ka hapa koe ki Ruatahuna ka puta mai nga pukapuka mou.

Π. Hăpă, a. crooked. Hăpă, n. supper.

Hāpai, i. v. t. 1. lift up; raise. Hapainga tera pito o te rakau. 2. carry. E koro, hapainga nga toki nei (51). 3. begin a song, charm &c. Ka hapai ake i tana hiki ake mo tana ika kia maiangi ake (22). Pass. hapainga, start. Huaki kau te ata, ka hapainga mai; kai rawa mai i te mania

nga kawainga o te ata.

hapainga, n. small basket for food. I. Hara, v. i. 1. violate tapu, in-Hāpāki, v. t. catch lice. Hapaki ana te taokete i nga kutu o Maui (26).

Hāpārā, i. v. t. slit; cut. Na Rehua i hapara te whare.—I haparaia tonutia tona waewae.

ata.

hapara, n. spade.

Hāpārāngī, v. i. shout; bawl. Ka harahara, v. i. be diminished. Ka haparangi te waha o te tama-

Hāparu, v. t. muke common; desecrate. Ka haparua aku mea e koe.

HĀPĂTĬ, n. sabbath.

Hăpě, a. 1. crooked. ki te hape o te waewae (113). 2. beside the point. Kahore i hape o korero; kei te tika o korero.

Hapi, n. native oven or cooking pit; hāngi.

Hăpiro, n. violation of tapu by eating at a sacred place. He aha koe i mate ai? He hapiro.

Hapoki, n. pit for storing potatoes.

Hăpoko, n. pit for storing pota-Kia rupeke te kai ki te hapoko (189).

Hăpori, n. section of a tribe; fumily.

Haporo, v. t. cut off. Haporoa te rakau ki konei.

Hăpu, a. 1. pregnant. Ka kitea te haputanga o Rangiuru (128). 2. conceived in the womb. Akuanei whakapaea ai na Hotunui i tahae; na e hapu ana a Marutuahu (136).

hăpu, n. section of a large tribe; secondary tribe.

Hāpua, a. hollow like a valley; depressed. Hoake tatou ki te wahi e hapua mai ra.

(157). ii. v. i. rise. Ka hapai Hāpuku, n. a fish resembling the cod.

> tentionally or otherwise. hara tawhito i mate ai. 2. sin.

II. Hără, n. excess above a round number. Kotahi rau; e iwa nga hara.

ii. v. i. dawn. Ka hapara te whakahara or whakaharahara, a. large.

III. **Hără.** 

harahara nga kai i roto i te rua. whakaharahara, v. t. cause to be diminished; lessen. Kia whakaharaharangia te wai o te poti. Hărăkěkě, n. phormium tenax; the New Zealand flax plant.

I mohiotia Hărăki, a. preposterons; extraordinary, a modern word.

Hărăkŭkŭ, v. t. scrape. kukutia nga harakeke.

Hărămai, v. i. (contraction of haere mai) come towards the speaker. often used as an expression of welcome. Pass. haramaitia, be come for. Te korero i haramaitia nei e ia; the report on account of which the came.

Hārangi, a. 1. unsettled. 2. foolish; silly. Ka harangi noa iho ona mahara.

**Hărăngŏtĕ,** v. t. *nibble*. E harangote ana te ika.

Hărăpăki, n. steep slope, as the side of a hill.

Hărărěkě, n. for harakeke; phormium tenax.

Hărătau, a. convenient; suitable. Te mea noa ano ka haratau marire ki te whakaaro a te wahine (167).

Harau, v. t. 1. feel for with the hand; grope for. E harau ana te ngoingoi i te kai mana. reach. Tenei tetahi ki i harau ake ki aku taringa.

Hărenare, n. cutaneous eruption; itch.

hărenare, a. offensive. Katahi nga korero harenare nau: whakarerea atu.

I. Hări, v. i. 1. dance. 2. sing a song to dance to. 3. feel or shew gladness.

hari, n. 1. dance. 2. song. 3. joy. harihari, n. song to make people pull together.

II. Hări, v. t. carry. Ka haere atu te koroheke ra ka hari i nga toki (51).

Hāria, n. wild cabbage.

Hărirău, n. wing.

Haro, v. t. 1. scrupe clean. He kai haro muka.—He kaupapa haro; a clean sweep. 2. chop smooth with an adze. Kei te haroa a roto o te waka. 3. of very low water at spring tide. Haro ana te tai nei.

hāronga, n. mat, made of the scrapings of flax.

Hărore, n. edible fungus growing on trees, or on the ground; mushroom.

Hărŏrĭ, n. edible fungus.

Hārŏtŏrŏtŏ, n. pond; pool.

Hārŏtŭ v. i. be reduced to shreds or tatters.

Hărŭrŭ, v. i. rumble. He whatitiri tenei e haruru mai nei.

Hārŭrŭ, a. fetid; foul smelling. Ka haruru te rongoa nei.

Hatea, a. 1. faded; decolorized. Kua hatea te mangu o te kakahu. 2. whitened, as with saline efflorescence.

Hatepe, v. t. cut asunder; cut off. Hatepea nga pou o te whare. Hatete, n. fire.

I. Hau, n. 1. wind. Kihai te hau ra i roa rawa e pa ana, kua mutu (93). 2. dew; moisture. Ma tahaki haere ai, i te hau i a koe hau a. 1. egger: brisk. Ka piki

hau, a. 1. eager; brisk. Ka piki a Rupe, ka hau, ka porangi ki a Rehua (32). 2. famous; illustrious. He ingoa hau tenei ingoa e karangatia mai nei ki te taringa (148).

hauhau, a. cool. Ka hauhau koe i te anu o waho (66).

hau, hăhau, hauhau, v. t. 1. strike; smite; deal blows to. Hahau kau ana te patu, he mano ki te matenga (143). 2. hew; chop. Ka tuaina a te trawa, ka hinga ki raro; ka haua, a ka oti (69).

whakahau or whakahauhau, v. t. 1. animate; inspirit; urge on. Haere ra koe ki te whakahau i nga tangata.—Applied to a song. Katahi ka koia te mara, ko tona whakahauhau tenei, 'NGaere te whakatipua &c' (114). 2. give order; give the word. Katahi ka tautapa te whakahauhau a te hunga e tu iho ra i te taumata. 'E! kua ngaro ki roto; kumea!'

II. Hău.

hāhau, v. t. seek. Kihai i roa te hahautanga mai o nga tauhou, kua mohiotia mai, ko Paoa tera (193).

III. Hau, n. odd half fathom. E waru maro o taku taura me te hau. IV. Hau, n. angle; corner. Kei te hau o te taiepa te ara.

V. Hau, n. 1. food used in the ceremonies of the 'pure', or remowal of tapu from a newly built house, canoe &c. In some cases the hau was eaten; in others it was left entirely for the atua. Kia tae atu au ki te kawe atu i te hau o tenei tanga ika; a kia tae atu ki te tohunga, kia whangaia ki te atua (22). 2. something connected with a person on whom it is intended to practise enchantment; such as a portion of his hair, a drop of his spittle, anything which has touched his

person &c., which, when taken to the 'tohunga', might serve as a connecting link between his incantations and their object.

Hăuā, a. 1. crippled; lame. haua te waewae. 2. cowardly; without spirit. He iwi haua matou; kahore i rapua he utu.

Hăuăitŭ, a. 1. starved with cold; pinched. He hauaitu to matou mate. 2. lean; wasted. He kuri hauaitu. 3. listless; without heart. Ka hauhauaitu ahau, he pouri no roto i a au.

Hăuăngi, a. cool.

Hăuārāhĭ, n. west wind.

Hăuărĕa, a. 1. thin; lean. 2. weak. 3. cowardly.

Hăuātĭu, n. north west wind.

Hăuāŭrŭ, n. west wind.

Hăuhăkě, v. t. take up a root crop. Hauhakea ana nga kai; te marangatanga mai, e waru nga rau (114).

Hăuhungă, n. frost.

Haukoti, v. t. intercept; cut off. Ka haukotia e te mate.—Haukoti i te aroaro, obstruct.

haukoti, n. intercepting party. Katahi ka kokiritia e te haukoti a te wha tekau.

Hăukū, n. dew.

Haumaku, a. bedewed; wet.

Hăumărŭrŭ, a. 1. languid. haumaruru nga kanohi i te mate. 2. indifferent; unconcerned. Me mutu i konei te haumaruru o matou; me matakana nga kanohi i enei rangi e takoto nei.

Hăumāŭiŭi, n. result of one's toil; work accomplished. Te haumauiui o nga mea kua mate; te haumauiui o nga mea kua riro atu.

Hăumi, n. 1. piece of wood by which the body of a canoe is Hautaorua, n. dew. lengthened. 2. joint by which Hautaruru, a. unwary; heedless. the additional piece is fastened. Hautete, v. i. jabber. 3. confederacy; conspiracy. E Hautope, v. t. cut asunder.

mea ana a Hongi, he haumi tenei ki a ia.

haumi, v. t. 1. join. 2. lengthen by addition. 3. reserve; lay aside. Hoake rawa ka haumi i tetahi maku:--ka pau ra hoki.

Hăunŭi, n. dew.

Hăungă, a. odorous; stinking. He ngohi tenei e haunga mai nei.

haunga, n. odour. Rongo kau ano te tupua ra i te haunga ahua tangata (150).

Hāungă, ad. besides; not. E rua mano te tane; haunga te wahine, te tamariki.

Hăuŏră, a. revived. Kua hauora te tupapaku, kua maranga.

whakahauora, v. revive; refresh. I. Hăupăpă, n. frost; ice.

II. Hăupăpă, v. t. lie in wait for. Akuanei ka haupapatia tatou e te taua.

Hăupŏngĭ, n. eddy wind.

Hăupu, n. heap.

haupu, i. v. t. place in a heap. Haupuria nga makoi ki konei. ii. v. i. lie in a heap.

Hăurăhi, n. dew.

Hăurăngi, a. 1. mad; 2. drunken. haurangi, n. verandah.

Hăurărŏ, a. low down. Me he mea no konei, he hauraro noa iho te kakahu o te weruweru (147).

Haurokuroku, a. unsettled; un-E haurokuroku ana te certain. korero: he korero pai i tetahi rangi, he korero kino i tetahi.

Haurutu, n. dew. See also under rutu.

Hăutăi, n. sponge.

Hăutăku, a. bedewed; wet. pea kei te hautaku a roto o te kāho.

Hautu, n. time-beater for the rowers in a canoe.

Hăutumu. See under tumu. Hăuwărĕ, n. saliva.

Hăuwere, a. hanging down; pen-

Hāwā, v. i. be chipped; be broken. Ka hawa te karaha nei i te ta-

hawahawa, v. i. be smeared. E tama, e tama, hawahawa ana te hinu i ou kauwae.

hawa or hawahawa, n. ventral fin of a fish.

Hāwai, n. fungus on trees.

hawahawai, n. hillocks in which weeds are buried, and which are afterwards planted with potatoes.

I. Hāwārĕ, n. saliva.

hawareware, a. full of saliva. E hawareware ana te mangai. II. Hāwārē.

hawareware, a. lean. He poaka hawareware.

Hawata, v. i. mutter. E hawata ana te tupapaku.

Hawato, n. the same as awhato. Hāwĕa.

whakahawea, v. t. 1. despise. E tika ana ano te whakahawea ki a ia, he tutuā hoki ia. disbelieve. E kore au e whakahawea ki tana korero.

Hāwera, n. place where the fern or bush has been destroyed by fire.

Hāwere, n. fruitful year.

Hawiniwini. v. i. shiver with cold; shudder.

Hăwhě, v. i. go or come round. Kua hawhe katoa nga ika ki roto.

hawhe, n. some portion of a drag

Hăwhě, n. half.

Hě, art. a; an; some: both singular and plural.

He, a. 1. wrong. He rawa te mahi whakahei, v. t. go to meet.

nei. 2. erring; mistaken. in difficulty or trouble. Ka he toku manawa. I am out of breath. or I am out of heart, 4. dead. hēhē, a. gone astray.

pass. hengia, be mistaken for another. Kei hengia koe.

he, n. 1. error; mistake. 2. difficulty.

whakahe, v. t. 1. cause to go astray; mislead. Na te kuia ra matou i whakahe. 2. find fault with; condemn.

I. Hěa, n. interrogative. 1. what place. Ko hea te tangata ra? 2. when repeated it signifies every place. Ka tukua nga purahorua ki hea, ki hea, kia haere mai ki te whawhai (101). hea is often used as a strong negative, like "far from it"; not at all. Ka toru tekau tau i ako ai Pihopa; no hea ra e rongo e? 3. what time. A hea koe haere ai?

II. Hěa, n. multitude; majority. Tena ko te hea o te tangata, e kore e whakaae.

heahea, a. foolish; silly.

HEA, n. ploughshare.

Hēanga, n. derivative from he. See he.

I. Hei, n. ornament for the neck. hei, v. wear round the neck. Heia ki tou kaki.

II. Hěi, prep. future. 1. at of time or place. Hei te po taua hoe ai (41).—Hei kona takoto ai. 2. for; to, denoting the use to be made of anything &c. Ka pau nga pata kaanga hei kinaki mo te koura.-Ko wai tou tangata hei tangi i a koe, hei ngaki hoki i tou mate? (40) 3. forming a future with the negative adverb kaua. Kaua hei tŭtū: whakatupu tangata (82). III. Hei, compare heipu.

kina whakaheitia a Te Whatanui ki te ara.

Heihei, n. 1. noise. Tutu ana te heihei. 2. barn-door fowl.

Hěingă, n. parent; ancestor.

Hĕipu, a. 1. coming straight towards; hitting exactly. Heipu tonu atu au ko taua mea e takoto ana. 2. just; proper. Kei ou matua te take heipu.

Hěitiki, n. a greenstone ornament worn round the neck.

Hěkš, a. mouldy. Kua heka nga kao nei.

Hěkě, v. i. 1. descend. Ka kake matou; ka heke. 2. ebb. Kia heke te tai ka haere ai tatou. 3. drip. Ka heke te wai o te tăhā. 4. migrate. A, whakatika ake a NGahue, ka heke atu he whenua ke (68). 5. miss a mark.

heke, n. 1. one who migrates; party of emigrants. 2. rafter. 3. a kind of eel.

whakaheke, v. t. 1. cause to descend &c.; let down. 2. catch eels by means of a net attached to a weir. Ka riro a Te Iwi ma ki te whakaheke tuna.

whakaheke, n. rope.

whakahekeheke, a. striped. heketanga, n. descent of a hill.

Hěkěmai, n. a kind of shark. Hěkěrau, n. small tubers of kumara, striking into the grounds from the knots in the shoots.

Hěkětěrě, n. a tree.

Hökötua, n. necessary stool. Ka hangaa hoki e ia te heketua hei whakareinga mo nga tahae (35). Hömängä, n. basket half full.

Hěmíhěmí, n. back of the head.
Hěmě, v. i. 1. be passed by; be gone away. 2. miss a mark.
Ka hemo te patu a Huka. 3. consumed. Kua hemo nga kai o te rua. 3. be dead. Nonanahi i hemo ai taku tamaiti.

5. be faint. Ka hemo au i te kai, I am faint for wand of food, i. e. I am hungry. 6. denoting the completion of an action. Ka hemo te pakeha te muru. The white man has been plundered.

whakahemo, i. v. t. consume. ii. v. i. be consumed.

whakahemohemo, i. v. t. attend at the deathbed of any one. Kei te whakahemohemo a Te Hepatahi i tana wahine. ii. v. i. be at the point of death.

Hěnůmí, v. i. be out of sight; disappear. Kua henumi nga uwhi ki raro ki the whenua.

whakahenumi, v. t. cause to disappear &c.

Hěngă, n. 1. edge of the body of a canoe, to which the 'rauawa' is fastened. 2. food for a working purty. Kei te taka ratou i te henga.

hengahenga, n. girl.

hengahenga, a. quite dry. See hangehange.

Hēngā, n. derivative from he. See he.

Höngĭ or höhöngi, v. i. blow gently. Ano te matangi e hehengi mai nei.

whakahengi, v.i. move stealthily. E whakahengi mai ana te tangata ki a au.

Hengia, n. black skin.

Hengia, v. pass. of he. See he. Hěči or hěcti, ad. 1. denoting completeness or sufficiency of a statement or enumeration, and generally having ano joined with it: there is no more; there are none other. Heoi and nga tohunga nana i hanga nga waka (69). These were all the skilled workmen &c. Heoi ra, that will do; it is enough. 2, implying that what follows is the natural result of what has just been stated: accordingly; and so; so then; whereupon. Heoi ano, ka pouri te ngakau o Tangaroamihi mo tana mokai ka mate nei (161).—Katahi ka pa te karanga, 'E! he taniwha, he taniwha e haere mai nei!' heoi ka whati te ope ra (150). 3. but; however. Ka mea ahau kia haere; keoi kahore he waka e whiti ai ahau ki tawahi.

Hepara, n. shepherd.

Нёретёма, n. September.

I. Hĕrĕ, v. t. tie; tie up; fasten with cords. Tena, tatou ka here i te ra nei kia ata haere (18). herehere, n. captive; slave.

II. Hĕrĕ, n. spear for killing birds. Haere mai ano raua me te here wero manu ano (137).

here, v. t. kill birds with a spear. III. Hěrě.

whakahere, v. t. conciliate with a present.

whakahere, n. present; propitiatory offering. compare where.

Hĕrĕpū, v. t. 1. seize; catch and hold firmly. Hereputia tonutia atu e au, te! ka mau. 2. tie up in bundles. Hereputia nga witi na.

Hěrěngutu, a. without projecting eaves.

Hěrěumu, n. cooking shed; kitchen. compare whareumu.

 Hĕrŭ, n. comb for the hair. Hei heru tetahi taha o te iwi paraoa.

heru, v. t. comb; dress with a comb. Ka tuturi nga turi ki tana wai heru (55).

II. Hěrň, v. i. begin to flow (of the tide only). Kei te aha te tai? Katahi ano ka heru mai.

Hǒu, n. eaves. Perea atu ana, ehara, titi tonu ki nga heu o te whare (81).

Hou, hohou, v. t. separate; pull asunder. Ka rere mai taua tu-

puna nei, ka heua ake, ara! he tangata (11).

heuheu, i. v. i. scatter; clear away. Heuheutia nga otaota i roto i te whare. ii. v. i. be dispersed. Akuanei heuheu ai nga tangata ki te mahi.

HĔU, v. t. shave.

HEU, n. razor.

Hěuěa, v. i. be separated. Ka heuea te po, ka heuea te ao (4).

I. Hĕwă, v. i. be deluded; be under a false impression. Kia hewa ai nga hoa na te taua i kai (94).

II. Hĕwă, a. bald. He mahunga hewa.

I. Hī, int. expressing contempt. whakahī or whakahīhī, v. i. jeer; sneer; speak contemptuously. Ko wai tenei e whakahihi mai nei?

II. Hi or hihi, v. i. 1. make a hissing noise. 2. be affected with diarrhæa.

whakahihi, v. t. cause to hiss.

III. Hī, i. v. t. 1. raise; draw up. Ka hiia tera nga nana o te tangata ra, ka riri. 2. catch with hook and line; fish. Ka rewa te waka o ona tuakana ki te hi ika (20). ii. v. i. dawn. Ka hi te ata (55). See also hǐhi. I. Hĭa, a. interrogative numeral.

L. Hia, a. interrogative numeral. how many? Kia hia he tangata mo runga i te waka? When used with reference to persons it generally has 'toko' prefixed. Tokohia ou hoa?—Te hia? Which in order?—Kihai i hia nga ra ka u matou ki Poneke. There were not many days &c.

II. Hia, hiahia, v. t. 1. desire; wish. E hiahia ana ahau ki te haere. 2. be in love with. Otira ko Te Ponga, kua hiahia rawa hoki ki te wahine ra (167).

III. Hia, ad. with difficulty. Te hia puta mai o korua i te tai ki. Hiainu, a. thirsty. Ka mate a Te Ponga i te hiainu (168).

Hĭăkăi, a. hungry.

hiakaitia, v. passive. he desired for food. E kore tena kai e hiakaitia.

Hĭakŏ, n. skin; bark; rind.

Hīšmo, v. i. be exalted; be elevated. Hiamo ana tera te pa ra ki runga. Comp. huamo.

Hĭamŏe, a. drowsy; sleepy.

Hīšngš, a. vicious; refractory; dishonest.

hiangatia, v. passive. be imposed Kua hiangatia ahau e te kai hoko.

Hĭangŏngŏ, v. i. pine away. koa ra, ka kite atu hoki i te whakahiangongo o tona ngakau (165).

Hiapo, v. i. be gathered together. Hišto, v. i. be guthered together. whakahiato, v. t. collect together. Hiawaero or Hiawero, n. tail of hikihiki, v. t. carry about in the an animal.

Hihi, n. ray of the sun. Comp. ihiihi.

I. Hika, n. a term of address to young people of both sexes. E hika e!

II. Hĭkă, v. t. 1. rub violently. 2. kindle fire by rubbing two pieces of wood together. Hikaia he ahi ma tatou. 3. perform a ceremony with incantations, kindling fire being part of the ceremony. Ka hikaia ki runga ki tona huware kia mate ai ia.

hikahika, i. v. t. rub; chafe. Tangohia ake ana te iwa o nga kumara hei hikahikanga i te ngao o Tutawa-whanau-moana (112). ii. v. i. chafe. Ka haere, ka hikahika te tamaiti.

Hīkaikai, v. i. 1. move the feet to and fro. 2. writhe. Kia rore i te karaka ka hikaikai te ta- hiko, n. distant lightning. ngata. 3. be impatient. Ki te

ki mai koe kia riri taua, ka hikaikai au ki tena mahi.

Hīkākā, a. rash. Kaua e hikakatia to haere.

Hīkaro, v. t. pick out. Kikarohia te rakau nei i roto i toku waewae.-Hikarohia nga mea rarahi o nga kai na.

Hiki, i. v. t. lift up; carry; nurse. Kei hea te kai hiki o te tamaiti nei?

ii. v. i. 1. get up; start. te hiki tetahi o konei i te ara, ka mau taura a Henare hei here. 2. jump or leap involuntarily. I hiki taku karakia (28). charm was imperfect—skipped. Ka hiki taku poho. My heart leaps up, as when one is startled or goes into cold water.-Kia hiki te tapuae, spoken of early dawn when one can just see where one is going to tread.

arms; nurse.

hiki, n. charm for raising fish &c. Kaore ano i ata mutu noa te karakia whakaongaonga, e whakahua ana i te hiki (158).

Hikirangi, v. i. be unsettled. Tera e reka te noho o te tangata e hikirangi ana mo te haere?

Hĭkŏ, v. i. 1. move in a random way. Kia rite te haere: kaua tetahi e hiko ki mua. 2. stir as birds at daylight. E hiko ana te manu i te ata, ka whakatika maua ka haere. 3. stretch out the hand at random. Hiko tou te tangata ra ki nga ngarehu, apuatanga. 4. begin to strine; Kei Turuturu ka hiko dawn. te ata i a maua.

Pass. hikoia, be shone upon. koia e te awatea, ano he pounamu kei nga kampango e titiwha ana (159).

te hiko e kowha mai ra.

hihiko, v. i. move quickly, be stre- | Hinengaro, n. 1. some portion nuous. Kia hihiko te haere.

Hikoi, v. i. step. Te kaha te hikoi o te tangata.

Hikoko, a. wasted; starved.

hikoko nga tamariki a Taunaha. Hiku, n. 1. tail of a fish or reptile. Oraora kau ana ko te hiku kau (160). 2. rear of an army on march, or of a company of travellers. Taihoa, kia tapeke mai te hiku. &c., point.

Hikupěkě, v. i. be shortened so as not to hang down low. Pukorukorua kia hikupeke tou ki

runga.

Hikutau, n. head of a valley or river. WHaia ana e maua, a kei te hikutau o te wai nei ka mau.

Himu. n. hip-bone (for humu).

Hina, n. grey hairs.

hina, a. having grey hairs.

Hinăki, n. basket for catching eels;

Hīnākipouri, a. quite dark. Ka hinakipouri, ka huaki.

Hĭnămŏe, a. sleepy.

Hinamoki, n. a kind of rat.

Hīnana, a. staring angrily; looking fierce (spoken of the eyes or eyebrows). Hinana ana nga kanohi o Rewa. - Hinana ana nga kape.

Hĭnăpouri, a. 1. very dark. very sad.

Hīnātore, v. i. twinkle; glow with an unsteady light.

hinatore, n. 1. any phosphorescent substance. 2. young shoots of a species of tuetoe. Na te hinatore i wero toku waewae.

Hīnău, n. elæocarpus dentatus; a tree.

Hine, n. girl. only in addressing a girl or I. Hīrā, a. numerous. young woman. E hine!

Hiněkorako, n. a spirit suppos-

of the intestines. 2. seat of the thoughts and feeling; heart. E kitea koia nga whakaaro o te hinengaro?

Hinu, n. 1. oil; fat. 2. game such as pigeons, rats &c. preserved in their own fat.

Hinga, v. i. 1. fall from an erect position. Nau koe i hinga ai. 2. lean.

3. tip of a leaf Pass. hingaia, be fullen upon. Kei hingaia koe e te rakau.

hingahinga, v. i. fall in numbers, as on a battlefield &c.

hingahinga, n. slaughter of num-

hihinga, v. i. fall in numbers. whakahinga, v. t. cause to fall. from an erect position.

Hingongi, n. a variety of potato. Hĭoĭ, n. 1. mentha Cunninghami, a plant. 2. anthus Novæ Zelandiæ, a bird.

Hĭpă, v. i. 1. start aside. koe ki tahaki i ora ai. 2. pass on one side. Hipa ke atu, hipa ke mai, kahore i kitea. 3. exceed in length; surpass. Ka hipa ke tenei rakau; kotia iho.

whakahipa, v. t. turn aside. Sometimes with a reflective signification. WHahahipa ki tahaki, kei mau koe.

whakahipa, n. head; hair of the head.

whakahipahipa, a. irregular; of different lengths or heights. He taiepa whakahipahipa.

Hǐpǐ, n. 1. sheep. 2. ship. Horahia te titiro whakawaho ki karewa, aurerenga hipi.

Hipoki, v. t. cover. Hipokina ki te kakahu.

Generally used hipoki, n. covering.

hira, n. multitude. Katahi au ka kite i te hira o te tangata. ed to reside in lunar rainbows. whakahirahira, v. t. extol; magnify to depreciation of others. Sometimes used reflectively; extol oneself. Ehara te whakahirahira o te tangata ra; katahi matou nei ka rongo i enakorero.

### II. Hĭră.

hihira, a. shy; suspicious. Ka hihira au ki tena ara, kei mate au.

Hīrău, v. t. entangle; trip up. He aha i hirautia nei e koe toku waewae?

hirau, n. paddle.

Hīrāwērāwē, a. irksome; painful. Hirawerawe ana te whatinga o toku ringaringa.

Hirea, a. indistinct. Rongo hirearea ake ahau ki te tangata e karanga mai nei.

hirearea, n. indistinct sound. Na! te hirearea waha tangata a mea nei.

Hīrĕrĕ, v. i. gush; spirt. Hĭrĭ.

hĭhĭrĭ, a. 1. laborious; energetic; assiduous. Hihiri mauie koe ki te haramai i roto i te marangai. 2. laborious; requiring exertion. Katahi te hihiri i a au ki te haere ki reira! What work I shall have &c.

hirihiri, v. t. repeat charms over a person, with the view of imparting energy. Ka hirihiria atu ki te kauhou o Houmaitawhiti (127).

whakahirihiri, i. v. t. assist; relieve. He kore tangata hei whakahirihiri te riro ai te pēke paraoa. ii. v. i. rely; lean. Kahore i pai ki a au, whakahihiri ke ki a Te Kani.

Hiri, n. seal.

Hiriwa, n. silver.

Hīroki, a. thin; lean.

Hīrorī, v. i. stagger. Hirori ana nga waewae i te taimaha o te wahanga.

Hitari, n. sieve.

nify to depreciation of others. Hitau, n. small mat for the waist; Sometimes used reflectively; apron.

Hitawetawe, a. very long. Hitawetawe and te roa o to tangata.

Hītěki, v. i. hop. Hiteki atu ki ko. Hītěkě, v. i. hop.

Ka Hiwa, a. watchful; wakeful. Kia au. hiwa! kia hiwa!

Hīwăi, n. potato.

Hīwāiwākā ) a species of rhi-Hīwakawaka ) pidura; a bird. Hīwěkā, a. hanging.

whakahiweka, v. t. hang up. Te mea nai whakahiwekaa. (R.)

Hïwï, n. 1. ridge of a hill. Tena a Matete te oma na i runga i nga hiwi. 2. beaten track. Ka haere matou i ro ngahere, a puta atu matou ki te hiwi.

hiwihiwi, a fish.

Hiwi, v. t. jerk a fishing line so as to hook the fish.

 Ho, v. used only in the compound forms, hoake, homai, hoatu.

II. Hō, v. i. put out the lips; pout; a mark of derision. Ho and nga ngutu. 2. shout. Heoi, ka tangi i konei to ho a te iti, a te rahi (160).

hŏhō, v. i. 1. drop; trickle. Hoho ana te toto. 2. speak angrily; say 'hŏhō'! 3. grin.

III. Ho, n. hoe; spade.

I. Hoa, n. friend; mate; companion. Ko taku hoa koia tau e patai mai na? (147)

hoahoa, n. spouse. used also of two women, wives of the same husband. Ka owha mai te wahine ra ki tana hoahoa (187).

whakahoa, v. t. make a companion of; associate with.

II. Hoa, v. t. 1. aim a blow at by throwing. Hoaina ki te kowhatu. 2. charm the ground over which one is about to pass. Te kaha ia te whai i taua tangata, katahi ka karangatia ki tana wahine hei hoa i ona tapuwae (119). 3. utter incantations for the above purpose. Katahi ka hoaia e Tamure ki re paepae o tona whare (172).

Hoake, i. v. t. give or bring to some place connected with the speaker but in which he is not at the time of speaking. ii. v. i. go on.

Hoanga, n. a kind of stone used as a grindstone or whetstone. HOARI. n. sword.

Hŏarĭrĭ, n. enemy.

Hoata, n. 1. long spear. 2. third day of the moon's age. E! ka ara te marama, he hoata (55).

Hoatu, i. v. t. give away from the speaker. pass. hoatu. Ka tae te tangata ra ki tana taurekareka ka hoatu hei utu mo te ruahine ra (49). ii. v. i. move on in a direction away from the speaker.

Hŏĕ, v. t. 1. push away with the Tona panga atu ki a ia hand. ka hoea mai.—He ringa hoea: a suitor whose addresses have not been accepted. 2. paddle; row. Ka rewa ki te moana, ka utaina, hokowhitu ki runga, katahi ka hoea (56). 3. hence intransitively travel in a boat or canoe; make a voyage. Hei te po taua hoe ai kei kitea taua e te tangata whenua (41).

hoe, n. paddle; oar.

hoehoe, v. t. 1. toss about; scatter. 2. paddle about; make repeated trips in a boat or canoe. He hoehoe waka te mahi a nga tamariki nei. 3. convey in a boat or canoe, making repeated trips. Kei te hoehoea nga hanga a te pakeha ki uta.

whakahoe, v. t. reject; shew indifference to.

Hoha, a. 1. wearied with expec-

tation, importunity, anxiety &c. Ka hoha au i tau mahi whakatoi. 2. wearisome. He mahi hoha tenei.

Höhěhčhě, a. wrinkled with laughter. Hohehohe ana nga paparinga o NGapuhi ki a koe. (Compare ngohengoke).

Hŏhŏĕkă, n. panax longissimum;

a tree.

Hōhŏnŭ, see under honu.

Hŏhŏrŏ, see under horo.

I. Hoi, n. 1. lobe of the ear. gusset of a garment.

II. Hoi, a. 1. far off; distant. Ka. titiro atu te rangatira o te pa nei ki tana kotiro ka hoi noa atu (170). 2. deaf; obstinate. NGare noa, kihai hoki i rongo; ka hoi a Te Kahureremoa (143). hoihoi, a. deafening; noisy. Hoi-

hoi tahi koutou! What a noise uou make!

Hōia, n. 1. soldier. 2. sawyer.

Hŏiнŏ, n. horse.

Hoiki, a. diminishing in size upwards; tupering. Ka hoiki tonu te upoko.

Hoka, a. projecting sharply upwards; pointed. Ka hoka te kapua, of points of cloud projecting upwards from a bank in the horizon. He hoka te whare; the house is steep-roofed.

hoka, v. t. take on the point of a fork &c. Ka kai te tangata tapu, he mea hoka ki te rakau tana kai; e kore e totoro tona ringa.

hoka, n. screen made of branches stuck into the ground. Ka riro ki te hanga hoka manu.

Hōkǎi, a. 1. spread out; extended. Ka hokai nga waewae o Ruru ki te rere.—Kia kokai te haere! Step out! 2. far apart. He hokai te ono o te taro.

hokai, n. 1. large feathers of the wing. 2. brace; stay. 3. breadth. hokaikai, v. i. move backwards hohoko or hokohoko, v. i. trafand forwards. Ko nga waewae anake te hokaikai ana.

Hokaka, v. t. desire.

Hokari, i. v. i. stretch out one's legs. ii. v. t. move by stretching out the legs. E tama! he aha e hokaritia na e koe nga kakahu?

Hökěhökěā, a. out of patience. Roa noa atu e whanga ana ki a koe, a, kokehokea noa i te whanganga.

Hokěkě, a. obstinate; churlish. I. Hoki, v. i. return. Tatou ka hoki ki te kainga. Pass. hokia, be returned for or to. Hokia ta tatou hoe ka mahue atu ra. hoki, n. restorative charm for a sick person, blighted crops &c. hokihoki, v. i. return frequently. whakahoki, v. t. 1. turn back;

eause to return. 2. give back. whakahoki kupu; answer.

II. Hŏkĭ, ad. or conj. 1. also. Ka haere hoki ahau. 2. for; because. Ka noho ia ki raro, ka pouri hoki ia ki a ia e kataina ana e te tini o te Atihapai (39).—Ina hoki, as may be inferred from the fact that; for. Ina hoki ka ngaro noa iho nga tira haere atu o reira ki Rotorua (156). 3. to give emphasis to an assent or affirmation &c. Ae: me noho hoki ra koe (120).—Ko wai tena tangata? Aua hoki: he tauhou ia (133).

Hokio, v. i. descend. Ka taea a runga o te maunga nei, ka hokio atu ki raro.

Hokioi, n. a bird; the same as hakuai.

I. Hökö, v. t. exchange; barter; buy; sell. I hokona tona kakahu ki te poaka.

hoko, n. merchandise. He hoko tenei ka u.

fic; trade.

II. Hŏkŏ, a prefix to numerals signifying ten times the subjoined numeral. Hokotahi; ten. Hokotoru, thirty.

Hokomirimiri, v. t. stroke; pat. Heoi ano; tau ware atu nga ringaringa ki runga i te pane hokomirimiri ai (159).

Homai, v. t. give to the person speaking; bring. Ka mea atu a Hoturapa, Homai hoki ki a au (109).

Homiromiro, n. petroica toitoi; a bird.

Hone, v. t. plunder; appropriate the property uf others. No te hone matou katoa.

Honea, v. i. 1. be absent. Kahore ahau kia whai iwi i te honeatanga o nga tangata i haere mai ai ahau. 2. escape. Kahore a Te Kooti i mau i a matou; i honea tonu.

Hŏnĭ.

hŏhŏnĭ, v. t. 1. bite; wound slightly. I hohoni kau te mata, kihai i ngoto. 2. devour; consume. Ka honia e te mate. Honi, n. honey.

Honia, ad. intensifying mangere. Ko nga herehere o konei, he mangere honia ki te hanga whare, ki te hanga pa.

Hono, v. t. 1. splice; join. add.

hono, a. continual.

Hŏnŏhŏnŏā, v. i. be vexed; be annoyed. No reira ka honohonoa ahau.

Honore, n. honour.

Honu, n. fresh water.

hōhŏnŭ, a. deep. He wai hōhonu tenei.

Honga, v. t. tilt; make to lean on one side. Hongaia mai te waka kei eke ki te tahuna.

Hongere, n. channel.

Höngi, v. t. 1. smell; sniff. salute by touching noses.

Hōpara, n. belly. Ka ngaro ano ki roto ki te hopara nui a Toitehuatahi (107).

Hope, n. loins; waist. To nga hope te wai.

Hŏpė̃kiwi, n. potato pit. Hŏpėtėa, n. a shell-fish.

Hŏpĭ, n. soap.

Hŏpī, n. native oven; hāngi.
 E kongange ana te hopi.

II. Höpī or Höpīpī, v. i. be terrified; be fainthearted.

Hŏpŏ and hopohopo, a. fearful; apprehensive; overawed. Na konei ano toku ngakau i hopo ake ai.

whakahopo, v. t. alarm.

Hŏpu, v. t. 1. catch; seize. Nana i hopu te mataika. 2. snatch.

hopuhopu, v. t. catch frequently; catch one after another.

hopuhopu, n. porpoise.

Höpu, v. i. be swollen, like a blister.

Hōpŭa, a. 1. depressed, like a cup or trough. 2. lying in pools. Ka hopua te wai i te marae.

Hŏrš, v. t. spread out; expand. Ko te horahanga ki reira o Hunakiko, ka matakitakina (113).

hora, a. scattered about. Titiro ki te tangata e hora ana ki tatahi.

Horapa, a. disseminated through; overspreading.

I. Hörĕ, ad. (generally used with rawa, emphatically) not. Hore rawa, not at all. Compare Kahore.

 Hörĕ or höhörĕ, v. t. peel; strip off. Horehorea te hiako. hore, n. burial place under tapu.

 Hörĭ, v. t. cut a piece out of the ear. Horia te taringa o te poaka.

2. Höri, v. i. be gone by. Kua hori atu aua tangata inakuara.

III. Hori or horihori, a. false; untrue.

hori, v. t. 1. speak falsely. He aha tau e horihori? 2. mistake; misjudge. Ka hori a Tawhaki, he wahine no tenei ao ano (48).

whakahori, v. t. disbelieve. E kore e whakahoria to korero.

Hōrĭrĕrĭrĕ, n. gerygone flaviventris, a small bird, the same as riroriro. I whea koe i te tangihanga o te horirerire, ka tanu ai i tetahi kawei hue mau?

I. Horo, i. v. i. 1. fall the fragments; crumble down. Ka horo te pari ki te moana. 2. drop off or out (spoken of a number of small things as grains, tubers &c.) Ko te kumara ka horo haere tonu i te huarahi (136). 3. fall or be taken, as a fortress &c. Ka hia nga pa horo a te taua o Hongi? 4. differ. Kihai i horo; ina, ko te ahua tonu tena (61).—ii. v. i. cause to crumble down. Horos te oneone o runga. Passive horoa, be fallen upon by anything crumbling down.

horo, n. landslip.

whakahoro, v. t. 1. cause to crumble down. 2. take to pieces. Ka whakahoroa i reira te waka nei a Aotea (112). 3. slack off or let out a line.

horohoro, v. t. remove the lapu from a house &c.

horonga, n. food eaten by the tohunga during the above ceremony.

II. Hörö, or most commonly höhörö, a. quick; speedy. Mahue rawa te hohoro o te tangata nei.

whakahohoro, v. t. hurry; hasten. III. Hŏrŏ, v. t. swallow. Ka ki-

Digitized by Google

uri o Tiki (152).

Horočka, n. panax longissimum; a tree.

Hŏrŏi, v. t. wash.

horoi, n. material to wash with;

Hŏrŏkio, n. a shrub.

Hŏrŏmĭ, v. t. swallow; devour. Ka whakatetere te wahine ra i tona puku hei horomi i a Maui (18). Comp. III. Horo.

Hŏrŏmĭtĭ, v. t. eat ravenously; devour. Nana i horomiti nga kai i pau wawe ai.

Horopekapeka n. blue shark.

Horopito, n. a shrub.

Hŏrŏtea, a. pale. Taia ana nga ngutu, a ka kitea ka horotea, ka taruatia.

Hörötětě, a. worn out; prostrat-Ko Paora tera, horotete ana i te mare.

Horu, n. red ochre; burut kokowai. See Kokowai.

Hŏrŭ, v. i. 1. grunt; snort. tawhiti ano e haere mai ana, ko te horu kua tae mai ki roto (162). 2. yell in accompaniment to the war-dance. rite te takahi, te papaki, me te horu a te tangata (167). 3. rankle. Kei roto i a ia e horu ana te whakatakariri, ina hoki ka puta kei waho, kei nga kanohi.

horuhoru, n. wild turnip.

Horŭa, v. i. descend. Ka haere. ka horua ki roto ki Pakihi.

Hotětě, n. a large caterpillar.

Hotiki, v. t. tie; fasten with cord &c. Hotikina te kuwaha o te teneti.

hotiki. n. tattoo marks on the forehead of a woman.

I. Hoto, n. 1. wooden spade. spike on the tail of whai.

II. Hoto, a. cold. Hotohoto ana te wai ki taku hiako.

tea tona puku e horo nei i nga | III. Hoto, v. i. begin a quarrel. Kaua e hoto.

> Hotos, a. slow in growing: backward. He aha te parareka o tenei tau i hotoa ai ki te tupu? Hotoke, a. cold. Ka hotoke te kai. hotoke, n. winter. Hei te hotoke ahau ka hoki atu ai.

> Hotu, v. i. (generally with ngakau or manawa for subject). 1. sob; pant; sigh. Ka hotu tona manawa, he sighs. 2. desire eagerly; long. E hotu ana toku ngakau ki te haere. chafe with animosity &c. hotu toku ngakau ki a ia, he hoariri hoki ia noku. 4. heave. as the swell of the sea. hotu noa te moana.

> Hotuhotu, a. accompanied with sobs. Hotuhotu ana te tangi a te tangata ra.

I. Hou, n. feather.

II. Hou, a. new; recent; fresh. Hou tonu ana te ketunga a te poaka.

III. Hou or hohou, v. t. bind; lush together. E hohou ana ia i te taiepa.—Hohou rongo, make peace.

houhou, n. Schefflera digitata; a tree.

IV. Hou, i. v. t. force downwards. Hona iho kia hohonu. ii. v. i. 1. force one's way downwards. Ka hou te kuri i raro o te rakau. 2. persist in a demand. Ka hou au ki a koe, ka hou, ka hou.

houhou, v. t. dig up; obtain by Kei te houhou roi digging. mana.

V. Hou or houhou, a. 1. cool. 2. disagreeable; unpleasant.

whakahouhou, v.i. feel disgust. Ka whakahouhou nga hoa, i mea hoki ratou kia tirohia paitia ia (193). Comp. hauhau and anu.

Houanga, n. this time last year. No houanga nei au i tae mai ai

Houange, n. 1. a little while ago. 2. a little while hence. Mo a houange nei ka hoatu.

Houhou. See under hou.

Houhere, n. hoheria populnea; a tree.

Hǒuī, n. hoheria populnea; a tree. Hǒukěkě, a. obstinate. Ka nui te houkeke o te whanoke ra, e kore e rongo.

Hŏupără, n. a tree.

Hŏutětě, a. stunted. Koi kanekeneke, koi aha; houtete tou i taua wahi tahi.

Houwere, v. t. tie; bind. Houweretia te takitaki.

 Hu, n. mud; swamp. Kua tapoko ki te hu.

II. Hu, v. i. bubble up. Te puna e hu ake ra i raro i te whenua (154).

hu, n. tenour or drift of a speech. Te hu o te korero.

hùhu, v. i. hiss; whiz; buzz. I rangona kautia e ia ki te huhu o te patu e haere iho ana ki tona angaanga (91).

III. Hu, a. still; silent. E noho hu ana, kei whakaae, kei eke koe ki runga ki te hoiho.

IV. Hū, n. shoe.

Ηŭ.

huhu, v. t. 1. strip off an outer covering; cast off a rope &c. 2. deprive of outer covering; make bare. 3. free from tapu. E haere tapu tonu ana mai i te tanumanga i a Tamatekapua; katahi ka huhua, ka noa (78).

huhu, n. a beetle found in rotten timber.

Hua, n. 1. fruit. Kei whea nga hua o te poroporo nei? (64)
 egg of a bird; roe of a fish.
 cause; occasion. I patua huakoretia e ia taku tamaiti.

huahua, n. 1. birds &c. captured

for food; game. Nga kai o tera maunga, he kiwi, he weka, he kiore, he kūkū, he tūi: he maunga huahua tera maunga (145).

2. small pimple.

3. a vessel in which food was boiled by means of heated stones.

hua, v. i. 1. bear fruit. E kore e kua tenei rakau. 2. abound. 3. (of the moon) be at the full. huhua, a. abundant.

hunatanga, n. excellence, goodness. Kahore he huhuatanga o ena kakahu.

II. Hŭa, n. 1. handspike; lever.
2. section of land. Kotahi hua ka riro i NGaiterangi. 3. screen from wind.

huahua, n. rail of a fence.

hua, v. t. 1. raise with a lever. Huaia te rakau nei. 2. overturn; frustrate. Ka huaia mai e te Koikoi a taua tatai.

III. Hua, v. t. 1. name. Ka huaina te ingoa o tera kainga ko Kawhia (113).—No whea te huanga o tau matau? (21) Who ever heard of your hook?—Kahore he huanga tangata o te huarahi (149). There was not a soul on the road. 2. think. E hua ana, e ngaro nei, kei te maki kai pea (12)—Hua atu; one would think. Hua atu ko te Rangi to tatou matua (14). 3. he sure; know. Ko wai ka hua?

whakahua, v. t. 1. pronounce. 2. recite. Ka whakahua i tana karakia mo tona tatuatanga i tana maro (97).

Huai, n. a shell-fish.

Huakina ake te tatau.—Huakina te rua, tikina atu nga kai ki waho. 2. rush upon; charge. No te huakanga i mate ai. ii. v. i. dawn. Huaki kau te ata, ka hapainga mai (157).

huaki, n. assault; charge. Huākumu, a. very fruitful. Huămăngō, n. a variety of potato.

Huămo, v. i. be raised in waves, as the sea.

Huamutu, n. a fish.

Huāngă, n. relative. Ka tae mai ka noho, ka huangatia tera tangata ki a ia (143).

Hŭărăngă, v. t. transplant.

Hūărě, n. spittle.

Hŭătărě, v. i. pant; gasp for breath. E huatare kau ana te manawa.

Hŭătăwă, n. a dark variety of the siliccous stone called matāwaiapu.

**Hŭĕ,** n. 1. *gourd*. 2. a fish. Hūhi, n. 1. discomfiture. Haere ana koe ki te tinihanga i to tipuna; ana ka kite koe i te huhi (25). 2. weariness. taea te huhi.

Huhu, see under hu. Huhua, see under hua. Huhunu, see under hunu.

I.: Hui or huihui, v. t. put or add together. v. i. congregate; come together. Ka huihui mai nga iwi ki te matakitaki i to Hūkěkě, a. staggering. ratou ito (155).

hui, or huihui, n. assembly. II. Hui, v. t. take as plunder. Ka huia nga kakahu, ka patua.

III. Hui, v. i. be affected with cramp. Ka hui taku maui.

Hūia, n. neomorpha Gouldii; a somewhat rare bird, the tail feathers of which are prized as ornaments.

Hūiki, a. 1. pinched with cold. E noho huiki mai ra te koroua 2. crouching in fear. exhausted by frequent cultivation. Ka huiki te whenua.

Hŭirăpă, a. grasping. Katahi tana huirapa mona anake!

I. Huka, n. 1. foam; froth. whuia atu ki te hukahuka o te tai (11). 2. frost; snow. Ka kite ia i te huka o Tongariro (80). 3. cold.

hukahuka, f. thrums or shreds on a mat. Ka motu nga hukahuka o tona pake (80).

hukahuka, a. hanging in shreds. I mahue hukahuka te whare.

II. Hŭkă, a. long in time. kore e huka ka tae.

III. Hŭkă, deficiency in measurement. E waru maro te roa. huka to te iwa.

Huka, n. sugar.

Hūkă, n. hook.

Hŭkāpapa, n. ice; frost.

Hŭkāpŭngă, n. snow.

Hŭkărĕrĕ, n. snow.

Hŭkāwhătŭ, n. hail.

Hūkări, v. i. gesticulate. He aha te rawa o tana mahi e hukari mai ra?

hūkari, n. young of birds.

Hŭkě, v. t. 1. dig up; expose by removing the earth in which it has been buried. E huke ana te wahine i te hangi. 2. ex-Ka hukea te riu o te cavate. waka. (55).

Hŭkĭ.

hukihuki, n. spit on which fish are roasted.

hukihuki, 1. v. t. roast on a spit. Hukihukia te ngohi. 2. contract suddenly, as the muscles. Ka mate toku ringaringa i te hukihuki.

hukinga, n. head of a valley or river.

Hūmārĭrĕ, a. comely; beautiful. Te puhi humarire nei, a Hinemoa (130).—Te humariretanga o Te Whatuiapiti (164).

Hŭmě, v. t. bring to a point; ta-Ka humea te ihu, te per off. ta (55).

I whakahume, v. i. be drawn between the legs (of the tail of a o te kuri.

Huměně, a. gathered up into small compass. WHakahumenemenetia mai tou kia whaiti.

Humu, n. hip bone.

humuhumu, a. stripped of pro-Takoto humuminent parts. humu kau ana ko nga tiwai anake (171). So of trees having the branches lopped off. NGa rakau e humuhumu mai ra.

I. Hŭnă, v. t. 1. conceal. I hunaa toku e wai? 2. destroy. taniwha te mea e huna nei i te tangata o tenei huarahi (150).

huna, a. concealed. Te tini tangata e huna nei ki rote i te arearenga o nga poho o Rangi raua ko Papa (4).

II. Huna, n. tenth day of the moon's

Hunanga-moho, n. a kind of grass.

Hunaonga, n. son-in-law or daughter-in-law.

Hŭnărĕi ) father-in-law; or Hunărere ( mother-in-law.

Hune, n. down on the seeds of raupo, or typha angustifolia. Höne, n. June.

#### Hŭnŭ.

hŭhŭnŭ, v. t. 1. char. Ka oti te huhunu a waho, ka tu ko te iho anake. 2. singe. Hunuhunua ta tatou poaka.

huhunu, n. 1. double canoe. 2. temporary washboards at the bow of a canoe.

Hūnŭkŭ, n. family encumbrances.

Hunga, n. company of persons; people. Tu tonu iho te hunga ra i te taumata (151).—Sometimes used contemptuously.

Hungahunga, n. tow; refuse of flax leaf; down or nap which comes off a garment. Compare hukahuka.

dog). WHakahume ana te waero | Hungawai, n. father-in-law; mother-in-law.

Hüngöingöi, a. trembling.

Hūpănă, v. i. fly up or fly back, as a spring. Te hupanatanga o the tawhiti.

Hūčiči, a. trembling; tottering. Hupe, n. discharge from the nose. Hūpěkě, v. i. bend the legs or arms. Hupeke ou waewae.

hupeke, a. bent; drawn up (of the legs or arms).

hupeke, n. old woman.

Hūpěnupěnu, a. mashed up. Ka hupenupenu noa iho nga kai i roto i te kohue.

Hura, i. v. t. 1. remove a covering. Hurahia te kakahu. 2. uncover; expose. Hurahurahia nga kai; ka maku i te ua. 3. hunt Kua riro te taua ki te hura morehu. ii. v. i. begin to flow (of the tide). Ka hura te mata o te tai.

hura, n. nervous twitching in the shoulder &c.; regarded as a sign that one is the subject of remark.

hurahura, n. visitors condoling with people who have been plundered.

HURAE, n. July. Hūrăngi, n. fly.

hūrangi, a. timorous. Ka hurangi haere tatou ki tona matenga.

Hŭrë, v. t. search. Kua tae ake nga tangata o runga o te kaipuke ki te hure i to matou pa. Hūrěpě, n. bittern.

Hŭri, i. v. t. 1. turn round. wai i huri te pouaka? 2. over-3. grind in a mill. kawe nga witi nei kia hurihia. ii. v. i. 1. overflow. Huri katoa te waipuke ki te ara. 2. fall to; set about. Ka huri te Patupaiarehe ki te tango i nga ngohi ki uta (179). 3. betake oneself; repair. Katahi te ma- Hurunui, a. having long fur. nuwhiri nei ka huri ki runga i te waka, ka hoe. 4. Ka huri, tenei, or simply, Kahuri, is an expression which has lately become common to mark the end of a subject, or of a speech, letter &c.

hurihuri, v. t. turn over in one's mind; ponder; reflect upon.

huri, n. 1. seed. Ka waiho enei parareka hei huri mo taku mara. 2. anything which is turned round, as a mill or a grindstone.

Huriaro, v. i. turn right round. Hűrikőarő, v. i. turn inside out. Hurikoarotia te kakahu.

Hurikotua, v. i. turn the back. Hŭripoki, v. t. turn upside down. Huripokia to kohue. turn over the soil with a spade.

Hŭrirŭa, v. t. turn inside out. Hŭritua, v. i. turn the back towards one.

I. Hŭrŭ, n. 1. brushwood. dogskin mat.

huruhuru, n. coarse hair; bristles; not properly used of hair of the head.

huruhuru-whenua, n. asplenium lucidum; a plant.

II. Hŭrŭ, v. t. contract; draw in. Me huru mai te taiepa kia hohoro ai te oti.

n. fresh growth of Hŭrŭpă young trees after land has been cleared.

Hŭrŭroa, n. a shell-fish.

Hŭrŭrŭa, n. 1. brushwood. land covered with brushwood. Kua hururuatia te ara.

Hŭrŭtětě, a. stunted. E kore e mataara ake te witi i te whenua; ka hurutete.

Hutětě, v. i. be tied up in a corner of a bag &c. I roto i te putea e hutete ana.

Hŭtĭ, or hŭhŭtĭ, v. t. 1. hoist. 2. pull out of the ground. Hutia nga . tarutaru.

hutihuti, n. rope.

hutinga, n. place cleared from weeds in preparation for a crop. Na Te Kauae tenei hutinga.

Hŭtĭwăi, acæna sanguisorba, a plant.

Hūtŏitŏi, a. stunted, growing weakly. E. hutoitoi ana nga huruhuru o te matenga.

Hūtŏkĕ, n. winter.

Hūtŏtŏi, a. weak; stunded. totoi ana te tupu o te kapana. Hŭtŭkăwă, n. metrosideros tomentosa, a tree.

Hūwiniwini, a. chilled; having the skin roughened with cold.

Huwha, n. thigh.

# I.

I. I, a particle used in forming indefinite past tenses or agrists. I haere mai korua ki te aha? (185) for what did you come? II. I, prep. 1. simply transitive, serving to connect an active verb with its object. Tatou ki te aukaha i to tatou waka (20). 2. from. I haere mai maua i te rawhiti, i te putanga mai o

te ra (185).—Tikina he ahi i a Mahuika (23). He hokinga mai no nga waka o tona iwi i te hao kupenga ika (141). from the sight of. He nohoanga moku e ngaro ai ahau i toku hoa ngangare (54). a distance from; wide of, beyond. Ka taha te patu i tona angaanga (91). 5. in comparison of.

E kore ia e hohoro i taua wahine (95). than. Ko te moana i nui atu i te whenua (29).— In complex prepositions. raro i te pihanga o te whare (78). Also after chara. Ehara i te taua nana i patu: nana noa i mate. 6. by reason of. Kaore e tae te ope nei i te wehi (60). for want of. pingongo nga papa o to hoiho i te kai. 7. by; after neuter verbs. Poto katoa nga whenua i a Rupe te haere (32).—Kua tu i te tao a Hatupatu (95). with. Ka mate a Te Ponga i te hiainu (168). 8. (of place) at. E noho nei ano i Rotorua etehi (103). upon. Ka tere a Hinauri i te moana (28). along. Haere tonu atu i te ara nui naka (23). by way of. Ka haere mai i te te tai hauauru (185). 9. connected with the last and sometimes to be translated of. Te motu i Mokoia (96). sometimes redundant. Waiho i a Marutuahu te ingoa (136).—Ka tikina i a Kae hei tohi i a Tu-10. (in past huruhuru (36). time) in the act of. I te tiki wahie nga wahine. in the state of. I te mate a Anaru inanahi. 11. (of time) at; in; by. Kua herua taua tangata i te po (97). in the time of. I a Houmaitawhiti te whawhaitanga (63). at the time that; whilst, during. I a ratou e okioki ana (84).--I te mea, when. I te mea e kai tonu ana i tana kai (160). 12. (in past time) with = having. Te tangata i te puahi. with == in possession of. I a wai to toki? belonging to. "I a wai tera kaainga?" "I a Waitaha" (145). 13. in company with; led by. Haere atu ana a Kae i a Hineiteiwaiwa raua ko Raukatauri (38). 14. in the opinion of. Makatikati ana i a au te korero nei. 15. causing trouble or annoyance to. Ma tahaki haere ai i te hau i a koe.

III. I () v.i. ferment; turn sour. whakaii, a. self-conceited.

IV. I, int. without any special meaning at the end of a stanza of a song.

Ia, pron. 3rd. person singular. he; she; it. After the prepositions a, o, ma, mo, na, no, ta and to, another pronoun, na is substituted for ia, and the preposition and pronoun are written as one word. Ko tana mahi, he tatau i ana taro (49). Obs. ia is not ordinarily used in speaking of things inanimate.

II. Ia, pron. demonstrative (not used in the plural). 1. that; the said. Nga kanohi o ia wahine (167). 2. repeated, to give a distributive sense, each; every. Ka haere te kai korero ki ia wahi, ki ia wahi.

III. Ia, n. 1. current. E kore e tere te waka i te ia. 2. sound made by rushing water. Me te ia wai e tangi ana te umere (160).

IV. Ia, conj. but. I roto ano ia a Kiki i tona whare (172).

Iănă, ad. intensive. then. Tena iana; whakaaturia mai.

Iănei, ad. intensive. 1. nay. He parau ianei te korero na. 2. in interrogative sentences. E kore ianei koe e haere?

Iăuă, int. hold! stay! Iaua maku e here.

The, n. a fish; the same as takeke.

Ihi, i. v. t. split; divide. Ihia atu te rakau na.—Ka ihia te mara. ii. v. i. 1. draw a line, furrow &c. E ihi mai ana te tira o te mako i runga i te kare

te ata. 3. make a hissing or rushing noise. Ka ihi mai te haukia marange te whakawhiti.

ihiihi, v. i. 1. make a rushing noise. Ihiihi ana te hau nei. 2. be terror struck; shudder with fear. Ka ihiihi te tangata ra, ka heke iho te werawera.

ihi, n. front gable of a house. ihiihi, n. ray of the sun.

whakaihi. v. t. betroth. He wahine whakaihi ma taku tamaiti.

I. Iho (ĭ ŏ) n. 1. heart of a tree. 2. that wherein the strength of a thing consists, as of an army &c. Hokowhitu te iho o te taua. 3. tohunga or principal person in the crew of canoe. Ko nga poroporoakitanga iho tenei o nga iho o nga waka katoa (112). II. **Iho** (ĭ-ŏ).

whakaiho, v. t. cut the hair. Tenei to iramutu, whakaihoa-

whakaihonga, n. some ceremony connected with the dead.

III. Tho (1-ŏ) ad. correlative of 1. up above, with reference to anything lower down. WHakarongo ki te kupu a te tangata e iri iho nei. Tenei ano te ora iho nei (65). from above; downwards; down. Ka tae ki te rua i rere iho ra tona whaea (15)—Ka tatu iho te tangata ra ki raro (147).— Raro iho: lower down. ia ka neke tata iho ki raro iho (16). 3. the converse of ake 5. Ka mea iho te tangata nei. Haere ake i muri nei; kia hohoro ake te haere (148). 4. denoting a short lapse of time. Muri iho shortly afterwards.—Po iho ano

Ihu, (ĭ-ŭ) n. 1. Nose. 2. bow of a canoe &c.

Ihumanea, see uhumanea.

o te tai. 2. dawn. Ka ihi mai | Ihupuku, a. grasping at; eagerly desirous of. Ko wai koia te ihupuku ki tena mea kia tangohia?

Ihupuni, n. dogskin mat.

Ika, (ĭ-ă) n. 1. fish. Tarewa ana i runga te ika a Maui, he ika whenua (22). Ika-moana, whale. -Ika-waka, the first fish caught in a new canoe, which was held sacred. 2. body of men; troop. 3. fighting man; warrior. te hurihuri i nga ika tapu (91) of persons slain in fight. Ikawhire, old warrior. Ika-i-teati, first person killed or captured in a fight.

whakaika, v. i. 1. be congregated; be formed into a troop. NGa korero a NGatikahungunu e whakaika nei. 2. lie in a heap. Kei ko nga kaho e whakaika

ikaika, n. a plant.

I. Ikĕ, ikeike, a. high; lofty. Kia pehea te ikeike o te whare?

whakaikeike, v. t. raise. mai he oneone hei whakaikeike mo te wahi nei.

II. Ike, v. t. strike with a hammer or other heavy instrument (R.). Iki, (ĭ-ĭ) v. t. consume; devour. Katahi te mea iki kai, he runanga.

Ikuiku, n. eaves of a house. Ina, (ĭ-ă) ad. 1. denoting emphatic assent. certainly; to be sure. 2. calling attention. Ina na! whakarongo mai (129). Sometimes it may be rendered, here, or see here. 3. equivalent to tena in saluting a person. ano koe, e Ha na! (96) adducing a fact in proof of any thing; for; since; inasmuch as. Kua patua; ina hoki, i haere tahi ano koutou; ka ngaro nei i to koutou hokinga mai nei (95). So also in the following, Meake

au taka, ina te ahua. I shall full off presently, to judge by appearances. 5. when. Kia mahara mai koe ki a au ina tae koe ki tawahi.

Inăhea, (ĭ) ad. interrogative, of past time. when?

Ināiāněi, ad. just now; to-day. properly of time past only.

Inăină, v. i. bask; warm oneself. Hei konei te ahi inaina.

Inăke, ad. not long since; the other day. Inake ano i haere ai te rongo o tenei wahine; kaore, he uaua (197).

Inăki, (in) v. t. 1. crowd one upon another; pack closely. I inakitia rawatia te ko o te mara nei; te ai he kai apopo, te aha. 2. thatch; cover with overlapping layers, or rows. Ka inakitia a runga ki te toetoe. 3. cut short a speaker, by beginning to speak before he has con-Te tukua taku korero cluded. kia tau ki raro; inaki tonu mai koe.—He korero whakainakinaki na te tangata ra, na reira i kino ai. 4. v. i. fall back upon forces in the rear or come up as reinforcements to an advanced position. Ka inaki ki runga ki nga matua.

Inăkuără, (ĭ) ad. a little while

Inămătă, (i) ad. 1. formerly. 2. immediately. Ka rongo te tangata ra, inamata kua maranga ki runga (165).

Inamoki, n. a kind of rat. Inanahi, (in) ad. yesterday.

Inana, see under ina.

Inanga, n. a small fresh-water fish.

Inangeto, ad. quickly. Inangeto, kua maoa.

Inaoakě, ad. two days ago.
Inaoakěnui, (i) ad. three days ago.

I shall Inaoškěwškě, ad. several days udge by ago.

Inapo, (i) ad. last night.

hara mai koe ki a au ina tae Inăti, (i) a. severe. He inati te koe ki tawahi. Inati te ngaunga o tenei mea kino.

Inawhai (i) ad. not long since.

Inei, ad. interrogative. Is it so? Inohi, (in) n. scale of a fish.

Inŏi, (i) v. t. beg; pray. Inoia he kai ma tatou.

inoi, n. prayer; entreaty.

Inonira, ad. behind.

Inu, (i) v. t. drink. Ka mutu te inu, ka wahia te taha (133).

iinu, v. t. drink frequently.

whakainu, v. t. give drink to.
Inukorokoro, n. luzy fellow; one who likes eating better than work.

Ingŏingŏ, a. sharp pointed. Waruhia rawatia tona rakau, a ingoingo ana.

ingoingo, n. young eel.

whakaingoingo, a. whimpering; subbing. He tamaiti whakaingoingo.

Ingoa, n. name. Ka huaina toku ingoa ho WHakatau (57).

Ioio, a. 1. hard. He ioio te oneone o te whenua nei. 2. obstinate. Katahi te tangata ioio.
3. aching from weariness. Ka ioio oku waewae i te roa o te haerenga.

Ipo, (i) a. pertaining to love. He waiata ipo.

Ipu, (i) n. calabash; bottle; or any similar vessel.

Iră or iraira, n. freckle, or other natural mark on the skin.

Irāmŭtŭ, n. nephew; niece.

Iri, (1-1) v. i. hang; be suspended.
E koe e iri iho nei; korero iho ra (65).

whakairi, v. t. hang up; suspend.
Me whakairi te kete ki runga ki te taepa.

Iriiri, v. t. 1. perform a certain

Digitized by Google

ceremony over a newly born Ita, itaita, a. tight; fast. child. Hence 2. baptize.

iriiringa, n. baptism.

Irirangi, a. having a divine sound. Tenei ano te irirangi nei nga kupu: he whakaaro ke ki raro. Iro, (Ĩ-ŏ) n. maggot; thread worm. iro, a. submissive in consequence of punishment. WHina kia iro ai.

whakairo, v. t. carve; adorn with carving. Nanahu ana te whakairo o te waka na.

whakairoiro, v. i. deal crookedly; be deceitful. Ka whakairoiro tera a Matete i tenei takiwa; akuanei ka he ano.

pukia ana e te ringaringa; na, itaita ana.

whakaita, v. t. hold fast; restrain. E whakaita nei a Henare, e pupuri nei i a ratou kia noho.

Itau, n. girdle for the waist. Iti, (1-1) small. Kia itiiti iho.

Ito, (ĭ-ŏ) n. object of revenge. Pau ake ki roto ki nga puku to ratou ito (153).

Iwa, (ĭ-ă) a. nine.

Iwi, (ĭ-ĭ) n. 1. bone. 2. tribe.

Iwikore, a. without strength; feeble.

Iwituararo, n. back-bone.

# K.

the commencement of a new action or condition, or a state of things new to the speaker, and hence it is of very frequent occurrence in narrative. Heke nei. heke nei te waka ra, a, ka ngaro te ihu; ka taea te taingawai o te ihu, tango atu ki te taingawai o waenga, ka rere tupou te waka ra (72).— When a narrative begins with ka, when, or as soon as, must be supplied in English. noho a Marutuahu i reira, ka korero mai a Hotunui ki te kino o tona iwi e noho nei ia (141). Kā, v. i. take fire; be lighted;

burn. Ka ake nga ahi o roto, tekau. Pass. kangia. Kahore ano a roto o te whare kia kangia e te ahi. The interior of the house has never yet had a fire burning in it.

kăkā, a. red hot. Apopo, kia pena nga kiri o o tungane; hĭhī ana i nga kowhatu kaka o Waikorora (83).

Kă, a verbal particle, denoting Kaeă, v. i. wander. Kei te kaea ki ro ngahere.

Kacaca, n. sparrow-hawk.

kaeaea, v. i. act like a hawk; look rapaciously. E kaeaea ana ki te kai mana.

Kăeŏ, n. a freshwater shellfish. Kăewă, a. 1. wandering. I te

whenua ahau e kaewa noa ana. 2. loose; slack. WHakakaewatia te taura kia kaewa. detached. Katahi ka whakakaewatia te kakaho ki te whanga.

I. Kähä, a. strong. Patupatua iho nei ia, iti ana tona kaha (29). whakakaha, v. t. strengthen.

II. Kăhă, n. 1. rope; especially one on the edge of a seine. Ka horahia te kupenga ra, ko te kaha o raro, he mea pou ki te pou, here rawa te kaha ki te pou (142). 2. lashings of the rauawa of a canoe. 4. boundary line of land &c. Tuhia nga kaha o te mara. 5. line of ancestry; lineage. Ka hoki mai ki te whakataki i te kaha o Houmaitawhiti (128).

Kāhākā' n. calabash.

Kăhăkăhă, n. 1. a kind of garment. Ko te pueru i waho, ko te kahakaha i roto. 2. a plant.

Kăhăki, v. t. remove by force; carry away. Kia mau te pou i to tatou waka, kei kahakina e te waipuke.

kahaki, n. strap to fasten a load on one's back. Tea aku kahaki? (R.)

Kăhărărŏ, n. rope on the under edge of a net.

Kăhăroa, n. large seine, or dragnet.

Kähärungä, n. rope on the upper edge of a net.

Kăhăwăi, n. a fish.

Kăhěkăhě, v. i. pant.

Kăhěkŏ, v. i. slip.

Kāhěně, a. untied. Kāhěrů n snade or ot

Kāhēru, n. spade or other implement for working the soil.

Kahia, n. 1. passiflora tetrandra; a plant. 2. image of a human figure carved out of the post of a pa fence.

Kähikä or kähikätöa, n. podocarpus dacrydioides, or white pine.

Kăhikātŏa, n. leptospermum scoparium; a tree.

Kahitua, n. a shell-fish.

Kāhiwāhiwā, a. intensely dark. Kahiwahiwa kau ana, me te ahua waipounamu na ano (158). Kāhiwi, n. ridge of a hill.

Kăhŏ, n. batten for the roof of a house &c.

K мно, n. cask.

Kāhore, ad. 1. no; not. Kua mate koe? Kahore, kei te ora ano au (64).—Kahore i ea te mate o Tuhuruhuru (59). 2. on the contrary. I mea ahau he tangata pai koe: kaore, he tangata kinorawa.—Kahore ano, not yet. Kua mahora te kai ma te ope? Kahoreano (59).

kahore, a. no; none. Kahore he tangata i runga nei? (32).

whakakahore, v. t. deny; refuse. E kore tena korero e taea te whakakahore.

Kăhotea, a. having no covering on the roof. Kei te tu kahotea tonu te whare.

Kāhŭ, n. circus Gouldii; hawk.

I. Kăhu, n. 1. surface. Ka ma te kahu o te wai, ka pango a runga o te rangi.—Te kahu o te rangi; the blue sky. 2. garment. Ka tango i te kahu whero, i nga kahu kura, me nga puahi (95).—Kahu-mamae; garment sent to distant relatives of one who has been killed, to keep resentment alive.

kākšhŭ, n. mat made of fine flax. Kite rawa atu nga tuakana, e horahora mai ana i nga kakahu (100). (Not applied to coarser fabrics.)

kākāhŭ, v. t. put on. Kakahuria ou.

whakakakahu, v. t. clothe. Ka tahuri ia ki te paihere i aua pu tarutaru, whakakakahu atu ki ona kakahu (100).

II. Kähŭ, v. i. spring; grow. Kua kahu te witi.

kahukahu, n. ghost; spirit of a dead man.

whakakahukahu, v. i. begin to grow; acquire size. used with reference to fruits, roots, feetus &c. Katahi ano ka whakakahukahu ake nga kai o te mara nei.

whakakahu, n. white of an egg. Kahua, n. form; appearance. Me te kukupa te kahua.

Kāhŭi, n. herd; flock.

Kāhuirāngi, a. unsettled; disturbed. Te aro ki te kai te iwi nei; kahuirangi tonu.

Kähükökönö, n. seal-skin mat.

kiwi feathers.

Kähükürä, n. 1. the atua of the rainbow. 2. rainbow. Ko kahukura e tiwhana mai ra.

Kăhŭpăpă, n. raft.

kahupapa, v. t. bridge over. Ka kahupapangia ki te rakau.

Kăhŭrăngi, a. unsettled; irresolute. E kahurangi haere ana i runga i nga puke.

kahurangi, n. a light coloured variety of the stone called mătā-waiapu.

Kähurapa, a. extended sideways, as in the buttress-like growth at the base of some forest trees.

Kăhŭtāniko, n. mat of fine flax with ornamental border (155).

Kăhŭtŏrŏā, n. mat covered with albatross'down.

Kähuwäerö, n. mat covered with skin of dogs' tails; the same as mahiti.

Kăi, v. t. 1. eat. Ko nga huahua, hoatu kia kainga (60). 2. bite. Katahi ano te ika ka kai ki tana matau (117). — Kaiupoko; curse.

kai, n. food. Kihai i roa, ka mahora te kai, te tuna, te kumara, te taro (193). 2. anything which is in large quantities. Nga mahi a te amonga o te kai nei, a te kaniwha, a te pere (155). riddle; puzzle; toy.

kăkai, v. t. eat frequently.

kăinga, n. refuse of a meal, as cockle shells &c.

whakakai, n. ornament for the ear. Ke nga whakakai, i mahue tonu iho.

Kăi a prefix to transitive verbs to denote the agent. Katahi ka peke mai nga kai-hapai patu (152).

Kāī, n. a tree. Kăiā, v. t. steal. kaiā, n. thief.

Kăhŭkiwi, n. mat covered with Kăiăiā, n. sparrow-hawk; hieracidia Novæ Zelandiæ.

> Kăihākĕrĕ, v. t. stint; give with a niggardly hand. Kaua e kaihakeretia tou taonga.

> Kăihău, n. 1. the tohunga who eats the hau, or portion set apart for the atua. 2. lazy fellow; vagabond (lit. one who feeds on wind).

> Kăihăukăi, n. return present of food &c., made by one tribe to another.

KAIHE, n. ass.

Kăihŏrŏ, v. t. 1. eat greedily. Kaua e kaihorotia te kai. 2. do hurriedly. Kei te hurihuri marire nga whakaaro, kahore i te kaihorohoro.

Kăihotăkă, n. whipping-top.

Kăihŭia, n. full-grown palm tree; areca sapida.

Kăikā, a. eager; impatient. kaika ana ki te haere.

Kaikaha, n. edges of the leaves of flax, which are split off and thrown away.

Kăikăiātără, v. i. commit fornication.

Kăikăiătuă, n. rhabdothamnus Solandri; a sheub.

Kăikăiwaiu, n. one who goes secretly to give information of the approach of an enemy.

Kăikăru, v. i. sleep.

Kăikăuău, v. t. cut off the tips of anything, as of hair, or branches of a tree &c.

Kāĭkĕ, v. i. lie in a heap. pehanga wahie, e kaike mai ra.

Kăikino, v. t. murder in cold blood.

Kăikĭrĭ, v. i. 1. cherish hostile feelings. Te kaikiri, he manukanuka ki nga he o mua. quarrel. E kaikiri ana NGapuhi.

Kăikōhŭrĕ, n. a piece of wood which is rubbed upon another rimarima.

Kăikōmăkŏ, n. a tree. Na ka mate te ahi a Mahuika i konei, ko te oranga o tana ahi i whiua e ia ki te kaikomako (25).

Kăikoră, n. vagabond; lazy fellow.

Kăimāoă, a. sapless; dry.

Kăimărĭrĕ, a. liberal; bountiful. He wahine kaimarire.

Kăimătă, a. 1. green. He rakau kaimata. 2. uncooked. E kaimata ana nga kai ma tatou. 3. fresh; unwrought. I mua i te kaimatatanga o te oneone.

Kăimātăi, v. i. get one's living by sponging upon others.

Kāingă, n. 1. place of abode; lodging; quarters; encampment; bivouac. Tatou ka haere ki te kainga (147). 2. unfortified place of residence whether consisting of one or more huts. Ka hoki ano maua ki te haha i ia pa, i ia pa, i ia kainga, i ia kainga (184). 3. country. Nui atu te kura o tenei kainga i te kura o Hawaiki (74). 4. with a possessive pronoun, home.

Kăingākău, v. t. price greatly; value.

Kăiŏtă, a. green; fresh; not cooked.

kaiota, v. t. eat anything without cooking.

Kăipākěhă, n. a large variety of sweet potato.

Kăipākūhā, n. present given by a bridegroom to the relatives of his bride.

Kāiponu, v. t. keep to oneself; withhold. Aua ra e kaiponuhia o pukapuka.

kaiponu, a. stingy.

Kăipŭkě, n. ship.

Kăirākāu, a. He huka kairakau, a sharp white frost.

to procure fire. Comp. Kau- Kairawaru, n. spear in an unfinished state.

> Kaireperepe, n. relation by marriage.

Kăitā, a. large.

Kăităkă, n. 1. mat made of the finest flax, with ornamental border. 2. whipping top (107).

I. Kăitŏă, n. brave man; warrior. Ka rongo rapea te tini kaitoa nei (150).

II. Kăitŏă, expressing satisfaction or complacency at any event. It is good &c. Kaitoa kia araia mai koe e te waipuke, kia rokohanga mai ai e au.

whakakaitoa, v. i. express one's satisfaction at anything.

Kăiwăe, n. floor, or deck of a canoe; the same as kārāho.

Kaiwhiria, n. parsonsia albiflora, a climbing plant.

Kākā, n. nestor productus; a bird.

Kākā, a. intoxicated with the juice of the tutu.

kākā, n. a bird; the same as matuku. Ka rere i te po, ka whakaraoa, he kākā.

Kăkă, n. 1. single fibre, or hair. 2. ridge of a hill. 3. garment. 4. small seine or drag net, which is managed without the help of a boat or canoe.

whakakăkăkăkă. a. with short irregular stripes.

Kăkā, see under ka.

Kākāhi, n. 1. a freshwater shellfish; unio. 2. a saltwater shellfish, the same as kokota.

kakahi, v. t. part of the pure ceremony. Ka hurihia te hurihanga takapau, ruahine rawa, kakahi rawa, ka noa (22).

Kākāho, n. arundo conspicua; reed grass.

Kākāhu, see under kāhu.

Kākāhŭkŭră, n. mat covered with red feathers.

Kăkăi, see under kai.

Kăkămă, see under kama.

Kākāmārŏkĕ, v. i. become fair, or free from rain. Ka kakamaroke te hau nei.

Kăkăni, see under kani.

Kakano, see under kano.

Kākāpō, n. strigops kabroptilus; a bird.

Kakapu, see under kapu.

Kakara, see under kara.

Kākāraŭrī, v. i. be dusk, in the evening or morning. Ka kakarauri, ka tae matou ki te kāinga.

Kakari, see under kari.

Kākārīkī, n. 1. small green parrot. 2. green lizard. 3. a shrub. 4. melon.

kakariki, a. green.

Kākātāi, n. a bird.

Kākātărăpō, n. a bird.

Kăkău, n. 1. stalk of a plant. 2. handle of a tool.

Kăkăwă, n. sweat.

Kăkě, v. t. ascend; climb upon, or over. Kakea ake te taahu o te whare o to tupuna o Hinenuitepo (17).

whakakako, v. i. assume superiority; give oneself airs.

Käkī, n. 1. neck. Ko nga weweru, ke mea tapeka ki runga i te kaki (146). 2. throat. Kahore he wai mo te maroke o toku kaki.

Kămă.

kăkămă, a. quick; nimble. Kia kakama to haere.—He ringa kamakama, a lightfingered person.

Kāmākā, n. rock; stone.

Kāmātā, n. end of a branch or leaf; top of a tree.

Kămě, v. t. eat.

kămě, n. food.

Kămŏ, n. eyelash.

kamo, or kamokamo, v. i. 1.

wink. 2. bubble up. E kamo ake ana te wai o to tatou waka. kamonga, n. eyelash.

Kamokamo, n. vegetable marrow.

Kamu, v. t. 1. eat. 2. intransitively move the lips in anticipation of food.

kamukamu, n. food.

Kămŭ, n. seeds of cowhage.

Kāmŭrĭ, n. cooking-shed.

Kana, or kanakana, v. i. stare wildly. Kanakana kau ana nga kanohi.

kanakana, n. mesh of a net.

Kănăe, n. a fish; mullet.

kānăenăe, a. bewildered. Ka kanaenae nga kanohi.

Kănăkŭ, n. fire.

Kănăpă, a. 1. bright. 2. conspicuous from colour. Te horo e kanapa mai ra, e ma mai ra.

kanapanapa, a. dark like deep water. Ko te whakamataku tenei, he kanapanapa no te wai (158).

Kānāpē, ad. not; no. Kanape e haere nga tangata.

Kănăpu, a. hright; shining.

kănăpu, n. lightning (93).

Kāněkěněkě, v. i. move from one's place.

Kāněwhă, a. underdone. I kanewha te kai nei; kihai i puta ki tahaki.

Kšni, kanikani, 1. v. t. rub backwards and forwards; saw. 2. dance.

kani, n. saw.

kăkănităngă, n. commencement of a steep ascent.

Kānĭhĭ, v. t. patch a garment.

Kāniwhā, n. 1. barb of a fishhook &c. 2. barbed spear (155). Kănŏ.

kăkăno, n. 1. texture of fibres in wood; grain. 2. berries which serve as food for pigeons &c.

kākănŏ, n. seed; pip.

1. kanokano, a. full of small lumps.

Digitized by Google

kanokano, n. among a distant tribe. Ka riro a Te Paki ki te toro i tona kanokano.

Kănŏhĭ, n. 1. eye. 2. face.

Kănokănoa, v. i. feel affection for an absent relative or friend. Kanokanoa ana au ki taku hoa ka riro.

Kănono, n. a tree; a species of coprosma.

Kānŏti, v. t. cover up embers with ashes or earth.

Kānuka, n. leptospermum ericoides; a tree.

Kāngă, (n. maize). See also under

Kăngă, v. t. curse. Kua kangaa koutou e te tini o Manahua (85).

kanga, n. curse; blasphemy.

Kāngătŭngătŭ, n. verandah.

Kão, n. dried kumara or turnips.

kaokao, n. 1. ribs. 2. side of the body, of a canoe, of a hill &c.

Kāo, ad. an abbreviated form of kahore; no.

Kāŏrĕ, ad. a contracted form of Kăpŏ, v. t. catch at; snatch. kahore.

Kăpă, n. 1. rank; row. Te kapa o ta ratou haka (10). 2. play;

kapa, v. i. stand in a row or rank.

kapakapa, v. i. 1. palpitate. E kapakapa ana te tau o taku ate. 2. flutter; flap. He kapakapa tera no te manu mate e werohia ana (146).

kapakapa, n. wing.

Kāpana, n. potato.

Kāpārā, n. resinous wood of the kahikatea tree.

Kāpātău, conj. if. Kapatau he mea pai, ka tango au.

Kăpătău, v. t. express an intention of doing; threaten. Kei te kapatau tonu ratou mo te haere.

relative living Kape, n. 1. eyebrow. Ka tu tera nga kape o te tangata ra. Spoken of fierce looks. 2. tattooing under the eyebrows.

Kăpě, v. t. 1. pass by; leave out. He aha ahau i kapea ai. 2. pick out.

Kāpěkă, n. head of a river.

Kăpěkăpě, n. north west wind.

Kăpěkăpětā, v. i. flutter; writhe. Kapekapeta ana te ngarara i roto i te kapura.

Kăpěkăpětău, a. quick. Kia kapekapetau ou waewae.

Kăpi, v. i. be covered; be filled up; be occupied. Spoken of any limited area. Kua kapi te kāinga i te tangata.

whakakapi, v. t. fill up a space. whakakapi, n. one who fills the place of another; substitute; suc-

Kāpia, n. kauri gum; resin.

Kăpiti, n. 1. cleft; crevice. gorge; narrow pass. 3. a bone.

kapiti, a. shut in by hills; confined. He whenua kapiti WHanganui.

Kāpō, a. blind.

Kăpŏwăi, n. 1. dragonfty. wood-coal.

whakakapowai, v. t. steep in boiling water. Kei te tao i te tangata, kei te kai; kei te whakakapowai i te upoko; ka maoa, kei te whakatu, 'Kei a au a Raumati' (102).

Kăpŭ, n. 1. hollow of the hand. 2. steel adze so called from the curved shape.

kapu, a. curly (of the hair). kapu măhŏră, slightly curled; wavy. kapu māwhătŭ, separated into distinct curls. kapu piripiri, woolly.

kapu, v. i. close the hand. drink out of the hollow of the hand.

kapukapu, n. sole of the foot. kapukapu, v. i. 1. curl (as a ngaru. 2. gush.

kăkăpŭ, small basket for cooked

Kăpŭă, n. cloud; bank of clouds. Kăpungă, n. palm of the hand. kapunga, v. t. take up in both hands together.

Kāpura, n. fire.

Kăpurăngă, n. handful.

kapuranga, v. t. take up by handfuls. Kapurangatia nga otaota na e ia. v. i. dawn. Ka kapuranga te ata.

Kăpurăngi, n. rubbish; weeds. I. Kără, n. old man. Tena korua

ko kara.

II. Kara, n. secret plan; conspiracy. Kei te whakatakoto kara mo Te Horo kia patua.

kăkără, n. scent; smell.

kăkără, a. savoury; odoriferous.

kākārā, n. a shell-fish.

Kărā, n. basaltic stone.

Kārāe, n. a bird.

Kārāhā, n. calabash with a wide mouth; bowl; basin.

Kărāhĭ, n. glass.

Kārāhŏ, n. floor or platform in a canoe.

Kārāhu, n. oven.

Kärähŭë, n. a shellfish.

Kărăkă, n. corynocarpus lævigata, a tree.

Kărăkăpe, v. t. take up hot coals or stones with two sticks.

Karakia, i. v. i. repeat a form of words &c.; say prayers; perform a religious service. ii. v. t. repeat an incantation &c. over a person or thing; lead the devotions of others.

karakia, n. form of words to be recited; incantation; prayer.

Karamata, n. head of a tree. Kărămea, n. red ochre.

Kărămu, n. coprosma, a shrub, of various species.

wave). Ka kapukapu mai te Kărămŭimŭi, v. t. swarm upon. Tau mai ana te tini o te ngaro ki te karamuimui i a au (11).

Kărăngă, v. t. call. Tikina karangatia a karihi. v. i. call out; shout. Ka karanga atu a Tatau ki ana tamatiki, Purupurua te whatitoka me te matapihi' (47).

karangaranga, v. i. call frequent-

ly.

Kărăngătā, v. i. remain silent when called. He tangata karangata; taku mahi he karanga ki a ia, kaore ia e whakao mai.

Kārangi, a. 1. restless; unsettled. Ka mate te katua, ka karangi kau nga kuao. 2. irritated; provoked. Karangirangi ki ahau.

whakakarangirangi, v. t. provoke.

Kărăngu, coprosma, a shrub.

Kārapa, a. squinting. He kanohi karapa.

Kārapi, n. sticks used in building to hold reeds or rushes in place.

Kărăpiti, v. t. 1. put or fasten together side by side. 2. pinch between two bodies.

kărăpīpītī, a. laid one beside another.

Kărăpŏtĭ, i. v. t. surround; hedge in. ii. v. i. be surrounded.

Kărărehe, n. dog; quadruped.

Kărătiti, v. t. fasten with pins or pegs. Maku e karatiti mai te whare.

**Kārāu**, n. 1. dredge; grapnel. Ma te karau e rapu ka kitea ai te taura o te taruke. 2. comb for the hair. 3. gage for the meshes of a net. 4. trap made of loops of harakeke, to catch birds that burrow in the ground.

Kărăuă, n. 1, old man. 2, head of the body.

Kărăwă, n. 1. dam; mother. 2. bed in a garden.

kārāwārāwā, n. weal; mark of a stripe. kākāri, v. i. importunate.

Kărăwhiu, v. t. whirl; swing round.

karawhiu, n. flail.

Kăre, n. 1. ripple. Te kare o te tai. 2. lash of a whip. Ko te kare o te wepu kia papa i runga i te mahunga o te Hauhau, kia mataku ai.

karekare, n. surf.

karekare, v. i. be agitated. E karekare ana te hinu i roto i te ipu.

whakakarekare, v. t. agitate; shuke up (of liquids).

kare-a-roto, n. object of passionate affection. To kare-a-roto o tona ngakau (132).

Kărěăo, n. rhipogonum scandens, a climbing plant; supple-jack.

Kārðarða, n. hieracidea Novæ Zelandiæ; sparrow-hawk.

Kărěhě, v. i. run. E karehe ra i mua ra.

Kārěhů = káhěrů, n. spade.

Kărěko, v. i. slip. comp. karengo.

Kăreko, n. calico.

Kārěmů, n. plug in the bottom of a canoe.

Kărengo, v. i. slip. Kei karengo koe.

karengo, n. an edible seaweed. Kărepe, n. grape.

Karerarera, n. a water plant.

Kărĕrĕ, n. messenger.

Kārětě, v. i. be untied.

Kārětů, hierochloe redolens; sweet scented grass.

Karewa, n. buoy.

Kāri, n. garden.

Kari, n. isolated wood; clump of

Kări, i. v. t. dig for. Kei te kari pohue hei o ki te Taiapu (157). ii. v. i. rush along violently. Ka kari tera te hau nei.

kākāri, v. i. 1. be urgent; be importunate. Ka kākari kia noho matou. 2. wrestle; quarrel. E kākari mai ra nga tamariki.

kăkări, v. i. fighi. Te whawhai nui he kăkari; to nga tangata tokorua, he kākari.

käkäritanga, n. valley. compare kakanitanga.

kărĭkărĭ, v. t. strip off. Haere ki te nehenehe ki te karikari aka hohou taiepa.

whakakarikari, v. t. notch. Me whakakarikari kau te rakau nei.

Kărihi, n. 1. stone of a fruit; kernel. 2. weights attached to the lower edge of a dragnet. Kua oti nga kupenga ra te tatai, piri atu anonga karihi (142).

Kăriŏi, v. i. loiter; idle. E tama e! he aha koe i karioi tonu ai i te wahi na?

Kăriri, v. i. sail together in a fleet. E kariri mai nga waka ra i te rae.

Kăriri, n. cartridge.

KARIRI, v. t. k. paura, make cartridges.

Kārito, n. typha angustifolia; raupo.

Kărituangi, v. t. dig deep. Ka karituangitia ki raro, ki te papa o te oneone.

Kăro, n. pittosporum crassifolium, a tree.

Kărö, or kăkărö, v. t. 1. parry; avoid a blow. Kua karohia te matia a Tawharau. 2. pick out of a hole. compare tikaro.

a karokaro, n. 1. slave. 2. marauding party.

Kăroro, n. 1. sea-gull; larus antipodum. 2. a kind of shellfish.

Kăru, n. 1. eye. Karu mowhiti, spectacles. 2. head.

pohue hei o ki te Taiapu (157). karukaru, n. rag; old garment.

Kărŭăe, n. a bird.

Kārŭhĭrŭhĭ, n. shag; a bird.

Kărupăngo, n. pupil of the eye.

Kārupe, n. lintel of a door.

Kārŭrě, v. t. twist; spin. E karure muka ana te wahine nei. Kāră, n. cart.

Kătă, v. i. laugh. He aha tau e kata na? Passive kataina, be laughed at. Kauaka ahau e kataina e koutou.

kăkătă, a. 1. laughing frequently. 2. opening in cracks; chapped. Kakata ana te whenua.

**Katae**, a. how great. Katae te kakara o te whare nei! (193).

Kātāhī, conj. 1. then. Katahi ka rewa te taua a WHakataupotiki (41). 2. now for the first time. Katahi nei pea au ka rehea (15). 3. only just. Ki te kata koutou i a au i te mea katahi ano au ka tomo ki roto ka mate rawa au (29). 4. to express appreciation of any quality. Katahi ano te toa ko koe! What a brave man you are!

Kātāo, n. water.

Kătău, n. right hand. Tu mai koe ki katau.

Kătĕa, a. whitened. Ka pukai, ka katea ou wheua i te parekura i Rangiriri.

katea, n. podocarpus dacrydioides, a tree.

kātěatěa, a. not close together; scattered. Kei te kateatea tonu nga kete parareka i waenga.

Kătěkătě, n. small mat to cover the shoulders.

Kătětě, 1. v. t. lengthen by adding a piece. Ka poto te tao, ka katetetia atu kia roa ai. 2. v. i. move forwards. Tē katete tē aha.

katete, n. 1. piece joined to a spear to lengthen it. 2. large pig. katete, a. large. Me te kuao a te tohora nei te katete (155).

Kăti, v. t. block up; close against any one; stop traffic upon any thoroughfare.

kati, a. shut; closed. Kua kati te kuwaha.

kăkăti, v. t. sting; cause to smart. Kei katia koe e te puwerewere.

kākātī, n. bundle; sheaf. Kia toru kakati korari ka oti.

kākātī, v. t. tie up in bundles.

katikati, v. i. champ; move the jaw as in eating. Ka kai ratou i reira; pau ana a nga hoa, katikati tonu a Tama (78).

Kāti, v. i. leave off; cease. A! Kati te turituri (65).

whakakati, v. i. beg one to desist.

kati, ad. well; so then; introducing a conclusion. Kati, me noho au i konei.

Kătiăho, n. portuguese man of war.

Kătĭhĭ, n. stack of fernroot.

Kătipo, n. 1. venomous spider. 2. wasp.

Kātīrāmātā, int. expressing surprise.

Kătirěhě, n. sore throat; quinsy.

 Kăto, or kăkăto, v. t. pluck.
 Katohia etahi puwha maku.

II. Kăto, a. flowing; flood (of the tide only). E kore tatou e puta i te tai kato.

Kătŏă, a. all; the whole. Ka whakatika katoa nga tangata hokowhitu ki te kimi rakau (89).

Katoa, n. leptospermum scoparium; a tree.

Kātòitòi, v. i. give a response. Kahore ano kia katoitoi ake, kia aha.

Kătore, or katoretore, a. glimmering, dimly luminous. Te mea e katoretore mai ra, he tutaewhetu. Kătötě, a. not fixed; displaced.
Kātůå, n. 1. full grown animal or bird. Ka katuatia, ka tupu nga huruhuru.—Frequently used of the dam as opposed to the young. 2. stockade, or main fence of a pa, distinguished from the 'witä' and 'pekerangi' which were outside, and also from the părakiri, which was inside.

Kău, ad. 1. alone; per se; without Tu kau ana te appendage &c. tangata, the man was naked. He ipu takoto kau, an empty vessel. 2. only. Ko nga patu, he patu poto kau (90).—I rangona kautia e ia ki te hŭhū o te patu e haere iho ana ki tona angaanga (91). 3. just. Mutu kau ano ta ratou haka, tino katanga o Kae i kata ai (87). 4. without kindrance. Kihai i taea te korikori, hahau kau ana te patu (143). 5. to A, tangi kau mai no purpose. ki ana taonga, ki tana wahine (71). 6. Kahore kau, not at all.

Kău, i. v. i. swim; wade. Ka kau ia, a ka u ki te kainga o te WHatuiapiti (164).—ii. v. t. 1. swim or wade across. Te moana i kauia e Hinemoa. 2. swim for. Kauia to tatou waka.

kauanga, n. ford; crossing.

kauanga-wai, the part of the leg above the ankle.

kaukau, v. i. bathe. v. t. anoint the head. E kaukau ana a Maru i tona upoko.

kaukauranga, n. bathing place. whakakau, v. t. make to swim.

whakakau, n. charm to aid in swimming.

Kăuă, ad. (imperative or optative) not. Kaua e kotikotia ta tatou ika (22).

Kăuše, n. 1. jaw; chin. 2. wing of an army. 3. beam in a building.

Kăuaemŭa, n. one's eldest brother or sister.

Kăuăeroa, n. 1. a fish; the same as hapuku. 2. party lying in ambush.

Kăuăetea, n. a kind of eel: when fullgrown it is called whakaau.

Kăuăhi, n. a piece of wood upon which a stick is rubbed to procure fire.

Kăuăkă, ad. not (with imperatives &c.)—when used absolutely, do not; don't!

Kăuămŏ, n. litter; bed arranged between two poles, to carry a sick person on.

Kăuăngă, n. the star canopus; called also Autahi. See also under kau.

Kăuăngāwăi, n. the part of the leg immediately above the ankle. Kăuăuā, n. hawk.

Kăuāwhīwhĭwhĭ, v. i. approximate.

Kăuĕrĕ, n. vitex littoralis; a tree. kauere, a. crumpled; shrivelled. He kauere te tupu o te mara.

Kăuěhu, a. turbid; muddy. He moana kauehu.

Kăuhŏa, n. *litter* on which a person is carried.

kauhoa, v. t. carry on a litter.

Kăuhŏe v. i. swim. E kore ranei au e whiti ki te kauhoe? (132)

Kăuhŏu, n. line of ancestry. Ka hirihiria ki te kauhou o Houmaitawhiti (127).

Kăuhŏrŏ, v. t. scrape; rub with anything rough. I kauhorotia a Hoani e te rakau.

Kauhua, or kauhuahua, n. stringboard or horizontal support for the floor of a canoe.

Kauika, n. heap.

kauika, 1. v. i. lie in a heap. 2. v. t. lay in a heap. Kauikatia o riwai.

Kaukau, n. spear. See also under kau.

Kāŭkĭ, n. ridge of a hill.

kāŭkĭ, v. i. *lie in a heap*. E kauki mai ra te kai i te rua.

Kăumăhăki, n. brace; buttress.

Kăumātŭă, n. 1. adult. 2. old man or woman. 'He tira kaumatua, tena te haere na' e ki ana ko Pararaki: a proverb for anything slow and sure.

Kăunăroa, n. body of a canoe without the haumi &c.

Kăuněněhů, a. dusky. Ka kaunenehu nei te pouri, ka tae mai matou.

Kšunŏtĭ, n. a piece of wood which is rubbed briskly with another to procure fire. See kaurimarima.

Kăungărŏa, n. side fence of a pa. Kăupăe, n. step of a ladder.

Kăupăpă, n. 1. level surface; floor. Ka rite te kaupapa o te rua ki te kaupapa o te awa.—
He kaupapa haro, a clean sweep.
2. fleet of canoes. 3. wise man; oracle. Na koutou, na nga pu, na nga tohunga, na nga kaupapa (98). 4. original of a song as opposed to a parody. 5. guage for the meshes of a net.

Kăupāpăru, a. flat-roofed.

Kăupără, v. t. turn in a different direction; avert.

Kăupŏkĭ, v. t. 1. cover over. 2. invert.

Kăurăngă, n. derivative from kau; see kau.

Kăurăpă, a. having broad lateral projections.

Kaurerehu, a. dim; dusky.

Kăuri, n. 1. dammara australis; a forest tree. 2. resin of the kauri tree. 3. soot from burnt resin, used for tattooing.

Kăurimărimă, n. a pointed piece of wood, rubbed briskly on another to procure fire.

Kāuru, n. head of a tree.

Kăurŭkĭ n. smoke.

kaurukiruki, a. smoky; dusky. I te ata, i te mea e kaurukiruki tonu ana te pouri.

Kāută, n. cooking shed.

Kătăhăngă, a. empty. Ka haere kautahanga tenei ponaka.

Kăutāhŏe v. t. swim across. Na konei i kautahoetia ai e ia taua moana (164).

Kăutăngătăngă, a. moving briskly. A hea te kautangatanga ai taua?

Kăutětě, a.

Mătă kautete, a weapon consisting of sharp teeth of flint lashed firmly to a piece of wood.

Kăutonă, n. wart. He kautona kei tetahi taringa o tana poaka. Kăutuku, n. a bird, the same as matuku. — tapuae kautuku, a pattern or method of interlacing the strips of flax in the lining

Kauwae, see kauae.

of a house.

Kăuwhău, v. i. or v. t. 1. recite old legends and genealogies. 2. preach.

Kắwă, a. 1. unpleasant to the taste; bitter; sour. 2. not relishing food. Na Hotunui au i ngare mai ki tetahi ika mana, he waha kawa nona (141).

kawa or kawakawa, n. piper excelsum, a shrub.—Ta i te kawa.

1. remove the 'tapu' from a new building, part of the ceremony consisting in striking parts of the building with a branch of kawakawa. 2. open a new building with any ceremony. Hence kawa, v. t. the same as ta i te kawa. Ka huihui NGatiporou ki te kawanga o to ratou whare.

kăkăwă, v. i. perspire.

kakawa, n. sweat.

Kăwă, n. heap. Me he kawa kamaka.

Kāwăi, n. 1. shoot or branch of

2. pedigree; lineage. Takina ou kawai, kia mohiotia ai ou tupuna. 3. tentacula of cuttlefish. 4. loops or handles of a kete or maori basket.

Kāwainga, n. stars which immediately precede the dawn. hapai nga kawainga o te ata.

Kāwākā, n. libocedrus deniana; a forest tree.

Kăwări, n. a shell fish.

Kāwārīkī, n. a plant.

Kăwătău, v. i. speak frequently of one's intentions or expectations.

Kāwātāwātā, a. 1. yearning. Katae te kawatawata aroha i a au ki taku tamaiti. 2. increasing gradually from small beginnings. Kawatawata marire te putanga mai o te hau.

Kawau, n. graculus varius; cormorant; shag. E noho ana te tangata nei, me te kawau pu te ahua (138).

Kāwāwā, n. palings of a fence.

Kăwě, v. t. 1. carry; convey; bring. Katahi te tangata ra ka kawea ki te wai e tona papa, ka tohia (17). 2. fetch. E ta, kawea atu tetehi wai moku (168). 3. induce; influence. He kawenga na te humarietanga o te WHaturapiti (164). 4. v. i. shew determination; persevere. Te whawhaitanga i whawhai ai; ka kawe tetehi, ka kawe tetehi

kawe, n. 1. handle. 2. straps by which a bundle is carried on the back.

kawekawe, n. tentacula of a cuttle fish. E haere mai ana hoki nga kawekawe o te taniwha, e pehi ana i te waka ki raro (110).

Kāwei, n. for kawai, see kawai. Kaweka, n. ridge of a hill.

a gourd or other creeping plant. | kaweka, a. 1. long. Kaweka ana te tangata nei; me te kahika! 2. idling. Kei nga kainga e kaweka haere ana. rambling; digressing. Aua e kawekaweka te korero.

Kawenata, n. covenant.

Kăwengă, n. burden. See kawe. Kāwĕrŭ, n. bait for cray fish. kaweru, v. t. bait or furnish with

Kawerutia nga taruke.

Kawititanga, n. wrist.

Kawiu, v. i. be shrunk. Katahi ka kawiu te ringaringa.

Kăwhăki, v. t. 1. remove by force. See kahaki. 2. draw out by stratugem. E hika ma, kawhakina: mana tonu e whai. Compare manukawhaki.

Kāwhia, n. a fish.

Kāwhĭu. n. a basket used in collecting paua.

I. Kē, a. different; strange. whare ke to matou ko ou matua (97).

ke, ad. 1. in or to a different place; in a different direction. Kei Taranaki ke ratou e noho ana.—I anga ke te roro ki te tonga. 2. at a different time; beforehand. Ko nga taura ano kua whiria ketia ra hoki, he rangi ke atu. 3. contrariwise; differently to what one expected. Ko tutamure ke i haere mai, he mate hoki a Te Toare. in a different character or appearance. puta ke, or rere ke, altered.

kēkē, a. in a different line. matua keke, uncle or aunt.

II. Kē. v. i. produce a sharp abrupt sound; crack; snap.

kěkē, v. i. creak.

kēkē, v. i. quack, as a duck.

Kea, n. discharge from the nose. Kěhă, n. 1. turnip. 2. flea.

Kěhě, n. a fish.

Kěhokěho, a. very clear or trans-

parent. Marama kehokeho te Kekerepo, a. blind. moana.

Kehŭă, n. ghost; spirit. A modern word.

Kěi, ad. 1. that not; lest. Kia ata tangi tatou, kei rongo mai aku hoa i patu i a au nei (97). 2. not. Kia manawanui; kei kăinga ake i muri i a au (22).— Kei paruparu, kei aha, there is no mud whatever. 3. whilst Kia hohoro te haere, kei ao ana te ra.

Kei, prep. (in present time). 1. at; on; in. He tangata kei te kāinga, he kawenga ano tana: ko te kawenga, kei runga kei tou whare e takoto ana, ko ia kei tou nohoanga e noho ana (85). 2. with; in possession of. Kei a au a Raumati (102).— Koia kei a koe, it is a you say;—you have it. 3, in the act of. Kei te tunu kai mana (95). 4. with an adjective or neuter verb, to denote present state, character, quality etc. Kei te ora ano au (65). 5. like. Ko ona niho, kei te koi matā (28). 6. (after verbs of motion) to. Heoi ka puta te tupua ra kei waho o tona rua (150).

Kei, n. stem of a canoe &c. Kěiā. v. t. steal.

Kěiwhā, ad. 1. before. Kia hohoro te whariki i te whare, keiwha puta mai te manuhiri. 2. whilst. Kia taria nga kai nei, keiwha noho nga tangata.

Kěkă, 1. mentally deranged. beside uneself with grief.

Kěkě, a. obstinate; stubborn. whakakeke, v. i. refuse to speak; shew oneself obstinate.

Kēkē, n. armpit. See also under

Kekeao, n. overcast sky. Kěkěně, n. sea-lion; seal.

Kekerepo ana te kanohi.

Kēkěrěru, n. black wood-bug.

Kěkě, a. squinting. He kanohi keko.

whakakeko, v. i. look obliquely along anything. Titiro whakakeko, look askance. - Whakakeko pu, take aim.

Kěněkěně, a. stinking; offensive. Kenokeno ana te haunga.

Kengo, n. 1. night. 2. large white kumara.

kengo, v. i. become night. kengo te ra.

Kěŏ, n. peak or pointed summit. kookoo, a. peaked; pointed. haere ra te puke keokeo.

whakakeo, a. rising to a peak. Kei te ngaru whakakeo e tere i Taupo.

keokeonga, n. peak of a hill. Kěrěkěrě, a. intensely dark. often used adverbially to intensify other adjectives, as pouri kerekere.

Kěrěkěrěwăi, n. numbness.

Kěrěngěo, n. lump of earth.

Kěrěrů, n. wood pigeon.

Kěrětěki, n. outer fence of a pa. Kĕrĕtū, n. 1. clod. 2. thwart of a canoe.

Kěrěwhěnŭa, n. yellow clay.

Kĕrĭ, 1. v. t. dig. 2. v. i. rush along violently as wind &c.

Kěro, v. i. blink the eyes; wink. kero, a. 1. dead. 2. maimed. He ringa kero.

kerokero, v. i. wink frequently. Kerokero auau tonu nga kanohi.

Kětě, n. basket made of strips of flax &c.

Kětěkětě, v. i. *express surprise*, or sorrow.

Kětě, a. extinguished. Kua keto te ahi.

ketoketo, n. 1. sick person. 2. maggot.

Kětů, 1. v. t. turn up with the snout. Kua ketua taku mara e te poaka. 2. v. i. begin to ebb. Ka ketu te mata o te tai.

Kěu, v. t. move; and hence pull the trigger of a gun. Keua te .pu.

Keukeu, v. i. move oneself. Takoto tonu te turoro nei, kahore e keukeu.

whakakeukeu, v. t. shake.

Kĕwă, a. extinguished. Kua kewa te ahi.

Kěwhă, a. unsettled; irresolute. E kewha haere ra i runga maunga.

I. Kī, a. full. Kua ki te ipu. kĭkī, a. 1. crowded. 2. confined; strait.

kīkī.

whakakīkī, v. t. instigate. Katahi ia ka haere ki te whakakiki i tona iwi kia tikina mai taua iwi tutu nei kia whakangaromia (118).

II. Ki, 1. v.t. say; think. 2. v.i. speak; utter a word. Ui noa ki te poupou o te whare, Kaore te ki mai te waha.

kīkī, v. i. speak. Korero noa ahau, kihai ia i kiki.

III. Ki, ad. very. Turituri ki. Ki, prep. 1. to. E haere ana koe ki hea? E haere ana ahau ki te whakataki i taku kotiro (49). 2. into. Ka whina atu ia ki te wai (111). 3. towards. haere koe, ka titiro ki te putanga mai o te ra (110). against; at; with. Ka tango mahara ia, ka whawhai mai ki ona tuakana (12).—Te makanga atu o te maipi ki nga ngarara, ki nga mokai katoa, kua mate (96).—Ka haurangi te wahine nei, ka riri ki tana teina (139). 5. for; in quest of. Na Hotunui au i ngare mai ki te ngohi mana (141). 6. concerning; of;

respecting. Ka korero mai a Hotunui ki te kino o tona hoa e noho nei ia (141). He whakapaenga ki te rua kumara na ona hoa (136). 7. in consequence of. He tika tou pouri ki taku korero (141). 8. *by* means of; with. Tapahia ki te toki (64). 9. at; with; on; Ka noho a Tuau ki te kei (111).—He aha ra tatou te moe tahi ai ki a ia? (11)—E hoe koe, na, e rua ki roto, e rua ki waho (111).—Ka mutu ki te wai, kei uta (86). 10. according to. Ki tana whakaaro hoki, he wahine pai ia (139). 11. in the opinion of. Ki a Tangaroa, me tomo te pa: ki a Rangitu, me tuki ata (90). 12. in the event of. Ki te kata koutou i a au, ka mate rawa ahau (29). 13. simply transitive, connecting the verb with its object. Ka tango tetehi ki te maipi, me tetehi; ka tango ano a Hatupatu ki te maipi (97).

Kia, ad. or conj. 1. to denote a wish or proposition. Kia ata haere tatou (150). Lest us go slowly. — that. Katahi ia ka mahara kia tango maminga ia i taua kāinga (79). 2. to denote a purpose or effect, that. Katahi ka peia atu ia kia haere atu.—He aha i waiho ai te manuhiri kia karanga ana? (168) When followed by ai it denotes an ulterior purpose, in order that. Me whakarite nga hoe kia rite rawa, kia tangata ai tatou te puta ki waho (169). 3. to mark the relation between the subject and some future time or event. Kia rua nga po ki muri nei ka ara te marama.— Kia ahiahi ka puta ake ai? Will he come up in the even-

ing? Sometimes it may be ren- Kikorangi, n. blue sky. dered by until. Kaua e koti- Kikowhiti, n. forearm. kotia ta tatou ika; engari waiho Kimi, n. calabash. kia tae atu au ki te tohunga Kimi, v. t. seek; look for. (22). Sometimes by when. Taihoa tatou e haere ki reira; hei te ngahuru, kia rupeke te kai kikimo, v. i. keep the eyes firmly ki te hapoko, kia takakau (189). 4. in negative sentences, after kahore, kore or hore. Kahore kia po rua.—Kahore matou i tapoko ki te ngahere, kore kia iti, kore kia rahi. 5. in instituting a comparison. kia penei te korahi o to tatou takotoranga, the place where we lay was as large as this.

Kīākā, n. calabash.

Kiano, ad. not yet: (only in past time). Kiano taku mahi i oti noa.

Kīāto, n. thwart of a canoe.

Kiekie, n. freycinetia Banksii; a climbing plant.

Kiha, v. i. pant. Tu ana te kiha a tou tangata.

Kihai, ad. not; (only in past time with i). Kihai ano i taro kua mate (160).

Kihikihi, n. a kind of locust or cicada.

Kiki, a. silenced by argument. Kĭkī, kīkī, see under Ki.

Kikiporo, n. two pieces of wood with which time is beaten to a song.

Kikimo, see under kimo.

Kikini, see under kini.

Kikiwa, see under kiwa.

Kĭkŏ, or kikokiko, n. 1. flesh. person: (contemptuously). He kiko whakarawaka, a lazy fellow; a vagabond.

whakakikokiko.

moe whakakikokiko, sham sleep. Kikohunga, n. gangrene.

Kikopuku, n. 1. part of the arm between the shoulder and the elbow. 2. warrior; brave man. kirikiri, n. gravel.

aha tau e kimi mai nei?

Kimo, v. i. wink.

closed.

kimokimo, v. i. wink frequently. Kina, n. echinus or sea urchin.

Kīnāki, n. food which is eaten along with other food. Ka pau nga pata kanga hei kinaki mo te koura.

kinaki, v. t. eat one kind of food with another. Kinakitia o kapana ki te ika.

Kini, or kikini, v. t. 1. nip; pinch. 2. pinch off. Kinitia mai tetahi wahi o te torori na ki a au.

whakakini, v. i. wink significantly, or give an intimation with the eyes. He korero maminga nana; i whakakini mai hoki ona kanohi, moku kia nohopuku.

Kino, a. evil; bad; hateful.

kino, ad. with ill usage. I haere noa atu nga herehere, ehara i te mea i toia kinotia e te pakeha.

kino, v. t. dislike; hate. E kore oti koe e kinongia, ina penatia tau mahi?

whakakino, v. t. pronounce bad; treat with contempt.

Kiokio, n. 1. twenty fifth day of the moon's age. 2. lomaria procera; a fern.

Kĭŏrĕ, n. rat; mouse.

Kirea, n. land exhausted by frequent cropping.

Kīrěhě, n. dog.

Kiri, n. skin; bark. Ehara i te tu-a-kiri o te tangata nana i inoi atu; kahore, na te puku nui.

Kĭrĭkōpŭnĭ, n. a kind of eel. Kĭrĭpăkă, n. flint; quartz.

Kiritai, n. space immediately outside the fence of a pa.

Kĭrĭtĕa, a. whiteskinned. He pakeha ia; ina hoki he kiritea. Kĭtĭtŏnä, n. wart; excrescence on the skin.

Kĭrĭūkă, a. unflinching. I whakarongo kiriuka etahi.

Kĭrĭwăi, n. inner skin.

Kĭtă, ad. tightly; fast. Mau kita taua maia i nga taura a taua hunga.

Kitě, v. t. 1. see; know; perceive.

Kua kite mai tana wahine i a
ia e haere atu ana (118). 2.

find out; discover. Ka rapua
e ratou he tikanga hei mamingatanga ma ratou i a Kae, a
ka kitea (37).

whakakite, v. t. reveal; disclose. Kĭwă.

whakakikiwa, v. i. keep the eyes firmly closed. Ka whakakikiwa ona kanohi i te mamae.

Kiwei, n. loop or handle of a basket. Hapainga ki te kiwei.

**Kiwi**, n. apteryx; a bird. kahukiwi, garment covered with kiwi feathers.

whakakiwi, v. i. look aside. Ka whakakiwi nga kanohi i runga i te peke.

I. Kö, a particle used before proper names and personal pronouns, and also before common nouns when they are preceded by te or any of its compounds, to,

toku, ta matou &c.

1. to give emphasis, and hence frequently to denote the predicate. Ko koe tonu te wai i haere mai ai ahau (169). Ko taku potiki te tangata nei (17).

2. to direct attention to the subject about which something is about to be said. Ko Maketu pa, e tu kau ana (81). Ko te haerenga mai o Paoa, i

haere mai i runga i a Kahununu (184).

3. to specify particularly what has been already alluded to in a more general way; and so also to indicate or enumerate the individuals signified by a dual or plural pronoun. Tera ano tetahi pa nui onamata, ko Maungawhau (166).—NGa ingoa o nga waka nei na, ko te Arawa, ko Tainui, ko Matatua, ko Takitimu, ko Kurahaupo, ko Tokomaru, ko Matawhaorua (69).—Ko Raukatauri ratou ko Raukatamea, ko Itiiti, ko Rekareka (36).

II. Kö, prep. 1. to. Ko hea koe e haere na? 2. at. Ko reira au tu ai, kia tae ake ano koe.

I. Kō, n. a wooden implement for digging or planting, sometimes used as a weapon of war. Ka werohia ki te ko.

ko, or kōkō, v. t. dig or plant with a ko. Me kōkō aku tinaku.—'Rahirahi, ko: matotoru, haruru tu.'

koanga, n. sowing time. Take koanga; whakapiri ngahuru.

II. Kō, n. girl. used only in addressing. E ko!—E ko ma!

III. Kō, n. 1. yonder place. E haere ana ahau ki ko, i a Rewa ma. 2. distant point of time. A ko ake nei, hereafter.

IV. Ko, v. i. put out the lips in contempt. Ko ana nga ngutu.

 Kŏa, glad; joyful. Ka koa te iwi ra ki te kai mana (142).

II. Koa, ad. intensive. 1. indeed. Kihai koa i taro, ka puta atu ki te tana a Uenuku raua ko Toi (66). 2. in entreaty. E hoa, kau mai koa ki konei (120). He aha koa? what matters it? Kŏā, see kowa.

Koae, see kowae.

Ko te haerenga mai o Paoa, i Koaha, a. abortive; shed before

maturity. He koaha te witi nei.

Koaka, n. 1. calabash. 2. coarse mat, made of flax leaves.

Koanu, n. cold.

Koangaumu, n. charm for depriving one's enemies of strength. He ika koangaumu, a fish made use of in the ceremony of 'purewaka'. I taona te ika koangaumu, ma nga tangata nana te | waka e kai.

Kōăngi, a. cool. Engari a konei, e koangiangi ana te hau.

koangi, n. diarrhæa.

Koao, koaoao, see kowao.

Koara, v. i. be split open. Kua koara te rakau nei.

Koărě, n. a tree.

koareare, n. root of raupo.

Kŏărŏ, a. inverted; turned right round; inside out; upside down. Huri koaru, turn inside out. See also under Kowaro.

Koata, n. spy-glass.

Koğu, n. graculus varius; shag. koauau, n. a kind of musical instrument, played with the nose.

Kŏe, pron. thou. Dual, korua. Plural, koutou. After the prepositions a, o, ma, mo, na, no, ta, to, koe becomes 'u', and the preposition and pronoun are written as one word, thus, au, tou, &c.

Kŏe, kŏekŏe, v. i. scream as a bird.

whakakoekoe, or whākoekoe, v. t. tickle.

Kŏeăe, n. a fish.

Koeata, n. first sprouts of fern after the stalks have been burnt.

Koehoperoa, n. cuckoo; the same as koekoea.

Koěkě, n. 1. old man; adult. 2. grasshopper.

Kŏehŏeā, n. larger cuckoo.

Kŏeŏ, a. 1. offensive in smell. Kŏhĕ, n. 1. passiflora tetrandra; Kua pirau pea te kai nei, ina

ka puta te koeo. 2. wasting. He mate koeo.

Kŏeră, a. 1. broken, (of clouds). Ka koera te rangi; meake ka 2. fearful; rangi ataahua. frightened.

Kŏerŏ, n. sickness.

Kŏĕtŏeto, n. dry twigs. Tera he koetoeto, hei mea kora ma tatou.

Koha, n. 1. parting instructions. Tenei taku koha ki a koe, kei hopu tou ringa ki te aka taepa, engari ki te aka matua (48).— Heoi te koha a taua tangata i te matenga, kia pai tatou te noho. 2. respect, regard. koha ki a Te WHerowhero i whakarerea ai te pakanga. present; gift. He koha tena naku ki a koe. 4. endeavour; effort. Kia puta te koha. deficiency. E what e roa o te rakau; kahore he koha. 6. spot;

kohakoha, a. diminished. Ka kohakoha nga kai o te rua.

Kohaha, v. t. prepare fish for drying by removing the bones. kohaha, n. fish with the bones

removed, ready for drying.

Kohaia, n. girl.

Kohamo, n. back of the head.

Kohanga, n. nest.

Kōhăngă-wěkă, a. disordered; ragged. Kua hoangaweka nga raupo i te hau.

Kohari, v. t. mash. Koharitia nga kapana.

kohari, n. mess of mashed food. koharihari, v. i. be in pain. koharihari ana a roto o toku puku.

Kohatu, see kowhatu.

Kohau, v. t. speak frequently of what one intends or expects.

a climbing plant. 2. dysoxylon

spectabile, a tree, called also kohekoh**e**.

Koheka, see kowheka.

Köhěngi, or kohengihengi, n. wind. Ka tika te kohengihengi e ihi mai nei.

Kohera, see kowhera.

Köhěrě, v. t. pound fern root into a cake. Kei te kohere aruhe a Tatua ma.

kohere, n. cake of pounded fern-

Kŏhĕrĭkĭ, n. 1. angelica rosæfolia, a plant. 2. bidens pilosa.

Kōhĕrŭ, n. a fish.

Kŏhĭ, or kohikohi, v. t. collect; gather.

kohi, n. wasting sickness.

Kohia, n. passiflora tetrandra, a climbing plant.

Köhi-ā-kikö, n. wasting sickness. Kohĭhĭ, n. a bird.

Kohikohiko, v. t. do irregularly, a bit here and a bit there. Kati te kohikohiko: me whakatepe atu i konei.

Köhiku, n. 1. a kind of mat. Ka takoto nga taonga mo Paoa, ko te pueru, ko te kohiku (190). 2. spit to roast birds on. reflected light.

Kohině, n. girl. Anana! ta te kohine pai (170).

Kohoho, n. solanum aviculare, a shrub.

Kohŏi, a. thin; lean.

Kohoka, n. spit for roasting birds.

Kohoperoa, n. cuckoo.

I. Köhu, n. fog; mist.

II. Köhu, or kököhu, a. somewhat concave; bent or warped so as to become concave. Engari a konei, e koangiangi ana te hau, tena ko tua, he kohu rawa.

kohukohu, n. 1. chickweed. 2. a kind of moss. 3. a kind of seaweed.

article contained in a hollow vessel.

III. Köhü.

kohukohu, v. t. curse. Part of the 'pure' ceremony for a newly made canoe was called 'whakamama i te kohukohu ruahine' (70).

Kohŭa, n. 1. maori oven. 2. boiler. Kohŭe, n. boiler.

kohuehue, a. fat.

Köhühü, n. a tree.

kohukohu, see under kohu.

I. Kohumuhumu, a. shorn close. Kohumuhumu kau ana te mahunga o Te Puri.

II. Kohumuhumu, v. i. 1. whisper. 2. murmur.

Kohungahunga, n. infant.

Kohumu, n. land from which the fern &c. has been burnt off.

Kohura, v. i. appear above ground, sprout up. E kohura ake aua te tupu o te riwai i raro i te whenua.

Köhürängi, n. a parasitical plant. Kohŭre, v. t. 1. turn up what is beneath the surface. Ka kohurea te oneone ki te puka take out the bones of birds &c. Kohurehurea a tatou kukupa.

kohure, a. conspicuous. Ka kohure a Paoa.

kohure, n. firewood.

I. Kohuru, n. sapling.

II. Köhürü, v. t. 1. murder. Ka kohurutia a Wahieroa e Matukutakotako, ka mate (54). ill treat grievously. E aue haere ana mo te kohurutanga e ana tamariki (13).

Kohŭtühŭtŭ, n. fuchsia excorticata, a tree.

I. Kŏi, a. sharp.

koinga, n. point; edge.

whakakoi, v. t. sharpen. WHakakoia taku toki ki to hoanga. II. Kŏi, conj. for kei, see kei.

kohu, v. t. cook in a hangi any Koia, ad. 1. expressing assent,

it is so. 2. interrogatively, expressing surprise, indeed?—is it so? "E hoa, ko Takakopiri". "Koia?" "Ae, kua kite au: itae ake ano ki Hauraki ra" (147). 3. in interrogative sentences, giving emphasis to a question. Ko taku hoa koia tau e patai mai na? (147) 4. for ko ia, it is that. Ko ia tonu ta maua haku ki nga tangata. Our ground of complaint against the men is just that.—Koia ahau te haere ai, That is the reason why I did not go.

Kŏiătă, v. i. throw up a new shoot.

Koĭhĭ, a. verandah.

kõihiihi, a. reduced to splinters. Kua koihiihi te rakau.

koihiihi, v. i. thrill with fear.

Kŏikără, n. finger.

Kŏingă, n. a kind of shark. See also under koi.

Koingo, a. yearning; fretting. E koingo ana toku ngakau ki taku hoa ka riro.

Koipuipu, a. 1. foot sore; blistered. 2. overcast with clouds. Ka koipuipu te rangi.

I. Kŏĭrĭ, v. t. plant potatoes &c. II. Kŏĭrĭ, v. i. bend the body.

koiriiri, v. i. writhe.

Kōĭrŏ, n. conger eel.

whakakoiro, v. t. make crooked or tortuous.

Kŏitărěkě, n. New Zealand quail; coturnix Novæ Zealandiæ.

Koiwi, n. 1. skeleton. He ana koiwi (155). 2. strength. 3. intensity. To te mate koiwi! 4. person; fellow (contemptuously). Te koiwi kurapa! the idle fellow!

kŏkă, n. a coarse mat.

I. Kokā, n. mother.

II. Kōkā, a. dried up. Kua kokatia nga kumara.

2. interrogatively, ex- Kokako, n. collous cinerea, or surprise, indeed?—is New Zealand crow.

Kokari, n. new potatoes.

Kokau, v. t. plant in ordinary soil. Ka koia te kumara ki ro oneone, kaore he kirikiri, he kokau tena.

question. Ko taku hoa koia kokau, a. roughly made, unfinishtau e patai mai na? (147) 4. for ko ia, it is that. Ko ia kau; ta koutou, he mea ata tonu ta maua haku ki nga ta-

Kŏkĕ, v. i. move forwards. Ka whanatu ka haere, ka koke te waewae.

Kŏkē, v. i. creak.

Kokěkě, n. mussels taken from the shell.

Kokeke, v. i. wind about. Kokeke atu kokeke mai nga piko o te awa.

Kokěwă, v. i. wander.

I. Köki, n. 1. angle; corner. 2. small canoe. 3. stomach of a shark, used as a bottle for oil. Kokinga-waru, food of indifferent quality, such as is eaten in time of scarcity.

II. Koki, v. i. move ahead as a canoe.

Kökī, v. i. sing in early morning. Ka koki te manu ka haere maua.

Kokihi, v. i. shoot; begin to grow. kokihi, n. 1. tetragonia expansa, or New Zealand spinach. 2. bottle made of seaweed.

Kokiri, i. v. t. dart; throw or push any long body end foremost. Kokiritia te hoe ki uta. ii. v. i. dart or rush forward; charge. Kokiri! kokiri!

kokiri, n. 1. spear. 2. body of men rushing forwards. Tokoiwa te kokiri a Rapata, kotahi tekau ta Piki kokiri. 3. a fish.

Kökö, n. shovel; spoon. Te koko o te pokohiwi, the shoulderblade.

koko, v. t. take up with a shovel

roto ki nga kete.

kokonga, n. corner.

whakakoko, v. i. move sideways. WHakakoko ana te haere o te tamaiti kei kitea tana aporo.

Koko, a. rotten.

Kŏkō, v. i. make a rumbling noise. Koko ana toku manawa.

Koko, n. 1. prosthemadera Novæ Zelandiæ, a bird. 2. net for catching kěhě.

Kokohu, see under kohu.

Kokomako, n. anthornis melaneura, a bird.

Kokomo, see under komo. Kokomuka, n. veronica of seve-

ral species.

Kokopa, see under kopa. Kokopi, see under kopi.

Kokopu, n. 1. a small fresh water fish. 2. a kind of eel.

Kokorěkě, n. coturnix Novæ Zelandiæ; a kind of quail. Kokoreke pu-ohorere.

Kokoru, see under koru.

Kokota, n. a bivalve shellfish.

Kokoti, see under koti.

Kokouri, n. haziness caused by smoke &c.

Kököwai, n. earth from which red ochre is procured by burning; red ochre.

Koma, n. 1. a kind of stone. 2. axe head, or other implement made of this stone.

Komā, a. pale; whitish.

Komae, a. shrunk; blighted. Ka komae noa te tupu o te kai.

komae, n. potatoes &c. withered in the sun.

Komama, v.i. run or fall through a small aperture.

Komanga, n. elevated stage for storing food upon.

Komaoa, a. bare of skin; ulcerated. He komaoa kei te mangai.

Komaru, n. 1. sun. 2. sail.

or spoon. Kokoa nga waro ki Komau, v. t. keep fire alight, by burying it in embers. Me komau ta taua ahi.

Komě, v. i. 1. move the jaw as in eating; close the mouth or Te komenga o nga ngutu (153).2. take food; eat.

kŏmě, n. food.

Koměkě, n. pounded fern-root. E ruke ana i te komeke ki tahaki (190).

Komeme, a. 1 burst inwards; stove in. 2. thin and yielding; easily compressed as a calabash &c. 3. contracted by cold. Ka whahakomemetia te ringa.

Komiri, v. t. 1. rub with the fingers. 2. sort. Komiritia a tatou purapura.

Komiromiro, n. a bird.

Komo, or kokomo, v. t. thrust in; put in; insert. Ka komotia te tătă, a Turi, ka ehua te wai (111).

kokomo, n. contribution by way of acknowledgment on the part of people to whom a hakari is given.

Komore, n. ornament for the ankle. Komuhumuhu, see kohumuhumu.

Komuru, v. t. 1. rub off. Komurua nga tupu, nga weuweu. 2. make supple by rubbing.

Komutu, v. t. surprise; intercept. Kia tupato: meake ra komutua mai tatou.

komutumutu, n. a fish.

I. Konă, n. 1. that place, near or connected with the person spoken to. 2. that time. 3. that place.

II. Kona, n. lower part of the abdomen (128).

konakona, v. t. smell.

Konae, n. turning in a path.

Konaki, v. i. feel affection for one who is absent.

konakitanga, n. corner.

Konana, a. slanting out of the perpendicular. Ka poupou te aho, ka rere te kupenga: ka konana, e kore e rere.

Konso, n. 1. maori oven. diarrhæa.

Konapu, a. shining. Ka konapu mai, where tonu.

Konătunătu, v. t. mix up. Konatunatua te huka ki roto ki te paraoa.

Koněi, n. 1. this place. 2. this time. 3. this circumstance.

Koněkě, v. i. slide along. WHakatakotoria he rango kia koneke ai te waka.

koneke, n. sledge.

konekeneke, n. mat with thrums made of strips of the flax leaf scraped only at intervals.

Konene, n. stranger; wanderer. person belonging to a tribe which has been broken up and scattered.

Koněněhů, a. resembling dust. He ua konenehu.

Konewa, n. song heard in a dream, regarded as a bad omen. Te konewa, he waiata i te po, he mea mate.

Konewhä, v. i. 1. close the eyes gradually, the effect of drowsiness. Ka konewhanewha aku kanohi. 2. wander.

Koni, v. i. move; alter one's po-Me koni mai ki tenei sition. taha.

Konia, n. canoe.

Konihi, a. 1. stealthy; avoiding observation. E whakataka ana te ara konihi o Te Puhihuia ratou ko ona hoa (170). murdering by stealth. Mau tonu te konihi, te kohuru a Waikato.

Kono, n. small basket for cooked food.

Konohi, a. 1. feeling strong af-

friend. Ka puta mai te konohinohi aroha o te tuahine ki a ia (32). 2. longing. He konohi no raua kia awe raua te whakaporangitia.

Könöhi, the same as kanohi. See kanohi.

Konŏnĭ, a. crooked.

Kŏnŭi, n. thumb.

Konumi, v. t. fold; double.

Konga, n. live coal.

kongakonga, a, crumbled into fragments.

kongakonga, n. crumb; fragment.

Kongahu, n. stone.

Kŏngăngĕ, v. i. blaze. E kore e kongange te kanaku. (R.)

kongange, a. weak.

Kongangi, v. i. creak. WHakarongo iho ki nga papa o te waka ra, ka kongangi (177).

Kongěhě, a. feeble; without strength. Kongehe noa iho tona haere i te kawenga a te wehi.

Kongěngě, a. sinking ; exhausted. He mate kongenge, a death from disease as opposed to a violent death.

Kongio, v. i. be shrivelled up. Kua kongio ke te kapana.

Kongu, a. cloudy. He rangi kongu.

kongungu, n. small kumara.

Kongunu, a. broken half through. Kongutu-awa, n. mouth of a

river.

Kopa, or kokopa, a. 1. bent. Kua kokopa noa te taupoki. 2. crippled; lame. 3. of the waning moon. Kihai i kopa te marama, kua kitea tona hapu (148).

kopa, or kopanga, n. 1. angle; Tenei ka noho i te corner. kopa whare. 2. (kopa) native oven.

fection for an absent relative or kopakopa, a. wrinkled; creased.

otaota.

kopakopa, n. a species of plan-

whakakopakopa, v. t. fold up. Kopae, a. 1. lying sideways, or broadside on. 2. having the entrance at the side. Ko tona whare, he whare kopae (38).

kopae, n. 1. small basket for cooked food. 2. house ornamented with carved work.

Kopaki, v. t. wrap; envelop. kopaki, n. husk; envelope.

kopakipaki, n. maize.

Kopako, n. back of the head.

Kopana, i. v. t. 1. push. Kopana ana te ringaringa a tera ki a 2. incite; urge. ii. v. i. au. feel a desire. Katahi ka kopana ake te hinengaro ki te kai.

Kopani, v. t. 1. shut to. Kopania mai te taupoki. 2. shut up; close up. 3. enclose; shut

Kopaopao, n. a kind of eel. Kopapa, n. 1. small canoe. , sledge.

Kopara, n. a bird; the same as korimako. Iti te kopara, kai takirikiri ana i runga i te kahikatea.

Kopare, v. t. shade or veil the

kopare, n. shade for the eyes; veil.

Koparu, a. crushed; mashed. Kua koparu nga kapana.

Kopata, n. dew.

kopatapata, a. falling in drops.

Kopē, or kopēpē, a. in a soft mass; pulpy. He mea penu nga kapana kia kope ai.

kopē, n. pistol; revolver.

Kopěhupěhu, v. t. strike down; smash. Akuanei koe tikina atu ai, kopehupehua ai.

He kopakopa nga rau o tenei Kopeka, v. t. 1. deceive. 2. obstruct. 3. render useless; spoil. whakakopekapeka, v. t. hinder with unnecessary trifles.

Kopěkě, a. cold.

Kŏpěkŏpě, v. i. shake in the wind. E kopekope ana nga ra o te poti.

Kopěnupěnu, v. t. crumple; crush. Kopěpě, v. t. pluck. Na wai taku hue i kopepe?

Kopēpē, see under kopē.

Kopere, n. sling, consisting of a string attached to a stick.

kopere, v. t. 1. sling. 2. throw Ka koperea te waka violently. e te au.

Kopeti.

Ka mahi ia i te whanake, kei te whakakopeti mai, ka taia he mahanga.

Kopi, a. doubled together by means of a hinge or joint; shut; closed.

kŏkŏpĭ, v. t. double together two parts of anything by means of a hinge; shut. Kopia iho te taupoki o te pouaka.

Kopia, n. kernels of karaka or corynocarpus longata, prepared for eating.

Kopiha, n. 1. pil for storing potatoes or taro. 2. pool of water.

Kopiko, v. i. go alternately in opposite directions. Kopiko mai, kopiko atu, kahore matou i kite i te ara.

kopikopiko, a. going alternately in opposite directions. kopikopiko.

Kopio, a. aback; filled with wind from ahead.

Kopīpī, a. 1. weak; frail. He kopipi te rakau na: kei whati. 2 flaccid; withered. Kahore e pai te hue na, he kopipi. 3. He ngakau kopipi; e timid. kore e manawanui.

Kopipiri, a. crowded close together.

Kopiri, a. crippled; lame.

Kopiro, v. t. duck; put another koputaputa, n. a fish. person's head under water. Kua kopiroa te tamaiti e tona tuakana.

kopiro, a. 1. steeped in water. He kaanga kopiro. 2. on the same level; without rapids. Ka haere atu ki te mutunga mai o te tutanga kopiro o te wai nei.

Kopito, n. pain in the abdomen. Kopiupiu, v. i. swing; oscillate; move to and fro. Kopiupiu noa ana te waka i te akinga a te

Koporo, a. truncated; having the end cut off abruptly. He waka koporo, a square sterned canoe.

Kopū, n. 1. belly; womb. nui haere te mamae ki tona kopu (127). 2. a kind of mat used as an inner garment. Ko te kahakaha i waho, ko te kopu i roto rawa.

Kŏpū, a. 1. full; filled up. Kaore i tiketike ake te koputanga o te rua kai. 2. blistered.

Кориа, а deep.

Kopuha, n. small house.

Kopohuri, n. a fish; the same as kuhawai.

Kopuka, a. spongy; shrivelled. Kopuke, v. t. throw up the soil into hillocks preparatory to plant-

Kopuku, n. a closely woven mat. Kopuni, a. in a body; all together. Kia kopuni te haere,

Kopupungāwhā, n. bulrush.

Kopūpūtăi, n. sponge.

kaua e takitahitia.

Kopura, n. 1. potatoes or other tubers used for seed. 2. old person. 3. a plant.

Kopŭrŭ, or kopurupuru, fusty; mouldy.

Kopūrus, a. having the belly swollen; dropsical.

Koputa, a. blistered.

Kopūtoitoi, a. moist; spongy.

Kopūtotara, n. a fish.

Koputuputu, v. t. put up in heaps. Koputuputua nga kai ma te manuhiri.

Kopūwăi, a. watery. He kino ena riwai, he kopuwai.

Kopuwai-totara, n. porcupine fish. Kora, n. small fragment, or speck of anything. Hokihoki tonu tona ringa ki te mirimiri i te kora i roto i tona kanohi. 2. spark. 3. fire; fuel.

whakakorakora, v. t. scatter; distribute in small fragments. WHakakorakorangia tetahi wahi ma matou.

Korae, v. t. anoint with red ochre and oil.

Körähä, a. 1. extended; open. 2. shallow. He tai koraha to Manawaora.

koraha, n. open country.

Kŏrăhĭ, a. large; extensive. Kia penei te korahi o to tatou takotoranga.

korahirahi, a. 1. thin. 2. somewhat transparent. He taewa korahirahi (of young potatoes).

Korahoraho, n. unfledged young birds.

Korako, n. albino.

korakorako, a. having lightcoloured spots on the skin; freckled (181).

Korămă, n. a shell fish.

Korămurămu, v. t. eat greedily. Kaua e koramuramutia ta tatou kai.

Korăngă, v. t. raise ; lift up (155). korangaranga, v. i. 1. ache; be in pain. E korangaranga ana taku manawa. 2. feel annoyed or vexed.

Korapa, a. disquieted with fear.

Ka rere mai te tangata ki te wero, korapa noa toku ngakau

koraparapa, a. crossgrained; twisted.

Kŏrāpu, v. i. *shine*. Te mea e korapu mai ra ko ona mata (28).

Kŏrără, i. v. i. go in different directions; disperse. I haere topuni tonu, kahore i korara. ii. v. t. beg.

Korari, v. t. pluck or tear off a twig &c.

korarirari, v. t. pull to pieces. He aha te rakau i korariraria ai?

korari, 1. flower stem of phormium tenax or N. Z. flax. 2. the plant itself, phormium tenax.

Koršu, n. 1. cyathea medullaris, a large tree fern. 2. young shoots of ferns. 3. turnip or other similar root.

I. Kŏrĕ, ad. 1. not. E kore korua e ngaro ki-kona (46).—Kore kau noa ake i kitea tetahi waro (158). 2. used as a suffix to nouns, and thus forming adjectives, signifying in each case the absence of the quality denoted by the noun. WHakaarokore, thoughtless.—ngoi-kore, weak &c.

korenga, n. non-existence; absence; non-occurrence &c. He kitenga no matou i te korenga o te kai ki taua wahi i mahue ai.

whakakore, v. t. 1. cause not to be. 2. deny.

II. Körĕ, a. broken. Kua kore ke nga papa o te whare.

kŏrĕ, n. fracture. comp. pakore.

Korea, n. small canoe.

Kŏrěhě, n. open country.

Korĕirĕi, n. root of raupo.

Koreke, n. coturnix Novæ Zelandiæ, or N. Z. quail. called also kōkoreke. He manu ohooho te koreke.

Kŏrěkŏrě, n. twenty first and twenty second days of the moon's age.

Korěkorěko, a. dazzled. Ka korekoreko oku kanohi i te ra.

Kōrēngārēngā, a. 1. overflowing. Korengarenga tonu mai te wai ki te taha o te kaainga. 2. soft boggy.

Koreparepa, v. t. split. Koreparepangia te papa.

Korepo, n. shallow swamp.

koreporepo, a. swampy.

Korere, n. gutter; tap; funnel or anything to guide the passage of liquids.

Korero, v. t. 1. tell; say. He aha ta tenei tangata e korero nei? 2. address. Korerotia tatou, e nga rangatira e noho nei; korerotia tatou! — He tangata korero-whenua, a peace-maker, said of a chief of great influence. 3. v. i. speak; talk. Ka whakakorerotia ano e ia, a kua nanu te reo (42).

korerorero, v. i. talk much, or frequently.

Koreto, v. i. trickle down; weep.
Korewa, a. drifting about; adrift.
Hi korewa tonu ai au, kaore e
tukua te punga ki raro.

I. Kŏrĭ, n. 1. native oven. 2. small net.

II. Körĭ, or korikori, v. i. 1. move; wriggle. 2. bestir oneself. Ka tae atu te karere, katahi ka kori te rau-ma-whitu ra (157).

korikori, n. a species of ranunculus.

whakakorikori, v.t. move; shake.

Korihi, v. i. sing as birds.

korihirihi, n. tide. (R.)

Korimako, n. anthornis melaneura, a bird. Koripi, v. t. cut. I koripi ke Koroiti, n. little finger, or toe. mai te toki ki toku waewae.

koripi, n. diarrhæa,

koripi, a. vagabond. He porangi te tangata ra, ka tahi; he koripi, ka rua; he kurapa, ka toru.

Korirangi, n. 1. a mat ornamented with white thrums of unscraped flax. 2. untwisted thrums of a mat.

Koriri, n. fruit of stunted growth. Kōrĭrŏ, v. i. sprout. E koriro ake ana te tupu o te kapana. koriroriro, n. a bird.

Kŏrĭtĭ, a. cautious. Kia koriti, kei rokohanga e te kohuru.

Korito, n. heart, or young unexpanded leaves of a plant.

I. Körö, n. 1. noose. Nga koro o te rore. 2. fifth day of the moon's age.

Korokoro, a. loose; slack. Korokoro noa nga tau o te kakahu.

korokoro, n. 1. throat. 2. lamprey.

whakakoro, v. t. endeavour; in-WHakakoro noa matou, te taea Patangata.

II. Koro, n. person; man. E pehea ana te koro nei?

Kŏrŏahu, n. steam.

Koroai, see korowai.

Köröama, n. a small fish.

Kŏrŏhāwĭnĭ, n. cold.

Köröhěkě, n. old man.

Korohu, n. steam.

Köröhühü, v. i. boil.

Koroī, n. fruit of podocarpus dacrydioides.

Köröingöinö, a. puling; whimpering. He tangi koroingingo. Körðirangi, a. wandering.

Korðirði, v. i. wander idly. aha tau e koroiroi nei, te haere ki te mahi?

whakakoroiroi, v. t. hinder. He aha tau ka whakakoroiroi nei i te mahi?

Kŏrŏkē, n. person; fellow. expressing familiarity or contempt. Heoi, noho ana te koroke me taua wahine (135).

Kŏrŏkī, i. v. i. speak; talk. v. t. speak to; tell. Nana ahau i koroki ki te haere.

Kŏrŏkĭo, n. a species of veronica. Körömähängä, n. noose. ngaro rawa te upoko ki roto ki te koromahanga nei (19).

Koromahu, n. steam. Me te koromahu kapura te ahua.

Körömäki, a. suppressed; stifled (of feelings).

whakakoromaki, v. t. suppress one's feelings.

Körömätüa, n. thumb; great toe. Kŏrŏmāŭngăŭngă, n. barnacle.

Kŏrŏměkě, a. in loops, coils, or kinks.

whakakoromeke, v. t. coil or loop up.

Köröměngěměngě, a. crumpled; curled up.

Kŏrŏmĭkŏ, n. *veronica* of several species.

koromiko-tārāngā, n. veronica parviflor**a**.

Körönže, v. i. 1. lie broadside on. Kua koronae te waka ki uta. 2. v. t. drink out of the hand. koronae, n. stile.

Kŏrŏngătā, v. i. promise without performing. "Ko Kauanuhea, korongata ki te haere."

Köröngĕngĕ, a. benumbed.

Kŏrŏpā, n. food offered to the atua and eaten by the tohunga in the ceremony of 'pure'.

Kŏrŏpănă, i. v. t. fillip. ii. v. i. shoot up. Ka koropana ake te tupu o te kapana.

Kŏrŏpěhů, v. t. 1. repress. He mate hiakai, ka taea te koropehu. 2. break. Akuanei koropehua ai to rakau.

Köröpěkě, a. having the limbs Köröwhanakě, n. steam. doubled up.

Koropewa, n. ring; loop; bow. Kŏrŏpĭkŏ. v. i. bow down; kneel.

koropiko, n. loop.

Köröpū, a. built with wrought timber. He whare koropu.

Koropuku, a. concealed. He kino koropuku.

Kŏrŏpŭpū, v. i. bubble up; boil. Te ingoa o te puna, ko Oringi, e koropupu ake ana i te whenua.

Kŏrŏpŭtă, n. hole.

koroputaputa, a. full of holes. Kŏrŏrā, n. spheniscus minor; penguin.

Kōrŏrĭ, or kororirori, v. t. stir round.

korori, a. twisted. He rakau korori.

Kŏrōria, n. glory.

Kŏrŏrĭpŏ, n. whirlpool; eddy.

Kororiwha, n. haliotis virginica, a small species of sea-ear; called also marapeka.

Körötängi, n. pit for storing potatoes.

Kŏrŏtē, v. t. squeeze ; crush. Apopo ia ka korotetia e te ringa patuki tuatara o te kainga o Te Wahineiti.

Körötiwhä, n. spot.

korotiwhatiwha, a. spotted.

Kŏrŏtū, a. desirous. E korotu ana ki te haere.

Kŏrŏtŭtŭ, v. t. melt down fat &c. He wahine nana i korotutu.

Kŏrŏu, n. 1. channel. ki te korou. (R.) 2. energy; spirit. Korou-kore, listless.

korou, v, t. purpose; desire. Ko te wahi tena i koroutia ai e au kia haere ki reira.

Kŏrŏuă, n. old man.

Kŏrŏwăi, n. mat ornamented with black twisted thrums.

Kŏrŏwāwā, n. a fish.

Korowhana, a. bent; bowed.

Korowheowheo, a. blowing in whirls or eddies.

Korowhiti, a. bent like a hoop.

korowhiti, i. v. i. 1. spring up suddenly from a stooping position. 2. whistle through a bent finger. ii. v. t. jerk; give a sudden impulse to. Na te pou koa i korowhiti i rere ai i te

Kŏrŭ, a. folded; coiled; looped. E koru ana te whakaheke, kia maro tonu.

koru, n. fold; light; loop. Nekehia mai te koru o te aho.

korukoru, n. wrinkle; looseness of the skin as in aged persons. kŏkŏrŭ, or kokorutanga, n. bay; indentation of coast.

I. Kōrŭa, pron. 2nd person, dual. you two.

II. Korŭa, and korŭarŭa, n. hole; pit. Ka rere iho taua wahine nei ki roto ki te koruarua (13).

whakakorua, v. t. hollow out; WHakakoruatia te excavate. takotoranga mo te wai.

Korŭki, a. cloudy; overcast. He rangi koruki.

Korupě, n. lintel of a door.

Kōrŭrĕ, v. i. change; veer round. Ka korure te hau.

Korŭrŭ, a. cloudy.

Koruru, n. figure placed on the gable of a house.

Korŭrŭkŭ, a. cloudy.

Kŏtă, n. 1. cockle-shell. 2. anything to cut or scrape with; knife; plane &c.

kokotă, n. a shell fish.

Kotae, n. alluvial soil.

Kotaha, n. 1. sling. 2. part of a chief's head-dress. Ka mutu te heru e tia ana, kia herea te kotaha.

kotaha. ad. sideways, askance. Kotamutamu, v. i. 1. open and close the lips repeatedly. e kotamutamu nei?

Kŏtără, a. loosened; untied.

kotărătără, n. 1. dance of triumph. 2. a plant.

Kotare, n. halcyon vagans; kingfisher.

Kotata, a. split. Kahore tonu tena kia ngawha; ka kotata ano ia.

kotata, n. a bird.

Kotawatawa, n. a shell fish.

Kotea, a. pale. Kotea tonu te moko; kihai i mangu.—He kiri kotea; an albino.

Kotěngitěngi, n. gentle wind.

Kotěrě, n. potatoes steeped in water.

Kotětě, n. shoot of a potato.

Köti, or kököti, v. t. 1. cut. 2. He tamaiti kokoti intercept. tau, a child born prematurely. —He tau kokoti pu, a year in which winter comes on prematurely.

kotikoti, v. t. cut to pieces; cut frequently.

Kotiate, n. a lobed weapon of Kotukutuku, n. fuchsia excortihard wood.

Kōtǐhě, n. pogornis cincta; a bird. Kotingotingo, a. speckled.

Kotipo, n. purple potato.

Kŏtĭpū, v. t. cut short. Kahore ona tau kotipu (160). He had no bad seasons, and therefore no scarcity of food. See under kokoti. -- Ka kotipu te ngarara hei mate moku.

Kötiri, v. i. go or come one at a Kotiri marire te haere a te hanga ra.

kotiri, n. meteor.

Kotiro, n. girl.

Kŏtĭtĭ, v. i. move aside. E kotiti ana ki taku.

kotītiti, v. i. wander about.

Kotiu, n. North wind.

Kötiŭrŭ, n. headache.

2. Kotiwhatiwha, a. spotted.

flash frequently. He aha te uira Kotokoto, n. 1. sheet of a sail. 2. sprit to extend a sail with. 3. projection. 4. small potatoes. Kotokoto kau a tatou kai.

Kŏtŏkŏtŏ, v. i. 1. squeak. E kotokoto ana te kiore. 2. cackle.

Kotopihi, n. window.

Kotore, n. 1. lower end. Tamanga-kotore, the youngest in a family. 2. anus. 3. white clay. kotoretore, n. a fish.

Kotŭa, n. respect; regard. kawe ana i tana kotua ki a Te Aporotanga.

Kotŭa, ad. with the back towards one. E huri kotua ana te korero a taua tangata.

Kotuhi, n. arch formed by clouds in the horizon; the same as haeata.

Kōtŭi, v. t. lace; fasten by lacing. Kotuia to tatou ra.

Kotuku, n. white crane; a bird. Kotuku-tawhiti, n. a variety of potato.

Kōtŭkŭtĕa, n. a variety of po-

cata, a tree.

Kotumu, n. stump.

Kötütü, a. a basket used for catching fish.

Kotutu, v. t. melt down fat &c. Kŏu, a. good. E kore e kou?

koukou, n. 1. owl; athene Novæ Zelandiæ. 2. a mode of wearing the hair.

Kŏŭrĕa, n. snapper; a fish; the same as tamure.

Koŭaŭa, n. sprinkling rain.

Koue, n. posts supporting the paepae of a privy.

Kouě, v. t. scull; steer with a paddle or oar.

Kouka, n. 1. cordyline australis, a tree. 2. root of raupo.

koukauka, n. a fish; the same as kahawai.

Koumă, n. breast-plate.

Koŭmŭŭmŭ, v. t. whirl round and round. Kei koumuumua tatou e te ripo.

Koura, n. crayfish.

Koură, n. gold.

Kouru, n. 1. top of a tree. 2. head of a river.

Koutareke, n. New Zealand quail; the same as koreke &c.

Kŏutŏu, pron. second person plural. ye; you.

Koutututu, v. t. dip up. Koutuutua he wai ki roto ki te peere.

Kowa, or kowawa, a. neap. He tai kowawa.

Kowae, v. t. 1. divide; part. Auaka e kowaea te mahunga, hei pango tetahi taha, hei urukehu tetahi taha: auaka e kowaea hei mahora tetahi taha, hei piki tetahi taha. 2. pick out; set apart. Ka kowaea nga roi pai mana.

Kowao, n. plot of fern land in a wood.

kowao, a. living in the woods; wild. He tangata kowao te tangata i pahuatia ai te whare.

kowaowao, v. t. overgrow; choke. Kua kowaowaotia aku kai e te otaota.

Kowarowaro, n. a fish.

Kowatawata.

Kei whakakowatawata te ra.

Kowera, see koera.

Kowiti, n. a fish.

Kowhā, i. v. t. 1. split open. 2. take out of the shell. Kowhatia he pipi ma tatou. ii. v. i. 1. burst open; split. Ka kowhate rauawa. 2. flash like lightning.

kowha, n. 1. cockles taken out of the shells. 2. summer lightning.

Kowhai, n. sophora tetraptera, a tree.

kowhaiwhai, n. a pattern of scroll ornament.

Kowhai-ngŭtŭ-kākā, n. clianthus puniceus, a shrub.

Kowhăitău, n. a fish, the same as kahawai.

Kowhaki, v. t. pluck off; tear off. Kowhakina ana tona maikuku hei ahi (24).

kowhakiwhaki, tear off piece by piece. Kowhakiwhakia tetahi taro ma te kotiro.

kowhaki, a. ready to drop off. Kua kowhaki nga papa i te ngaunga a te mate.

Kowhana, a. 1. bent; bowed. 2. springing up violently. Ka kowhana i roto i te wahine ra te ngakau mate ki a Te Ponga hei tane mana (167).

Kowhane, v. t. bend. Kaua e kowhanea; kia maro tonu mai.

Kowhängä, n. nest.

Kowhanga, a. overcast with clouds. He ra kowhanga i werawera ai. Kowhao, n. hole.

kowhaowhao, n. basket for food. E rima kowhaowhao uwhi.

Kowharawhara, n. astelia Banksii, a plant.

Kowhatu, n. stone.

Kŏwěkă, or kōwhěkăwhěkă, n. garment. I haere mai ahau ki tetahi kowhekawheka hei takai.

Kowhera, v. i. 1. open; gape.
Ko te pipi, e kore e kowhera.

—Kowhera ou ringaringa (50),
loose your hold. 2. burst forth.
Ka kowhera te uira i roto i
nga keke o Tawhaki (53).

Kowheta, v. i. writhe; flounder. Ka kowheta te hiku (151).

Köwhětě, or kowhětěwhětě, v. i.
1. whisper. 2. murmur. 3. scold.

Kowhewhe, a. split open. Ka kowhewhe noà iho te waka, ka puta te wai ki roto (111).

Kowhio, v. i. whistle.

Kowhiri, v. t. 1. select. 2. whirl round. Kowhiria te manu kia mate ai.

Kowhiti, i. v. t. 1. pull up or Kuia, a. old woman. out. Kua kowhitia nga kumara a Te Raro. 2. pick out of the shell, cockles &c.

ii. v. i. 1. spring up or out. 2. appear, as the moon. kore e kowhiti ake tetahi ra mărama a ko ake nei.

kowhitiwhiti, n. l. grasshopper. water-cress.

Kowhiuwhiu, v. t. fan; winnow. kowhiuwhiu, n. fan.

Kowhiwhi, n. pittosporum termifolium, a tree.

Kŭa, a verbal particle, denoting that the action is completed at the time indicated. Katahi a WHakatau ka nanao ki te pito o tana taura, kua kuhua ra e ia ki nga pou o te whare (62). Kuai, n. a fish.

Kūškš, n. a bird.

Kūšo, n. young of animals.

Kuare, see kuware.

Kuata, see kuwata.

Kūĕmĭ, v. i. be assembled.

Kūĕnĕ, v. t. urge; press. I kuenetia i haere mai ai ahau.

I. Kühä, or kuhakuha, a. ragged; tattered. Kua kuha noa atu te kaka nei.

kuha, n. fragment; scrap. kuha kaainga; a scrap of a dwelling place.

II. Kŭhă, v. i. gasp.

Kŭhŭ, v. t. 1. thrust in; insert. Kuhua ana te taura ki nga pou o te whare. 2. conceal. E kuhu ana i te toki mo te hokinga mai.

kuhu, n. cooking shed.

kuhukuhu, n. pig.

**Kŭi,** n. (abbreviation of kuia) old woman, -- a common mode of address, sometimes applied to a E kui, kawea atu tetehi | wai mo te manuhiri (168).

Kūī, a. short of food. Kahore ana tau kui (160).

Kūĭhĭ, v. i. speak in a low tone. Tohe noa au ki te tikanga o te korero, kihai i kuihi te waha.

Kūihi, n. goose.

Kŭika, v. t. desire. E kuika ana te turoro ki te kai mana.

Kūĭkĭ. a. cold.

Kuira, n. patchwork.

Kūkā, n. encumbrance; clog. compare kūtā. Kuka-whare, soot. Kūkari, n. 1. young bird. 2. new

potatoas.

Kŭkŭ, v. t. 1. nip. 2. draw together. Kukua te kete. close. Ka kukua tona ringaringa.

kuku, n. 1. pinchers or tweezers. Te kuku o tona manawa (164), that which had fastened upon her affections. 2. a large mussel.

kūkŭkŭ, n. a mussel.

Kŭkū, v. i. grate; move with violent friction over a rough surface. Ka rongo a Kupe i te kuku o te takere o te waka (116).

Kūkū, n. pigeon; carpophaga Novæ Zelundiæ. He huahua kuku (138).

Kukume, see under kume.

Kŭkŭmŏetŏkă, n. a mussel.

Kūkupa, n. pigeon; carpophaga Novæ Zelandiæ.

**Kŭkŭrërëwäi**, n. a kind of shark. Kukuta, see under kuta.

Kukuti, see under kuti.

Kumanu, v. t. tend carefully; He poti na Uekahia, foster. ma Rongotakutama e kumanu.

Kūmara, n. ipomæa batatas; sweet potato.

Kumărăhou, n. pomaderris elliptica, a shrub.

Kumătă, n. a fish.

Kumě, or kukumě, v. t. 1. pull; drag. Ka nanao ia ki te pito o tana taura, katahi ka kumes (62). 2. pull out; stretch. Ta-

kahia ana e Maui te iwi-tuaroa, kumea ana te whiore, ka haere he kuri (26). 3. draw away to a distance. Ka kumea e Maui te whenua kia roa (20).

Kumětě, n. wooden bowl or trough. Kumi, n. 1. a measure of ten fathoms. 2. a huge fabulous reptile.

Kumikumi, n. beard under the

Kumŏrĕ, n. headland; promontory.

Kŭmŭ, n. anus.

kumukumu, n. gurnard, a fish. whakakumu, a. timid; reluctant. E whakakumu ana toku ngakau, e kore ahau e haere ma te waka.

whakakumu, n. a creepnig plant. Kune, or kukune, a. plump; filled out to roundness.

Kunikuni, a. dark. Kia kunikuni ka puta te marama.

Kungongingongi, n. a name for the kahawai. (R.)

Kŭpā, v. i. belch; throw up wind from the stomach.

Kūpā, n. mildew.

Kupae, n. a fish.

Kŭpăpă, v. t. 1. stoop. I kupapa mai te tahae, koia hoki te kitea ai. 2. go stealthily. 3. be neutral in a quarrel.

kūpapapapa, n. sulphur.

Kūpără, a. completely blackened (of moke covering the skin).

kupara, n. dogskin mat black throughout.

Kŭpărŭ, n. a fish.

Kŭpĕngă, n. net.

Kūpěrě, v. i. flow swiftly.

Kupu, n. word; sentence; message.

kupukupu, v. i. speak frequently. E kupukupu ana tenei tangata kia patua te manuhiri.

Kura, n. 1. red ochre. te kura o tenei kainga i te kura Kurutoitoi, a. stunted.

o Hawaiki (74). 2. taiaha painted red. Me tango ki te kura mahora, na katahi ka horahia, na ka mau te rongo (166).

kura, a. red. He where kura, a house with timbers wrought and painted.

kura, v. t. redden; dye red. Te kuranga o Hunakiko (113).

Koră, n. school.

Kūrše, n. headland.

Kŭrăpă, a. idling; trifling; having no object. Te koiwi kurapa! the vagabond!

Kŭrăpăe, n. treasure lit upon accidentally.

Kurapapa, a. flat roofed.

Kūrărŭrărŭ, a. perplexed.

Kŭrăwhĕrŏ, n. red garment.

Kŭrěhěrěhě, a. wrinkled.

Kūrē, v. i. cry like a sea-gull. Kure haere ana i; Karoro tipi one.

Kŭrĕhŭ, v. i. doze.

kurehu, a. indistinctly seen. Kurehu ake i a au e haere ana i kona.

Kŭri, n. 1. dog. 2. any quadruped.

Kŭrŭ, v. t. 1. strike with the fist; E kuru ana ia i te thump. 2. pelt; strike with soraupo. mething thrown. Kurua ki te kowhatu.

kuru, n. 1. blow with the fist. 2. mallet; pestle. He kuru pounamu (153).

Kŭrŭhŭngă, n. a fish.

Kŭrŭmătărērēhŭ. n. tattooed

Kŭrŭpže, n. beam; joist; sleeper. Kŭrŭpătŭ, n. upper hem of a mat.

Kŭrŭpěi, n. clod.

Kurupopo, n. rotten; worm-eaten (of timber).

I. Kŭrŭtětě, v. t. exchange. Nui atu II. Kurutete, a. stunted.

Digitized by Google

Kŭrŭtŏtĕ, a. stunted.

Kŭtă, kūkŭtă, or kŭtăkŭtă, n. a water-plant.

Kūtā, n. encumbrance; clog; as old and infirm people on a Ruia atu te kuta kia ngahoro atu.

Kūtăi, n. a mussel.

kutaitai, a. of a disagreeable taste. Kutăngă, n. handful.

Kūtšo, n. cold.

Kūtěrě, or kūtěrětěrě, a. soft; nearly liquid.

Kūtětě, v. t. urge on. Kei te kutete a Pita kia awe te mutu Kuweto, n. a bird. te mahi.

Kŭti, kŭkŭti, v. t. draw tightly together; purse up. Aua e kutia Kuwharu, n. ou ngutu.

kutikuti, n. scissors.

kutikuti, v. t. cut with scissors. Kutu, n. 1. louse. 2. vermin of any kind infesting human beings. kutukutu, n. 1. maggot. 2. vermin of any kind.

Kūwāhā, n. entrance; doorway. Kūwăiwăi, a. wet. Katahi ano te kuwaiwai o te ara nei.

Kūwărĕ, a. 1. ignorant. 2. low in the social scale. 3. held in no estimation.

Kūwătă, v. i. long; yearn; love; desire. Ka kuwata noa te ngakau ki te tangata ka ngaro.

Kuwhā, n. 1. thigh. 2. connection by marriage.

1. a grub. shell-fish.

Kūwhĕwhĕwhĕ, a. puckered.

## M.

Ma, conj. and: used 1. to connect numerals. E rua tekau ma wha. 2. to connect points of the compass. Tonga ma uru, south west.

Ma, prep. 1. for; in the sense of 'to be possessed by' or 'to be acted on by' &c. He kai ma te manuhiri (187). 2. by; after a future verb, active in form but passive in signification. Ma wai e kawe nga tohu ora ki uta? By whom will be conveyed &c. which is equivalent to 'Who is he that will convey' &c. 3. by means of; in consequence Ma te kino o te ara e kore ai tatou e tae. Conditional sentences with intransitive verbs are sometimes expressed in this way. Ma roto hoki kia ora, ka pai te korero. If the inner man is refreshed, the talking the inner man being refreshed &c. Mana e haere, e pai ana. If he should go it will be well. 4. by way of. I ma hiwi mai ra, i ma te Kowhai, te ara o Kaiwhatu e.

Mā, a. white; pale; clean.

whakama, i. v. t. make white &c. ii. v. i. feel abashed; be ashamed; be shy. Ka nui rawa te whakama o Paoa (187).

Ma in the names of streams is an abbreviation of manga. Makakahi, Ma-karoro, for Mangakakahi &c.

Maata, n. 1. deep swamp. 2. a small bird.

Măcă, v. i. 1. emerge. Kua maca te parera. 2. be tuken out of the ground, as a crop; be gathered in.

MAEHE, n. the month of March. Māčkě, a. cold. He wiri nona i te maeke.

will be agreeable: literally By Māeneene, a. soft to the touch; smooth. He kakahu maeneene.

Măero, n. channel for water; Maheahea, a. perceiving indisrace.

Măerŏ, a. emaciated; listless; weak.

MAERO, n. mile.

Măewă, v. i. wander. Mana te iwi e maewa noa.

Maha, a. many.

Māhā, a. gratified by the attainment of a desired object. maha hoki pea, ka kitea te wahi i kimihia mai ai e ratou (121).

Mähäke, a. small. He kuri mahake.

Măhăki, n. cutaneous disease.

Māhāki, a. 1. mild; meek. He tangata mahaki. 2. calm; quiet. Ka mahaki te hau.

Māhāku, pron. lengthened form of maku; for me.

Măhănă, a. wurm.

Măhăngă, n. snare. Me te weka ka motu i te mahanga (171). mahanga, v. t. ensnare. Maha-

ngatia te manu hei kai ma tatou.

Māhanga, n. twins.

Măhără, n. 1. a portion of the intestines. 2. thought; memory; recollection.

mahara, v. t. think upon; remember: recollect. Ka maharatia nga korero a Pahaka, ka pouri au.

maharahara, v. t. think frequently of; have much in one's thoughts. Māhārŏ, v. i. wonder; compare miharo.

Măhău, n. porch; verandak.

whakamahau, n. porch; veran-

Mahau, pron. lengthened form of mau, for thee.

Mahe, n. sinker for a fishing line. Măhěa, a. 1. cleared away. Kua mahea mai te ua. 2. free from obstruction; clear. Katahi ano ka mahea te reo.

tinctly. E maheahea kau ana, kahore e rongo.

Mähěnő, i. v. i. be untied. ii. v. t. untie. Mahenoa te kirehe.

maheno, n. island.

Măhěu, a. scattered. Kei te maheu noa ake aku mea.

Măhĭ, v. t. work at. Kei te mahi a Turi i tana mara.—Ka mahi rapea te pepeha nei (94), as the proverb puts it.

mahi, n. 1. work. Ka kite ra koutou i te tini o aku mahi (18). 2. abundance. Kua tomo te waka i te mahi a te ika.

mamahi, a. hard working.

Māhia, n. sound. Me te whai tonu atu te waka ra i te mahia o te waha o te kuri ra (121).

Māhĭhĭ. n. facing boards on the gable of a house; the same as maihi.

Măhihore, a. peeled off. Kua mahihore te hiako o te kapana. Mahimahi, n. a waterplant.

Măhiti, v. i. 1. spring; leap. Ka māhitihiti haere te au; he papaku. ' 2. be spent; be exhausted. Kua mahiti nga harakeke mo te whare.

Mahiti, n. white mat covered with the long hair from dogs' tails: the same as kahuwaero.

Māhiti, v. t. sort; separate according to size, quality &c.

Măhŏ, a. floating. E whakamaho kau ana i runga i te wai.

Māhŏe, n. melicytus ramiflorus, a tree.

Māhŏewāo, n. a tree.

Măhoră, a. 1. spread out; hence of food spread out or sewed up before guest. Kua mahora te kai ma te ope? (59) 2. exposed to view. Me tango ki te kura mahora (166). of a taiaha painted with red ochre, used on occasions of peace-making.

mahora, a head of lank hair. 4. scattered. Kua mahora rikiriki tatou.

Măhŏrĕ, a. peeled. Ka mahore te rakau.

Măhŭ, a. cicatrized; healed. Kua mahu te hiako o toku waewae. whakamahu, v. t. heal a wound. Măhŭa, a. raised up; lifted. Me ko kia mahua ai nga pakiaka.

māhŭahŭa, v. i. rise up; be forced up. Kia kikī waenganui, kei mahuahua nga kowhatu.

Măhŭe, a. 1. left; left bekind. Kua mahue atu na i a koe a WHakatau (59). 2. forsaken. He kainga mahue. 3. applied to anything extraordinary, perhaps as *not* ordinarily attainable. Mahue rawa te atawhai o te pakeha!

whakamahue, v. t. 1. cause to be left. 2. finish. Haere noa te tangata nei; kahore ano kia whakamahuetia tana mahi.

Māhŭkĭhŭkĭ, n. part of the ceremony of removing the tapu from kumara grounds.

Māhuna, see mahunga I.

Mahunu, n. young shoots of pteris aquilina.

I. Mahunga, n. 1. hair of the head; lock of hair. Ko nga mahunga o Paoa, kino iho; na te whiunga o te whanake i whakakino (193). 2. head.

Māhŭngă, a. mealy. He kapana mahunga.

whakamahunga, v. t. make trial of a new crop.

Măhŭră, a. uncovered. Ka mahura te umu.

Mahurangi, n. inside of a kumara.

Mahŭrěhŭrě, v. t. cut to pieces. He mahurehurenga ra koe naku; a, ka tu mai ano tou ringa?

Māhŭri, n. young tree; sapling.

3. lank; drooping. He upoko | Măhuru, a. quieted; set at rest. Ka mahuru iho o ratou whakaaro.

> **Măhŭtă,** v. i. jump. Mahuta atu ki tarawahi.

> Măi, ad. hither; towards the person speaking. Ka kitea mai e haere atu ana; "E! he manuhiri e haere mai nei" (79).

> Māi, n. podocarpus spicata; a

Māi, n. mussels taken out of the shells.

Māiă, a. brave; bold.

Măiăngi, a. raised up. Kua maiangi tenei pito o te rakau.

Măiăo, n. abscess.

Măiăorere, n. a kind of mat; aorere.

Măiĕngĭ, a. 1. raised up. 2. faint from hunger.

Măihě, n. fence.

Măihea, n. sinker for a fishingline.

Măihi, n. facings of the front gable of a house, often ornamented with carving. He whare maihi, e tu ana ki ro pa.

maihi, v. t. 1. finish the gable of a house. 2. embellish. He korero i mahia e te ngutu, i maihitia.

Māihi, a. uneasy in mind.

maihi, n. a shell-fish.

Me noho Māikā, ad. quietly. maika ki te kainga.

Māikaika, n. orthoceras Solandrie, a plant.

Măiki, v. i. remove; depurt. Heoti ano, ka maiki ia i tera wahi (122).

Maikuku, n. nail of a finger or toe; claw; hoof. Kei te maikuku pango nei te rahi; a saving for anything very small.

Maikuku - karewarewa, shell-fish.

Măimăi-ărohă, n. token of affection.

Măimoa, n. pet; fondling.

whakamaimoa, v. t. make much of; shew great attention to. Na ta koutou whakamaimoatanga i taua hunga kohuru.

Măiôhă, v. t. greet affectionately. Maioha tonu mai, ko Te Kania-takirau anake.

maioha, n. token of regard.

Maioio, a. growing weakly. Tena ko tenei, he rakau tipu hou, he rakau rea hou, he maioio.

Măioro, n. 1. embankment for defence; earth-work. 2. ditch for fortification; covered ditch. Tera tetahi pa nui onamata, he maioro nunui nga maioro (166).

Maipi, n. a wooden weapon, the same as hani, and taiaha.

Măire, n. 1. song. Tenei te maire i rongo atu ai au (108). 2. santalum Cunninghami, a tree.

Măirŏ-tăwhăkŏ, n. eugenia maire, a tree.

Măirěhu, n. small basket for cooked food.

Măităi, n. iron.

Māĭtĭĭtĭ, n. young man; youth.

Măkă, v. t. 1. throw. E maka ana i nga kai ki te moana. 2. put; place.

makamaka, v. t. throw about.

Makamaka whana, dance the
war dance.

Mākā, a. shy; wild. Koia ano te maka o te parera.

Mākāhĭ, n. wedge.

Măkăhŭri, n. large stone.

Măkăkă, a. bent; crooked.

makaka, n. 1. a shrub. 2. a water-plant.

Mākārā, n. head.

Mākāri, a. small. Makari noa ake nei ano te rahi.

Măkăriri, n. 1. frost; cold. 2. winter.

Măkărŏ, v. i. 1. be dimly visible.
I kite atu au e makaro ana i konei. 2. shew oneself. Koi

makaro mai nga tangata o tena wahi ki te manuhiri, koi aha. makaro, ad. dimly; indistinctly. I kite makaro ahau i a ia i Tokomaru.

Mākātīkātī, a. galling; irritating. Ko te korero nei, ko te pa me tuku ki a ia, makatikati ana i a au.

Măkăro, a. out of sight; lost. Kua makaro taku toki. (R.)

Măkău, n. spouse; wife or husband. Me hoki ki to makau tupu.

Măkău, a. at lowest ebb. Kua makau te tai.

Măkăwě, n. hair of the head; locks of hair. Topea nga makawe o te porokaki.

Mākěkěhŭ, a. light-haired.

Măkěnů, n. track; trace. Kei ona makenu tapuae tonu e haere ana.

**Măkěngŏ**, a. wet. (R.)

Măkěrě, v. i. 1. drop; fall. I makere toku kakahu i te ara. 2. die. Kua makere te tupapaku. 3. get down; alight; go down. Ka makere taua tangata ki te wai.

whakamakere, n. remnant. Kahore he whakamakere o te iwi nei?

Măkěrěwhătů, a. falling heavily (of rain). He ua makerewhatu. I. Măkĭ, n. 1. invalid; sick per-

son. 2. scar.
makimaki, n. cutaneous disease.

II. Maki, v. i. have the trouble of a thing. Mari ano kia u mai te poti, te maki haere ahau ki te tiki.

Măkini, a. gapped; jagged.

Mākinokino, a. disgusted.

 Mākiri, v. t. take the bones out of pigeons &c. preparatory to preserving.

Koi II. Mākĭrĭ, a. false; unfounded.

He korero makiri, tipatipa Mămăe, a. in pain. whenua nei.

Makitaunu, v. t. 1. handle mischievously. He aha tau e makitaunu i aku mea? 2. tease.

Měko, n. 1. a species of shark. 2. tooth of the same, worn as an ear-ornament.

makomako, n. aristotelia racemosa, a tree.

Makoa, a. at the lowest ebb. makoa te tai.

Mākoha, n. soft slaty rock.

Măkohă, a. expanded; untied. Kua makoha te kawe.

whakamakoha, v. t. cause to expand &c.

Mākŏi, n. cockle-shells.

Mākŏi, v. t. deal deceitfully with. Ka tikina ka makoitia te tangata.

Măkŏkōrŏrĭ, n. caterpillar.

Mākonā, a. having the appetite satisfied.

Măkowhă, see makoha.

Mākŭ, pron. 1st person singular with preposition ma. See ma. for me. Ka maku te whenua; the land mill become mine.

Mākū, a. wet; moist. Kei maku koe i te ua.

mākūkū, a. somewhat moist.

Măkŭkŭ, a. indolent; inactive. He tangata makuku; kaore e keukeu e aha.

Mākŭrākŭrā, a. glowing; reddish. Ka makurakura te ata.

Măkŭrŭ, a. 1. trickling in frequent drops. 2. shewing much fruit; having the fruit set. Katahi te makuru o to hue!

Mākŭtu, v. t. bewitch. Kua makuturia a Korokai e Tohitapu.

Mākūwărĕ, a. regardless; unmindful.

Māmā, a. light; not heavy.

Mămă, v. i. ooze through small whakamanamana, v. i. rejoice; apertures; leak. Ka mama ake te wai i te pakaru nei.

whakamamae, 1. v. t. cause to feel pain. 2. v. i. begin to be in pain.

Mămăhă, n. steam.

Mămăkŭ, n. cyathea medullaris, a tree fern.

mamaku, v. t. prepare timber in a particular way with the adze. Ka oti nga pou nei te mamaku. Māmāngi, n. coprosma Baueriana,

a shrub.

Mămăo, a. distant; far away. Katahi ka hoea e Turi, ka mamao ki waho (111).

Mămāoă, n. steam.

Mămărŭ, n. 1. sun. 2. sail.

Mămě, n. dog with short bristly hair. E toru nga mame nana i kai aku hipi.

Māminga, v. t. impose upon; play tricks upon. Kua mohio te wahine ra, na WHakatau i maminga (42).

Mamore, a. without accompaniments or uppendages; bare. He rakau mamore; a tree without branches. - He tangata mamore, a childless man.

Mānă, pron. 3rd person singular with preposition ma; for him; for her. See ma.

Mănă, n. 1. authority. He rangatira whai mana a Hongi. 2. influence. E kore e ora te tangata i te mana o taua puhi ra (175).

mana, a. effectual.

whakamana, v. t. give effect to. Ka whakahau ia i tona iwi kia haere ki te whakamana i te tūtū a Manaia (117).

manamana, v. t. give power to; enable. Na nga pu i manamanangia ai nga tangata ki te taua.

exult.

Manaaki, v. t. shew respect to;

entertain. E kore taua tangata e manaakitia e NGapuhi.

Mănăčkă, n. a garment.

Mănăhău, or mănămănăhău, a. 1. cheerful. Ka manahau te tu o te tangata. 2. exulting: elated. Ka manamanahau te WHakatohea ki tana atua e haere mai ra.

Manakanaka, a. apprehensive; anxious. Ka manakanaka an ki aku hoa ka riro ra.

Mănăkŏ, v. t. 1. like. au e manako atu ki tera kāi-2, set one's heart on. He manako te koura i kore ai; there are no crayfish because you set your heart on them.

Manamanahau, see manahau.

Mănănă, a. bent. Manana kau ana nga waewae.

manana, n. fishing-rod. (R.)

manana, v. i. give a signal by raising the eyebrows; wink; nod. Manana mai ana ia ki a au.

Mănăpău, n. a tree.

Mănătungă, n. keepsake.

Mănăuhea, a. 1. weak; in ill health. Ka manauhea a roto i a au. 2. reluctant. No roto te ngakaukore, ka manauhea to haramai.

Mănăuri a. sunburnt. Ka manauri tou kiri i te ra.

Mănăwă, n. 1. belly. 2. heart. 3. breath. Ka he toku manawa; I am out of breath; or I am out of heart.

whakamanawa, v. i. have confidence.

Mānawa, n. avicennia tomentosa; mangrove.

Mănăwă-kinŏ, a. internally un-

Manawa-niu, a. stout-hearted; patient.

Mănăwă-pā, a. 1. grudging. 2. loth; reluctant. E manawapa ana ahau ki te korero, kahore Manu, n. 1. bird. 2. boy's kite.

hoki he mea hei hoatutanga maku ki a ia. 3. apprehensive. Kihai matou i manawapa ki o matou whenua kei riro.

Mănăwă-pŏpŏrĕ, a. 1. parsimo-2. considerate nious; stingy. for others.

Manawa-rau, a. internally uneasy.

Mănăwărĕkă, a. pleased; satished. Katahi ano au ka manawareka, ka riro mai hoki te utu o toku kakahu.

Manene, a. importunate; asking again and again. Kaore e tika i a koe nga korero na, e manene na koe ki a tera.

Măněně, n. stranger; one living in a strange country.

Mānĭa, n. plain country.

Mănia, a. 1. slippery. 2. sliding readily over another object. 3. feeling a jarring sensation; set on edge. Ka mania oku niho. tingling. Ka mania nga taringa.

mānĭanĭa, a. noisy.

Mānihi, v. t. make steep. manihi a kona kei eke mai te poaka.—Katahi ka manihitia to matou haere; then we marched in even file.

Mānihirā, n. a small fish.

Măninohea, a. 1. disgusted. hara i te hanga te maninohea o roto o toku puku i te mahi a te tangata ra. 2. offensive; repulsive.

I. Mano, a. thousand.

II. Măno, n. inner part; heart. Kei aua noa atu, kei te mano o te whenua.—He wai manowhenua; a permanent spring of water.

Mănono, n. coprosma grandifolia; a shrub.

Mānŭ, v. i. float; be launched. Ka manu te teretere a Paoa.

Mănumănu, n. collar-bone. Mănumănu, a. rotten.

whakamanu, v. t. disbelieve, I whakamanu au ki nga korero mai.

Mănŭhěkŏ, a. filthy; nasty. Mănŭhĭrĭ, n. visitor; guest.

Manuka, n. leptospermum scoparium or ericoides; shrubs, or trees.

Mānŭkānŭkā, n. anxiety; misgiving.

Manukawhaki, v. t. entice by stratagem.

Măngă, n. 1. branch of a tree, or of a river. 2. brook; watercourse; ditch.

Măngă, n. banacouter; a fish.
Măngă, n. remains of food after
a meal. Ki te kai te tangata
i te manga a te ruwahine, ka
he ia i te ra o te riri, o te
kauanga wai ranei.

Măngăĕkă-tātără, n. a kind of garment.

Māngăi, n. mouth.

Mangaingai, a. slow; moving heavily. Mangaingai ana nga waewae ki te haere.

Māngărŏ, a. mealy.

Măngěmăngě, n. lygodium articulatum; a climbing fern.

Măngĕngĕ, a. benumbed.

māngēngēngē, a. gritty. E mangengenge ana te piki.

Măngĕo, v. i. *itch.* Tu porangi noa ana ki te rakuraku i te mangeo (77).

Māngērē, a. lazy. Mangere hōnĭa, excessively lazy.

Mangi, a. weakened; unnerved; the effect of grief, hunger &c. Kei te mangi noa au ki taku tamaiti ka riro.

Mangiongio, n. chilblain.

Măngō, n. shark; dogfish.

Māngöhē, a. soft. He mangohe noa te powhatu nei.

Măngō-părĕ, n. 1. hammer-headed shark. 2. a pattern of carving.

Măngō-tĭpĭ, n. a pattern of carving.

Măngŭ, a. black.

mangumangu, n. ink.

Mangungu, a. 1. closely knitted, or woven. 2. broken off. Mangungu noa tona waewae i te takanga i runga i te hoiho.

māngūngungu, a. gritty; grating.

Mão, v. i. leave off raining. Kia mao akuanei, ka haere tatou.— He pata whakamao, a clearing shower.

Māoă, ) a. 1. cooked. 2. ripe. Māokā, ) 3. ulcerated.

Măomăo, n. a fish.

Măomăoă, n. first fruits of a kumara-ground. I haere ki te kawe i te maomaoa ki a Uenuku (107).

Maonga, a the same as maoa.

I. Maori, a. 1. native. 2. He wai maori; fresh water.

whakamaori, v. i. render into the Maori language.

II. Maori, v. t. observe; take notice (perhaps used only in calling attention to a fact.) Maori koe kahore he kai o tenei wahi. Maotă, a. fresh-grown; green.

Māpārā, n. 1. gum of the kahikalea tree. 2. wood saturated with gum. 3. comb.

Mapau, or mapou, n. myrsine Urvillei; a shrub or small tree.

whakamapau, v. i. turn brown, or red. Ka whakamapau te tupu o te kai.

Măpu, v. i. 1. whiz; hum. 2. sigh. 3. pant. Tangi ana te mapu i te omanga.

Māpŭa, a. bearing abundance of fruit.

Māpunāpunā, a. rippling. Māpungā, n. large shag. Māpura, n. fire.

Māră, n. plot of ground under cultivation; farm.

I. Mără, n. a term of address to a man. E mara!

II. Mără, a. prepared by steeping in fresh water. He koura mara. --Kahore i mara ta taua koura.

Mărăe, n. enclosed space in front of a house; yard.

Mārākērākē, a. bare; bald.

Mārămă, a. 1. light; not dark. 2. transparent. Marama kehokeho te moana (60). 3. clear sounding; loud. 4. easy to understand.

māramarama, a. somewhat light, Mărămă, n. moon; month.

**Mărămără**, n. chip; splinter; small piece.

Mărăngă, v. i. rise up. Maranga tatou, e ta ma, ka ao te ra.

Mărăngăi, n. 1. east wind. gale of wind, with rain. heavy surf.

Mărăpěkă, n. haliotis virginica, a small species of sea-ear: called also kororiwha.

Mărără, a. scattered; separated. Kua marara ke nga tangata ki a ratou mahinga.

mārārara, a. rather scattered. whakamarara, v. t. scatter.

Mărătĕa, n. a fish.

Mārău, n. fork.

Mărĕ, v. i. cough.

mare, n. cough; phlegm.

Mărĕa, a. many; multitudinous.

mārĕarĕa, n. a fish; the same as inanga.

Mārěhěrěhě, n. trouble.

Mārenā, v. t. marry.

Mārěrě, n. 1. kumara used in certain ceremonies, previous to planting. 2. the first kumara planted with due ceremonies by the tohunga.

Mărere, v. i. 1. drop; fall (of Marchirohi, a. 1. dispirited;

solid bodies). 2. be given. kore e marere atu aku kai (187). 3. die. Kua mărere taku tamaiti i te po nei. 4. let oneself down; get down.

**Mărĕwă**, a. *raised up*. Nawai i raro, a ka marewa ki runga manu ai (155).

Măriăo, n. ulcer.

Mārie, a. quiet; appeased. Kua marie tona ngakau. See marire.

Marie, it is good. Marie ano kia haere mai koe (199).

Măringi, v. i. be spilt.

maringiringi, v. i. be spilt by little and little.

Mărinŏ, a. calm. Aua ra e hoe aianei: kia marino te moana.

marino-to or marino-tokitoki. very calm.

Māripi, n. knife.

Mārĭrĕ, a. quiet; gentle; appeased.

marire, ad. 1. quietly; gently. 2. deliberately. He mea tahu marire toku whare i wera ai. 3. thoroughly; quite. He ui pai marire taku ui.

Mārĭrĭ, a. tranquillized; allayed. Na ka mariri nei te ngakau o Rangi raua ko Tawhiri (6).

Mārō, a. 1. stretched out; stiff. Ka maro a raua aho (25). hard; solid. Ka maro te paru o tenei wahi; me kau tu. unyielding; headstrong.

māroro, a. 1. somewhat stiff &c. 2. strong. E kore pea koe e maroro aianei.

mārō, n. fathom, measured with the arms extended.

whakamaro, v. t. extend &c.

Mărŏ, n. girdle; worn by fe-

Mārŏhĭ, n. 1. common fern; pteris aquilina. 2. fern-root. Ka ngiha te ahi marohi (188).

weary. E marohirohi ana ahau i te roa o te ara. 2. strong.
Mărokău, a. single; unmarried.

Mărŏkě, a. dry. Maroke ki toku korokoro.

whakamaroke, n. eaves of a building.

Măronui, n. married woman whose husband is absent.

Māroro, see under māro.

Maroro, n. flying fish. "He maroro kokoti ihu waka" a proverbial saying for one who falls into the hands of a hostile war party.

whakamaroro, v. i. be quick.

Măroro, a. wasted; destroyed. Kia maroro katoa ai te whenua a Tane i a ia (6).

Măru, n. 1. power; authority.

Na te maru i a ia, koia matou i mataku ai. 2. shield; safeguard. Ko ia to matou rangatira, hei maru mo o matou whenua i reira. 3. a water-plant.

maru, a. shaded; sheltered. Ka marumaru tenei käinga i te rakau.

whakamarumaru, v. t. shade; shelter.

Măru, a. 1. bruised; crushed. 2. killed. Kua maru ke nga poaka te tukituki. 3. cooked. E mauria mai na ko te mea torouka, ko te kete maru.

Mārŭa, n. pit; valley.

Maruaia, n. head.

Mărŭăo, n. dawn of day.

Maruaroa, n. the name of the third month.

Mărŭmărŭăitŭ, v. i. appear suddenly. Na te marumaruaitu o taua tangata ki runga ki a au, na reira au i oho ai.

Mărŭtŭnă, a. bad; worthless.

Mata. n. 1. heap. Na tonu te mata manu a Turei te tiketike. 2. a plant.

I. Mătă, n. 1. face. 2. eye. 3.

edge. 4. point. 5. medium of communication with a spirit. 6. charm. He mata tawhito te karakia a Tamure (172). 7. mesh of a net. 8. a fish.

eaves of a matamata, n. 1. point; extremity.

2. headland. He kino no nga matamata i hoki ai te waka ra.

3. source. Kei nga matamata o te awa.

4. young of nauhuri; a fish.

II. Mătă, a. raw; uncooked; unripe; green. He mata nga kai nei.

Mătā, n. 1. flint, quartz or obsidian, used for cutting. Homai he matā kia haea ki taku kiri.—Mata-waiapu, stone found at Waiapu, near the East Cape.
—Mata-Tuhua, obsidian found at Mayor Island.—Mata-kautete, saw-like weapon, made of shark's teeth fastened to a wooden frame.
—2. lead: bullet.

Mătaāhŏ, n. window.

Mătaară, v. i. watch; keep awake. He kai mataara, a watchman.

Mătaati, a. firsi-procured. Kawea te mea mataati ma te rangatira.

Matahae, n. divergent stream from the main channel of a river.

Mătăhănăhănă, a. blushing; glowing.

Mătăhărehare, a. offensive. Naku te kupu i mataharehare i roto i ta matou korero i te po nei.

Matahi, n. the first and second months of the Maori year; the first being called 'matahi o te tau'; and the second, 'matahi kari piwai'.

Mătăhīāpŏ, a. precious; prized.
Mātăi, v. t. seek to obtain by
artifice; contrive to get without
directly asking. Tau mahi he
matai: kaore koa e whakama?

Mătăi, n. podocarpus spicata, a tree.

Mātāikā, first person taken or killed in fight. Kei a au te mataika.

**Mātăităi**, a. tasting of salt; brackish. He mataitai te wai o tenei kāinga.

mataitai, n. 1. fish. Kai tonu ia i te mataitai o taua roto (78). salt provisions.

Mătăkăhi, n. wedge. Iti te matakahi; paoa atu ano; na, potapota noa

Mătăkănă, a. 1. wary; on the Me matakana nga look out. kanohi i enei rangi e takoto nei. 2. shy; distrustful. Ko nga mea matakana, me whakarata.

Mătăkăwă, a. 1. distasteful. 2. disliking.

Mătăkēkē, a. hating; bearing ill-feeling towards one. Me pena rawa korua ko to taina, me matakeke rawa?

Mātăki, or mātākitāki, v. t. look at; inspect; watch. mea kia matakitaki ia ki taua puhi (175).

Mătăkită, n. one who foresees an event.

matakite, v. i. practise divination. Katahi ia ka tuhi i tona atua, ara ka matakite, hei titiro i tona aitua (175).

Mătăkokiri, n. meleor.

Mătăkomă, a. swollen. He ringa matakoma.

Mătăkŭ, v. i. be afraid. Pass. matakuria, be feared. E kore ia e matakuria e ana pononga. mataku, a. fearful; inspiring

fear.

whakamataku, v. i. terrify.

Mătăkupengă, n. fat which covers the intestines.

Matamata, see under mata. Mātāmua, a. 1. first. Kua oti

noa ake ra hoki i a ia tana matarau, n. 1. forked spear for mahi matamua te whakarite e

ia (14). 2. *elder*. Ae, e o maua matamua, ka tika (12).

Mătănŭi, a. open; above-board.

Mātăngă, a. understanding; experienced. Na nga matanga i hara mai i tap: hi.

Mătăngărŏ, a. Te kaho matangaro, the batten next to the ridge-pole.

Mātăngătă, a. a univalve mollusk.

Mătăngĕrĕngĕrĕ, 1. benumbed; cramped. Ka matangerengere toku ringa. 2. grieved; vexed. 3. ashamed.

Mătăngi, n. wind.

Mātāngŏhĭ, n. first person killed or taken in war. Kei a au te matangohi (119).

Mătăngŭrŭngŭrŭ, a. 1. numbed. Ka matangurunguru oku ringaringa i te kopeke. 2. disappointed; mortified. Haere matangurunguru atu ana.

Mātăo, a. cold. Kia matao nga kumara ka kainga ai.

mataotao, a. cool.

Mătăoră, a. living; alive. kite mataora matou i a Tupe. Mătăoră, n. wedge.

Mătăpihi, n. window.

Mătăpo, a. blind.

te whare.

Mătăpopore, a. watchful over; careful of. Kia matapopore ki nga kai, kei hohoro te pau.

Mătăpouri, a. gloomy; sad. matapouri, n. a species of duck. Mātāpună, n. source of a river. Mătără, a. 1. untied; untwisted. Kua matara te taura. 2. distant. Kia matara atu te turanga mo

Mătărăhi, or mătărărăhi, a. large.

Mătărău, a. having many points; hundred-pointed.

catching fish; grains.

tarakihi.

Mătărĕhĕ, n. a kind of eel.

Mătărěkă, a. pleasunt.

matareka, v. t. like; be fond of. He mea i matarekatia, na reira i okaka ai.

Mătărěkěrěkě, a. benumbed.

Mātārĕrĕ, n. forerunner; harbinger. Kua riro te matarere, a te Manihera.

Mătăriki, n. Pleiades; the sign of the first month.

Mătărŭkŭrŭkŭ, a. 1. benumbed. 2. annoyed. Ko ia na toku matarukuruku.

Mătătă, v. i. 1. be split; gape. Kua matata te kakau o te toki. 2. open. Me kore e matata tona waha ki te whakaatu mai i etahi whakaaro ke e puta ake i roto i a ia.

Mătătā, v. t. 1. carry on a litter. He mea matata te tangata ra. 2. defend with a pad. He mea matata ki te raupo kei tata ki nga kowheka.

matata, n. a shrub.

Mătătāau, v. i. move aside. Matataau koe ki tahaki, he pouri i a matou.

Mătătără, n. dam for water.

Mătătău, a. looking steadily, or constantly. Kia matatau mai koutou ki a matou.

Mătătăwhā, a. open. Kua ara to tamaiti, kua matatawha nga kanohi.

Mătătăa.

Matatea ake nei.

Mătătěngĭ. a. thick. Kia penei te matatengi o te kakahu.

Mătătĭră, a. in a row. Matatira tonu to ratou tu (38).

Mătătouă, a. dimmed. Ka matatoua nga kanohi i te tirohanga.

Mātātū, v. i. begin to flow. Katahi ano te tai ka matatu mai.

fastened to a hoop for catching | Mătătu, a. wakeful. E kore e moe; matatu tonu, kei horo te

Matău, v. t. 1. know; be acquainted with. 2. understand, 3. feel certain of.

whakamatau, v. t. 1. make to know; teach. WHakamatauria ahau ki te reo Maori. 2. make trial of. Kua whakamatau ahau i tera kai; ehara hoki.

Mātău, pron. for matou, we.

Mătău, n. hook.

Mătău, a. right; on the right hand. Kei te taha matau te ara.

Mātāwăi, n. fountain-head.

Mătăwăiă, a. filled with tears. Kua matawaia ona kanohi.

Mātāwero, n. charm for killing a taniwha.

Mătě, a. 1. dead. Ka patua nga tohunga, ka mate (56). 2. extinguished. Ka mate te ahi (25). 3. cut or otherwise prepared for building &c. Ka mate nga rakau mo te whare o NGatikahungunu. 4. sick; ill. Kua mate; kahore i mate rawa (45). 5. overcome with admiration &c. Mate noa ake ki te pai o te wahine ra (167).—Ka mate i te whakama (187). 6. calmed down. Ka mate te moana. moving slowly; slack. Tai mate; slack water.

mate, n. 1. death. 2. sickness.

whakamate, v. t. 1. put to death. 2. cause to be sick.

Mătěnůi, v. t. 1. desire earnestly. 2. shew attention to. Kia matenui koe ki taku teina.

Mātěngă, n. *head*.

Mātěngătěngă, a. 1. benumbed; cramped. 2. aching. Ka matengatenga toku tuara. 3. disgusted. Haere matengatenga atu ana. 4. causing pain. Kia nunui te tao, kia matengatenga ai (118).

Matengi, a. three (R).

Măteohă, a. loving; fond. He mateoha tonu ki a raua i haere tahi tonu ai raua.

Mătěroto, n. miscarriage; abortion.

Mătěwăi, a. thirsty.

Mātĭa, n. spear.

Mătĭhao, n. finger; claw.

Mătihě, v. i. sneeze.

Matĭkă, n. fish-hook.

Matika, v. t. carry on a litter.

Mătikă, v. i. rise up. Kua matika mai nga tangata.

Mătikără, n. 1. finger. 2. fish-hook.

Mătikě, v. i. rise from a recumbent position.

Matiko, v. i. 1. descend. Matiko iho ki raro (R.). 2. run.

Mătikuku, n. nail of a finger or toe; claw; hoof.

Mătimăti, n. toe.

Mătire, and matiretire, n. wand used in the ceremony of pure. He rau kei runga, he kawa: kahore he rau, he matire.

Matĭrŏ, v. t. beg for food.

Mātĭtĭ, n. a dry branch of a tree, frequented by birds and resorted to for the purpose of catching them.

Mātītore, a. split. Kua matitore te rakau.

Mătă, n. deep swamp; deep valleu.

matomato, a. 1. cool. He wai matomato, he hohonu. 2. green; growing vigorously.

Mătŏhă, a. 1. untied; undone. 2. lost.

Mātŏkě, a. cold.

Matoro, v. t. woo; pay addresses to (131).

Mātŏrŭ, n. crowd. Ko tetahi, hopu noa ai i waenga parae; ko tetahi, tiki tonu ai i roto i te matoru tangata.

mātotoru, a. thick. Kia matotoru nga toetoe mo te whare.

matorutoru, a. benumbed.

Mātou, pr. we, excluding the person addressed.

Mătŭ, n. fat.

Mātŭa, ad. first. Matua ano tenei e hanga.

mātŭa, and mātŭatŭa, a. important; large; abundant. He matua te ika o tera kāinga.

mātua, n. 1. main body of an army. 2. plural of mătŭa,

parents.

Matua, n. 1. parent, and more especially, father. Ko te matua o Tawhaki i mauria matetia atu, ko te wahine anake i haere ora (46).—plural matua. 2. division of an army; company; plural matua. Ko nga matua a nga tuakana, he maha ano nga tangata (101).

Mătŭakūmără, n. geranium dissectum, a plant.

Mātuatua, n. a kind of eel. See also under Mātua.

Mătŭkŭ, n. bittern, a bird called also matuku-hūrēpo.

matuku-moana, a bird frequenting the sea shore.

matukutuku, n. 1. a bird. 2. a species of moss.

Māturuturu, v.i. trickle in drops; distil.

Matutu, a. 1. convalescent. 2. remedied. Ka matutu te mate o te turoro.

I. Mău, n. productions of the earth. He mau pai nga mau o tenei kainga.

II. Mău, v. t. 1. carry. E mau ana i nga hoe ki te waka. 2. take up; lay hold of (followed by ki). Ka mau a Tutanekai ki ona kahu, ki tana patu (133).

III. Mău, a. 1. fixed. Ka toia a Tainui, kaore i paneke; te maunga iho ano, mau tonu (75). 2. continuing; lasting. Ka riro i nga tama a Rangitihi a Rotorua; mau nei, mau nei, a whakatupuria noatia nga mano tangata nei i reira (103).—Kia mau! stay! 3. confined; restrained. 4. overtaken. Katahi ka whaia; mau rawa atu ki Te Hoe. 5. seized. Te taenga ki Turanga ka mau i a Piki. 6. Ka mau te wehi! How dreadful.

Mau, pron. 2nd person singular with preposition ma; for thee. See ma.

Māuă, pron. we two; excluding the person addressed.

Măuāhārā, v. i. cherish ill-feeling, or hatred. E mauahara tonu ana taua tangata ki a au. Măuātără, a. on one side.

Maui, a. left; on the left hand. Ka tae ki te pekanga o te ara, me haere ki maui.

Māŭiŭi, a. weuried. Ka mauiui oku pokohiwi i te amohanga i te wahie.

Mauka, a. dry (R.).

Măukŏrŏ, n. carmichælia australis, a shrub.

Măuku, n. hymenophyllum of various species.

māŭkŭŭkŭ, n. a plant.

Măumău, v. t. waste. Ka raruraru nga rangatira o te Arawa mo te maumaunga i a ratou kura (79).

maumau, ad. to no purpose. Maumau kake noa ahau ki runga ki te maunga. See mau.

Māŭnŭ, n. bait.

Măunu, v. i. 1. be drawn from belt, sheath &c. Maunu te paraoa, kua motu te upoko (102). 2. come out; be loosened. Ka maunu te kakau o te toki. 3.

be taken off, as clothes &c. Ka maunu nga kakahu ka rere ki te wai. 4. set forth; emigrate. Ka maunu taua hunga, ka whai haere ano i a raua (68).

Măungă, n. 1. mountain. 2. see under mau III.

Măungărŭa, n. rat.

Mauranga, n. from mau II.

Măurě, n. twelfth day of the moon's age;—the moon at 11 days old. Me te maure ka puta ake i te pae (167).

Măurĕa, n. a spiral shell.

Mauri, n. 1. heart; seat of fear &c. Ka oho taku mauri i te puhanga o te pu. 2. poles of mapou used in the "pure" ceremony, sometimes called "tokomauri". 3. sacred offering. Ka taia [te karangu] e te tohunga ki te mauri. 4. twenty eighth day of the moon's age.

Māŭrŭ, n. north west wind.

Măuru, a. quieted; eased. Ka mauruuru te mamae; the pain is somewhat eased.

whakamauru, i. v. t. 1. quiet; appease. 2. keep steady. Puritia te taura hei whakamauru. ii. v. i. subside. E whakamauru ana mai te tangi o te pu.

Mău-tără-kini, a. held by the point; or by one end.

Maute, n. fire (R.).

Măuwhă. n. small bushes; brushwood. Ka ngaro ki ro mauwha.

Māwākē, n. S. E. sea breeze. (perhaps peculiar to the district South of the East Cape).

Măwěhě, v. i. be separated. Katahi ka mawehe a Rangi raua ko Papa (4).

Măworă, a. 1. broken into separate masses, as clouds. He mawera te rangi; he uāpo. 2. uneasy in mind. Ka nui toku mawera.

Măwětě, a. untied. Kua mawete te kawe.

Māwhāi, n. sicyos angulatus; a plant.

Măwhăki, a. broken. Kua mawhaki taku ngira.

Mæwhærŭ, n. thirteenth day of the moon's age; the moon at 12 days old.

Mawhatu, a. hanging in curls; covered with curly hair. He upoko mawhatu.

Măwhĕră, a. open.

mawhera, n. mouth (R.).

Mawheto, a. untied; loosened.

Măwhiti, v. i. 1. leap; skip. 2. escape.

māwhītīwhītī, n. grasshopper.
Māwhītī, n. white dogskin mat;
the same as mahiti.

- I. Me, conj. 1. if; generally implying the reverse of the condition expressed. Me he manu kua rere noa atu (16).—He tika me i te tohe tonu ki te karanga (148).—Often in the form 'me he mea', if the case were that &c. Me he mea na te tangata tenei mahinga, e kitea te whariki o te waka. 2. as if; like; as it were. Me he kawau pu te ahua (138).—Rite tahi me tenei.
- II. Me, prep. with; denoting concomitance or concurrence in time; often to be rendered by and. Ka puta te hau, te ua, te whatitiri, me te ngaru katoa o te moana (93).—Kei te kai ano ratou, me tana tikanga ano o aua rangi o mua ra; me te kai, me te tangi (94).

III. Me, verbal particle, forming a kind of imperative future. When used with a transitive verb, the verb frequently has a passive signification. Me hoe rawa ki te au o te moana (21). Let [our canoe] be paddled away to mid-ocean.—Ae, me haere ke atu au (10). Yes, I had better go away.—The following usage also is not unfrequently met with. Kati me he purupuru i nga korero. Leave off interfering with freedom of speech.

Mea, n. 1. thing. Ko te mea tenei i korero ra ahau ki a koe. 2. a substitute for another noun; sometimes to be rendered by "one", and sometimes not to be translated. Tirohia mai tetahi kowhatu, hei te mea nui.—He mea whakairi ki runga noi ai (11).—Te mea kaha o ratou, ko Pitaka. 3. such a one. mea ma, such and such persons.

I te mea, when. Ki te mea, in case that; if. Me he mea if the case where that. Me te mea, as if it were; like. Mo te mea, and No te mea, because.

mea, v. t. 1. do. Often as a substitute for a more definite word. Meatia te mea nei. 2. cause. Nana ano i mea kia pa ia (16). 3. say. Ka mea atu a Manaia, 'Kau mai; kahore he wai' (120). 4. intend; wish. I mea hoki ratou kia tirohia paitia ia (193). Ka mea a Ha, ka 5. think. mate ia (96). 6. to denote lapse of time, when it may sometimes be rendered, go on. Me te rere haere te waka ra, a te Arawa; mea, mea, a, ka taka kei waho o Maketu (74).—Mea kau ake, very soon; immediately.

Měakě, ad. (mea ake) soon.
Meatingia, a passive of mea.
Měhăměhă, a. lonely; solitray.
Mehameha kau ana tenei whenua.

Mehemea, conj. if. me.

Měho, a. false. He meho! Fudge! a contemptuous contradiction.

Mēhŭa, n. or v. t. measure.

MEI, n. the month of May.

Meinga, ) passives of mea;

Meingatia, ( see mea.

Meka, a. true. Only in the exposition, He meka, he meka! True, true!

Měkăměkă, n. chain.

Měkari, ad. within a little. Mekari tatou mate.

Měkě, v. t. strike with the fist. Měkě, n. pounded fernroot.

Měko, v. t. withhold; refuse to give. Ka meko to tangata nei i tana waka.

Měkŏrě, ad. within a little. kore e tahuri te poti.

Měměhň, v. i. be dissolved; pass away. Kua memeha ke te haupapa i te whitinga o te ra.

Memene, see under mene.

Memenge, see under menge.

I. Mene, v. i. be assembled. mene mai nga tangata o te kai-

whakamene, v. t. call together. II. Mene, menemene, memene, v. i. shew wrinkles. Ka memene ona paparinga. he smi-

Menge, měměngě, a. 1. shrivelled, withered. Ka koroheketia ka memenge nga ringa nga uaua. 2. wrinkled. Titiro ai au ki te paparinga o te tangata ki te the cheeks in smiling).

Měrě, n. a stone weapon for hand to hand fighting. sometimes called meremere.

Měrěkárá, n. miracle.

Měrěngĭ, n. *melon*.

Mērčiti, a. small; inconsiderable. He meromeroiti kau te mate. Mětărărăhi, a. great.

See under Měto, a. putrid. Ka metoa nga tawatawa.

Miěrě, n. honey.

Mīĕrĕ, v. i. become powerless; be exhausted. Ka powharu Waikato, ka miere Tauranga.

I. Miha, n. distant descendant. Tupu rawa i te miha, katahi ka ngakia tona mate.

Mĭhă, v. i. wonder.

Miharo, v. t. wonder at; admire. Pass, miharotia, be regarded with wonder or admiration.

miharo, a. causing wonder. mahi miharo te mahi a te pakeha.

Mĭhĭ, v. t. 1. greet. Mihi atu ana, mihi ana mai; ka mutu te mihimihi, ka ui (122). 2. acknowledge an obligation. 3. sigh for; lament. No reira i mihi ai a Tuau ki ana tamariki me tana wahine (111).

Mīkārā, n. knife.

Mĭkŏ, n. areca sapida; New Zealand palm-tree.

Mĭmĭ, v. i. make water.

mimi, n. urine.

Mĭmĭhă, n. 1. a black bituminous substance found in the sea. 2.

Mimira, v. t. fasten on the haumi or bow-piece to the body of a canoe.

Mimiro, v. t. draw together the sides of a canoe. Koia i ki ai au kia mimirotia to tatou waka inaianei. See also under miro. Mimiti, see under miti.

memenge (of the wrinkling of Mina or minamina, v. t. have a longing for. Minamina ana taku kaki ki te kai reka. Minamina. auahi, taste of smoke.

> Minaka, v. t. desire. E minaka ana taku waha ki te kai nei.

Mĭnĕ, v. i. be assembled. whakamine, v. t. assemble.

Mingi, n. cyathodes acerosa; a tree.

Mĭngŏ, a. curled; curly. mĭmĭngŏ, a. shrivelled up. mingomingo, a. crisped; frizzl-

Mĭră, n. mill.

Mĭră, n.

mira-tuatini, a saw-like weapon made of sharks' teeth fastened to a piece of wood.

miramira, n. uvula.

miramira, a. at a red heat. Ka roa te kainga a te ahi, na, miramira kau ana te rino.

miramira, v. t. give prominence to. Naku i miramira te korero na.

whakamira, n. lower portion of a fishing-line, protected by a thread wound tightly round it.

whakamiramira, v. t. make much of; treat with deference. He mea whakamiramira naku taku tamaiti; kei a koe ka tonoa.

Mīrā, v. t. tend carefully; cherish. Mĭrī, n. a mat like the korowai, but of a coarser description.

Mĭrĭ, v. t. 1. rub. 2. shell maize; separate the grain from the cob. 3. pass close to; touch in passing. Kia miri kau to tatou waka i te taha o te toka.

Miro, n. podocarpus ferruginea, a tree.

Miro, v. t. spin; twist. Miroa he aho hi ika ma tatou.

miro, n. 1. thread. 2. whirling current of water.

mimiro, v. i. move swiftly. Haere, miroia, kia tere te haere.

miromiro, n. petroica toitoi, a small bird.

Mĭtĭ, v. t. lick; lick up.

mimiti, a. 1. dried up. Kua mimiti te wai o te repo. 2. swallowed up; exterminated. E! ka mimiti toku iwi, akuanei pea ka mate hoki ko au.

Mo, prep. 1. for; on account of.

Ka kawe nei a Tinirau ki te

rapu utu mo tana tamaiti (38).

2. for the benefit of; for the use of. NGa aruhe hei o mo te taua (40).—Ka wahia i te tungaroa he ara whakaputanga mo tana tamaiti ki waho (52).

3. for i. e. to hold &c. Me raranga he kete mo nga kai.

4. against; in preparation for. Kia angiangi ai te poho o te tangata mo te turanga i te aroakapa o te haka (166).

Mŏa, n. 1. dinornis of various species; extinct birds. 2. a kind of stone. 3. bed or raised plat in a garden.

whakamoa, v. t. lay in a heap. WHakamoaina nga powhatu.

Moănă, n. 1. sea. 2. roof of a kumara rua.

Mŏanărŭa, v. t. repair a mat by weaving a fresh piece. Kua tawhito te remu, kua wera ranei tetahi wahi, ka moanaruatia; ka natia houtia a runga o te wahi i ora, a taea noatia te whiri.

Moari, n. a kind of swing.

Moariari, v.i. 1. escape narrowly.

Ko hea te moariaritanga o te tawhiti nei inanahi. 2. be alarmed at sudden danger of another person.

Mŏată, a. early in the morning. Kia moata ki te whariki mo te kainga nei (192).

Mõe, i. v. i. 1. sleep. 2. dream. ii. v. t. marry. I whakaaro ia kia moe ia i a Te WHatuiapiti, hei tane pai mana (165).

whakamoe, v. t. 1. put to sleep.

2. close the eyes. Ka whakamoea nga kanohi, ko te tangata ia e ara ana.

3. give in marriage. Ko taku tuahine ra kia whakamoea ma taku hoa takatapui ma Tiki (135).

momoe, a. 1. of a drowsy habit 2. keeping the eyes closed. Nana

ano i momoe noa; na, ka mate Mohoririwai, a. weak; (of the tera iwi (62).

moenga, n. bed.

Mŏeahŭ, n. melicytus ramiflorus, a tree. Te tino motumotu mo tatou, ko moeahu.

Mŏehĕwä, v. i. dream.

Mŏemĭtĭ, v. t. praise.

whakamoemiti, v. t. praise. Ka kite a Paoa i reira i te kuku o Waiau, ka whakamoemiti ki Moimoi, v. t. call a dog. reira (196).

Mŏemŏeā, n. dream.

Mŏenănŭ, v. i. talk in one's sleep. Moenga, see under moe.

Mŏeŏně, n. a kind of grub.

Mŏetītŏrŏ, v. i. sleep wakefully. Mŏetŏrŏpŭkŭ, v. i. sleep wakefully.

Mohani. n. fern-root.

Mŏhĕ.

momohe, a. flaccid. Heoi ka momohe rapea ona tuatara (154). Moheke, n. thick fern-root.

Möhi, n. a fish.

Mohio, v. t. understand; recognize. Mau e whakahua atu i tou ingoa, a ka mohio mai ia ki a koe

mohio, a. 1. wise; intelligent. 2. suspicious. Me pehea ra ka whiti ai au, ina hoki e mohio tonu ana te iwi nei (132).

whakamohio, v. t. 1. teach; cause to understand. 2. hint one's meaning in a song.

**M**ŏhŏ, n. 1. a bird. 2. a fish. 3. blockhead. 4. trouble. Ko te moho tena.

whakamoho, v. i. steal softly on any one. Me ata whakamoho atu.

Mohoa, ad. to the present time. I a au ano i Poihakena, a mohoa noa nei toku mate.

Mohoso, n. man of the woods; barbarian. Kahore he kupu a te mohoao (139).

Mohoku, pron. for moku.

eyes). He kanqhi mohoririwai. Mohu, v. i. smoulder. Ka kā mohu te kakahu.

Mohunga, a. crushed; pulpy.

mohungahunga, a. crumbling; mealy.

Moī, v. i. turn sour; ferment. Na te werawera i moi ai a tatou kai.

Mōĭoĭo, a. growing weakly. Moioio ana te tupu.

Moiri, a. suspended over. Ka moiri te ra ki te pae.

Moka, n. 1. end; extremity. Kei tera moka o te pa tona whare. 2. a kind of caterpillar.

whakamomoka, i. v. i. go stealthily. Kia ata whakamomoka atu kei oho nga parera. ii. v. t. 1. seek in a stealthy manner. tatou e whakamomoka he wahi ruru mo to tatou waka. 2. waylay. I haere mai te Hauhau ki te whakamomoka pu ma ratou.

Moka, n. muzzle for the mouth of a beast.

whakamokā, v.t. muzzle. WHakamokatia to kuri.

Mokăi, n. captive; slave.

mokamokai, and mokaikai, n. 1. bird or animal kept in confinement. 2. dried human head; anything kept as a curiosity &c.

Moke, n. solitary person. moke taua tangata, e noho ana ko ia make i tona kainga.

mokemoke, a. solitary; lonely. Mokěhů, n. white claystone.

**Mŏkĭ**, n. a fish. mokimoki, a. a plant.

Mokī, or mokihi, n. raft generally made of flags or rushes.

Mokinokino, a. lowering; threatening. He rangi mokinokino. Moko, n. 1. tattoo marks on the

face or body. 2. lizard. mokomoko, n. lizard.

Mokomokorea, a. scarce; solitary. Ka haere ka mokomokorea te tangata, me noho ki te ngaki kai.

Mŏkŏpŭnä, n. grandchild; child of a son, daughter, nephew, niece &c.

Mŏkŏrăhĭ. a. great. Me he mea i mokorahi ake nei te hau nei. kari ana tera i roto i te whare.

mokorahi, n. extent.

Mŏkŏwhĭtĭ, v. i. jump.

Moku, pron. first person singular with the preposition mo, for me. See mo.

Momi, v. t. suck: suck up.

Momipu, a. small. Momipu te kaitaka i te paraikete.

Momo, n. 1. offspring. He momo no Hinematioro. 2. race; breed.

Momoe, see under moe.

Momohanga, n. remnant. ata kai i nga kai, ka whanatu hoki ka momohangatia.

Momohe, see under mohe. Momoka, see under moka.

Momona, a. fat; rich; fertile. He whenua momona.

Momono, see under mono.

Momori, see under mori.

Mŏmote, see under mote.

Momoto, see under moto.

Momotu, see under motu.

Momotu, n. firebrand. Monă, n. knot of a tree.

Monă, pron. 3rd person singular

with preposition mo, for him; for her. See mo.

Monā, n. scar; trace.

Monaroa, a. loitering. Ehara i te hanga te monaroa o te tangata nei; ka kitea pea e ia te kore, ka hoki mai.

Monehu, n. young sprout of fern. monenehu, n. a kind of kumara. monenehu, a. almost out of sight. Ka whakamonenehu te waka.

Moni, n. money.

Monia, a. set on edge. Ka monia aku niho.

moniania, n. fear. Ka hemo te moniania o te patu.

Monimoni, v. i. be consumed. Monimoni noa nga kumara o taku rua i te kiore.

Mono, v. t. 1. plug; caulk. Kei te mono i te pakaru o te waka. 2. disable by means of charms, or incantations. Ka mutu te teka, ka maranga ko te mono. momono, v. t. disable by incan-

tations.

monomono, a. unpleasant to the smell.

Mŏrě, n. 1. tap-root. 2. a fish. moremore, v. t. make bald or bare; strip of branches &c. Kua moremorea tera taha o te ra-

moremorenga, n. end; extremity. Te Moremorenga o te ihu.— Te moremorenga o te poho, the lower end of the breast-bone.

Morea, n. remnant. I haere mai au, tenei herehere, kia kite i enei morea kawana.

morearea, a. 1. lonely; dreary. Kaore au e noho i konei i te morearea i a au. 2. sorrowful. Ko tera kua mate; ko te morearea kau ki nga hoa noho.

Morěhů, n. survivor.

Morere, v. i. swing.

Morewa, a afloat. Kia morewa atu to tatou waka ki waho.

Mori.

(27).

morimori, a. shorn of brunches. He rakau morimori, e kore e taea te piki.--Morimoringa kai, removal of the 'tapu' from crops. whakamomori, v. i. commit suicide, or any other act of desperation. Ka haere rawa i konei ki te wkakamomori ki te moana, kia kainga e te taniwha

Morikarika, a. 2. detesting.

Moriroriro, v. i. 1. be almost out of sight; be just visible. Moriroriro kau ake i roto i te wai. 2. become estranged. Kei te moriroriro tatou.

Mŏrŏĭtĭ, a. small.

Mŏrŏkĭ, ad. expressing continuance, in the phrase, Moroki noa nei (165); quite up to the present time.

whakamoroki, v. i. remain unmoved; repress one's feelings.

Mororiki. a. small.

Mororohū, n. flea.

Morunga, a. on high; lifted up. Kua morunga mai te ra.-A ka morunga ake taua whare (21).

Mŏtě, v. t. suck. E kore e motea te u o te koka i te nui o te mate.

mote, n. water. Kia maha nga kai ki te mote.

Kua momote, ad. clandestinely. pau te rahui a Pahe te kai momote.

Motes, a. white-faced.

moteatea, 1. fearful; fainthearted. 2. scrupulous; hesitating. Ka moteatea au ki te patu i taua tangata.

Mŏtĕngĭ, a. placed aloft. Kia motengi te kai ki runga kei

pau.

Moti, a. consumed; scarce. Tuku rawa matou ki a matou kai kua

whakamoti, v. t. destroy; extirpate.

Motihetihe, n. a bird.

motihetihe, a. having the hair Mowai, v. i. become moist; wastanding on end.

Motiro, v. t. beg. He tangata Mowhiti, n. ring; hoop. motiro te tangata nei.

Mŏtŏ, or mŏmŏtŏ, v. t. strike with the fist; box. moto, n. blow with the fist.

1. abominable. Motohe, a. 1. obstinate. te iwi motohe ki te haere. 2. irresistible. He motohe te rongoa i homai nei.

> Motoi, n. ear-ornament made of green-stone.

Motoi, v. t. beg.

I. Motu, a. 1. severed. Katahi ka tikina rawatia ki te putake tapahi mai ai, ka motu (42). 2. partially severed; wounded by a cut. Kei motu koe i te toki na. 3. set free by severance; escaped. Me te weka ka motu i te mahanga (170).

motu, n. 1. anything isolated as an island; clump of trees &c.

2. cut; wound.

motumotu, a. divided into isolated portions. E! ka motumotu rapea te whenua e haerea ana e Te Ponga ma (171).

motumotu, or momotu, n. firebrand.

momotu, v. t. sever; separate. Motuhia atu etahi ma NGatiawa. II. Mŏtŭ, a. cold. He wai motu. Mŏtŭhăkĕ, a. separated.

Mötühängä, n. from mömötű: see under motu.

Mötühängä, a. mealy; floury. He roi motuhanga.

Mou, pron. 2nd person singular with preposition mo, for thee. See mo.

Moŭa, n. back of the neck.

Moumouranga, n. 1. betrothal. 2. connection by marriage.

Mounga, n. 1. half burnt stick. 2. (for maunga) mountain. (for maunga, from mau) circumstance of being fast &c.

ter. Ka mowai toku waha.

mowhiti, eyes with rings, i.e. spectacles.

Mowhiti, v. i. (for mokowhiti) jump.

Mua, n. 1. the front; the fore part. 2. former time. Ki mua; i mua &c. before; first. te kauae o tona tupuna kua Murere, a. clever; knowing. riro mai koa i mua atu (19). Ki mua i; i mua i; hei mua i &c. in advance of; previous to. He ingoa ano to taua awa i mua atu i to ratou taenga ki reira (123). a mua, henceforth.

muanga, a. first-born; elder. Ka whakanuia ake tana tamaiti muringa, ka whakaititia iho ana muanga (103).

MUERA, n. mule.

Mahore, a. unsuccessful in fishing &c.

Mŭhŭ, v.t. push one's way through bushes &c. He ara muhu, a path along which one has to push one's way.

Mühükăi, a. absent; inattentive. Ka mahi te taringa muhukai, e kore e rongo ki tetahi mana kupu.

Mŭi, v. t. swarm round; infest. Mui noa, ohu noa te tuiau.

Mŭkă, n. prepared fibre of New Zealand flax.

Mŭkŭ, and mukumuku, v. t. wipe; rub.

Mumuhau, n. eddy wind. puta te mumuhau, ka tahuri te waka.

Mŭnă, v. t. tell or speak of privately. Te wa i munaia atu ra ki ona tangata (170).

Mŭnă, n. ringworm.

Mura, mumura, muramura, v. i. 1. blaze. Ka mura te ahi. 2. glow; show a brilliant colour. Te rata e mumura atu ana i uta nei (113).

Mūrěi, v. t. plunder. Hoki atu koutou ka murei.

Mŭrěmŭrě, v. t. return to a thing frequently.

muremure, n. 1. a grub; the

same as moeone. 2. one who spunges on others; trencherfriend.

I. Muri, n. 1. the rear; the hinder part. 2. subsequent time. Ki muri; i muri &c. afterwards. —Ki muri i, after; subsequent to.-A muri, hereafter.

muringa, a. youngest. Tana tamaiti muringa (12). He muringa, or muringa iho; afterwards; at length.

II. Mŭri, n. breeze.

Mŭrikokai, n. back of the head. Muringa, see under muri I.

Mŭrĭtăi, n. sea-breeze. Mŭrĭwăi, n. backwater.

Mŭrŭ, v. t. 1. wipe; rub. 2. pluck off leaves &c.; gather. Ka noho ki raro, kei te muru whanake, kei te whiri taura (150). 3. plunder. Ka murua

te kainga o Tipitaha.

Mŭtŭ, a. 1. brought to an end abruptly; left off. Ka mutu ta matou mahi. 2. cropped; having the end cut off; mutilated. He ringa mutu. 3. come or gone without exception. Mutu katoa mai nga tangata ki te kawanatanga; kahore he rerenga.

mutu, v. t. cut short. Me mutu i konei.

mutu, n. perch, being part of an apparatus for snaring birds.

mutumutu, v. t. crop off appendages as hair, branches &c. Katahi ka mutumutua e te tuahine (42).

whakamutu, v. t. 1. leave off. 2. cause to be left off.

whakamutunga, n. youngest son. Na te kaha o te whakamutunga, nana i tango ake, ana, ka whai whenua (29).

Mŭtŭwhěnŭa, n. the moon at 28 days old.

Digitized by Google

## N.

at the commencement of a narrative, or of a particular stage in a narrative. Na, tenei ano te take i haere mai ai a Turi ki tenei motu (107)—to introduce some new element into a narrative; or to introduce an emphatic statement to which especial attention is desired to be drawn. 2. denoting position near, or some connection with the person spoken to. Ko te wai heru tena na; ko te wai whakaata tenei na (54).

nănă, int. see!

Nă, prep. 1. by; made by; acted on in any way by; the verb explaining the character of the action being in the active form. Na wai koe i homai ki konei? (38) begotten by. Na wai koe? (57) 2. possessed by; belonging to. Na Ihenga tena kupenga. 3. by reason of; on account of. Na te kino hoki i mahue ai te whenua (82).—Na reira i tika ai ta ratou heke mai (68). 4. by way of. I haere na uta.

Na, v. i. be satisfied. Tangohia tenei kakahu kia na ai tou ngakau.

whakana, v. t. satisfy.

Naenae, n. musquito. Naeroa, n. musquito.

Nahaku, for naku, by me; belonging to me &c. See na.

Nahau, for nau, by thee; belonging to thee &c. See na.

Năhău, a. quick. Compare ngahau.

Năhea, a. long (in time). Ka nahea te ngaronga atu o Moka.

Năhinăhi, n. convolvulus sepium; a plant.

Nă, ad. 1. used to call attention at the commencement of a narrative, or of a particular stage in a narrative. Na, tenei and

Nākāhi, n. serpent.

Năkinăki, n. a plant.

Nāku, pron. 1st person singular with preposition na, by me; be-longing to me &c. See na.

Näku, nänäku, v. t. dig; scratch. nakunaku, i. v. t. reduce to fragments. Nakunakua te wahie. ii. v. i. be broken to pieces; be crushed. Patua rawatia, kohungahunga ana tera; nakunaku noa iho.

Nămu, n. small fly.

whakanamunamu, v. i. appear like a speck in the distance. Hoki rawa mai, ehara, kua whakanamunamu kau mai nga ra o te waka (71).

namunamu, n. blistering plaster. Nānā, v. t. tend carefully; nurse. Nānā, preposition na with personal pronoun of 3rd person

singular. See na.

Nănă, a. in a passion; raging. Nana noa ana ki te tutu whare mana.

Nănă, n. eyebrow. Ka hiia tera nga nana, ka riri.

Nănăhu, a. well executed. Nanahu ana tera te whakairo o te hanga nei.

Nănăkia, a. outrageous; fierce. Ka mate korua; he nanakia te iwi nei (46).

Nănăkŭ, see under naku.

Nanao, see under nao.

Nanati, see under nati.

Nănău, see under nau.

Nanawa, see under nawe.

Năně, n. dog.

nanenane, n. 1. rotten kumara. 2. goat.

kai nanea.

I. Nănī, n. wild cabbage; wild turnip.

II. Nănī, a. noisy. Ko wai te iwi e nani mai ra? Compare ngangi.

Nănihi, a. distant. Kua nanihi noa atu te haere a Titore.

whakanano, v. t. discredit. Ha! to whakanano ki taku korero!

Nănŭ, a. 1. mixed; confused. 2. indistinct: inarticulate. Kua nanu te reo (42).

nanu, v. i. murmur; express disappointment, or dissatisfaction. Ka tahi, ka rua, ka toru nga kiore, ka pau aku kai: ko te nanu e waiho i a au.

Moe-nanu, talk in one's sleep. whakananu, v. t. mix; confuse. Não, nănão, v. t. handle; feel with the hand; take hold of.

Katahi a Kupe ka nanao iho ki tana taha, ka whina atu ki te wai (110).

naonao, n. small moth; midge. Kei te pokai naonao te ahua. whakanaonao, v. i. appear like a speck in the distance.

Năpě, 1. weave. 2. jerk. Ka mau te ika, napea, kia kaha te nape. 3. say falteringly; missay. Pawera tonu tona papa ki te napenga o tana karakia tohi (17). nape, n. fishing line.

Năpi, nănăpi, v. i. cling tightly. Kia mau te nanapi ou ringa-

ringa, kei taka koe.

Năti, nănăti, v. t. 1. pinch or contract, as by means of a ligature &c. Nanati i te kaki; throttle; strangle. 2. fasten raupo on the walls of a house. Tokohia nga tangata i natia ai te whare nei. 3. restrain; stifle. Kaua e natia taku korero.

Nănea, a. copious; satisfying. He natinati, or nanati, a. pinched; Ka natinati toku constricted. korokoro.

> Nătŭ, v. t. 1. scratch. He kararehe natunatu. 2. stir up; Ka natua te kai ki te mix. hinu.

> Nau, preposition na with pronoun of the 2nd person singular, by or belonging to thee. See na.

Nău. v. i. come. Nau mai.

naunau, v. t. take up. Kihai i tae te naunau.

naunau, a. *angry*.

whakanau, v. t. refuse. matou e ahei te whakanau atu.

whakananau, v. i. be angry.

Năuhĕa, n. vagabond.

Năuhŭrĭ, n. a fresh-water fish.

Năumăi, welcome!

naumai, n. guest. Waiho au kia mahi ana i taku mahi; ko aku naumai kia tae mai ki a au.

Naunau, see under nau.

Năupătă, n. a shrub.

Năupiro, n. a shrub. Nāwăi, ad. denoting regular process of time, and always followed by a. Nawai i tata, a ka matara atu ki tawhiti (121). After having been near for some time they came at length to be a long distance off.—Nawai, a ka awatea; at length, or in due course day dawned.

Năwe, nănăwe, v. i. 1. be set Meake nawe to kaon fire. kahu. 2. be kindled or excited (as feelings). Nanawe ake ana te aroha i a au ki taku potiki. 4. be unmoveable. Toto noa nga tangata o era wahi i a koe; kaore, kei te nanawe ano.

whakananawe, 1. v. i. loiter, dawdle. E whakananawe atu

Digitized by Google

te haere. 2. v. t. fasten. He tau mo te patu hei whakananawe ki te ringa mau ai.

năwě, n. scar.

Nē, ad. interrogative, giving emphasis to a question, request, or proposal. Ka haere au ki te tiki ahi, ne? (23) I will go to fetch some fire; shall 1? I. Něhě, n. rafter of a house (R.)

nehenehe, n. forest.

whakanehenehe, v. i. quarrel.

n. ancient times. II. Nehe. He korero na ne-Nehera, hera.

Něhů, n. dust.

nehu, v. t. bury.

nehunehu, a. dusky.

whakanehu, v. t. reduce to powder.

Něhůtěi, n. spray from the sea. Něi, ad. denoting position near, or some kind of connection with the speaker. E koro, haria nga toki nei (50).—Often used in relative clauses. Te tohunga e tarai nei i te waka.

Něiněi, v. i. stretch forwards in readiness to fly. E neinei ana te pane o te parera.

whakaneinei, v. i. stretch forwards. Kei te whakaneinei te kaki ki te parua o te kohanga. neinei, n. dracophyllum latifo-

lium; a shrub. Někě, v. t. or v. i. move.

atu koe ki ko.

whakanekeneke, v. t. cause to move along.

Neke

někě, n. roller on which a canoe is dragged.

NEKE, n. snake.

Neko, n. a mat.

Někuněku, v. i. decline as the Ka nekuneku te ra; e kore tatou e tae.

Něně, int. calling attention.

ana ki muri; e kore e hohoro whakanene, v. i. 1. jest; sport. E whakanene mai ra nga tamariki. 2. quarrel.

Nětĭ, n. a small dart used in play.

Niao, n. 1. gunwale of a canoe. 2. edge of any open vessel. Nĭhĭ.

nĭnĭhĭ, a. steep.

ninihi, v. i. move stealthily, steal away.

whakaninihi, v. i. move stealthily. Ka whakaninihi i runga i nga kauaeroa.

Nĭhŏ, n. tooth. Niho tapahi; front tooth. Niho kata; eye tooth. Niho pu, or niho purakau: double tooth. Niho waha, or niho hawa; broken tooth. Niho tunga; decayed tooth; toothache.

whakanihoniho, v. i. 1. grow in the shape of teeth. WHakanihoniho ana te rea o nga parareka nei. 2. quarrel. te whakanihoniho nga tamariki.

Nīkău, n. areca sapida or New Zealand palm.

**Nĭkŏ,** v. t. *tie*. Me niko mai te whakaheke.

Nĭkŏ, n. wild cabbage.

Nĭnĭa, v. i. glow. E ninia te taha o te rangi, ka wera te Tihi-o-Manono (61).

Ninihi, see under nihi.

Nĭu, n. certain small sticks used for purposes of divination.

Niwha, n. barb of a fishhook.

whakaniwha, v. t. furnish with a barb.

No, prep. 1. from; of; belonging to. (a) as part to the whole. He tikitiki no tona mahunga te harakeke i Otoi? (141) (b) as inhabitant to country. No hea koe? No konei ano (23).— No tawhiti tenei tira, no Piako (188).(c) as parent to child. He matua nona a Paka. (d) as dwelling-place to inhabitant. Ehara i a koe tenei kainga: noku ano (79). (e) as clothes to wearer. Nona nga kakahu i tahaetia nei.

2. of past time. (a) from. No reira ano te ahua matemate oku, a mohoa noa nei. (b) at; in; on. No te ahiahi ano ka haere a WHakatau (61).—No te tatanga ki te hokinga, katahi ano te ika ka kai ki tana matau (101). (c) when. No ka oria e te hau (101).

3. until.

No te mea; from the fact that; because. Kaore ano i kitea noatia, no te mea i rite ki a ratou te kiri te ma (179).

—No reira; no kona; no konei; therefore; wherefore. No kona hoki te whakataukitanga iho a Toi (63). No hea, interrogatively, is often equivalent to a decided negative. No hea e mana, no hea e aha? (99) It was of no avail whatever.

Noa, a. 1. free from 'tapu', or any other restriction. Ka hurihia te hurihanga takapau, ruahine rawa, kakahi rawa, ka noa (22). 2. within one's power. Kia noa katoa ai i a ia ratou (8). 3. of no moment. He mea noa ano.

noa, ad. 1. without restraint. Ka oti te tuku kia haere noa. 2. of oneself; spontaneously. Nana ano i momoe noa (62). 3. with oneself Hua noa, kaore ano koe i whakaaetia atu (194). 4. gratuitously. He mea homai noa nana taua moni. 5. at random; without object. Ka rere te wahine nei ki tana haere noa atu, ki Tauranga, a ana haere noa atu.—Ka noho noa iho a Manaia (117). 6.

fruitlessly. To noa, to noa; te taea (76). 7. intensive and to be rendered by quite, altogether &c. according to the context. E takoto mai nei ano aua kura, a tae noa mai ki tenei ra (74).—Ehara enei wahine i konei; no tawhiti noa atu (146). 8. already. Kua u noa mai ia i runga i tona waka a Ruaeo (76). 9. just; merely. Kia iti noa nei.

Nŏhĭnŏhĭ, a. small. pl. nonohi.
Nŏhŏ, v. i. 1. sit. Tae atu ratou, ka noho ki raro (172).
2. stay. Ka ahiahi, ka noho tahi ki a Paoa (189). 3. dwell; live. Kei tona pa ano e noho ana (189). 4. cohabit. Ko ta Tamatiriwa, ka noho i a Hituri (114). Pass. nohoia, 1. be inhabited; be sat upon &c. Katahi ka nohoia taua wahi. 2. be kept or celebrated. Ka nohoia te purenga o Manaia (13). nohoanga, n. seat.

Nohoku, a lengthened form of noku; see noku.

Nohou, a lengthened form of nou; see nou.

Nohunohu, a. unpalatable; nauseous.

Nŏi, v. i. be elevated; be high up. Apopo ka pou i te kai nei, kia rokohanga mai kua noi ki runga (142).—Te maunga e noi mai, rere!

whakanoi, v. t. hang up; elevate. WHakanoia nga tuna ki runga ki te pataka.

nonoi, a. 1. urgent. Kia nonoi te mahi ka takirua ai te tangata. 2. disfigured. Nonoi mai ana nga paparinga o te koroke nei.

Nŏkĕ, n. earth-worm.

nonoko, v. i. struggle together; wrestle.

6. Noko, n. stern of a canoe.

Noku, preposition no, with personal pronoun, 1st person singular. See no.

Nonă, preposition no, with personal pronoun, 3rd person singular. See no.

Nonahea, ad. interrogative, of time past. from what time; at what time; when. Nonahea koutou nei i u mai ai? (122).

Nonaianei, ad. of time past. today; just now.

Nonakuara, ad. a little while

Nonamata, ad. a long time ago. Nonanahi, ad. yesterday.

Nonaoako, ad. the day before yesterday.

Nonaoakenui, ad. three days ago. Nonapo, ad. last night.

Nonawhea, the same as nonahea. None, v. t. consume; waste. nga mea anake a nga Maori e nonea ana e ia,

Noni, a. crooked; bent. Nau i whakanoni te rarangi.

noni, n. 1. bend; turn. Tera te wai kei te noni o te taiepa. 2. fish-hook.

Nonokura, a. red.

Nŏtĭ, nŏnŏti, v. t. pinch or contract, as with a band or ligao nga taura, kua nonoti tonu ra i waenganui o te puku (152). Nonoti i te kaki; throttle. Ka rere mai ki a au ka nonoti i taku kaki.

whakanoti, v. t. 1. draw to-numinumi, a. ashamed.

gether with a cord, as a bag &c. 2. cover fire with ashes, to prevent it from burning quickly out.

Nou, preposition no with personal pronoun 2nd person singular.

Noweman, n. November.

Nŭi, a. 1. great. E nui ana te ngaru; e kore e puta te waka. 2. superior; of high rank. Kihai i hanga ake tana wahine; he rangatira nui no tenei whenua (196). 3. many. He nui te tangata o roto o taua pa (166). Plural nunui. He maioro nunui nga maioro (166).

nui, ad. in public.

nuinga, n. party; people. Ka hoki a Paoa ki ona hoa, ki tona nuinga (196).

Nŭkă, v. t. deceive. E nuka ana mai koe ki a au.

Nŭkărău, v. t. deceive. karautia tatou.

Nŭkë, a. crooked; humped. nuke tona tuara.

Nuku, n. wide extent. nuku o te whenua nga mahinga kai.—also of the sea. Ko Matahorua te waka nana i toro te nuku roa (109).

Ka rongo ki te mamae nuku, v. t. or v. i. move. Nukuhia te pou nei ki tawhiti.

Numi.

nunumi, v. i. disappear behind. Inamata kua nunumi ki tua o te toka ra (170).

## NG.

I. NGā, plural of te, the. II. NGa, v. i. breathe, generally NGae. connected with manawa. nga te manawa; he breathes. NGaehe, v. i. rustle. allow me to take breath.

whakanga, v. i. take breath.

Ka ngăengăe, n. heel (R.).

Tukua kia nga toku manawa; ngaehe, n. tide. Kua tokari te ngaehe (R.).

NGăekě, v. i. crack; tear.

NGăcki, v. i. yield to the touch; give way. Ka takahia te pukorukoru, ka ngaeki noa.

ngaeki, n. swamp.

ngaekieki, v. i. overflow. NGaekieki ana te tai nei, huri ana mai ki waenga parae.

NGăeŏ, n. a fresh water shellfish; unio.

NGăere, v. i. quake; oscillate as a bog. Ka ngaere a raro o te whenua.

NGăerŏerŏ, n. young eel.

NGăhăngăhă, 8. frivolous. WHakangahangaha noa nei ki te korero. Compare hangahanga.

NGăhăe, v. i. 1. be torn. ngahae toku kakahu. 2. dawn. Ka ngahae te ata (111).

ngāhǎehǎe, a. turn into strips. NGăhău, a. 1. infected by ex-

ample. 2, brisk.

ngahau, n. 1. force of example. 2. dance:

whakangahau, v. i. lead by example.

NGāhēhē, the same as ngaehe.

NGăhěngăhě, a. wasted; weak. Kua ngahengahe noa iho oku iwi, kua koroheke.

ngahengahe, n. forest. Comp. nehenehe.

NGăhĕrĕ, n. forest.

NGăhĭrĭ, n. 1. hum of many voices. WHakarongo ki te ngahiri (190). 2. abundance of crops. Kia kaha te mahi; he ngahiri kitenga kotahi.

NGāhŏahŏa, n. heud-ache.

NGăhŏrŏ, v. j. 1. drop off or out. Ka ngahoro nga kai o to 2. be abundant. ngahoro te hua o te paukena.

ngahoro, ad. and upwards. and upwards.

NGahŭa, v. i. swarm; appear in great numbers.

NGăhŭrŭ, a. ten.

ngahuru, n. the name of the 11th and 12th months, the 11th being ngahuru-kai-paenga, and the 12th simply ngahuru; harvest time. Taihoa tatou e haere ki reira, hei te ngahuru; kia rupeke te kai ki te hapoko (189).

NGăingăi, n. a shell-fish; the same as kokota.

NGăiŏ, n. myoporum lætum; a

whakangaio, v. i. sport; makebelieve. Ehara i te whakapupuni pononga, he whakangaio nana (133).

NGăiŏrĕ, n. a fish; the same as inanga.

NGakău, n. 1. bowels; viscera. **heart**; seat of the affections. E awangawanga ana te ngakau. - Oranga ngakau, comfort. Haere koutou, e hoki ki to tatou matua, hei oranga ngakau mona (184).—He whare ngakau; a house built in order to get up an expedition to avenge the death of some one.

whakangakau, v. i. bear malice; entertain a malicious desire. tama, e tama, whakangakau rawa koe ki te patu i a au?

NGākāukŏrē, a. disinclined; having no heart for doing a thing. NGākāunŭi, a. hearty; eager.

NGako, n. middle of a fishing net.

NGaki, v. t. 1. clear from weeds; cultivate. 2. avenge. Ko wai hei ngaki i tou mate? - NGaki mate; take vengeance. Ka tahuri mai ki te ngaki mate mo tona whakairinga ki runga ki te whare (66).

rua rau ngahoro; two hundred ngakinga, n. clearing; plot of cultivated ground.

NGākihi, n. 1. patella; a shell fish. 2. rock-oyster.

NGăkŏ, n. fat.

whakangako, v. t. make game of. Ka marama akuanei te tuhituhi, e kore e whakangakotia.

NGākŏikŏi, n. a fish.

NGakŭngakŭ, a. reduced to shreds. NGakungaku noa iho ta matou See nakunaku.

NGăkuru, v. i. 1. drop off or out. Compare ngahoro. 2. be set (as fruit). Ka ngakuru te pititi.

NGami.

whakangami, v. t. swallow up.

NGănă, v. i. be eagerly intent. Kei te ngana a Kupe ki te tapatapahi i nga kawekawe (110).

whakanganangana, v. i. make

ngăngănă, a. red. He rakau ngangana te totara.

I. NGanga, v. i. make a noise. Kati te nganga.

II. NGanga, n. 1. stone. 2. hail. 3. dregs; refuse.

NGangahu, a. sharp.

ngangahu, v. i. 1. distort the features. Kahore aku korero ki a tera; ko oku whatu i ngangahu, a heoi ano. 2. dance. Ko reira ia pai ai te rere ki mua ngangahu ai (167).

NGangana, see under ngana.

NGangara, see under ngara.

NGangarangi, n. a variety of potato.

NGangare, see under ngare.

NGangau, see under ngau.

NGangengange, a. through.

NGangī, n. cry of distress; noise. Taro kau iho, kua ngaro noa iho te ngangi; ko te tai anake e aki ana (93).

NGão, n. 1. palate. 2. prominent NGārără, n. reptile; insect.

hia nga ngao o te rakau. sprout; shoot. Heoi te roa o te ngao.

ngaongao, n. a shell-fish.

whakangao, v. t. put forth; sprout. E whakangao ana i nga rau.

NGăokĭ, v. i. creep; crawl. ngaoki mai ra te turoro.

NGăokŏ, v. i. 1. feel a tickling sensation; itch. Taukahore te ngaoko o te tuiau. 2. move slightly; stir. Te ngaoko te aha, ko te tumu kau ano ki a ia (15).

whakangaoko, v. t. tickle; amuse. Korero i ta korua whakangaokooko. Go on with your entertaining talk.

NGăore, n. a fish; the same as inanga.

ngaore, a. succulent; tender. He ngaore te tupu o te mara.

NGăotū, n. a method of working timber with the adze. ngaotu tenei tarai.

NGăpu, v. i. 1. oscillate or undulate, as swampy ground. Ka ngapu te repo i te takahanga. 2. stretch forwards, ready to run. Ka ngapu nga tangata ki te oma.

NGără, ngăngără, v. i. snarl. ngarangara, n. anything small. A matou ngarangara korero.

NGārā, pron. they; them. I ki atu ano au ki a ngara.

NGārāhu, n. 1. charcoal. 2. any black pigment. 3. war-dance. Kei te tutu ngarahu te taua.

ngarahu, v. i. take counsel; be thoughtful. He ngarahu he i mate ai te taua.

whakangarahu, v. t. devise; plot.

NGārāhū-tāuā, n. 1. war-dance. 2. a sheel-fish.

part; roughness. Meake waru- I. NGare, n. family; number of

people connected by blood. Me te ngare o te WHanau a Kai, me te ngare o Rotonga, me te ngare o Hinetu.

II. NGărĕ, v. t. 1. send. NGarea mai he tangata hei tiki i a au. 2. urge.

ngăngărě, v. i. quarrel. Kihai ia i puta mai; penei kua ngangare ke.

NGărehe, n. forest (transposed from ngahere).

NGārēhu, the same as ngarahu.
NGaringari, n. song to make
people pull together. Ko matou
kei te hapai i te mea taimaha,
ka tika ma matou te ngaringari.
whakangari, v. t. tease.

NGăringăriă, n. shame. Ka mate au i te ngaringaria i te pakehakore.

I. NGărŏ, n. fly.

II. NGaro, a. 1. hidden; out of sight; absent. Kua ngaro te ra (47). 2. missing; lost. I haere tahi ano koutou, ka ngaro nei ia i to koutou hokinga mai nei (95). 3. unintelligible; not perceived. Kei te ngaro tonu i a au to korero. 4. passed into anything. Kua ngaro ki roto ki te mahanga (151).

whakangaro, v. t. put out of sight; destroy.

NGăru, n. wave of the sea.

ngarungaru, a. rough with waves.

NGărue, v. i. shake; move to
and fro.

whakangarue, v. i. shake.

NGaruru, a. 1. surfeited. 2. affected with head ache.

ngaruru, n. a shell fish; the same as toitoi.

NGărŭrŭ, a. abundant.

I. NGătă, n. snail; slug; leech.

II. NGătă, a. 1. appeased; satisfied. Kihai i ngata te puku riri o Waikato ki nga tangata o taua pa nei (166). 2. dry. Ka ngata te wahie nei i roto i te kapura.

NGātăhi, ad. together.

NGatahure, a. one. (R.)

NGătătă, a. split; chapt. Ka ngatata toku waewae.

NGātătăhi, ad. together.

NGateri ana te whenua i te tangi o te pu.

NGătětě, v, i. crackle.

NGău, v. t. 1. bite; gnaw. E ngau ana te kuri i te wheua. 2. gall; hurt. E ngau tonu ana te mamae i roto i oku iwi. 3. plunder. I te ngau pea i te kainga o Te Tawa.

whakangau, v. t. hunt with dogs.

Ka mau a Ihenga ki nga kuri hei
whakangau kiwi (78). 2. cause
to be struck with a weapon.
Ka takiritia mai te taha i roto i
te wai ra; katahi ka whakangaua atu ki te patu e haua
mai ra ki a ia (91).

ngăngău, v. i. make a disturb-

NGāŭeŭe, v. i. shake.

NGāwākī, v. i. bend the knees. Kua ngawaki atu nga turi ki raro.

NGāwāri, a. 1. soft. He oneone ngawari. 2. supple. 3. moving easily; quick. Kia ngawari te hoe. 4. accommodating; kind. 5. obedient.

whakangawari, v. i. move quickly. Wahi iti te whakangawaringa atu, kei Rawaki (144).

NGăwěkĭ, v. i. creep.

NGawha, n. 1. boiling spring. 2. bulrush.

NGawha, v. i. 1. burst open. Kua ngawha te upoko. 2. overflow banks.

NGawhara, v. i. crumble. NGawhara noa te wahie nei i te akinga a te wahie.

o taua pa nei (166). 2. dry. NGawhariki, n. boiling spring.

NGawhere, v. i. break up; crum-E kore e ngawhere te kowhatu nei.

NGăwhĕwhĕ, a. torn; worn out. Kua ngawhewhe toku kakahu.

NGăwhĭ, v. i. suffer penalty. Akuanci nci ka ngawhi koc.

ngawhingawhi, a. torn; worn out.

NGawī, v. i. 1. go. Ka ngawi noa te tangata ki tawhiti. squeal: howl. Na wai te kuri e ngawi mai nei.

NGăwiri, a. ten. (R.)

NGo, n. 1. noise. 2. thicket. Ka noho ki roto ki te pirita, ki te nge, ki te hurupi.

NGĕ, 1. a prefix to certain pronouns as nge-au, nge-ona &c. without modifying the meaning. 2. suffix to certain adverbs as pea-nge, koa-nge.

NGĕhĕ.

whakangehengehe, v. i. counterfeit sickness.

NGĕi, n. a fish.

ngeingei, a. stretching forth.

**whakangeingei,** v. i. *stretch forth*. Ka whakangeingei te kawei o te hue.

Ngěně, n. scrofulous wen.

whakangenengene, v. i. muffle oneself up. WHakangenengene ana te tangata ra ki roto ki tona kakahu.

NGěngě, a. weary; tired. Kaore au i tae atu i te ngenge.

NGengere, see under ngere.

NGengeri, see under ngeri.

NGengero, see under ngero. NGëngëti, n. a shell-fish.

NGĕrĕ, a. passed by; not served. Tokorua o maua i ngere.

ngerengere, n. 1. property; goods. 2. part of the fortification of a pa. Katahi ka tomokia te pa, ka horo tetahi ngerengere (66). 3. a disease, said to be NGöengöe, v. i. scream. peculiar to the neighbourhood

of Taupo, characterized by numerous swellings over the body, and the loss of the extremities.

ngěngěrě, v. i. growl.

NGĕrĭ, n. 1. chaunt recited in launching a canoe &c. rough kind of mat.

ngěngěri, v. i. grunt.

NGĕrŏ.

ngĕrŏngĕrŏ, a. very many. He tini ngerongero.

ngěngěro, n. blue shark; the same as tuatini.

NGěni, n. cat. (R.)

NGetangeta, n. worn out mat. NGětě.

ngetengete, v. i. 1. make a clicking sound with the tongue. 2.

express surprise or regret. Compare ketekete.

whakangete, v. t. urge on horse.

NGia, v. i. seem. E ngia ano i tawhiti koe, ina te rangona taku karanga.

NGiha, v. i. burn. Ka ahiahi, ka ngiha te ahi (139).

ngiha, n. fire. Tahuna te ngiha. ngihangiha, a. full. NGihangiha noa te awa i te rakau.

NGihongiho, n. small potatoes.

NGĭo, a. extinguished. Kua ngio te kora. (R.)

ngingio, a. withered; shrivelled. ngingio, v. i. laugh. Ka ngingio noa nga tamariki.

NGira, n. needle.

NGita, v. t. bring; carry. NGitaa atu te mea nei. (R.)

ngita, a. fast; firm; secure. Patua te whao kia ngita.

whakangita, v. t. 1. make fast. WHakangitaia mai to kuri. 2. shoot out. Me waiho kete ranei nga kai, me whakangita

ka werohia te tui ra, ka tu;

rangona e nga wahine nei (137). NGŏĕtŏĕtŏ, n. a kind of eel. NGŏhĕ.

ngŏhĕngŏhĕ, a. 1. supple; soft. Kawea nga aka nei ki te wai ngohengohe ai.-Ngohengohe ana nga paparinga, of the cheeks in laughter. 2. strong; active.

ngohe, n. strength; activity. ngongohe, a. withered; flaccid.

NGöhĭ, n. 1. fish. 2. troop or company of fighting men.

NGohiwe, n. a kind of eel.

NGoi, n. 1. strength; energy. Hore he ngoi, he aha. 2. topknot.

ngoingoi, n. old woman. NGŏikŏrĕ, a. weak.

NGōirŏ, n. 1. conger-eel. 2. young eels.

NGōkĭ, v. i. creep.

NGöngĕngŏngĕ, a. crippled.

NGongi, n. water.

NGŏngŏ, i. v. i. 1. waste away; become thin. E ngongo ana oku waewae i te mate. 2. sail close to the wind. NGongo tonu to tatou poti. ii. v. t. suck through a tube.

ngongo, n. sick person.

NGŏngŏhău, n. jib.

NGongore, see under ngore.

NGongori, see under ngori. NGorangora, n. small kumara.

I. NGore, v. t. entice. He ngore

i te tupua, me ata ngore marire. II. NGore, a. 1. soft; flaccid.

2. having the edge turned; wireedged.

ngŏrĕ, n. a kind of mat. (R.) ngongore, a. blunt; without a barb (as a fish-hook).

ngorengore, n. young eel.

NGŏrĭ, ngongori, a. weak; listless. NGongori kau; kahore he kaha.

te ngoengoetanga, katahi ka ngoringori, n. a small black eel. NGoro.—ngŏngŏrŏ, v. i. 1. snore. NGongoro ana te ihu o te poaka. 2. utter exclamations of surprise or admiration. Ka tangi te ngongoro a te iwi ra ki te ahua o te tangata ra.

NGöröngä, n. a shell fish.

I. NGote, n. small potato.

II. NGote, v. i. suck. Kahore e ngote te tamaiti nei.

I. NGoto, n. head.

II. NGoto, v. i. 1. strike deep. Kia, ngoto te hoe. 2. penetrate. Kai te mata ngira tonu Te ngotonga ki roto ra. Aue te mamae i!

NGotu.-ngŏtŭngŏtŭ, or ngōngŏtŭ, n. firebrand; half burnt

NGoungou, a thoroughly ripe; well cooked; soft. He hanga ngoungou noa.

ngoungou, n. 1. live coal. 2. a fashion of wearing the hair tied up in a knot at the forehead.

NGouruuru, a. few. NGouruuru kau ake nga rakau i mahue.

NGu, n. 1. squid. 2. animalculæ in the sea. 3. tattoo marks on the upper part of the nose.

ngungu, v. t. gnaw.

whakangüngü, v. i. refuse to speak.

NGŭ.

whakangungu, v. t. fend; ward off. WHakangungu-rakau, a closely woven mat, worn to defend the person from missiles.

NGŭhă, v. i. ruge; snort.

NGunguru, see under nguru.

NGunu, n. worm.

NGupără, n. a small fresh water mussel.

NGuru.—ngŭngŭrŭ, v. i. 1. utter a suppressed groan, or grunt. 2. rumble.

vessel.

whakangutungutu, v. t. grumble NGŭtŭkšo, n. a fish. ngutungutu mai na koe ki a au?

NGŭtŭ, n. 1. lip. 2. rim of a NGŭtŭ-ăwă, n. mouth of a river. NGŭtŭhŏrĕ, a. wasteful.

at; scold. He aha tau e whaka- NGŭtŭkŭră, n. a pattern of carving or ornamental painting.

I. O, n. provision for a journey. | OATI (o), n. oath. Kei te hao inanga, kei te rou OATI, v.i. swear. kakahi, hei o ki te Taiapu Oha and ohaoha, a. 1. generous. (157).

II. O, v. i. 1. find room; be capable of being contained or inclosed. Ka tomo te kaipuke; e kore e o nga ponaka. 2. get in; implying difficulty or relactance.

III. O, plural of to. See to.

- IV. O, prep. 1. of; belonging to: used in speaking of parts of a whole, names, qualities, feelings, places occupied, houses, land, inhabitants, water for drinking &c., medicine, clothes, parents, superiors; also of the derivative nouns of adjectives and intransitive verbs, and of those of transitive verbs when they are used passively. ngutu o te ana.—Te ahua o taua ngarara nei (156). - NGa tangata o te kāinga o Te WHata. -Te toanga o enei tangata (156). —Te tahunga o te Arawa e Raumati (93). Compare a. prep. 2. from (place). NGa tangata e haere ana o Rotorua ki Taupo (149). - (time).O reira mai ano a mohoa ona nei. taching to. Kahore he manukanuka o te haere.
- V. O, int. in answer to a call, to shew that the call is heard.
- o, v. i. answer. Kihai rawa i o mai.

whakao, v. i. answer.

He tangata oha. 2. abundant. Ka rahuitia nga pipi, ka oha. oha, n. 1. relic; keepsake; any-

thing which serves to keep a departed friend in remembrance. Haere mai koe, te oha o nga tangata mātua. 2. dying speech. WHakatau-oha, make a dying speech.

Ohia, (ō) v. t. 1. long after. Ko te ngakau e ohia ake ana ki taua mea. 2. approve. Kahore he tangata i ohia mai ki taku karanga i tainahi, ko te tunga tera mo nga hoiho. 3. think on the spur of the moment. He whakaaro ohia noa ake naku.

Ohiti, (o) a. cautious; on one's guard. Kia ohiti koutou ki nga korero a tera tangata.

whakaohiti, v. t. warn.

Oho, (ŏ-ŏ) v.i. 1. start from fear, surprise &c. 2. wake up from sleep. Oho noa ake au i te moe, e whakahengi mai ana ia ki a au. 3. begin speaking.

whakaoho, v. t. startle; rouse. Ohoěkă, (ŏ-ŏ) n. panax longissimum, a tree; the same as ho-

roeka.

Ohokŭ, (ō-ŏ) for ōkŭ. See oku. Ohomăuri, (ŏ-ŏ) v. i. start suddenly.

Ohongă, (ŏ-ŏ) n. anything which may serve to connect an incantation with the person on whom it is intended to take effect;

Tigitized by Google

which he has touched &c.

Ohorěrě, (ŏ-ŏ) v. i. start suddenly.

Ohŭ, (ŏ) n. company of volunteer workers. Ka mahara a Manaia kia tuturia he tangata hei ohu waru mo ana tao (117).

ohu, v. t. 1. do by aid of a compary of volunteer workers. ohu to mara, kia hohoro ai. 2. beset in great numbers; surround. Ka ohua koe e matou.

Ohŭa, (ō) n. the moon at 13 days old.

Oi, (ŏ) v. i. 1. shudder. Te mea i oi ai taku kiri ko te mahi a Kereopa. 2. grow. I nga rangi ra o taku oinga.

oioi, v. i. 1. shake. E tata koe ki uta, e oioi te ika, e rere ki te taha katau (36). 2. shew reluctance to move. Ko te karakia a enei tangata, oioi noa

whakaoioi, v. t. shake; agitate. I. Oi, (ōī) v. i. shout. Ka tangi te oi.

II. Oi, (ōī) n. soft mud. Me hoe rawa ki ko; he oi tena wahi. Oĭkě, (ō) n. the moon at 19 days old.

Okă, (ŏ) v. t. prick; stab.

oka, n. 1. knife; dagger. 2. rafters for a kumara pit.

okaoka, v. t. strip off. Okaokangia he peha mo ta tatou ahi.

Okaka, v. i. feel a longing.

Okě, (ŏ) v. i. 1. struggle; wriggle; writhe. 2. put forth all one's Okea ururoatia. strength. be eager. E oke ana te tangata ra ki te haere.

okeoke, a. restless. Ka okeoke tonu te turoro, ka mate.

oke, n. a kind of shark.

okeoke, n. 1. sick person. oven.

OKETOPA, n. October.

as a lock of his hair, anything Okiŏi, (ō) n. a bird: the same as hokioi, and hakuai.

> Okioki, (ŏ-ĭ) v. i. rest; pause. Hoake tatou ki te taumata okioki ai.

> whakaokioki, v. t. cause to rest. Oko, (ŏ-ŏ) n. wooden bowl, or other open vessel.

> okooko, v. t. carry in the arms, or in the lap or fold of one's garment. Ma wai e okooko te tamaiti?

> Okŭ, (ō) 1. preposition o with personal pronoun, 1st person singular of me. See o IV. plural of toku. See toku.

> Okuoku, (ŏ-ŭ) a. few. Compare ouou.

> Oma, (ŏ-ă) v. i. run. Pass. omakia, be run for.

> Omăkĭ, (ŏ) v. i. move swiftly; fly. E omaki ana te kapua o te rangi.

Omoŏmŏ, n. melon.

whakaomoomo, v. t. attend a sick person.

Ona,  $(\bar{o}-\bar{a})$  preposition o with personal pronoun, 3rd person singular; of him; of her. See o IV.

One, (ŏ-ĕ) n. beach.

oneone, n. earth; soil.

Oněmătŭa, (ŏ) n. loam.

Oněpū, n. sand.

Oněwă, (ŏ) n. 1. a kind of dark grey stone. 2. any implement made of the same.

Ono, (ŏ-ŏ) a. six.

Ono, (ŏ-ŏ) v. t. *plant*. Kei te ono riwai NGaitawhiri.

Onoi, v. i. move. E kore koe e onoi mai i te tumu?

Ongaŏngă, n. nettle.

ongaonga, a. rough; prickly. ongaonga ana te mea nei, taratara tonu.

whakaongaonga, v. t. goad; excite. Te karakia whakaongaonga (158).

Ongë, (ŏ) a. scarce. He onge no te kai i mahue ai tera wahi. ongeonge, a. 1. scarce. Ka ongeonge nga kai ka hamuhamu i

nga puka. 2. lonely. Ka ongeonge pea te tangata kotahi.

onge, n. a bird.

Opĕ, (ŏ) v. t. 1 scrape up; scrape together. Opea mai te kapura ki waho. 2 scratch the head &c.
 ope, n. troop; number of persons moving together.

Opī, (ŏ) a. terrified. Opi ana

tera au i te mataku.

Opungă, (ō) n. a kind of conglomerate stone.

Opure, (5) a. pied; varied with patches of colour; in patches. He opure te mara a Hare.

Oră, (ŏ) a. 1. alive. 2. well in health. 3. safe; escaped; recovered. E, kua ora a Raumati (102). 4. satiated; satisfied with food. "Te ora iti o Kahutore". luxuries, as opposed to necessaries.

ora, n. slave. Kei hea nga ora wahine?

oranga, n. food.

Oră, (ŏ) n. wedge.

Orăiti, (ŏ) a. escaping with difficulty. Ka tangi raua mo te oraititanga o tona teina (50).

Orănoa, (ö) a. escuping with difficulty. Oranoa matou i te tahuritanga o te waka.

Oraora, (ŏ-ă) v. i. shake; wag. Heoi ano; oraora kau ana ko te hiku kau (160).

Orăpită, (ö) a. escaping narrowly.
Oră, (ö) v. t. 1. bore. 2. search
out secretly.

oreore, v. i. shake.

oreore, ad. very dry. Pakupaku oreore.

Orea, (ō) n. a kind of eel.

Ori, (ŏ-i) v. t. 1. cause to wave to and fro. Ka oria e te hau. 2. E ori mai ana te tupapaku, kua tae mai tona wairua ki konei.

ori, n. 1. bad weather. Ka rokohina e te ori ki Tokomaru ka noho. 2. prey of disease. He ori matou na te mate nei. 3. place where people have been carried off by disease. Kaua e noho i runga i te ori, kei piri mai te mate ki a koe.

whakaoriori, n. song chaunted over a child by a person holding the child in his arms.

Oro, (ŏ-ŏ) v. t. sharpen on a stone; grind. Kia oroia taku toki, ka haere ai au ki te mahi.

Oroko, (ō-ŏ-ŏ) ad. for the first time. Kihai i oroko kumea, kua puta kei waho o te ana (160).

Orongonui, n. the moon at 26 days old.

Oropapa, a. all alike without exception. Ka oropapa nga kino o te kainga nei i te kainga nei te whakarite.

Oròtā, a. 1. voracious; destructive. E tama, he autaia koe, he orota. 2. exterminated; utterly consumed. Orota ana tera te tangata whenua i te patunga a te taua; kahore he morehu.

Oru, (ŏ-ŭ) a. boggy. E oru ana te whenua.

oru, n. 1. bog. 2. sting-ray.

Ota, (ŏ-ă) n. sawdust.

otaota, n. herbs in general; weeds; litter. Tarakea atu nga otaota. ota, a. green; uncooked.

ota, v. t. eat in a green state. I otaina e matou nga kumara.

Otāně, (ō) n. the moon at 25 days old.

Oti, (ö-i) 1. finished, with a verb in the infinitive to denote the operation which is finished. Kua oti te waka te tarai. 2. with atu or mai, gone or come for

Ka oti atu a Hakiri; e kore e hoki mai.

whakaoti, v. i. finish.

whakaotinga, n. youngest child of a family. Ko Pehi to matou whakaotinga. See heoti.

Oti, (ŏ-ĭ) ad. in question, then. E kore oti koe e haere?

Otiia, (ŏ-ĭ-ĭa) conj. but; but on the other hand.

Otira, (ŏ-ĭ-ā) conj. but; but indeed; but at the same time. Owhiti, a. See ohiti.

Nona ano taua kainga; otira no matou katoa.

Ou, (ō-ŭ) 1. preposition o with personal pronoun, 2nd person singular; of thee. See o prep. Oue, n. a variety of phormium tenax, with leaves of a brown colour.

Ouenŭkŭ. n. rainbow.

Oumu, n. oven.

Ouou, (ŏ-ŏ) a. few.

Owhanga, (ō) n. nest.

## Ρ.

I. Pā, v. t. (pass. pangia or pakia). 1. touch. Kua pa atu nga ringa ki aua pohutukawa, ana, ngahoro noa iho (74).---Kahore te turoro nei e pa kai. 2. hold personal communication Nonanahi ia i pa mai with. ai kia au. 3. affect. Kai paone's ears. Ka pa te karanga a te tanga nei, "Ko te Kahureremoa" (148).

whakapa, v. t. 1. touch. 2. tell privately. Tekaha ko Hemi, whakapakia ana ki te wahine. -make secret suggestions. whakapapa haere nakoe ki te rakau ra kia tukua ki raro.

II. Pa, v. t. (pass. paia) 1. block up; obstruct. He aha ra te ara nei i paia ai? 2. Ka paia te huaki; the assault is made.

whakapa, v. t. close up.

whakapakanga, n. youngest in a family. Te matou whakapakanga (10); our youngest brother.

pa, n. 1. stockade; fortified place. Te ingoa o tona pa ko WHakarewa (182). 2. weir for catching eels &c. 3. anything wherewith an open place is blocked up; barricade. 4. fat covering the inwards of animals.

III. Pā, v. i. 1 be struck. Roa noa atu ratou e epaepa ana i a ia, kihai hoki i pa (16). begin to ebb. Ka pa te tai.

IV. Pā, n. a term of address. Tauti mai, e pa!

ngia koe e te mamae. 4. reuch Păe, n. 1. horizon. Ka puta te ra i raro i te pae.—Kia ngaro te tu-a-pae whenua (21). region; direction. Kei whea te pae ki toku matua? (136). 3. horizontal ridges parallel to one another. 4. step in a staircase. 5. perch; rest. He pae koau.—Te pae mo taku pu. 6. circumference measured by the maro with the extended arms. He rakau nui, e toru te pae. —Pae tahi hamama te rakau nei. 7. ropes by which a seine is hauled, the upper and lower ropes being called respectively, pae-runga, and pae-raro.

> pae, v. i. 1. lie across. He aha te mea e pae mai nei i te ara? 2. lie on one side; and so 3. be collected together; lie ready for use. Kua pae nga rakau mo te whare. 4. be laid to the charge of any one.

paku nei. 5. be cast on shore. E pae ana tera i uta, kua mate (93). Pass. paea in the same sense. I paea te kaipuke ki NGunguru.

pae, v. t. surround with a border. Paea mai nga parua o te umu, kia hoki mai ai te mamaoa ki roto.

păpăe, v. i. be driven broadside on shore. Ka papae te waka, akuanci ka pakaru.

paenga, n. 1. place where anything is laid on one side or across. Hence 2. margin of a cultivation, being the part to which the weeds are thrown. 3. place where pits are constructed for keeping kumara &c. Kei te paenga rua a te Raharaha.

whakapae, v. t. 1. lay across Me whakapae te rakau 2. accuse nei hei arawhata. Ko te take i haere niai ai ia, he whakapaenga ki te rua kumara na ona hoa (136).

paepae, n. 1. threshold; door sill; or anything similar. vessel to hold anything.

Păekŭră, n. lost property: so called from the red ochre (kura) which was dropped into the sea by Tauninihi, and afterwards picked up on the shore by Ma-Ko te paekura kite e Mahina (74).

Păemănu, n. collar-bone.

Păepăeroa, n. mat with a broad ornamental border.

Paeroa, n. wind which blows along the shore.

Paetara, a. Kaho paetara, batten fastened to the uprights of a house to keep them in place; wall-plate.

Păeturi, n. tattooing on the thigh. Păewăe, n. threshold.

pae nei hoki na korua te tupa- Păewăi, n. 1. a kind of eel. 2. batten on the inside of the point · between the rauawa and the body of a canoe. 3. driftwood. 4. paewai o te rangi, water horizon. Mehemea ka tino marama te paewai o te rangi.

Pāhākā, n. calabash.

Pāhākě, v. i. bask.

whakapahake, v. i. bask. E wakapahake na i te ra.

Păhăki, n. denoting small relative distance. Kei pahaki tata atu e takoto ana, lying a little beyond.

Pāhānāhānā, v. t. anoint with red ochre and oil.

Pāhao, v. t. enclose in a net; shut in.

pahao, n. basket used for catching fish.

Pāhau, n. beard.

Păhěkě, v. i. 1. slip. Kei paheke koe: 2. have a running issue.

pāhěkěhěkě, a. slippery.

Păhěmŏ, v. i. 1. pass by; pass on. Kua pahemo te ope o NGatiporou. 2. pass on one side; miss. Kahore i tahitahi ki taku waewae; i pahemo.

Păhěnŏ, v. i. 1. come untied. Kia mau te hotiki, kei paheno. 2. slip away; escape. noa, whai noa, paheno tonu atu. Pāhěngăhěngă, n. a tree.

Pāhěngihěngi, a. blowing gently. He hau pahengihengi.

Pahi, a. gloomy; disquieted. pahi tona ngakau.

Păhī, n. company of travellers; number of persons in a body. Ko hea te pahi e haere nei.

Pāhia, v. t. slap. I pahiatia pea te tamaiti nei, ina ka tangi.

Pāhīhī, v. i. flow in driblets. Pahihi ana te rere.

Pähikä, a. 1. passed on. pahika atu nga tangata o Tokomaru. 2. extending to greater length. Pahika ake taku rakau i tau.

Pāhiköhikö, n. bow fence, made of sticks with both ends stuck into the ground; any make-shift fence.

Pāhiwihiwi, a. uneven. Mamae ana au i te pahiwihiwi o toku moenga.

pahiwihiwi, n. a fish.

Păhŏ, a. soaring.

whakapaho, v. t. soar.

Pāhoahoa, n. headache; giddiness; stupor.

Pāhokā, and pāhokāhokā, n. screen or shed made of branches with the butts stuck into the ground.

Păhore, a. 1. scraped off; abraded. Kua pahore te hiako. 2. having the skin rubbed off. He rongoa mo te pahore o toku waewae. 3. dented.

Păhu, n. alarum, made of stone or wood, formerly used in time of war.

Păhū, v. i. burst; explode. Kaanga pāhūhū, popped corn.

Pāhŭa, v. t. plunder. Kua pahuatia te kāinga o Taka.

Păhŭhŭ, v. i. slip off. E mau ana te whakaheke; e kore e pahuhu.

Pāhunu, v. i. burn. (R.)

pahunu, n. fire. Păhupăhu, n. fester.

Păhungă, n. crumb.

Păhure, v. i. 1. pass by. Kua pahure ke nga waka i te ata. 2. come in sight; appear. Tangohia te mea e pahure mai na. 3. escape. Me te manu motu i te mahanga; ehara, ka pahure (64).

whakapahure, v. t. cause to pass by.—v. i. be nearly gone by. Păi, a. 1. good. 2. pleasant.

pai, v. i. be pleased; be willing; pakapaka, a. dry.

assent. Kihai ia i pai mai ki ta korua korero. —Pass. paingia, be liked; be approved of. E kore e paingia tenei kainga. whakapai, v. t. 1. make good; set in order. 2. pronounce good; praise.

whakapai-ruaki, feel nausea. whakapaipai, v. t. adorn.

whakapaipai, a. ornamental.

Păiăkă, n. 1. root of a tree. 2.
 weapon made from a root (155).
 Păiĕrĕ, n. bundle. E hia nga

paiere raupo?

paiere, v. t. make up into bundles. Paieretia nga rakau.

Păihău, n. 1. beard. 2. wing of a bird.

Păihere, n. or v. the same as paiere.

Paihi, a. uneasy in mind. Paihi ana tera au i taku rongonga i te korero na.

Păihôrě, a. going astray; desultory. Ta te tamariki mahi, paihore ke, paihore ke.

Paĭke, v. t. strike. Paike a ki te hama.

paikeike, v. t. elevate. Taria mai he oneone hei paikeike mo tenei wahi.

Păikea, a. He whare paikea; a house having the entrance at one end, but no verandah.

Pāinā, pāināinā, v. i. warm oneself. Kia paina atu ahau ki te taha o te kapura.

Păipăi, n. a cutaneous disease.

Păiri, a. disquieted; afraid. Ka pairi toku ngakau ki te pukapuka a NGatiporou.

Pāĭwĭiwi, a. see pahiwihiwi.

Pākā, or pākākā, a. 1. scorched. 2. red or brown. Kei te wahi pakaka te ara.

Păkă, a. dried. Me i paka te kai nei, ka reka. Pākāhā, a. violent; severe. E pakaha ana te mamae.

Pākāiāhi, n. fireplace in a canoe &c.

Păkăkē, n. whale.

Păkăkinăkină, a. hot. E pakakinakina ana te whiti o te ra.

Păkăkŏhĭ, n. fern root.

Păkăku, v.i. 1. make a harsh grating sound. 2. make a repeated knocking.

Păkăngă, n. quarrel; hostilities; war.

Pākāngā, see under pa.

Păkăni, a. quarrelsome. Katahi ano taku tangata pakani, ko koe.

Păkărără, n. a kind of eel. Pakarea.

Păkări, a. 1. matured, hard. 2. strong.

whakapakari, v. i. boast.

Păkăru, a. 1. shivered; broken.
Kua pakaru te kohua. 2. rent.
He pakaru no te poti te hoea
ai. 3. put to flight. (N.B. pakaru is not applied to a cord
&c. which would be motu; nor
to any thing long and stiff,
which would be whati.)

pākāru, or pākārukāru, v. t. break in pieces. Pakarua te karaha.

Pākāu, or pakaukau, n. wing of a bird, of an army, or of a building.

Pākāurohārohā, n. winged grasshopper.

Pākāurŭa, n. sting ray; a fish. Pākāwhā, n. 1. leaf. 2. husk. Pākē, n. rough mat made of leaves

of kiekie or flax.

Păke, a. obstinate. Ka pake te tangata ra, e kore e whakatika.

whakapakepake, v. t. unsettle; cause to abscond. Na To Rangi i whakapakepake i orua ai taku pononga.

E Pake, v. i. crack; emit a sound like that of rending &c. Ka pake te rakau, meake whati.

pākēkē, v. t. scrape. Kia pakeketia nga riwai.

Pākēhā, n. foreigner. Kai pakeha, a kind of sweet potato.

Pākěkă, n. land that has been exhausted by cultivation.

pakekakeka, n. a water plant.

Păkěkě, a. 1. hard; stiff. Pakeke tonu, e kore e ngawhere 2. grown up; adult.

Pākēkē, see under pākē. 🔻 🗘 Pākērē, n. outer leaves of a plant.

speaking.

as opposed to rito.

Pākētu, v. t. clear off; cut off.

E paketu ana ahau i te taru. Păkewă, v. i. make a mistake in

păkewă, a. solitary. He ika pakewa.

I. Păki, a. fair; without rain. Kia paki te rangi ka haere ai tatou.

II. Păki, păpăki, v. t. 1. slap; pat. 2. clap or strike together. Papaki ou ringaringa.—He tai papaki rua, a place where two waves meet.

papaki, n. cliff against which the waves beat.

pakipaki, v. t. 1. slap or pat frequently.
by drying.
kei te pakipaki upoko.

pakipaki, n. 1. decoy parrot. 2. fin.

III. Păki, n. girdle. Hei paki putanga mona.

Păkiăkă, n. root of a tree.

Păkihăwă, n. throat fin of a fish.

I. Păkĭhĭ, a. 1. dried up. Hence 2. at lowest ebb. Kua pakihi te tai.

II Păkihi, v. i. dig for fernroot. I hoki mai au i te pakihi.

i whakapakepake i orua ai taku pakihi, n. place where fernroot pononga.

Digitized by Google

whakapakihi, v. t. dig super- whakapakoko, v. t. dry. ficially. Kaua e whakapikihitia te keringa.

Pakihiwi, n. shoulder.

Pakihŏrĕ, a. *lazy*.

Păkikău, n. garment. Te wahi i waihotia ai ona pakikau (132).

Pākiki, v. t. question frequently or urgently. Ka pakikitia te tane kia korero; kore noa iho e korero.—He aha ra kia pakikitia rawatia e koe?

Pakini, v. t. 1. nip; pinch. 2. nick: notch.

pakini, a. notched. Hore he wahi i pakini.

Păkipăkităi, n. a slimy vegetable matter in the sea.

Pākirā, a. bald.

Păkiri, v. t. shew the teeth; grin. Ka pakiri mai nga niho o te tangata.

Pākirikiri, n. a fish.

Pakirehua, v. i. make enquiries. Ka hoki mai ki konei pakirehua ai.

Păkitără, n. wall of a house. Păkiwăhă, n. sides of the mouth. pakiwaha, a. boastful. He tangata pakiwaha.

Pako, v. t. glean after the crop has been taken up. E pako kapana ana.

Păkŏa, a. 1. that has become shallow or dry. 2. low; of the tide. Kia pakoa te tai ka haere ai tatou.

Pakohea, a. dried up. Ka pakohea ahau i te ra.

Păkŏhŭ, a. rent; cleft. Ka pakohu tenei wahi.

pakohu, n. chasm.

Pākŏkŏ, a. not producing young; barren.

Păkŏkŏ, a. 1. shrunk; dried up. 2. emaciated; lean. Ka pakoko nga kauwae o te tawhiti nei. 3. old; of the previous year (of roots &c. used for food).

whakapakoko, n. image.

Păkongă, a. concave, hollow. pakonga ana tenei taha.

Păkoră, a. low (of the tide).

Păkore, a. broken (of anything which breaks to pieces, as an earthen vessel, calabash.)

Pākoro, n. potato stack.

Pakoro, a. not producing young; barren.

Păkŭ, a. 1. dried. E paku ana taku korokoro. 2. small. whare paku.

paku, n. 1. scab. Kua pakua te toto. 2. small quantity; anything small. E rua rawa nga paku korero o tenei runanga. papaku, v. i. set; become hard

or dry. Kua papaku te hinu i roto i te taha.

pāpāku, a. shallow. Kia tuku te wai ka papaku te kauanga. păkupăku, 1. somewhat dry; shallow. 2. somewhat small.

pakupaku, spite.

whakapaku, i. v. i. begin to be dry or small. Ka whakapaku te tai, ina nga manu ka noho i runga i te tahuna. ii. v. t. make dry &c.

Păkū, v. i. 1. make a sudden sound or report. Na wai te pu i paku nei? 2. resound. tangata e haere mai nei, tona rongo e paku nei i nga whenua (189). 3. extend. Na Mauipotiki i tinihanga ki a Hinenuitepo, i pa mai ai he mate ki nga tangata o te ao, paku ki runga, paku ki raro (7).

pākūkū, and whakapakuku. v. i. knock repeatedly.

Pakuka, n. screen from the wind. Pākura, n. water-hen; porphyrio melanotus. Taringa-pakura, stubborn. He taringa pakura te tangata nei. Tapuwae pakura, a

Digitized by Google

kind of ornamental work in a Pangarangara, n. a fish. Maori building.

pākŭrākŭrā, a. red.

pākurākurā, n. 1. red garment. 2. a fish.

Pakuru, v. i. knock; make a knock-

which is held between the teeth and struck with the other.

pakurukuru, n. figurehead of a canoe, consisting of a bust only, without arms.

Pākūwhā, n. relation by marriage.

Pāmămăo, a. distant. Pehea te pamamao o tou kainga?

Pāmārō, a. 1. solid; hard. steady: without hesitation. pamaro ai te haerenga mai ki waho o te ma (151).

Pănă, v. t. 1. thrust or drive away; expel. 2. cause to come or go forth in any way. He karakia pana tamariki (8).

pănăpănă, v. i. throb. E panapana ana te toto.

Panahi, n. convolvulus sepium or c. soldanella.

Pānāko, n. a species of fern.

Pānanaki, v. i. incline with a gentle slope; rise with a gentle ascent.

Fănău, v. i. jump (as a fish). pānăunău, n. gentle ascent of a hill.

Păně, n. head.

Păněkě, i. v. i. move forwards. E kore e paneke te waka. ii. v. t. move. Panekea ake te tatau.

pāněkěněkě, n. small edge tool; hatchet.

Pāngă, see pa I.

Păngă, v. t. 1. throw. 2. lay; place Ka pangaa nga kai ki runga ki te waka.

Pāngāngā, a. lean. ngohi nei; panganga kau.

Păngŏ, a. black; of dark clour.

Păngörö, a. full. Pangoro tonu te waka.

Pāngŏungŏu, n. a fish.

Pangunungunu, v. t. peel. ngunungunua he riwai ma tatou.

pakuru, n. two sticks, one of I. Păni, n. 1. orphan. 2. widow.

II. Păni, v. t. paint; besmear. E pani ana te kuia ra i tona matenga ki te hinu.

III. Păni,—păpăni, v. t. block Kua pania tena kuwaha.

Pănoho, n. pole for propelling a canoe. (R.)

Pănŏkŏ, and pănŏkŏrĕiă, n. a fish which adheres to rocks.

Pănoni, v. change.

Panonoko, the same as panoko. Pănŭkŭ, v. i. 1. move on. hai i panuku te rongoa; mau tonu ki te korokoro. 2. expressing lapse of time. Ka tau ko Rehu; panuku tou mai ko Rukupo; panuku tou mai ko Rangiora.

Păo, v. t. 1. strike with a hammer &c. 2. crack or break; and hence applied intransitively to the hatching of eggs. Ka pao nga hua pipipi. 3. Pass. paoa, be scattered. Ka paoa rikiriki nga tangata o reira. The men of that place are scattered like dust.

paopao, v. t. 1. strip off the bark by bruising. 2. refuse any thing which one really wishes for. Me paopao oti? He mokopuna ranei na Rahiri?

Păoă, n. 1. smoke. 2. gall. See also under pao.

Păoĕ, a. solitary.

Păohŏ, a. on the alarm. kau ki hea ranei.

**Păoi**, n. wooden beater for pounding fernroot.

Hore i te păoi, v. t. pound with a paoi. Kua paoitia he aruhe hei kinatou.

Păoro, v. i. 1. echo: resound. Paoro ana nga maunga i tetahi taha, i tetahi taha. 2. be jarred by harsh sounds. Paorooro ana nga taringa.

Paowa, see paoa.

I. Pāpā, n. 1. father, or father's or mother's brother. Mana e takitaki te mate o tona papa. 2. a lizard.

II. Pāpā, v. t. rum or compress with the hand. He mea papa te oneone.

Păpă, n. 1. anything broad, flat and hard; flat rock; slab; board. 2. disputed land, or other ground of quarrel. He papa taku ki a ia; I have offended him. Ka riro i a au te papa; I have gained the victory. 3. breech; buttock. Kei nga papa te mamae. 4. vessel made of totara bark. E rua nga papa hinu (138). 5. a proper name for the earth, short for Papa-tu-anuku.

> papa, v. i. 1. lie flat. 2. be thrown down or overcome. Ko ana tuakana, i papa noa i te ngaunga a Tawhiri ratou ko ana tama (6).

> whakapapa, v. i. go slyly or stealthily. Ka whakapapa mai te tangata ra; he tahae pea. v. t. 1. lay one upon another; place in layers. 2. recite in chronological order genealogies, legends &c. I haere mai ia ki te whakapapa i nga kauwhau o mua.

> whakapaparanga, n. 1. layer; series of layers. 2. generation. Păpā, v. i. 1. break shortly, or suddenly. He mea papa noa. 2. burst; explode. Papa te whatitiri runga nei. 3. chatter, as the teeth with cold.

ki (94).—Paoia he roi ma ta- | Păpăahŭahŭa, n. shoulder-blade. Papae, see under pae.

> Păpăhewă, a. diseased in the eyes. Păpăhoro, v. i. 1. fall or drop out. Ka maroke nga harakeke, ka papahoro nga kai. 2. *flee*. Kua papahoro te ope.

Păpăhu, v. i. blaze. Ka papahu te kapura.

Pāpākā, n. 1. crab. 2. a variety of potato.

Păpă-kăi-rā, n. outer surface of the side of a canve.

Păpăki, see under paki.

Pāpāki, v. t. sew one thing upon another, and so 1. patch. papaki tou kakahu. 2. sew two ketes mouth to mouth to hold maize &c. Taurakitia, ka maroke, papaki rawa ka whakatu atu ki roto ki to whata.

Papaku, see under paku.

Păpăkură, n. an insect.

Păpămārō, a. 1. hard. stinate.

Păpăngă, a. half-full. Ringihia he wai ki roto, kia papanga.

Păpăngă, n. site. Kotahi papanga kainga.

Pāpāpā, n. 1. calabash. 2. shell of an egg &c. 3. chaff or bran. 4. a kind of moss. 5. a tree. Pāpāpā-kourā, n. a plant.

Păpăpătŭa, n. vessel made of totara bark.

Pāpārā, v. i. 1. flow (of the tide). Ka papara te tai. 2. denoting any slight extension of space. I a Te Ranginga a raro; papara atu, i a Pi; papara atu, i a Rua.

Păpărăhi, n. stage for drying kumara.

Pāpārāhua, n. a kind of table from which food is eaten (R.).

Păpăre, see under pare.

Pāpāringā, n. cheek. Pāpāru, a. flat-roofed.

Digitized by Google

Păpărua, v. t. 1. double. 2. repeat.

Păpătă, see under pata.

Păpătăhĭ, n. flat land.

Păpătăiritě, a. level; of an even surface.

Păpă-tāniwhăniwhă, n. lagenophora Forsteri; a plant.

Păpă-tăngărŏa, n. a shell fish. Păpătău, n. hard surface. papatautia te wahi ra i te tangata nei te takatakahi.

Păpătăură, n. a red fungus growing on rocks.

Pāpātěa, a. having no tattoo marks on the face.

Păpătū, n. 1. screen for defensive purposes; bulwark. champion.

Păpătŭa, n. land which has not been cultivated.

Păpătupu, n. 1. hard ground. 2. solid mass. I a au te papatupu o te oneone.

Păpăumă, n. coprosma grandifolia; a tree.

Păpăwăi, n. outer surface of the bottom of a canoe.

Păpăwhenŭa, n. a kind of eel, not full grown; the same as whakaau.

Păpipăpi, a. confused. Ka papipapi te reo o te tangata nei.

Pāpŭa, a. fruitful. He rakau papua te kahikatea.

Papura, a. purple.

I. Pără, n. 1. sediment; impurity; dross. He wai para horo; water made muddy by a landslip. 2. dust. 3. half of a tree which has been split down the middle. Wahia ana, ko Matatua tetahi para, ko Aotea tetahi (109). 4. a species of cordyline; a 5. marattia salicina; a 6. bravery; spirit. He tangata whai para.

părā, 1. turned to dust; rotten. He riri ano ta te tawa uho, PARAKUHI, n. breakfast.

he riri ano ta te tawa para; ara o te rangatira, ona whakatauki (145). 2. turned yellow; sere. Ka para nga kai o to mara.

II. Pără, a. affected with pimples.

III. Pără, v. t. cut down bush &c.; clear. Kei te para a Piwaka i tana waerenga.

Pāră, n. a fish.

Pārăe, n. level or undulating open country.

Parahaere.

Pārāhārāhā, a. flat and thin. WHiri paraharaha, flat cord platted with three strands.

paraharaha, n. 1. hoop iron, or anything similar. 2. tool made of thin iron.

Părăhăkŏ.

whakaparahako, v. t. reject; refuse. He aha koe i whakaparahako ai ki te kakahu mou?

Pārăhĭ, n. steep slope.

Părānī, n. brass.

Părăhŭa, n. fresh alluvial depo-

Părăhua, v. t. take off the bait from a hook. I parahuatia taku matau e te ika.

Părăhunuhunu, v. t. roast. haere tatou ki te parahunuhunu ngote ma tatou.

PARAIRE, n. bridle.

Parairei, n. Friday.

Părăkău, n. slave.

Părăkětě, n. booty.

Pārāki, n. land-wind from the north.

Părākiri, n. innermost fence of a pa, inside the katua or main fence.

Părăkiwăi, n. silt; sediment from a flood.

Părăkŏkă, n. refuse of flax leaf. Părăkokă, n. a fish, the same as părörě. (R.)

Părămănăwă, n. refreshment. Ka Părăweră, n. land where the fern kite mai ki ana paramanawa hei oranga, hari ana (151).

Paranako, n. a plant.

Părănohi, v. t. cover with hot stones in a native oven.

I. Părăngia, n. bait for fish.

II. Părăngia, v. pass. be overcome with sleep. Kei parangia koe e te moe.

Părăngunu, v. t. roast. Parangunua he taiawa ma tatou.

Părāoă, n. 1. sperm whale. 2. weapon made of the bone of a sperm whale. Paraoa-roa, weapon made of a whale's rib.

Părāoă, n. flour; bread.

Părăpără, n. 1. sacred place. 2. firstfruits of fish, cooked before the rest. 3. a tree.

Paraparahanga, n. fragments of food.

Părărā, n. 1. sudden and violent gust of wind. 2. bad fern root. Părărăhĭ, a. flat.

Părărē, n. food. Ka haere tatou ki te parare. (R.)

Părărē, v. i. speak or cry loudly; bawl. Parare tonu te mangai o te wahine ra. — Ka parare raua ki te tangi (97).

Părărĕkă, n. potato.

Părăriki, n. rust.

PARABUTIKI, a. paralytic.

Părătu, a. high up. Kua paratu noa atu te ra.

Pārau, n. slave; slavery. Ka riro taku tamaiti i te parau.

Părău, a. 1. false. Parau tahi e ta! 2. making fruitless exertions; toiling to no purpose. Ko te iwi ra tera, ka parau kau atu i uta (179). 3. making vain pretensions; speaking fulsely. Paraparau kau koe e

Părăŭri, a. dark in colour; darkskinned.

&c. has been burnt off.

Părăwhěnŭa, n. flood.

I. Păre, n. band for the hair; ornament for the forehead; wreath. Pare titi; peak of a cap.

II. Păre, and păpăre, v. t. turn aside; ward off. Ka parea te matia, ka hemo.

Pāre, n. barley.

Părehe, a. flattened; bent inwards. He ihu parehe; a flat nose. Ka parehe te tuara i te kawenga.

părěhě, n. flat cake. He parehe aruhe.

I. Păreho, n. head.

II. Părěho, v. i. be consumed. Kua pareho ke nga ika i te poti.

Pārěkěrěkě, n. sandal.

Părěko, v. i. be consumed.

Părěkuhi, v. t. cut the hair short. Părĕkŭră, n. battle; battle-field; place where people have fallen in battle.

Păremătă, n. stern of a vessel.

Păremo, a. 1. drowned. Kia tupato ki to tamaiti kei paremo. 2. he arero paremo; a tongue slow in speaking.

**Părĕnăkŏ,** n. a. tree.

Părengă, n. steep bank of a river. Părĕngŏ, v. i. slip.

pārĕngŏrĕngŏ, a. slippery. kowhatu parengorengo, a term applied to a churlish fellow.

Părepăre, n. 1. breast work in a fortification. 2. defensive charm (173).

**Pārĕră,** n. 1. *duck*. 2. a fish.

pārerarera, n. plantago; a plant. Părĕră, n. north-west wind.

Părerămăumu, a. unable to swim. Păretăi, n. bank of a river.

Păretua, n. pad under a load, to protect the back.

Părewhero, n. slaughter in battle.

I. Pări, n. cliff; precipice. Pari karangaranga; echo.

II. Pări, a. flowing (of the tide only). E kore tatou e puta i nga kowhatu; kua pari ke te

III. Pari, v. i. only in the phrase "pari te ihu", be overpowered; be baffled. Kua pari te ihu ki te moe (93).

Pārĭhĭrĭhĭ, n. head.

Părikou, n. a kind of eel.

Pārīrātanga, n. cessation; intermission. Te ai he pariratanga o te hau nei.

Părĭrău n. wing of a bird.

Păriri, v. i. shoot up; grow.

pariri, n. 1. shoot of a plant. 2. clearing in the bush where the trees have begun to grow Parurenga, n. prey; booty. again.

Păritea, n. white cliff. Ano te kiri, me he paritea (164).

Pārō, n. 1. hollow of the hand. 2. small basket for cooked food. Păropăro, a. withered; decayed. Părŏrĕ, a. causing relaxation or weakness. E whiti, e te ra, parore ki te kiri.

parore, n. a fish.

Părŏrĭ, a. awry. Parori ke te kauae.

Păroro, a. cloudy; threatening. Ka titiro ki te rangi e paroro ana, ka noho.

paroro, n. threatening clouds; scud; bad weather. I te mea ka puta te paroro, ka waipuke te whenua.

I. Părŭ, a. dirty.

paru, n. dirt; mud.

paruparu, n. 1. mud. 2. a preparation of cockles. He rangatira; e kore pea ia e kai i te paruparu (190).

II. Păru, v. t. 1. cover with a of raupo. coating Tikina raupo hei paru mo waho o te whakapatai, v. t. ask. Ka whawhare. 2. lay thatch on the

roof without tying. Kotahi te papanga nati, kotahi te papanga paru.

paru, n. 1. raupo on the walls of a house. 2. thatch on the roof. Ka piki raua ki runga ki te tuanui, ka tapatapahia nga paru o the whare (47).

III. Părŭ.

whakaparu, a. high; full (of the tide). He tai whakaparu te tai o te ata.

paruparu, a. deeply laden. Paruparu noa te waka ki raro ki te whenua.

Pārŭa, n. brim or edge of a bowl, nest &c.

Păruăuru, n. one who cultivates the soil.

I. Pārŭrŭ, a. shaded. Paruru tonu te mahinga a tuahangata.

II. Pāruru, v. t. rub together. Parurutia nga riwai kia ngahoro ai te ngarehu.

Pătă, n. 1. drop of mater &c. 2. grain of corn &c. 3. a kind of potato. 4. a kind of mat.

pata, and patapata, v. i. drip; fall in drops. Ka pata iho te

păpătă, n. small waves.

papata, a. covered with spots or pimples.

patapata, n. strings of a mat. whakapata, n. ancient times. No

tua, no whakapata. Pātăhĭ, v. i. befal all alike. hara kahore i patahi ki a tatou.

Patăi, v. t. 1. question; enquire. Waiho, mana e patai mai. provoke. Ka whakaturia e koe he kara, he patai riri tena. 3. induce. He pataitai naku i te tangata kia whakatika ki runga. jeer; mock.

kapataia mai e te pakeha.

Pātăi, n. a kind of girdle.

Pātăkă, n. 1. storehouse raised upon posts; elevated stage for storing food. WHakanoia ki runga ki te pataka. 2. enclosure. He pataka poaka. (R.)

Patanga, n. boundary. Ko te patanga tenei ki a Patahuri raua ko Tirawatu.

Pătăpătăiāwhā, n. heavy rain. Pātari, and pātaritari, v. t. amuse; divert. Pataritaria te tamaiti. 2. allure; entice. Ka whakaritea nga tangata hei pataritari atu i te ngutu o te ana (151). 3. provoke; incite.

whakapataritari, v. t. provoke.

Pātătă, a. near.

Pătătē, v. i. crack; break with a cracking sound.

patate, n. a tree.

Pătăto, v. i. rattle; jingle.

Pātăuă, a. caused by rain. pataua, surface water.

Pātē, n. schefflera digitata; a tree. Pātěa, n. a variety of kumara.

Pātěhětěhě, a. short. He raupo patehetehe nei.

Pātěngitěngi, n. storehouse for

Pătěrě, v. i. flow readily. Patere ana nga kupu a Tohitapu.

patere, n. dance.

patere, ad. denoting abundance. Tini patere; exceeding many.

Pătětě, v. i. move along. E kore e patete te waka i te tai timu. patetea, pass. be lengthened or

extended. Ka patetea te whare. Păti, v. t. try to obtain by coaxing, flattery &c. He pati moni i

te pakeha i pena ai tana korero. patipati, a. flattering; deceiving; not to be depended upon. He rongo patipati te rongo o te Kawana ki a au.

whakapati, v. t. flatter; cajole; pati? e kore hoki e hoatu.

Pătī, v. i. ooze; spurt; splash. Pati ana te wai o roto ina kainga.

Pātiki, n. a fish; flounder.

Pătiko, ad. headlong; in haste. Ka rere patiko koe ki Maungawaru rawa ngaro noa atu ai.

Pātĭotĭo, n. 1. a shell-fish. rock covered with mussels.

Pātītī, n. 1. a kind of grass. hatchet.

Pātito, n. eruption on the head; scald head.

Pătō, v. i. crack; snap; emit a sharp sudden sound. E pato mai ra te rakau; kei reira te tangata i oma nei.

pātoto, v. i. 1. beat; dash. patoto te tai ki te akau, koi aha. 2. knock repeatedly. bite, as a fish in taking the bait.

Wai Patohe, n. fallow; abandoned cultivation.

> Pātoke, v. t. glean potatoes &c. E patoke kapana ana.

> Pătoti, v. i. cut a notch or furrow. Patoti noa ai i runga; kaore i hou ki raro.

patoti, a. dented; notched.

Pātotoi, a. chapped. E patotoi ana oku ngutu.

Pātū, n. wall screen.

Pătu, v. t. 1. strike; beat; thrash. Aue rawa ake, ka aue, e patu ana, a roa rawa, ka tukua (19). 2. ill-treat in any way. 3. kill. Ka toia mai ki waho, ka patua, ka mate a Kae (38).

patu, n. weapon. Ko te kauae o tona tupuna tana patu (19).

păpătu, v. i. strike together; clash. Ka papatu a raua rakau.

patu, a. Kaho patu; lowest batten on the roof of a house.

Pătupăiărehe, n. demons of evil influence.

coax. He aha tau e whaka- Patūtū, n. dogskin mat; the same as puahi.

I. Pău, v. i. 1. be consumed or exhausted. Ko etahi rawhi ka pau ma nga whakaeke. 2. denoting the complete or exhaustive character of any action. Ka pau katoa nga poaka te hopuhopu. With mai or atu it signifies that all have come or gone. I pau mai ano nga tangata o te ope ra ki ro whare.

whakapau, v. t. consume; finish; leave no exception.

II. Pău, n. a kind of potato.

Pāuž, n. 1. haliotis or sea-ear; a shell fish. 2. potatoes blackened from exposure to the weather.

Pāŭhŭ, v. i. 1. slip. Kei pauhu atu te rakau. 2. put off; adjourn. Pauhua atu ta tatou mea mo te takiwa o te hanganga i te whare-karakia.

Păukenă, n. pumpkin.

Pāŭkŭ, n. a garment.

PAUNA, n. pound.

PAUNA, v. t. weigh.

Păwă, n. entrance to a trap. See also paoa.

Päwěkě, v. t. ensnare.

Pāwera, a. 1. hot. 2. solicitous; apprehensive. Ka pawera toku ngakau.

Pāwhākārŭa, n. north-east wind. Pāwhārā, a. ripped open.

pāwhārā, v. t. rip open. Ka haehaea te ika nei; pawharatia tonutia i te riu (155).

Pē, and pēpē, a. 1. crushed; mashed. Kua pe ke nga pititi i roto i te kete. 2. soft; easily crushed. 3. suppurating, as a boil. Homai he rongoa hei whakape mo taku whewhe. 4. soiled by any pulpy or viscid substance. Kei pe tou kakahu i te miere.

pēpē, n. soft mass; cake. He pepe roi.

Pea, ad. 1. perhaps. E kore pea

ia e pai mai ki ahau (131). 2. intensive, sometimes preceded by hoki; indeed; of course. He taniwha hoki pea kei te ara ki Tikitapu (156). 3. for pehea; how.

Pěšu, v. i. be turned away. Kua peau ke te ihu o te kaipuke. whakapeau, v. t. turn away. Ko to utu mo to tohunga ta moko, me whakapeau mai ki a au.

I. Pěhă, n. bark; peelings &c.

II. Peha—pēpēhā, n. 1. boast.
 2. affected speech; witticism.
 He pepeha te ki nei, ehara i te ki tuturu.

whakapehapeha, v. i. boast.

Pēhāngā, n. 1. derivative from pehi. See pehi. 2. heap. Te pehanga wahie o kaike mai ra. Pēhēa, a. interrogative. of what

rehea, a. interrogative. of what sort, character, appearance &c. Pehea te ahua o to tane? (52).

pehea, v. t. do or treat in what way. I peheatia te iwi ra i mate ai?

Pēhi, i. v. t. 1. press; weigh down. E haere mai ana hoki nga kawekawe, e pehi ana i te waka ki raro (110). 2. repress. E kore e taea tona hiahia te pehi. 3. abolish. 4. sit or brood, as a hen.

ii. v. i. lie. E pehi mai ra nga wahie i tua o te whare.

pehi, n. 1. sticks rubbed together to procure fire; especially the kaunoti, or under one. 2. second person killed or taken in battle. I a Tupe te mataika, i a au te pehi.

pehipehi, v. t. waylay. Katahi ka pehipehia mai e Rata i tahaki (55).

pehipehi, n. 1. ambuscade. 2. sill of a door frame. 3. return for a present. Ko te kohi pehipehi nga tangata.

Pēhiakura, n. dicksonia squar- Pěkī, v. i. chirp; twitter. rosa; a fern tree.

Pěi, v. t. drive out; banish. peinga hoki ia na ona tuakana.

Pěipěi, n. lump of earth; clod. Peihana, n. basin.

Pěkă, n. 1. branch of a tree, river &c. hence 2. firewood. 3. fern.

peka, v. i. turn aside.

pekanga, n. branch road. Kia tae koe ki te pekanga o te ara ka noho ki raro.

whakapeka, v. t. refuse. Korero whakapeka, dark saying.

pekapeka, n. 1. bat. 2. windmill toy. 3. some kind of ornament (153).

I. Pěkě, n. upper part of the arm; fore quarter. Ka ngaro katoa nga peke matamua ki roto ki nga koro (151).

II. Pěkě, v. t. leap over. te awa nei.

pēpěkě, v. i. draw up the legs Pěči, n. solanum aviculure; a or arms. Pepeke ou waewae.

pěkěpěkě, a. quick. Kia pekepeke te haere.

whakapeke, v. t. conceal. mau ki te hāte, ka whakapekea ki roto ki ona.

come, without exception. Kahore ano au taonga kia peke mai?

Pēkě, n. bag.

Pěkěhāwăni, n. the star whose appearance marks the 8th month.

Pěkěpŏhŏ, n. first born child.

Pěkěrángi, v. i. dance.

pekerangi, n. outermost or fourth fence of a complete stockade.

Pěkěrěrě, n. small garment for the shoulders; cape.

Pěkětůa, n. 1. supplementary load carried on the back. 2. a weapon carried in the belt.

Te manu e peki ana (137).

He Pēnā, a. like that which is near, or has some reference to, the person spoken to.

> pena, v. t. treat or do in that way. Me pena ia te mahi na?

pena, ad. in that case.

Pěnăpěnă, v. t. take care of; tend; keep.

Pēněi, a. like anything near, or connected with the speaker.

penei. v. t. do in this manner. دKo wai ka hua tera e penei tia?

penel, ad. in this case; if the case were thus; otherwise. i ora ano a te Arawa, penei e ma nga waka hei hoenga ki Hawaiki (93).

Pěnupěnu, a. mashed. Kua penupenu nga kapana i roto i te kohue.

Pekea Peo, v. t. beg. E peo kai ana te tamaiti.

shrub.

Pepa, n. 1. paper. 2. pepper. I. Pěpě, n. 1. a grub found in rotten wood. 2. moth.

pepepe, n. 1. moth or butterfly. 2. basket. 3. a plant.

III. Pěkě, v. i. be all gone or II. Pěpě. v. t. attract birds by imitating their cry. Ka mau ki te raurekau, ka pepea.

pepe, n. leaf used for the above purpose. Ma Matete e whakatangi te pepe.

Pepe, a. close together. Akuanei kia pepe te haere.

Pēpē, see under pe.

Pepeha, see under peha.

Pepeke, see under peke. Pēpuere, a. February.

Pēră, like anything which is unconnected either with the speaker or the person addressed. Me i pera te ahua, ka pai ano.

pera, v. t. treat or do in that | Pīhā, n. small kumara. way.

Peraro, n. a shell-fish.

Pěrě, n. arrow or dart thrown by means of a thong attached to a stick.

pere, v. t. throw an arrow or

perepere, v. t. clear off weeds &c. Me perepere nga taru o te mara ka ngaki ai.

Pěrěhia, n. agrostis aemula, pilosa or Billardieri; grasses.

Pěropěro, n. dog.

Pěru, n. 1. fulness about the eyes and lips when a person is angry. Ka tuku nga peru a to tangata. 2. overhanging portion of a roof. E nui ana te peru ki waho.

peruperu, 1. throat feathers of the koko, or prosthemadera. 2. a kind of dance.

Pětăpětă, a. worn out.

petapeta, n. rags.

petapeta, ad. all at once.

Pěto, v. i. be consumed. Kua peto noa atu te rongoa.

Pewa, n. anything bow-shaped; so 1. eyebrow. Tu ana nga pewa o te tangata ra; ka riri. new moon. 3. entrance to a trap for birds &c. 4. Pewa ika, roe of a fish.

I. PI, n. young of birds; chick. II. Pī, v. i. flow (of the tide). Kua pi te tai.

pipī, v. i. ooze.

pīpī, v. t. bathe with water.

PI, n. urine.

Pia, n. 1. gum of trees, or any similar exudation. 2. blind eel. Pĭahăerĕ, n. a plant.

Piango, a. empty. Ka piango te poho.

Pīătă, a. bright; clear; transparent.

Pie, v. t. 1. desire earnestly. call.

Pĭhă, and pĭhăpĭhă, n. gills of a fish.

Pĭhăngă, n. window.

Pīhangaiti, v. i. lie in a heap; be gathered together. Kia pihangaiti nga papa.

whakapihangaiti, v. t. lay in a heup.

Pīhāo, v. t. surround. Pihaoa!

Pĭhărău, n. small eel.

Pĭhărĕingă, n. cricket. Ko te pihareinga kei te noho marire; mo te raumati ka tangi ai.

Pĭhĕ, n. song sung over the bodies of the slain.

pihepihe, n. girdle for the waist. Pĭhĭ, v. i. spring up; begin to grow. Kua pihi nga korau.

pihi, n. a species of grass.

pihi, a. watertight.

pihipihi, n. a bird.

Ріні, вее рини.

Pĭhŏ, n. a variety of potato.

Pīhŏihŏi, n. ground lark; anthus Novæ Zelandiæ.

Pīhŏngă, a. putrid. He pihonga te kai nei.

Piihi, n. piece; block of land.

Pīkaru, discharge from the eyes. Pīkău, v. t. carry on the back: pick-a-back. Kahore he ta-

ngata hei pikau i te kete kai. pikau or pikaunga, n. load for the back.

Pīkāwikāwi, a. flexible; flaccid. I. Piki, v. t. 1. climb. Pikitia te rakau nei ki etahi karaka ma tatou. 2. piki turanga, come to the rescue; assist any one in fighting. I pikitia e ia toku turanga.

pikitanga, n. ascent of a hill &c. whakapiki, v. t. cause to ascend. Katahi a Kupe ka whakapiki i tona waka (109).

II. Piki, a. frizzled; closely curled.

III. Pini, n. fig.

Pikiarero, n. 1. roof of the mouth. 2. clematis indivisa; a climbing plant.

Pĭkĭtără, n. 1. verandah. 2. a kind of eel.

Pĭkŏ, v. i. bend; stoop. Ka piko te rakau; meake whati.

piko, a. bent; curved. He tuara piko.

piko, n. corner; bend. Hei te piko o te awa tatou noho ai. whakapiko, v. t. bend.

whakapiko, n. murder committed upon persons who are in the act of eating food which has been prepared by the murderers.

pikopiko, n. young shoots of ferns. He pikopiko i te ngahere ngakai a te Maori.

Pīkŏkŏ, a. hungry.

Pīmĭrŭmĭrŭ, n. a bird.

Pīnākĭtāngā, n. gentle slope of a hill &c.

Pīnăkĭtĕrĕ, n. a plant.

Pīnāku, n. war-canoe; the same as pitau.

Pine, and pipine, a. close together. Ko matou kua pipine mai ki roto noho ai.

PINE, n. pin.

Pinöhi, and pinöhinöhi, v. t. place hot stones on food in a native oven, to insure its being cooked. Pinohinohia ta tatou poaka.

pinohi, n. sticks used for handling hot stones; tongs.

Pīnono, v. t. beg; obtain in an artful manner.

Pingão, n. desmoschænus spiralis; a plant.

Pingau, n. 1. a plant; perhaps the same as pingao. 2. strings of a mat.

Pingongo, a. shrunk. Pingongo ana nga papa o te hoiho.

Pingore, a. flexible; bending. Pingore noa te arawhata.

I. Pio, v. i. be extinguished; go out. Kua pio te kora. (R.)

II. Pio, a. many. He pio te tangata.

piopio, n. a bird.

whakapiopio, n. metrosideros scandens, a plant.

Pĭoĕ, n. dry firewood. (R.)

Pīŏi, and pīŏiŏi, v. t. shake; brandish. Ka whakatika a Hatupatu, ka pioi i ana kirikiri upoko (102).

pioi, n. song sung while brandishing heads or scalps.

pioioi, n. a bird.

Piŏkăŏkă, v. t. strip off. Piokaokangia he peha mo ta tatou ahi.

Pīŏkĕŏkĕ, n. a small shark.

Pīŏrĭŏrĭ, n. song.

Pĭpĭ, n. cockle; a shell fish.

whakapipi, v. t. place one on another; stack.

Pīpī, a. half grown; not matured. He iwi pipi. Compare kopīpī. See also pi.

Pipipi, n. turkey.

Pīpīwhārāurŏa, n. chrysococcyx lucidus; small cuckoo.

Pīrāhāu, a. rotten. See pirau. Pīrāhū, n. firewood. (R.)

Pīrākā, and pirakaraka, n. firewood. (R.)

Piraku, n. firewood. (R.)

Pīrăngĭ, v. t. desire. Ka nui tana pirangi ki te paraoa hei kai mana.

Pĭrără, v. i. be separated; be divided; be wide apart. Pirara ana te awa.—Ano nga moko o Tohu; pirara ana.

Pĭrătă, a. sharp.

Pĭrău, a. 1. rotten. He pirau no nga kai i mahue ai. 2. gone out; extinguished. Homai he wahie, keiwha pirau te ahi.

I. Piri, v. i. 1. stick. Piri kita

te ika nei ki te kowhatu; e piupiu, v. i. oscillate; move to kore e taea. 2. come close; keep close. Kua piri mai te waka. 3. skulk: hide oneself. pipiri, v. i. come to close quar-

ters; join battle. Katahi ka pipiri ta raua whawhai.

piripiri, n. acæna sanguisorbæ; a plant. Hoe piripiri; additional steer-oar.

whakapiri, v. t. stick; fasten.

II. Piri, n. the moon at 21 days old.

Pĭrihŏngŏ, v. i. keep close. tamaiti pirihongo.

Pĭrĭkăhŭ, n. acæna sanguisorbæ; a plant.

Pĭrĭpĭrĭwhătă, n. carpodetus serratus: a shrub.

Pĭrĭtă, n. rhipogonum scandens; a climbing plant.

Pĭrĭtŏkă, n. animalculæ adhering to rocks.

Pĭrĭwhĕtău, n. acæna sanguisorbæ; a plant.

Pĭrŏ, a. putrid; stinking.

piro, n. 1. foul smell. 2. intestines.

Piroku, v. i. go out; be extinguished. Ka piroku te ahi.

Pīrŏrĭ, i. v. t. plant. I haere mai ahau i te pirori parareii. v. i. roll along as a ball &c.

pirori, n. hoop; a toy.

Pītău, n. 1. young succulent shoot of a plant. 2. war canoe with a fancy figurehead, i.e. one not representing a human head. Pītītī, n. peach.

Pito, n. 1. end; extremity. tona ringa tetahi pito o te taura e mau ana. 2. navel.

Pītŏitŏi, n. 1. a small land bird. 2. a sea bird.

Pĭtŏkĭtĕ, n. niggard; churl. Pĭu, v. t. throw or swing with a cord. whakaheke.

and fro. Kua piupiu te pu o Raka.

piupiu, n. a plant.

Pīwăi, n. small kumara, overlooked in lifting the crop. Matahi kari piwai; the second month.

piwai, v. t. dig.

Pīwākāwākā, n. rhipidura fla-· bellifera, or fantail; a bird.

Pīwări, a. 1. bent. 2. beautiful.

Pīwătăwătă, a. full of interstices or open spaces. Ka piwatawata mai nga patu o te whare.

Po, n. 1. night. Ko te po whakaau te moe (46). Used in speaking of a small number of days; "Po hia koutou ki te ara?" "Po toru". 2. season. Ko te po tanu kai tenei. 3. place of departed spirits.

pongia, v. pass. be overtaken by night. Ka pongia tatou akuanei.

Pŏa, v. t. allure by bait; entice. Me poa te manu ki te kaanga ka mau ai.

popoa, n. sacred food, eaten on account of the dead.

pŏapŏa, n. buit.

Poăhă, a. open.

Poška, n. pig.

Poānanga, n. clematis hexasepala &c. Compare pua-wananga.

Poăngăăngă, n. skull.

Poăre, a. open. Compare puare. Poāritărită, v. i. be in a hurry.

Ka poaritarita ki te kai, ka raoa.

Poăuău, a. mistaken; confused.

Pŏhä, a. full. poha, n. basket.

Pohaha, a. split open; ripped up. Pohaha ana te putea.

Piua mai te pito o te Pohane, v. i. practise sodomy. Pohătă, n. wild turnip.

Digitized by GOOGLE

Pohatu, see powhatu.

Pohauhau, a. confused. Ka he hauhau noa iho (71).

Pŏhĕ, or pŏpŏhĕ, a. 1. withered. Kua pohe nga rau o te rakau. 2. blind.

whakapohe, v. t. blind; throw dust in the eyes (metaphorically).

Pohehe, a. mistaken; in error. Pohewa, a. mistaken; confused.

Pohiri, see powhiri.

Pŏhŏ, n. 1. chest. Ka mamae taku poho i te maremare. stomach. Ka piango te poho. 3. seat of the affections; breast. WHiti ana taku poho i to karanga.

Pohoi, n. bunch of feathers worn in the ear for ornament. haere ki te wai, ka mahue te pohoi ki uta; ka hoki mai ki uta, katahi ka pohoi i tana pohoi.

Pŏhŏpā, a. having scruples.

Pŏhŏwĕră, n. charadrius bicinctus; a bird.

Pohue, and pohuehue, n. a name given to several climbing or trailing plants, as convolvulus; clematis &c.

Pohuhu, a. 1. swarming; in crowds. Me te ngaro e pohuhu nei. 2. cloudy; overcast.

Pohutu, v. i. splash; make a splushing.

pohutuhutu, v. i. be splashed. Komai he takai mo nga taputapu, kei pohutuhutu.

Pohutukawa, n. metrosideros tomentosa; a tree.

Pŏi, n. ball.

pŏipŏi, v. t. toss, swing or wave about. Poipoia te tamaiti nei. -Of an offering to an 'atua'. Katahi ha maoa te kuri ra, ka poipoia (112).

Pŏihĕwä, n. small basket for cooked food.

noa iho nga whakaaro, ka po- Poike, v. t. place aloft. I poiketia rawatia nga kaka ki runga ki tona mahunga.

poike, a. tufted at the top. rakau-poike.

Poĭoĭo, n. first shoots of potato or kumara.

Poito, n. for pouto, float.

Poka, n. hole; pit; well.

poka, v. t. 1. make a hole in or through; bore; pierce. Me poka te rakau nei. 2. strike out a path. He ara poka hou tena. 3. do anything unusual.

pokapoka, v. t. 1. pierce with a number of holes. He mate pokapoka; scrofulous sores. plant in holes. Me pokapoka nga kapana ki te papatu.

Pokăi, n. 1. ball of string &c. 2. swarm of flies; flock of bird. Ka rere ki waho nga pokai koko (33).

pokai, v. t. wind in a ball. e pokai te aho.

Pokaikaha, a. confused; at a loss. Ka tae matou ki te wahi ngaru, ka pokaikaha.

Pokākā, a. 1. stormy. I kitea e au te pokaka rawa o te haura. 2. hot. He pokaka no te whare i mahue ai.

pokaka, n. storm; squall.

Pokaku, a. in doubt; mistaken; confused.

Pokanoa, v. t. do without authority; do at random.

Pŏkăpū, n. middle; centre.

Pōkārĕ, or pōkārĕkārĕ, v. i. *be* agitated, as a liquid. Marino tonu te moana; hore rawa he pokaretanga.

whakapokarekare, v. t. disturb the surface of water; spill.

I. Poke, n. 1. short axe. 2. greens; turnip tops &c. E tia te poke; me te maunu koura!

Digitized by Google

II. Poke, a. soiled; dirty. poke ou kakahu.

pokepoke, v. t. mix up with wa-

III. Pokě, v. i. appear (as a spirit). Ka poke mai te tupapaku ka wehi koe.

Pokěkă, n. a kind of mat made of flax.

Pokěká, v. i. be perplexed.

Pokěkě, a. small. He mara po-

Pokeke, a. sullen.

Pokere, n. 1. pitfall. 2. pulp of Ponana, a. hurried; flurried. He the tawa berry.

pokere, ad. in the dark. haere pokere atu te tangata i konei.

Pokerehu, n. fruit of the tawa. pokerehu, ad. without cause. I patua pokerehutia noatia iho e au taku tamaiti.

Pŏkĭ, and pŏpŏkĭ, v. t. 1. cover Pokia ta tatou umu. 2. place with the concave side downwards. Me popoki te waka nei.

popoki, n. lid; cover.

pokipoki, n. eddy wind.

Pokihi, v. i. shoot; begin to grow.

Pŏkŏ, v. i. go out, as fire; bewahie kei poko te ahi. -- Me te poko (13), of a sudden disappearance, like the going out of a flame.

popoko, a. withered; shrivelled. Pŏkŏhĭwĭ, n. shoulder.

Pŏkŏkŏhŭa, n. an epithet which is considered the greatest possible insult. Compare kohu. Pŏkŏrĕhŭ, n. ashes.

Pŏkŏrŭa, n. 1. pit; hollow. ant.

pokorua, a. hollow; sunken. He mate kai te tangata ra; i kitea

Pokowhiwhi, n. shoulder.

Kei Pokurukuru, n. lump.

pokurukuru, a. full of lumps.

Pona, 1. knot. 2. joint in the arm or leg. 3. cord. Ka kuhua te pona a WHakatau ki te whare, puta noa ki tetehi taha, puta noa ki tetehi taha (61). 5. string of fish.

pona, v. t. tie in a knot.

ponapona, n. joint in the arm or leg.

Ponaho, n. anything diminutive in size.

ponana i mahue ai nga pukapuka.

Poniania, n. lower part of the

Ponini, v. i. glow; diffuse a red light. Ponini ana te kakahu o te tangata nei ki roto ki te wai.

I. Pono, a. 1. true. 2. hospitable; bountiful.

pononga, a. true; unfeigned. Ehara i te wakapupuni pononga (133).

whakapono or whakapononga, v. t. *believe* ; admit as true. WHakapononga ana a Manaia (122).

come extinguished. Homai he II. Pono, v. i. 1. light upon; come upon. Pono rawa mai e putu ana i roto i te hangi (90). 2. fall in one's way. He mea i pono mai ki toku aroaro.

> popono, v. t. covet. Oti, ka popono koutou ki nga kota o te Mahia?

pononga, n. captive; slave.

Pŏpŏ, and pŏpŏpŏpŏ, a. rotten; worm-eaten.

Popo, a. pointed. Ma tawhiti e titiro Maungataniwha, popo tonu a runga.

Popo, v. t. crowd around; throng. ki nga kanohi ka pokopoko- Popo, v. t. 1. pat with the hand. Popotia te tamaiti na kia mutu ai te tangi. 2. knead; mix up. anoint. Me popo ki te hinu ki te kokowai.

Popoa, see under poa. Popohe, see under pohe. Popoia, n. handle of a basket. Popoki, see under poki.

Popokorua, n. ant.

Popokotea, n. a bird. Popono, see under pono.

Popore, see under pore.

Poporo, see under poro.

Poporoihowa, n. hedycaria dentain, a tree.

Pora, a. flat-roofed. He pora te whare. - Pora matanui, having a roof of moderate pitch.

pora, n. ship. Tangata pora, man from shipboard; foreigner.

Porže, v. t. anoint.

porae, n. a fish.

Porahu, and porahurahu, a. perplexed; embarrassed; awkward. He haka ano ta te ware, he porahu noa iho nga ringa (146).

Poranga, v. t. float. Ka rukuhia, ka porangatia ki tahaki.

Porangi, a. 1. hurried. He aha tau e porangi nei? 2. beside oneself; out of one's mind.

porangi, n. madman. Kei te porangitia koe (122). you are losing your wits.

Porara, a. having wide spaces or interstices. E porara ana a raro o te kete, i komama ai.

Porăurăhă, a. confused.

Pŏrě, v. i. start in sleep.

popore, v. t. 1. desire; wish anxiously for, 2. shew favour to: treat kindly.

porepore, a. faint with hunger. E porepore ana toku manawa.

whakaporepore, v. t. propitiate; court the favour of, by a gift &c.

Porčarča, a. 1. tiresome; impor-2. afraid of being tiresome; modest.

Ma wai e popo te paru? 3. Poreke, a. broken off. Poreke pu te rakau i waenganui.

Porena, v. i. float, as oil on wa-

Porera, n. mat to lie on (193).

Porětěrětě, n. a kind of duck. Porewarewa, or porewharewha. a. 1. giddy; stupefied. 2. mad.

Pori, n. 1. collops of fat. 2. tribe. Ko wai te ingoa o to koutou pori? Compare hapori.

Poria, n. 1. ring on the leg of a captive bird, to prevent the string from cutting it. kind of ornament (153).

poria, v. t. load with a weight. He mea poria ki te punga hei whakatoimaha (154).

Porihawa, n. a bird.

Pōrĭrŏ, n. bastard.

Pŏrŏ, 1. butt end; termination. 2. block. Kei hea te poro ra-

poro, v. i. be finished; come to Taihoa, kia poro te an end. kai ki te whenua.

pŏrŏngă, a. end. Ko te poronga tenei o tana korero.

poporo, or poroporo, n. solanum aviculare and nigrum; plants.

Poroaki, 1. leave instructions at departing. Na Te Waikeri te poroaki kia hoatu he kapana mau. 2. take leave.

Poroha, see porowha.

Porohe, n. 1. a large mussel. (R.) 2. young of the fish mohi.

porohe, v. t. gather up in loops, as a cord &c.

whakaporohe, v. t. knot together.

Porohuri, v. t. upset; overturn. v. i. tumble one over another.

Pŏrŏkškī, n. back of the neek.

Porokere, v. i. be broken off short. Poroki, v. i. give directions at the time of departure. Ka poroki iho ia ki a maua kia haere atu koe apopo.

Porongaua, n. throat of a fish. Pŏrŏrărŭ, a. bewildered.

Pororere, a. broken right off.

Porori, a. 1. slow; sluggish. He tangata porori ki te haere. not bored (of the ears).

porori, n. tattoo marks on the Potapota, a. broken to pieces. breech.

Pororotua, a. numbed with cold. Pororua, n. sonchus oleraceus; sow-thistle.

pororua, v. t. tamper with. Kei pororuatia e Tamatekapua (71).

Porotaitaka, a. 1. turned over and over. 2. confused. Ka porotaitaka nga whakaaro o NGatikahungunu.

Pŏrŏtăkă, a. round.

Porotawa, n. a fungus growing on trees.

Porotiti, n. 1. disc. 2. a toy. Porotutuki, v. i. come to an end. Ko te porotutukitanga mai tena o te awa.

Porowhā, a. foursided; square. porowha, v. t. range in square. I porowhatia te haka ki te marae. v. i. fall flat. Porowha tonu te rakau ki raro.

Pŏrŏwhĭtă, n. circle; wheel. Porowhiu, v. t. throw.

Porŭkŭ, v. t. double up. Porukuhia te kete.

Poruru, a. close together; thick.

Porutu, v. i. make a splashing with the hands in bathing.

Potăe, n. covering for the head; hat; cap.

potae, v. t. 1. put over one's head, so as to cover or envelop it. 2. slip on over the head. I potaea te kaha ki te matenga o te kereru.

Potăităkă, a. 1. turned round and round, or over and over. giddy; confused. 3. seeming to turn round.

Potaka, n. top to spin. He po-

taka where rua; a top with two points.

potakataka, a. round.

Potăngotăngo, a. very dark. noho mai na koe i roto i te potangotango.

Potapota noa te waka i te tai.

Potătu, and potatutatu. a. impatient; distracted. E potatu ana ki te haere.

Potěrětěrě, a. dripping wet. poteretere ana oku kakahu.

Potětě, n. a stick used to hold a dog, one end being fastened to the collar. Me te kuri e mau nei i te potete.

potete, a. curly.

potete, v. t. speak frequently of. Potete tonu kia patua ahau.

Pŏtĭ, n. 1. angle; corner. poti na Uekahia, ma Rongotakutama e kumanu, (of a small quantity of kumara in the corner of a kete). 2. basket for cooked food.

potipoti, n. shrimp.

Рŏтĭ, n. cat.

Potiki, n. youngest child.

Pŏtŏ, a. 1. short. 2. denoting the exhaustive character of an action &c., shewing that all the things spoken of have been dealt with. Kua poto nga mea o runga o te kaipuke te mau mai. Poturi, a. 1. deaf. Poturi ana aku taringa. 2. stubborn.

Pou, n. post; pole.

pou, and poupou, v. t. 1. stick in; plunge in. Te tino rarahutanga ki te hoe; te tino pounga ki te wai i poua ai (171). 2. fasten to a stake &c. Poua to tatou waka. 3. elevate upon poles. Apopo ka pou i te kai nei, kia rokohanga mai kua noi ki runga (142).

poupou, n. 1. peg; stake. 2. shrouds of a canoe mast.

poupou, a. 1. steep; perpendicular. Poupou tonu te pikitanga.

2. on the meridian. Ka poupou te ra, ka whakatika mai matou.

Pou for pau. See pau.

Pouš, n. old person. Kite rawa au i a koe, kua pouatia koe. Pouškš, n. box.

Pouakakiwa, n. chief place of residence

Poušrěhěrěhě, a. old and wrinkled. Poušrů, n. widower; widow.

Poue, n. a shell fish.

Pounaho, a. long and stiff.

Pounui, n. south-wind.

Pŏurăkă, n. net attached to a hoop, used for catching cray-fish.

Pourewa, n. an elevated platform attached to the stockade of a pa. Pouri, a. 1. dark. Kaore and i marama noa; e pouri tonu ana (1). 2. sorrowful; sad; distressed. He pouri nona ki tona matua ka mate.

pouriuri, a. darkish; gloomy. Poururu, a. darkish; gloomy.

whakapoururu, v. i. look sorrowful or gloomy. He aha koe ka whakapoururu ai ki te kai mau.

Pŏutăngătă, a. He toki poutangata, a greenstone adze, used as a weapon of war.

I. Pouto, n. float.

II. Pouto, v. t. cut off. Poutoa te kauru o te rakau.

Poutumaro, a. on the meridian.

Pŏututĕrăngĭ, n. the star whose appearance marks the tenth month: perhaps α Aquilæ.

Pouwhenua, n. a weapon like the taiaha.

Powaiwai, v. t. 1. whirl or whisk about; move with a fanlike motion 2. fan.

Powhăitěrě, n. paroquet.

Powharu, v. i. sink into a bog

&c. Ka powharuwharu nga waewae ki te one.

powharu, a. soft; boggy.

Powhatu, n. stone.

Powhiri, v. t. 1. wave; whisk; whirl. Powhiriwhiria ta tatou rama kia ka ai. 2. beckon any one to come on; welcome. E powhiri ana tera te tangata whenua, me te haere atu te manuhiri ra (166).

powhiriwhiri, n. provision for a journey.

Pōwhiwhi, n. a creeping plant.

I. Pu, n. 1. tribe. Ko te pu tenei o Tipare. 2. bunch; bundle; anything growing in a bunch. Taua pu wiwi (13). 3. heap; stack. To pu o te kupenga (79). 4. skilled person; wise one. Na koutou, na nga pu, na nga tohunga, na nga kaupapa (98).

pu, a. niho pu, double tooth.

pu, v. t. make into a bundle, or ball.

Puia nga raupo mo te whare.

pupu, n. 1. bundle. Tikina nga
pupu raupo. 2. a shell fish.

pupu, v. t. make into bundles. whakapu, v. t. and v. i. lay or

lie in a heap. Hei hea a tatou kete whakapu ai?

whakapu, n. stack. He whakapu kupenga tera e tu mai ra. II. Pū, v. i. blow. Te hau e pu mai nei ki taku kiri (17).

Poutoa pupu, v. i. 1. bubble up; boil. Kahore ano i pupu noa te wai.

2. rise, as a fog.

pu, n. wind instrument as putorino, pu-tatara &c. Ko Ruaeo, e whakatangi ana i ana pu (76).

whakapu, v. i. howl as a dog. III. Pu, a. precise; very. Ko te kainga pu tenei.

pu, ad. exceedingly; exactly. Me te kawau pu te ahua.

IV. Pū, a. loathing; hating. Ka whakatika ki te kai, ka pu te

Digitized by Google

guised ill feeling.

V. Pū, n. gun.

I. Pua, n. flower; seed.

pua, a. foaming; breaking. He ngaru pua.

II. Pua, v. roll or wrap up clothes &c. Puaia tou kakahu ka kauhoe ai ki tawahi.

puapua, n. a garment wrapped round the arm as a protection from a blow.

Puăhă, n. mouth of a river. Kei te puaha o Piako (144).

puaha, a. leaving a clear passage. Ka puaha te tai nei: hoea tatou; when a wave has broken leaving an interval of smooth

Pūšhi, n. white dogskin mat.

Puaka, n. 1. dry twigs. 2. flo-

Puakaha, a. open; attentive. Kia puakaha mai ou taringa.

Pŭaki, v. i. 1. come forth; shew Ka puaki te upoko i itself. roto i tona rua (98). 2. be uttered. I puaki i a wai te kupu pana moku? 3. be exhaled. Ka puaki te kakara o te tawhiri.

whakapuaki, v. t. utter; disclose. Puano, n. dizziness; the effect of height on the nerves.

Pūănŭ, a. cool. Puanu ake ana te hau o te pari nei.

Pŭangă, n. the star Rigel.

Puangăhori, n. the star Procyon. Pūăngiăngi, a. cool; refreshing.

Pūšo, v. i. dawn. Hei te puaotanga tatou ka haere ai.

Pŭarĕ, a. open. Kia puare te whare.

Pŭarĕrĕ, n. decoy bird; of small birds only.

Pūāritărită, a. hurried; in a hurry. Tenei te wahi i puaritarita ai.

Pūătăătă, a. 1. full of holes or spaces. 2. transparent; clear.

ngakau. — Pu ana a roto, ke | Puatawhiwhi, n. a climbing plant. ana a waho: a proverb for dis- Pŭatea, n. gnaphalium, species. a plant.

> Pūău, n. ripple; rapid. Ko te whawhaitanga tuatahi, i te puau o WHangamarino, i te Koheroa.

Pŭāwăi, n. flower.

Pŭawananga, n. clematis indivisa, a plant.

Pūšwhě, v. i. be taken aback by the wind as a sail; be driven forcibly by the wind. Paia ake e ta! ka puawhe mai te awha ki roto nei.

Puĕa, v. i. rise to the surface. Ka puea mai te tohora.

Pūĕhŭ, n. dust.

puehu, v. i. be in the form of dust. E puehu ana te nehu ki runga ki te kai.

Pūěků, a. unproductive, as crops. Pūĕru, or puweru, n. shaggy mat, made of partially dressed flax.

Pūětčětč, n. a bird which frequents swamps.

Puha, n. 1. gills of a fish. 2. song; chaunt. Katahi ano ka takitakina ona puha:--ona puha nei na, "Kia rere atu te Kawana ki tawhiti."

Puha, or puhapuha, a. full; up to the brim. Puhapuha ana te wai, toka tonu i runga.

Pūhăehăe, a. envious.

Puhake, a. full to overflowing. Ka puhake rawa; rite tonu ki nga niao te wai.

Pūhănă, v. i. glow. Te puhanatanga o te uira o te ahi o te Arawa (81).

Pühängă, n. 1. a kind of eel. 2. derivative from păpăhi. See under puhi.

Puhangaiti, v. i. lie in a heap. See pihangaiti.

Pūhără, n. a kind of elevated platform for warlike purposes. Puhāurēroa, conch or horn, blown | Puhuki, a. blunt; dull. Ka puto give signals.

Puhi, n. 1. betrothed woman. 2. much courted unbetrothed young woman. He puhi hoki a Hinemoa (131). 3. knot or bunch of hair; a mode of wearing the hair tied up like a sheaf. 4. a kind of eel of very large size. 5. NGa puhi a Puarata. puhipuhi, v. t. ornament with

bunches of feathers or hair, as the bow or stern of a canoe &c. Puhipuhi rawa te paua ki te waero (21).

puhipuhi, a. tied up in a bunch; growing in bunches. Ka puhipuhi te tupu o te kapana.

Pŭhĭ.

pupuhi, i. v. t. 1. blow. 2. fire a gun. 3. shoot with a gun. ii. v. i. swell.

puhipuhi, v. t. blow frequently. puhipuhi paipa, smoke a pipe.

Puhihi, n. seed potatoes which throw up a weak shoot.

puhihihihi, a. stiff, of the hair. Ho puhihihihi no te upoko.

Půhřkorokoro, n. lamprey, of a large kind.

Puhŏi, a. 1. slow; dull. He waka puhoi. 2. deaf.

Puhonga, a. stinking; offensive. Pūhŏrě, a. 1. unsuccessful in fishing &c. 2. scarce. Te mara tautane, he mara ki nga atua whakapuhore kai.

Puhoro, n. 1. tattoo marks on the thigh. 2, bad weather.

Puhoru, a. that will not open. He pipi puhoru.

whakapuhoru, v. i. leap out of the water. E whakapuhoru ana te kanae.

Puhou, n. coriaria ruscifolia, a shrub; the same as tutu.

Pūhŭa, v. t. glean potatoes or kumara, after the crop has been taken up.

huki taku toki.

Pŭiă, n. 1. volcano. 2. bush.

puia, a. smarting. Ka puia aku kanohi i te au.

Pŭiški, a. rare; precious. kakano puipuiaki.

puiaki, n. treasure. Kei ngaro ko oku kanohi, kei waiho ko te whenua hei puiaki mo nga mea i muri i a au.

Puĭhĭihĭ, n. strings of a mat.

Pŭkă, n. muhlenbeckia adpressa; a shrub. 2. cabbage. 3. spade. pukapuka, n. 1. brachyglottis repanda, a shrub. 2. lungs. 3.

paper; letter; book.

II. Pŭkă, v. i. 1. be jealous. 2. Ka puka taku manawa pant. i te omanga.

Pūkāeš, n. a wind instrument made of totara and used to sound an alarm in time of war.

Pukähä, n. 1. refuse portion of flax leaf. 2. a garment made of the same.

Pŭkăhŭ, a. abundant.

pukahu, n. spongy matter enveloping the seeds of pumpkins.

Pūkăi, i. v. i. lie in a heap. Ka rukea nga tupapaku hi waho pukai ai (153). ii. v. t. lay in a heap. Pukairia nga oneone ki waenganui.

Pūkākā, a. hot.

Pūkākā, n. long bones of the arm or leg.

Pūkākī, n. scrofulous swelling in the neck.

Pūkana, v. i. distort the eyes; stare wildly.

Pūkātākātā, a. dry; crisp.

Pŭkătěa, n. atherosperma Novæ Zelandiæ, a tree.

Pūkăuri, a. 1. burren. 2. burning fiercely. E kore e ngaro; ka pukauri tonu te ka, he whare

pukauri, n. a kind of shell fish.

Pūkawa, a. bitter; unpalateable. Pukawa rawa atu tena mea ki roto ki toku waha.

Pŭkë, n. 1. hill. 2. pubes.

puke, v. i. rise, as a flood. Ka. puke te wai o Waipaoa.—Ka pukea te wai akuanei.

pukepuke, a. hilly.

(of resentment &c.).

pukenga, n. 1. source of a river. 2. teacher; model. Ko wai tou pukenga, nana koe i ako?

Pukei, for pukai. See pukai. Pūkěko, n. 1. porphyrio melanotus, or water hen. 2. wounded man. 3. old fruit of the previous year.

Pukepoto, n. a kind of dark earth, used as a pigment.

Pūkeri, v. i. rush along violently as a flood or wind.

Pūkĕrŭ, v. t. blow. Pukerua te kapura.

Pūkiki, a. stunted.

Pŭkŏhŭ, n. fog.

Pukoki, n. self-sown potato.

Pūkŏrŏ, n. 1. sheath; case. halo. 3. net for catching eels, in shape like a long bag. a kind of mat made of closely woven flax, with a narrow ornamental border.

pukoro, v. t. surround with a halo. Ka pukoroa te marama.

Pūkororoa, n. a large basket. Pŭkŏrŭ, n. fold of a garment. pūkorukoru, v. t. gather up in folds.

pukorukoru, n. rotten wood.

Puku, n. 1. swelling. 2. stomach. 3. abdomen. 4. passions; affections.

puku, v. i. swell. Ka puku toku kauae.

pukupuku, n. closely woven mat, which being wetted is imperpatea; pukupuku with an ornamental border.

Pŭkŭ, ad. 1. secretly; without speaking. I oma puku ia. without food. Kei te noho puku matou.

Pŭkŭpā, a. without offspring; barren.

whakapuke, v. i. begin to rise Pukupango, n. potato blackened by exposure.

Pukurau, n. ileodictyon cibarium, a kind of fungus.

Pŭkŭrĭrĭ, a. angry; quarrelsome. Pŭkŭwăi, a. watery; sodden. He pukuwai te wahie nei.

Pumahu, a. steamy; reeking. Ka pumahu te whenua i te ra, meake tupu te kai.

Pumău, a. fixed; constant; permanent. Ka pumau tona noho ki Hauraki.

Pūmŭkă, v. t. thrust at; stab.

Puna, n. spring of water.

Pünäiörö, n. a plant.

Punake, n. fore end of the body of a canoe, to which the tauihu or bow is spliced.

Punarua, a. 1. in pairs. wheki punarua, squid caught in pairs; an ill omen. 2. having two wives. He tangata punarua.

Pūnšunšu, p. satiated.

punaunau, n. selfsown potato.

Pūněhŭněhů, a. 1. dusty. 2. in small particles like dust. He na punehunehu; misty rain.

punenehu, n. dust.

Pŭnĭ, a. 1. stopped up. puni te Wairoa. 2. covered; filled up. Kia rua auau ka puni te mara.

puni, n. 1. place of encampment. Ko te puni tenei o te taua. 2. company of persons. Ka toru puni e haere ana. 3. a kind of karakia.

vious to a spear. Pukupuku- whakapupuni, v.i. sit close; hide

oneself. Ka whakapupuni mai | Puranga, n. heap. i roto i nga pureirei.

Punua, n. young of animals.

Punui, a. close together. punui tahi tatou te haere.

Pūnŭkĭ. a. blunt.

Püngă, n. 1. anchor. 2. basket for catching eels. 3. odd number. E rua tekau nga tangata, kotahi punga.

punga, v. t. 1. fix with an anchor. Hei waho punga ai o waka (92). 2. sink; engulph. pungapunga, n. 1. pumice stone. 2. a kind of potato. 3. pollen of the flowers of raupo; or cake made of the same. 4. yellow colour.

Pŭngărĕhŭ, n. ashes. Pŭngătă, a. dry. Ka pungata te toetoe o te whare.

Pūngāwĕrĕwĕrĕ, n. spider. Pūngĕnĕngĕnĕ, a. mnffled up.

whakapungenengene, v. t. cover up with clothes.

Pūngŏrŭngŏrŭ, a. light or loose as earth &c.

pungorungoru, n. sponge.

Pŭpā, v. i. eructate.

Pūpăhī, n. encampment.

Pupu. see under pu.

Pupuhi, see under puhi.

Pūpūrăngĭ, n. a shell fish.

Pupuri, see under puri.

Pupuru, see under puru.

Pūputa, n. blister on the skin, from chafing.

Puputu, see under putu.

Pŭră, n. any small foreign substance in the eye.

pura, a. troubled by the intrusion of some foreign matter; Ka pura oku kanohi. blind.

purapura, n. seed. Pūrāhorua, n. messenger.

Pārākšu, n. 1. old man. 2. ancient legend; myth.

purakau, a. niho purakau, double tooth.

puranga, v. t. heap up. E puranga ana ia i nga kowhatu ki te marae. v. i. lie in a heap. Pūrără, a. having interstices; open.

Pŭrătă, a. turbid.

Pūrātŏkě, n. 1. glow-worm. 2. phosphorescent animalculæ in the 3. anything glistening in the dark.

Pūrău, n. fork.

puraurau, a. 1. covered with sharp points; bristling. I roto i te kowhatu e noho puaaurau ana. 2. bitter; offensive (of feelings or speech).

I. Pure, n. a ceremony for removing the 'tapu' from houses, canoes, persons &c.

pure, v. t. set free from 'tapu'.

II Pure, v. t. arrange in tufts or patches. Ka purea nga huruhuru ki nga taha o te ihupuni. purepure, a. in patches or tufts.

Pūrěhě, a. wrinkled.

Pūrēhŭa, n. moth.

purehua, v. i. emit gas. Ka purehua te kapura.

Pūrĕhŭrĕhŭ, n. moth.

Pūrěi, and pureirei, n. 1. isolated tufts of grass; bushes or shrubs in a swamp &c. 2. sunken rock. Kei eke tatou ki runga ki te purei ra. 3. small patch of garden. He pureirei nga ngakinga o taua kaainga.

Pürěkě, n. 1. fleshy side of the flax leaf. 2. garment made from the same.

purekereke, n. puff of wind.

Pūrěkirěki, n. tufts of grass in a swamp. He repo pai, he purekireki.

Pūrěků, n. cooking shed.

Pūrěmů, n. 1. lower hem of a garment. 2. adultery. puremu, v. i. commit adultery.

Pūrena, v. i. run over. Purena ana te wai o te kaho.

Pürěngi, n. stay of a mast.

Pūrero, v. i. project; be promi-

Pŭrewha, n. a black mussel. Pürĭ.

pupuri, v. t. 1 hold in the hand. Puritia te rakau nei. 2. de-Kahore matou i puritia tain. ki te kainga.

puripuri, v. t. suppress anger &c. Te puripuri te tangata nei te aha.

puritanga, n. handle.

Pūrĭrĭ, n. vitex littoralis, a tree.

Pūrorohū, a. accompanied with a whizzing or whistling noise. Purorohu ana te hau nei.

Pūroto, a. having no current; Kahore e kaha te rere o te awa; puroto noa iho ana.

Pŭrŏtŭ, a. 1. clear; transparent. He wai purotu. 2. pleasant; agreeable. Purotu noa iho te kainga.

Pūrŏu, n. fork.

purou, v. t. catch on a fork. mea purou nga tuna a Tirare. purourou, n. a bird; the same as tieke.

I. Puru, n. plug; cork; bung. puru, v. t. 1. plug up; stuff up. Purua te puta o te waka ki te kakahu. 2. confine by means of a plug.

pupuru, a. pulpy; semi-liquid. Kia pupuru te kohari kao.

pupuru, for pupuri. See under

purupuru, v. t. 1. stop the chinks of anything. Purupurua te whatitoka me te matapihi (47). suppress. Kaua e purupurua a koutou korero.

purupuru, n. chisel.

whakapuru, n. pad to prevent chafing. WHakapuru tao, pad Pūtěrě, v. i. go in a body.

worn on the arm as a protection against a spear thrust. whakapuru, v. t. protect with a pad.

purutanga, for puritanga. under puri.

II. Puru, a. fusty; mouldy.

I. Purua, v. t. do a second time.

II. Pūrŭa, ad. by two and two. Ka haere purua nga tangata.

Pürühěkähěkă, a. mouldy.

Pŭrŭhĭ, n. flea.

PURUMA, n. broom.

PURUMA, V. t. sweep.

Pūrŭrŭ, a. 1. shady; thick with leaves &c. He rakau pururu. 2. close together. Pururu tonu to ratou noho.

Pŭtă, n. 1. hole. Kei hea te puta o te peeke? 2. baitle field in which people have fallen. Te puta tuatahi i hinga ai maua, kei Papara-tu.

puta, v. i. 1. pass through, in or out. Ko tona ara tenei e puta ake ai (54).—Ke puta te kiore ki roto. 2. come in sight. puta te waka i Tuamotu.

pută-kē, be changed.

pupută, n. blister caused by chaf-

putaputa, a. full of holes.

whakaputa, v. i. boast. Ka kino to mahi whakaputa.

Pūtahi, v. i. join; meet. Ko te putahitanga tenei o nga ara.

Pūtăkě, n. 1. base; root. 2. reason; cause.

Pūtăngĭtăngĭ, putangitangiātămă, or putangitangiātŏa, n. *paradise duck*.

Pŭtăpŭtăwētā. n. a tree.

Pūtără, or pūtātără, n. a shell used like a horn for signals.

Pūtawa, n. 1. a fungus. large potato.

Pūtē, or pūtěa, n. bag or basket for clothes.

putere, n. stranger.

Pūtiki, v. t. 1. tie together; knot together. 2. get together, as an army. Tahi tonu to maua putikitanga.

putiki, n. 1. knot. 2. a method of dressing the hair, adopted by chiefs.

Pūtŏa, n. a plant.

Pūtŏitŏi, v. t. tie in bunches.

Pūtokitoki, a. stunted; shrivell-He kino no te whenua i putokitoki ai nga pakawha.

Pütöngămărăngăi, n. south east wind.

Pūtōrĭnŏ, n. a kind of flute. Pūtŏrŏrē, n. jet of gas from burning wood.

Pūtoti, a. stunted.

Pūtŏtŏ, a. bloody; raw. Putoto tonu te pokaka nei.

Pŭtŭ, v. i. lie in a heap; lie one upon another. Pono rawa mai, e putu ana i roto i te hangi pūwhărăwhără, a. deaf. (90).

putu, n. heap.

pūpūtu, and pūtuputu, a. 1. close together. Kia puputu nga pouaka, kia o ai. 2. frequent; at short intervals. I te hoki putuputu tonu o te tira o tetahi whaitua, o tetahi whaitua (160). whakaputu, v. t. lay in a heap.

Pūwāhā, n. mouth of a river. Also written puaha.

Puwätäwätä, a. full of interstices or open spaces.

Pūwěră, a. warm.

Pūwĕrĕwĕrĕ, n. spider.

Pūwĕrŭ, n. shaggy mat made of partially dressed flax.

Pūwětě, n. a bird.

Pūwhā, n. sowthistle, or any vegetable used as greens.

Puwha, v. t. spit out. Ka puwhaia nga kai ki waho.

Pūwhara. n. astelia Banksii; a plant.

Pūwhěnŭa, n. stay of a mast.

## R.

Rā, n. 1. sun. 2. day. 3. sail. Ra, prep. by way of; by. Ra te taha o te ngahere tou ara. Ra runga i; by the top of; over. Kai-ra-runga; eat food which has been passed over anything tapu.

Ră, ad. 1. there; yonder. 'Kei whea a WHakatau?' Ra, e whakaangi mai ra i tana manu i runga i te taumata ra (59). 2. simply denoting that the thing spoken of is not near, or is unconnected with the speaker or the person spoken to. Te patu e haua mai ra ki a ia (91).

rara, ad. there.

2. forehead.

| whakarae, v. i. lie exposed; stick out. WHakarae ana nga kumara ki runga.

whakarae, a 1. green; not dry. He rakau whakarae. 2. raw; not cooked. He kai whakarae i tapaea mai nei ki a matou.

Răhă, a. open; extended. I. Rahi, n. servant; dependant.

II. Răhi, a. 1. great (physically or morally). Te rahi o tenei whare. Plural rarahi. 2. plen-

Kia rahi mai he kai. 3. sometimes used in a peculiar construction for other. No rahi o whenua ona raruraru; the troubles of other lands belong to themselves.

Răe, n. 1. promontory; headland. rahinga, n. 1. largeness; abundance. 2. company; party. Ko koia e noho ana (80).

rahirahi, a. thin; not thick. He II. Raka, v. i. 1. be entangled. papa rahirahi.

rahirahinga, n. temple of the head.

Rāhiri, n. rope.

rahiri, v. t. receive cordially; welcome. He mea rahiri marire koe na nga tangata o Heretaunga.

I. Răhŏ, n. testicle.

II. Răhŏ, or rahoraho, n. platform; floor. Te raho o te waka.

raho, v. t. cover with a floor or platform of wood. Ka rahoa tera repo ki te rakau.

Răhu, n. basket made of flax leaves.

răhurăhu, or rarahu, n. pteris aquilina or common fern.

rahurahu, v. t. handle; pull about. He aha tau e rahurahu ki taku l mea?

rărăhu, v. t. seize; lay hold of. Te tino rarahutanga ki te hoe (171). Heoti, rahunga atu, kei nga waka: ehara, to kau ana ko nga rauawa anake (171).

Răhŭa, v. i. be foiled; be unsuccessful.

I. Rāhŭi, n. a mark to warn people against trespassing, used in the case of 'tapu', or for temporary protection of fruit, birds or fish.

rahui, v. t. protect by a rahui. II. Rāhŭi, n. flock; herd.

wai te rahui poaka nei?

Răihi, n. small enclosure; pigsty. RAIHI, n. rice.

Rāiā, ad. or conj. Ka 1. why. pakaru raia te waka nei. 2. but.

I. Bāină, ad. there; yonder.

II. Rāinā, conj. whether; or. Κo tenei raina, ko tera raina. RAIONA, n. lion.

tetehi rahinga i te motu i Mo- I. Răkă, ad. a lengthened form of ra; there. See ra.

> Ka raka oku waewae, ka hinga au. 2. aching from weariness. rărăkă, v. t. entangle.

III. Răkă.

rakaraka, v. t. scratch; scrape. rakaraka, n. an implement to

scratch with; rake; harrow.

Rakapikipiki, v. i. lie across one another.

Rākău, n. 1. tree; spar. 2. stick; weapon. 3. wood; timber.

Rākaunui, n. the moon at 16 days old.

Rakaumatohi, n. the moon at 17 days old.

I. Răki, n. north. No hea koia koe? no te raki? (17)

raki, a. dry; dried up. Kua raki ana kai i te ra.

II. Răki, n. green leaves &c. on which the food is laid in a native oven.

Răko. n. albino.

Răku, rărăku, rakuraku, v. t. scratch; scrape.

rakuraku, n. implement to scratch with; rake; harrow.

Rāmā, pron. they.

Rămă, n. 1. torch. 2. razor.

rama, v. t. catch by torch light. Ka riro a Hinaki ma kei terama tuna.

ramarama, n. *myrtus bullata*, a shrub.

Na Rămi, v. t. squeeze. Me kowha te pipi ka rami ai ki te wai.

Răněa, a. abundant; in full supply. Ka nui te ranea o te kai.

Rāněi, conj. whether; or. connecting alternatives. Ko nga tangata e haere ana ki Taupo, ki nga maunga ranei. The second alternative is often left to be understood. Me tuku atu ranei te tangata nei kia haere?

Rănu, v. t. mix. He mea ranu te kai nei ki te hinu.

whakaranu, v. t. mix.

Rănŭăwătĕa, n. a plant.

Răngă, n. 1. company of persons. 2. shoal of fish.

ranga, v. t. 1. pull up by the roots. Rangaa mai he taiawa. 2. raise; cast up. A, ka tupu, ka rangaa te one, ko te Ahuroa (114). 3. set in motion an army &c.; urge forwards. Ka rangaa tana taua hei tukituki i te pa tuna.

rangaranga, or rărăngă, v. i. blow gently. Te hau e ata raranga mai nei.—Ata rangaranga ana te ta.

rărăngă, v. t. weave. Ka rangaa he kete (7).

whakarangaranga, v. t. extol. E whakarangaranga ana i a ia te koroke nei.

Răngăhău, v. t. carry on a loop of flax.

I. Rāngāi, n. 1. herd; flock. Taku rangai parera, e toru tekau. 2. company. He rangai tangata e haere mai nei.

II. Rāngăi, v. i. be raised in a menacing attitude. Ka rangai nga peke o te tangata ra, akuanei ka wero.

Răngăpu, n. company. Katahi ka kitea atu te rangapu tangata nei, e taka ana mai i raro i nga rakau (16).

Răngătăhi, v. i. be quick; move quickly. Rangatahi tou waewae.

Răngătiră, n. 1. chief, male or female. Kahore he rangatira o tenei whenua, ko toku matua anake (195). 2. master or mistress. Ko te ingoa o toku rangatira, ko te Kahureremoa (147).

rangatira, a. in a state of peace.

He tohu whenua rangatira te haka.

He mea ranu hinu.

mix.
plant.
any of persons.
all up by the nai he taiawa.
A, ka tupu, b, ko te Ahutte in motion an mix.

Răngi, n. 1. sky. 2. region above the clouds; heaven. Kei hea to kotiro? E! kei te rangi (49).
3. weather. Na te rangi kino i kore ai matou e haere. 4.
day. Tupato ana nga tuakana, whanga ana i tetehi rangi (95).
5. division or portion of a song.
Rangi rua te haka nei. 6. air; tune. 7. tenour or drift of a speech &c.

rangirangi, v. t. 1. annoy; vex. 2. roast; scorch.

rangirangi, n. song to keep time in pulling.

Răngimarie, a. quiet; peaceful.
Răngioră, n. brachyglottis repanda; a shrub.

Răngipăruhi, n. person fully tattooed.

Răngiroro, n. giddiness. Ka taka te rangiroro i toku matenga.

Răngităpu, n. scaffolding for raising a ridgepole.

Răngitoto, n. black lava; scoria.
Răngo, n. 1. roller upon which a heavy body is dragged. 2. land overgrown with fern or scrub. 3. fly.

Răngonă, passive of rongo. See rongo.

Rāoā, v. i. be choked. He paku te ika i raoa ai a Tamarereti. Răorăo, n. level or undulating country.

Răpă, n. 1. stern post of a canoe.
 flat part of a spade.
 rapa maori, familiar spirit.

rapa, a. 1. having the toes united by a membrane; webbed. He waewae rapa to te parera. 2. entwined. Rapa tonu te taura ki te rakau.

raparapa, n. flat part of the foot, between the instep and the toes. Kei toku raparapa toku mate, mamae katoa toku tinaua. raparapa-ruru, a variety of potato. rărăpă, v. i. flash forth. rarapa Rără, ad. there. he uira.

whakarapa, n. fish basket. II. Răpă, for rapu, v. t. seek; look for.

Rāpāki, n. girdle; apron.

Rapaki rapaki, v. i. be girt up. rawa nga kakahu o Kapenga.

Răpě, n. 1. tattooing on the breech. 2. a variety of potato.

Rāpěa, ad. intensive. indeed.

Rapi, rarapi, v.t. clutch; scratch. E rapihia ana tou ringa e te ngarara.

Rāpŏi, n. swarm; cluster. Naomanga iho a Rua ki te rapoi kutu nei (77).

rapoi, v. i. hang together in a cluster. Te ngaro e rapoi mai ra. v. t. gather together. Rapoia mai nga otaota.

Rāpopoto, v. i. be assembled.

Răpu, v. t. 1. seek; look for. Roa noa au e rapu ana i taku toki; kaore i kitea. 2. apply to any one for advice. Na konei matou i rapu ai ki a koe. squeeze.

rapurapu, v. i. be in doubt. Kei rapurapu o koutou whakaaro.

Rāpupuku, v. i. bud; put forth buds.

Rārā, n. twig; small branch.

Rără, n. 1. rib. 2. stage on which kumara are dried. 3. shoal of

rara, v. i. 1. be spread out on a stage. Ka rara nga tuna ki runga ki te ahi. 2. go in shoals. Ka rara nga ika ki runga i te kaharunga. 3. broach to; be thrown on the broadside. rara te poti, ka tahuri.

**Rărā**, v. i. make a continued sound. Ka rara nga waewae i te omaroar. I rangona ki te nga. waha e rara iho ana i te tauwharenga kowhatu o Moerangi (158).

See ra. Rărăhu, see under rahu.

Rărăngă, see under ranga.

Rārăngi, n. row; rank.

Rărăpă, see under rapa. Rărăpi, see under rapi.

Rărătă, see under rata.

Rărău, see under rau.

Rārauhē, n. pteris aquilina; common fern.

Rărăwe, see under rawe.

I. Răre, a. dull; stupid. He rare koe.

II. Rărĕ, v. i. lie. Kei te rare tou nga rongoa. v. t. carry. Maku e rare tou kakahu.

**Rari,** n. a fish.

Rari, a. wet. Ka rari toku kakahu.

Rărī, v. i. make an uproar. rari tera te tamariki.

Răro, n. 1. the bottom; the under side. Like names of places, it is preceded by a when it is the subject in a sentence, or when repeated by way of explanation. With a preposition it is often equivalent to an adverb, and may be rendered, down; down below. pueru i waiho i raro takoto ai (137). When preceded and followed by a preposition, it forms a complex preposition signifying, beneath; under &c. Kua nekehia atu ki raro i nga peke tetahi o nga taura, kua mau (159).—Ka haere nei to tatou matua, ka haere hoki tatou i raro i ona waewae. i.e. in his 2. the north. train. E ahu ana nga waka ra ki raro. for ra or rangi; day. Mo era nga raro ena korero; tenei, mo tenei rangi.

Răru, and raruraru, v. i. 1. be in difficulty; be perplexed. ano, he raru to Manaia, heoti (122).2. be hindered; be encumbered.

whakararu, n. hindrance; encumbrance.

Rărŭa. v. i. be misled; be disappointed.

Rātā, n. metrosideros robusta; a

Rătă, a. 1. tame; quiet. He kararehe rarata anake. 2. familiar; friendly. Kaore te tamaiti na i rata mai ki a au.

ratarata, a. 1. clear; not muddy. Kei te ratarata ranei te puna? 2. red-hot. Ka ratarata nga powhatu o te umu. 3. sharp; cutting. Ratarata ana tera te mata o te toki nei.

Rātău, pron. for ratou, they.

Răto, v. i. be all served or provided. Ka rato nga tangata i te utu.

whakarato, v. t. serve all round. WHakaratoa nga tamariki ki te kai.

Rātŏu, pron. they; them.

I. Rău, n. 1. leaf. 2. blade.

II. Rău, a. hundred. Takoto ana te rau ma whitu i roto i te hangi (90). Sometimes used to signify other. Kua ata whakaritea e raua i rau rangi ra (131). —Kei rau o whenua e haere ana.

whakarau, v. t. multiply. Tenei Răununui, a. broad. te he, kei nga tangata ora,

III. Rău, v. t. 1. catch in a net. Kua riro a Koro ki te rau RAUPANI, n. frying pan. inanga. 2. gather into a bas-

rărău, v. t. lay hold of; handle. Kahore e rarau o ringaringa ki ro oneone.

rărău, a. in captivity. noho rarau raua e noho nei.

ano ka maiki ia i tera wahi whakarau, v. t. 1. take captive. 2. lead away. Ka whakaraua ki te tuaahu (85).

> WHakarau-ora, take alive; save a captive alive.

whakarau, n. captive.

Rāuă, pron. they two. Used redundantly in speaking of two persons together. Ka mate a Hou raua ko WHakaturia (67). Also in addressing two persons together: E Tama raua ko Maka!

Răuăkă, n. bed or land in a cultivation.

Răuăruhe, n. fronds of pteris aquilina. Para rauaruhe; brown growth of kumara leaves.

Răuăwă, n. attached sides of a canoe. To kau ana ko nga rauawa anake (171).

Răuhăngă, a. deceitful.

Răuhī, v. t. place together; collect.

Răukăi, n leaves of which baskets are made for cooked food. Răukăwă, n. an odoriferous plant used as a scent.

Raukěkě, v. t. pull about recklessly. Raukeke noa te tamaiti nei; e kore e takoto to mea.

Răukūmără, n. a species of senecio; a plant.

Răukură, n. 1. feather. 2. a fish. Răumārie, n. a fish.

Răumăti, n. summer.

Kia pehea te raununui o nga pou?

nana i whakarau te korero Răupā, a. chapped; cracked (of the skin). Ka mate oku waewae i te raupa.

Răupětĭ, n. solanum, a plant.

ket. Raua nga mea na ki te Răupī, v. t. cover up; cherish tenderly: take care of. Ka raupitia te roi ki te rau rakau.

Răupŏ, n. typha angustifolia; bulrush, used for building.

Kei te Răurākau, n. see raurekau. Răurărăhi, a. broad.

Răurěkă, a. deceitful.

Răurēkău, n. a species of coprosma; a shrub.

Răurŏhă, v. t. spread about. Raurohatia nga witi.

Răurōrŏa, n. a coarse kind of thistle.

Răuru, n. a flat method of platting with 7 strands.

Răutăo, v. t. envelop with leaves in a native oven. Ka rautaongia ki te koromiko (36).

Răuwiri, v. t. interlace with twigs.

Me rauwiri te taiepa nei ki te
manuka. v. i. be cust on shore.

Ka rauwiri to matou kaipuke
ki uta.

răuwiri, n. fence interlaced with twigs.

I. Răwă, n. 1. goods; property. Kahore aku rawa. 2. ground; cause. Te ai he rawa i patua ai te tangata nei.

rawa, a. numerous. E rawa ana nga tangata.

whakarawa, v. t. fasten with a latch or bolt. WHakarawatia te tatau.

whakarawa, n. latch; bolt.

II. Răwă, ad. 1. quite; very; at all. Mate rawa te tamaiti nei.
—E kore rawa ahau e haere.
2. really; indeed. He mahi rawa tena?

Rāwāhĭ, n. the other side, of a river &c. Kei rawahi te ope. 2. either side. E tu koe ki tenei rawahi (116).

Rāwăi.

whakarawai, v. t. sneer at; disparage. E whakarawaitia ana te kakahu.

**Răwăkă,** a. abundant; sufficient. E kore e rawaka nga kai.

Răwăkore, a. without property; poor.

Rāwărŭ, n. a fish.

I. Răwě, a. 1. close. Kia rawe to pa i te tatau. 2. suitable;

becoming. Ka rawe tou kakahu. 3. excellent. Mahue rawa tau mea te rawe! 4. suited; furnished. Ka rawe koe i te hu.

rărăwē. a. 1. easy; attainable. E kore e rarawe tenei i a au. 2. abundant. Kei te rarawe nga kai o te rua.

rawe, v. t. take up; snatch. I rawea e ia te pueru hei kaka mona.

whakarawe, v. t. close: fasten up. WHakarawea nga kete kumara.

II. Răwe, a. interrogative, how many. E rawe au?

Raweke, v. t. manipulate; dress food &c.

raweke, a. meddlesome.

Răwhi, rărăwhi, v. t. 1. grasp; seize. Ka rawhia reretia te karukaru puru o tona whare hei paki putanga mona (13). 2. hold firmly. Tera te pakiaka o te koareare te rarawhi ra. rawhi, n. basket. Roiroia te

Rāwhiti. n. east.

rawhi.

Rĕa, v. i. spring up; grow. Kua rea nga riwai.

Rěhě, a. wrinkled. Ka rehe te

rehe, ad. intensive, attached to adjectives. Parau rehe. Kuware rehe.

Rěhěa, v. i. be balked; be baffled. Katahi nei pea au ka rehea (15).

Rěho, a. bad. Ka haere ki te reho.

rehoreho, n. a shell fish.

I. Rěhŭ, n. flute.

II. Rěhů, v. t. chip; split off in chips. E rangi te kowhatu; ka rehua, ka ngawhara. —Rehu ahi, strike fire.

rehurehu, v. i. be gone down as the sun. Ka rehurehu te ra; e kore tatou e tae. whakarehu, v.t. 1. give a relish rengarenga, n. 1. arthropodium to anything. He nui te kai maori, ko te mea hei whakarehu e iti ana. 2. cause to decline. E to e te ra ki whakarehua iho.

Rěi, n. 1. breast. 2. tusk or large tooth. 3. anything made of ivory. 4. anything of great value; jewel.

whakarei, n. 1. carved work at the head and stern of a canoe. 2. canoe with elaborately carved figure head, bust and arms.

Rěiă, see under rere.

Rěinga, n. derivative from rere. 1. *leap*. 2. place of departed spirits.

Rěipută, n. boar with tusks.

Reira, n. that place, time or circumstance, already mentioned. Ko NGatoro i haere ki nga raorao, ki te takahi waipuna i reira (78). Na reira; therefore (past).-Ma reira; therefore (future).

Rěkă, a. 1. sweet; palatable. Me i paka te kai nei, ka reka. 2. pleasant; agreeable. Reka tonu nga korero.

rekareka, a. 1. pleasant. 2. tickling; itching. 3. delighted.

Rěkě, n. 1. a mode of dressing the hair in a knot. 2. thrust with a stick.

rekereke, n. heel.

Rěko, n. white dogskin mat.

Rěmů, n. 1. posteriors. 2. lower end of anything. Ko nga remu o nga riwai hei kai ma matou. 3. lower hem of a garment.

**Rěmurča,** n. a plant.

Rěnă, v. t. stretch out. te kakahu.

renarena, a. full. Ka renarena te tai. It is high water.

Rěngă, n. good fern-root. tahi kete renga, kotahi kete parara.

cirrhatum, a plant. 2. tetragonia expansa or New Zealand spinach.

Rĕo, n. 1. voice. He reo tangata e wawaro mai nei. 2. speech. Kua nanu te reo. 3. language; dialect.

reoreo, n. 1. a bird. 2. plain or undulating country (R.) Compare raorao.

Rěpă, n. 1. belly of a shark. 2. a kind of mat; the same as tātătă.

Rěpě, n. a kind of potato.

reperepe, n. dowry.

Rěpŏ, n. 1. swamp. 2. sting ray; a fish. 3. cannon.

reporepo, n. a slippery weed growing on rocks.

Rĕră.

whakarera, a. high.

Rěrě, v. i. 1. run (as water). 2. fly. Rere tonu ke kukupa, a tau noa atu i te matapihi o te whare o Tinirau.—be carried Me te huruhuru manu ka rere i te hau (170). 3. escape. Kahore he rerenga o taua ope. 4. sail. Rere noa atu ana, rere noa atu ana, he waka i tona rerenga (70). 5. leap. Ka rere iho taua wahine nei ki roto ki te koruarua (13). 6. pace to and fro in making a speech. 7. rise or set, as the havenly bodies. He marama e kā rere ake ana i te pae te ahuatanga (159).—E to e te ra, e rere ki te rua. 8. be born. . Ka rere ta Tauwheoro. ko Hokinga. 9. be rejected. Hoatu rawa ta taua korero ki a Paoa, rere ana i a ia. 10. Ko te here ka waiho hang. ki rere ana (147).

Ko- Pass. reia, or rerengia, be run upon or over; be run after. Ka reia taua wahine e nga tane

Digitized by Google

o reira (148). be sailed over. Ka roa tenei wahi e reia nei e tenei waka (71).

rere, n. 1. waterfall. 2. shoal; swarm. Ka mau katoa te rere kākara.

rere, ad. abruptly; suddenly. Motu rere te taura nei.

rērērē, v. i. run &c. to and fro. whakarere, v. t. 1. cast away; reject. Me whakarere enei rakau; kua pirau. 2. leave; forsake. Katahi ka whakarerea e ratou tera wahi. 3. use a weapon in striking a blow. Tahi ano te whakarerenga iho o tana meremere (120).

whakarere, ad. suddenly. Ka puta whakarere mai te hau tonga.

Rěrě, int. demanding attention. E hoa! rere!

Röreahiahi, n. the evening star. Rörehu, n. the star whose appearance marks the 9th month; perhaps Antares.

Rěrěhū, v. i. be heated. Ka rerehu te okeoke.

Rěrěi, ad. there. E noi mai rerei.

Rěrěmăi, n. a large kind of shark.

Rěrěpěhí, n. tattooing on the breech.

Rěrěpari, n. a kind of crab.

Rěrěrůa, a. double; in two thicknesses or folds.

Rotžo, n. grass or leaves on which the food is laid in a native oven.

Rětĭ, n. snare.

reti, v. ensnare.

Rěto, a. deep. He wahi reto tera rikarika, a. 1. abashed; overaw-taha.

Rěturětů, n. a water-plant.

Rěuž. n. a shrub.

Rǒwă, v. i. 1. melt; become liquid. 2. float. 3. get under way; start. Kotahi te mano o nga waka, ka rewa ki te moana, ka hoe (41). 4. be elevated;

be high up. Ka rewa te ra ki runga.

rewa, n. mast of a vessel.

rewarewa, n. knightia excelsa, a tree.

whakarewa, v. t. 1. put aftoat.
WHakarewaia te waka. 2. set in motion. Ka whakarewaia a Kahukura, a Itupawa, a Rongomai (84).

Rewăi.

whakarewai, v. i. rain heavily.

I ua nehu i mua; muri iho ka
whakarewai, ka rahi ake te pata.

Rĕwhā, n. eyelid. Manana kau
ana nga rewha.

rewharewha, n. epidemic sickness; influenza &c.

Rī, v. t. shut out with a screen. Ka riia te hau.

rīāngā, n. screen. Homai nga raupo naka hei rianga.

Riakă, v. i. strain; put forth strength. Riaka ana nga naua ki te pupuri i a au.

Riaki, v. t. lift up. No tana riakanga i nga riwai nei. v. i. fall out.

Rianga, see ri.

Rie, a. two. E rie. (R.)

rienga, a. two. E rienga i a matou. (R.)

Rĭhă, n. nit.

whakarihariha, a. 1. disgusted. 2. disgusting.

Rika, a. 1. restless in sleep; uneasy. I a au e moe ana, ka rika tera au. 2. impatient. Me haere koutou ki te arahi i te hanga ka rika nei ki te haere.

rikarika, a. 1. abashed; overawed. Te rikarika te tangata ra ki tona rangatira. 2. having misgivings. Kihai i rikarika tana patu, kihai i titiro. 3. hesitating. Te rikarika te whakatikanga o te iwi nei.

whakaririkă, v. i. 1. be anxious or apprehensive. Me to noho

matou; me te whakaririka akua- | Rǐpǐ, v. t. cut; gash. nei matou ka tahuri. 2. wait ripiripi, v. t. cut open. anxiously. WHakaririka noa ana matou kia tika te hau. 3. cower; crouch.

whakarikarika, a. exciting feelings of disgust; disgusting.

Riki, a. small. He ririki anake enei rakau.

rikiriki, a. 1. in small portions or sections; in fragments. are altogether scattered.

Riko, v. i. wane. Ka riko te mărămă.

rikoriko, a. dusky; darkish. te ahiahi rikoriko.

Rĭmă, a. five.

Rimu, n. dacrydium cupressinum,

rimurimu. n. 1. seaweed. 2. moss. 3. mildew.

Rinena, n. linen.

Rino, n. 1. twist of two or three strands. Rino makawe, lock of frizzled hair. 2. iron.

rinorino, n. twist of two or three strands.

Ringa, ringaringa, n. hand;

Ringi, riringi, v. t. 1. pour out. Ringihia mai he wai i roto i te tahaa. 2. throw in great numbers. te tao o te manuka (101).

Ripă, n. boundary line.

ripa, v. i. make a line or furrow. Kei te takahi i te ara, a tawhiti noa atu, ripa ke atu, ripa ke mai (94). v. t. deprive an atua of power.

riparipa, v. t. put a border to. Riparipaia ta tatou hangi.

riparipa, n. tattooing on the cheeks. Rīpěkă, a. lying across one another. He ara ripeka, a cross road. ripeka, n. cross.

1. lay across. ripeka, v. t. 2. mark with a cross. 3. crucify.

He ika ka ripiripia; he ika ka haehaea (98).

ripi, n. stick to kill eels with.

Rĭpŏ, n. 1. whirlpool; eddy; curl. 2. deep pool. Kua tae ki te ripo, kei reira te WHeke a Muturangi e noho ana (109). Used of the deep sea. Te ripo tauarai ki Oropi.

Ka mahora rikiriki tatou, we ripo, or riporipo, a. eddying; curling. He hau ripo --- Ka puhia mai e te hau, ka riporipoa te mura o te ahi.

> Rīrā, a. strong. Koia ano te rira o tenei tangata ki te mahi. whakarira, v.i. but forth strength; work hard. I runga ahau i te

whakarira, a ruwha noa iho.

Rīrāpā, a. having flat projections. He pukatea tena rakau ina hoki te rirapa.

Rire, n. deep water.

Riri, v. i. 1. be angry. Ka rongo ki te patunga o tana kuri, katahi ka riri. 2. quarrel; fight. Mo apopo taua riri ai (92). The passive is sometimes used impersonally. Katahi ka riria; then they fought. v. t. rebuke; forbid. Katahi te tangata nei ka riri kia kati te haka (194).

Te ringihanga mai o riri, n. 1. anger. 2. quarrel. Riri taua nui, war between two Riri taua whenua; nations. quarrel between tribes, about women, right to land &c. tara whare; *quarrel between dif*ferent sections of the same hapu.

ririri, v. i. quarrel one with another. Ka ririri nga wahine nei (139).

Ririki, see riki.

Rĭrĭo, v. i. be diminished. ririo te mate o toku ringaringa. Ririu, see under riu.

Rīrīwăi, n. stakes in the bed of a river, to which nets are attached. Rīrīwākā, n. scirpus maritimus, a marsh plant.

Riro, v. i. 1. be gone or come Rito, n. young unexpanded leaves, away. Kua riro atu tana wahine ki te kawe wai ma raua. 2. be brought; be taken. Kua riro mai i a Tawhaki te iwa [o nga taro] (49). 3. be gotten or obtained. Ka riro te kaainga i a Manaia ratou ko ana tama (123). Riro ke; be chang-

whakariro, or whakariro ke, v. t. wrest; pervert. Kei whakariroia ta matou korero e koe. riro, ad. intensive. Nonamata riro; from very ancient times. riroriro, n. gerygone flaviventris, a bird.

Rīrŏi, n. rat.

Rita, n. an evil spirit. Haere ana a Rita, noho ana te tangata.

Rītākā, n. leaves &c. with which food is covered in a native oven.

Rite, a. 1. like. I rite ahau ki ia manu, ki ia manu; manu iti, manu rahi (19). alike. Kia rite koutou te haere. 2. corresponding in position, number &c. Ka pakarua iho te wahi i rite ake ai tona iringa ake (64).—Ko nga rangatira i rite tonu: e toru nga matua, tokotoru hoki nga rangatira (101). 3. balanced by an equivalent; paid for. Kua rite noa ake i a au te kakahu. 4. performed. Rite tonu etahi o nga kupu i a ia (65). 5. agreed to. Heoi ka rite enei korero i a ratou katoa.

whakarite, v. t. 1. make like. 2. compare; liken. 3. put in order; arrange; fix. 4. balance by an equivalent. 5. fulfil; perform.

 likeness. ritenga, n.

stom; habit. 3. place or thing corresponding; price &c.

or heart of a plant. Ko te rito i waenganui te waiho.

Rĭu, n. 1. bilge of a canoe or vessel. 2. anything similar in shape: valley. Te riu o Waiapu, e tuwhera kau nei.-belly of a fish. Pawharatia tonutia i te riu (155).

ririu, v. i. 1. subside into its channel or bed. Kua ririu te waipuke ki roto ki te awa. 2. pass by. I kite atu au i a ia e ririu ana i ko.

Pass. riua, be gone. Ka riua ia koe.

Rĭukă.

whakariuka, a. restless from cold. Moe whakariuka ana au i te po nei.

Rīwăi, n. potato.

Rĭwhă, a. chipped; gapped. Ka riwha te papa.

riwha, n. chink.

Ro, n. mantis; an insect.

Ro, for 'roto i te' in complex prepositions. Ka noho ano a NGatoro i ro pa (92).

Rŏa, a. 1. long; tall. roroa. He tangata roroa anake. 2. slow; taking a long time.

whakaroa, v. t. 1. lengthen. 2. delay.

Rŏakă, a. abundant.

Roha, a. spread out; expanded. E roha ana nga pakikau o te koau. Pakau-roharoha, winged grasshopper.

roha, n. sting ray; a fish.

Rohe, n. 1. boundary. 2. handnet for fish.

roherohe, v. t. mark off by a boundary line; separate. Ko nga rangi i roherohea e Tane (32).

roherohe, n. torch.

2. cu- Rohi, v. t. screen with bushes.

I te rohi kumara matou i te mara a Maru.

Rohutu, n. myrtus obcordata; a tree.

Rŏi, n. fern-root.

roiroi, a. half-cooked. Ma wai tenei kai roiroi.

roiroi, v. t. tie up. Roiroia te rawhi.

roiroi, n. dwarf.

roroi, v. t. grate into a pulp.

roroi, n. kumara grated or mashed.

whakaroiroi, v. i. wander about; be unstable; be unsettled.

Rŏimătă, n. tears.

Rŏkĕ, n. excrement.

rokeroke, n. a variety of potato. Rŏkŏhăngă, v. pass. be overtaken

or come upon; be reached. Rokohanga atu e au kua mate ke.

Rokohina, the same as rokohanga.

Roku, or roroku, v. i. 1. be weighed down; sink. He marama ka roku i te pae. 2. grow weak; decline. used of a person dying; of fire that will not burn &c. Whakaara noa au i a ia, ka roroku tonu atu. 3. act the coward; submit tamely to insult or degradation.

Roma, n. current; stream.

Rŏmĭ, or rŏrŏmĭ, v. t. 1. squeeze. Aua e romia kei kutere. 2. plunder.

Rona, v. t. 1. bind; confine with cords &c. Kua tukua inaianei, a inaianei kua ronaia ano. 2. confine thatch to prevent it from being carried away by the wind. Kahore ano i ronaa te whare. 3. engulph. Ka kawhakina e te au kume, e te au rona (112).

4. prepare cockles in the form of a pudding. Kei te rona pipi a Kino.

Ronaki, a. 1. sloping; slanting. Te puke ronaki. 2. gliding easily. Të ngaru, të aha, ka ronaki te haere.—He hau tika; ronaki tonu mai i muri.

Rŏngŏ, v. t. pass. rangona. 1.

hear. Kahore ranei koe i rongo wawara o raro nei na? (33)
2. feel. Katahi ka rangona e au te mamae. 3. smell. Rongo kau ano te tupua ra i te haunga ahua tangata (150). 4.

taste. Ka kai a Kae, ka rongo i te reka (36). 5. obey. NGare noa, kihai hoki i rongo (143).

rŏrŏngŏ, v. t. repeat the commencement of a song &c. Katahi ka rongohia atu e Rongorongo (108).

rongo, n. 1. tidings; report; fame.

Ka nui noa atu tona rongo;
paku ana ki nga iwi katoa. 2.
peace after war. Ka mau te
rongo (166); peace is made.
Hohou rongo; make peace.—
Rongo-a-whare; peace brought
about by the mediation of a woman.—Rongo-a-marae; peace
brought about by the mediation
of a man.

whakarongo, v. t. 1. cause to hear; inform. Hoki tonu te purahorua ra ki te whakarongo i nga wahi i kapi i nga tangata o runga i a te Arawa (81). 2. listen; attend. E whakarongo ana raua ki te putanga mai o te hau (93). WHakarongo-uka, bear pain with firmness.

whakarongoa, n. noise. Te whakarongoa o te tamaiti nei!
Used interjectionally. WHakarongoa! Hush!

Rŏngŏa, v. t. 1. preserve; take care of. Rongoatia a tatou kai mo apopo. 2. apply medicines

rongoa, n. 1. anything preserved. Hence applied to drugs. 2. medicine; remedy; preservative

Digitized by Google

against sicknes or death. He mata tawhito te karakia a Tamure hei rongoa mona (172).

Rongohua, n. perch for birds.

Rŏngŏmăiŏră, n. steep roof.

Rŏngŏuă, n. basket for cooked food, used in some religious ceremonies.

Rŏngŏwăhă, v. t. muzzle. Hoatu, rongowahatia ta taua kuri.

Rōpā, n. 1. slave; servant. Katahi a Marutuahu raua ko tana ropa ka haere mai (137), 2. single man: lodger in a family.

Ropi, n. potato.

Rŏpĭ, and rŏrŏpĭ, v. i. 1. close.
Ropia te kuwaha. 2. cover up.
3. use as a covering. Ropia tou kakahu.

Ropine, v. t. cover up. Ropinea nga mea na ki waenganui.

Ropu, n. 1. company of persons. 2. clump of trees. 3. gust of wind; squall. Ka puta mai te ropu hau, tutu ana te puehu o te whenua.

Rōrā, a. 1. powerless. Ki taku titiro, kua rora a Hirini. 2. lazy. Katahi te rora o ta koutou mahi.

Rŏrĕ, n. snare; trap.

rore, v. t. ensnare. Ka puta te kiore ki roto, ka rorea.

rore, a. 1. deceitful. He rore noa te mahi a te tangata ra. 2. weary. 3. intoxicated.

rorerore, a. 1. entangled. 2. enervating, relaxing. Rorerore ana tera te whiti o te ra.

whakarorerore, v. t. bind. He aha te tikanga ka whakarorerorea noatia nei au e koe?

Rorea, n. tide-bore.

Rōrī, v. t. 1. bind. 2. gather cockles.

rori, a. entangled. I reira nga whakaheke e rori ana.

rori, n. 1. basket in which cockles Ru, v. t. shake. Ka ru i ana ma-

are gathered. 2. animalculæ in the sea.

Rŏrĭ, a. distorted. Ka rori nga kauae.

Roria, n. jew's harp.

Rŏrŏ, n. 1. brains; marrow. 2. entrance; doorway.

Rŏrŏa, see under roa.

Rŏrŏăi, n. a fish.

Rŏrŏhū, v. i. whiz; buzz.

Rororo, n. 1. young maire tree.
2. pieces of wood rubbed together to procure fire. 3. ant.
Rota, n. a fish.

Rōtări, n. fierce looks. Ka tu mai tera nga rotari.

rotari, a. fierce.

Rötö, n. lake.
 H. Roto, n. treated in construction like the proper name of a place.
 the inside. Ko roto o te whare, i ki katoa i te tangata. Ki roto ki; into; in. Ki roto i; i roto i; hei roto i &c. in. Sometimes used with an ellipsis of the preposition following. He kai ma roto puku (158). See also ro. 2. the midst. Ka tu nga tokotoko ki roto ki te otaota (79). 3. places inland; or up a river.

Rŏtŭ, and rŏrŏtŭ, a. heavy. Rorotu ana nga kanohi i te moe. rŏrŏtŭ, v. t. oppress with sleep. Ka rotua te whare e nga wahine ra (37).

Rŏu, v. t. 1. reach or procure by means of a pole or stick. Roua he kiekie ma-tatou. 2. collect cockles or other shell fish. Kei te rou kakahi (157).

rou, n. long stick used to reach anything with.

rourou, n. small basket for cooked food.

Routu, n. comb.

I reira nga Rowhea, a. weary. Ka rowhea ana. noa iho au i te mahinga.

Digitized by Google

kawe (55). v. i. shake. ana te whenua.

ru, n. earthquake.

ruru, v. t. shake.

I. Rŭa, a. two.

ruarua, a. of two minds; in doubt. Ka ruarua toku ngakau.

rūrŭa, ad. both equally. **B** tika rurua ana raua.

II. Rŭa, n. 1. pit; hole. haere au ki roto ki te rua noho. ai (97). 2. potato store. grave.

whakarua, n. north east seabreeze. WHakarua-kopito; a kind of ornamental work in the interior of native buildings.

Ruahine, see ruawhine.

Rŭaki. v. t. vomit. Ka ruakina te kai ki waho. Whakapai ruaki; have a feeling of nausea.

Rŭa-kŏauau, n. kumara store. Ruarangi, a. large (of animals).

He kuri ruarangi.

Rŭa-tāhŭhŭ, n. potato store.

Rŭatăpŭ, a. having two entrances. Ano he kiore e mau ana Rŭatără, n. large lizard.

Rua-tirawa, n. store with an excavated floor.

Rŭaŭmoko, n. the demon of earthquakes. Te tini o Ruaumoko.

Rŭawāhĭa, n. a star which appears in the 9th month.

Rŭekĕ, n. verandah.

Rŭhĭ, a. weak; exhausted.

rūrŭhĭ, n. old woman.

whakaruhi, v. t. enervate. whakaruhiruhia te tangata tenei mate.

Rŭi, v. t. scatter; sow.

Rŭkărŭkă, a. indefinite. I mahue rukaruka te korero nei. kahore hoki i marama.

Rŭko, v. t. throw. Rukea te kupenga ki te moana.

whakaruke, v. t. strike. Me whakaruke te kuri ki te rakau.

Ru | Ruku, v. t. dive for. • Kei te ruku paua nga tangata.

rukuruku, n. small basket or basket half full. Ko te rukuruku a WHakaotirangi. a proverb for scarcity of food.

rukuruku, v. t. gather up into small compass. Rukuruku Hunaa, horahora Papakanui. a proverb expressing the superiority of plain serviceable garments to those which are merely ornamental; Hunaa being the name of a place where fine flax was grown and Papakanui that of a kiekie thicket.

ruruku, v. t. 1. draw together with a cord. WHiria he taura hei ruruku i nga pakitara o te whare. 2. bind together anything that is broken or fallen to pieces. Pass. rukutia.

ruruku, n. band; girdle. Homai tetahi ruruku kia piri ai.

Rūmă, n. room, apartment.

I. Rumaki, n. basket of seed potatoes.

i te tawhiti whakaruatapu (160). II. Rumaki, v. t. duck in the water. v. i. stoop; bow. rumaki tonu te pane ki raro ki te hoe.

> I. Runa, n. 1. rumex flexuosus; dock. 2. a water plant.

> II. Runa, v. t. 1. tie together; draw together. Kotahi tonu te kete i runaia ai. 2. steer. Runaa te ihu o te waka ki waho. 3. reduce; pare down. mai nga taha o te rakau kia iti mai.

> runanga, n. assembly; council. runanga, v. t. discuss at a meet-

> Runga, n. treated in construction like proper names of places. 1. the top; the upper part. He mea puhipuhi a runga ki te puhi kereru (154). Ki runga; upwards; on high. I runga;

on high. Ki runga ki; ki ru- II. Ruru, v. t. tie together. nga i, upôn. Ki runga ake i; above. Ra-runga-tia mai i te taiepa; let it be passed over the fence. 2. the south: southern parts.

Rŭpăhŭ, a. 1. blustering; angry. 2. random; wild. Katahi te tangata tahupera; rupahu noa iho ana korero.

Rŭpë, ruperupe, v. t. 1. shake violently. He aha tau e rupe- Ruta, v. i. rage; bluster. rupe i tou kakahu? 2. treat with violence.

Rūpěkě, v. i. be all come togengata.

Rŭrĕ, v. t. 1. shake. 2. toss abouf; scatter. He aha i rurea atu ai nga kai na; te whakawhaititia? 3. bandy words; wrangle. Korero atu ana ratou; rure atu; rure mai.

rurerure, v. t. 1. brandish. Ka rurerurea tana paraoa. 2. maltreat. Kati me he rurerure i to potiki.

I. Ruru, n. owl; athene Novæ Ruwha, a. weary. Zelandiæ.

i mohio koutou ki te ruru mōkī. v. i. draw closer together. ta, kahore koe e ruru mai kia whaiti?

ruru, a. sheltered from wind. He wahi ruru tenei.

Rūrūtăkě, a. shivering.

Rūrūwai, a. foolish; silly. mate o te tangata ra, he ruruwai noa iho, he porangi.

Kaua e natia taku korero: waiho kia ruta ana au.

Rūtěkí, a. blustering; furious.

ther. Kua rupeke mai nga ta Rutu, i. v. t. 1. jolt; jerk. 2. dash down; fell. He rutunga na te mate. 3. try to obtain by flattery. He rutu taonga mana. ii. v. i. 1. nod from side to side. He hoka pai, e rutu ana. 2. be agitated with anger; storm. Rutu noa ana te tangata ra.

Rŭwähĭnĕ, n. 1. old woman. 2. woman under the restriction of 'tapu'.

Ka ruwha oku waewae.

## T.

I. Ta, i. v. t. 1. dash down. He ua ta whakarere; very heavy rain. 2. strike with a stick &c.; beat. Hoatu tatou ki te ta karaka.—Ta i te kawa; strike with a branch of kawakawa; this being part of the 'pure' ceremony. Hei te ra e whaongia ai te tupapaku ki te papa, ka taia te kawa o te papa. sprinkle by means of a branch or bunch of leaves dipped in 4. whip a top. E ta water. ana to tamaiti i tana kaihotaka. 5. dash the water out of a canoe; bale. Tangia te rire o te

waka. 6. paint; print. i taia ki te takou te whero (16). 7. tattoo. Na wai i ta to moko? 8. *net.* Katahi ano ka kitea te ta o te kupenga (179). ii. v. i. 1. breathe. Ka te toku manawa, ka mamae.--Ka whakata i tona manawa (132). She takes breath. 2. be oblique; deviate from the perpendicular. He ta kakaho, ka kitea; he ta tangata, e kore e kitea. Compare takau.

ta, n. 1. mallet; maul. 2. whip for a top. 3. scoop for baling water out of a canoe. (tătā). 4. stern of a canoe. 5. shin;
(or tātā) lower joint of the leg.
6. wind. He ta tika tenei mo te kaipuke.

tătā, v. t. bale water out of a canoe.

tătā, n. vessel used to bale with.
tātā, v. t. 1. dash down. 2. break
to pieces by dashing on the
ground. Hence cleave; split up.
Tatakia te rakau na hei wahie
ma taua. 3. strike repeatedly
with a stick; beat. 4. oppose;
contradict. E pa, he kupu tata
to kupu. See tātā.

tāngā, n. 1. circumstance, time or place of dashing &c. 2. company; relay. Haere tonu atu te tanga o mua (193).—E toru tanga o toku kaainga ka noho atu apopo. 3. place where a seine is worked. Kia tae atu au ki te kawe i te hau o tenei tanga ika (22).

II. Tā, n. a mode of address among tribes on the East coast. E ta!

III. Ta, a particle compounded of 'te' the, and 'a' of. Plural 'a'. 'Ta Raumati kupenga' is equivalent to 'te kupenga a Raumati'.

Taawhě, v. i. 1. go round a corner. A ka taawhe ratou i Muriwhenua (123). 2. be travelled all round. Ka taawhe i a au te motu nei te haere.

Taawhi. v.t. suppress feelings &c.
Taawhi noa iho ana, e totoko
tonu ake ana i roto i te ngakau te whanowhanoa (82).

taawhitaawhi, v. i. hang back. Kihai ia i taawhitaawhi, kia whakaaroaro ranei, kia aha ranei (164).

Tae. v. i. 1. arrive. Kua tae mai a Paoa ki to matou whare (196). 2. go. He aha koa ra, ko koe kia tae; keoi ano. 3. reach

the utmost limit. Ka tae te roa o to kai (84). Pass. taea. 1. be reached. Ka taea te taingawai o te ihu (72). Hence often equivalent to as for as; until. Ka noho ki Piako, taea noatia te ngahuru. 2. be equall-Kahore he tangata e taea ai Te Horo, te oha. 3. be effected; be accomplished. Ka taea e au tenei, ka taea hoki e au tera atu aianei (19). with an infinitive verb to denote the character of the action. E kore e taea te whai (144). 4. be overcome; be taken. pa taea.

whakataetae, v. i. try strength; contend. Ka mea a Tamure kia whakataetae ia ki a Kiki (172).

Tão, n. 1. exudation from plants.

 dye. Kua hemo te tae o nga kakahu.

Tăeăkă, n. a variety of potato.
Tăekă, for taea. See under tae.
Tāekĭ, v. i. lie. Hei kona taeki ai.

Tăemătükü, a. purulent. Ka taematukutia a roto o te mate.
Tāeŏ, n. thicket of kiekie or kareao. Me te taeo pirita.

Tāðpā, v. i. hang down. Kei hopu tou ringa ki te aka taepa; engari kia mau ki te aka matua (49). Te taepaepatanga o te rangi (72); the place where the sky hangs down to the horizon.

taepa, n. fence.

Tăhă, n. 1. side. Kei te taha o te wai e takoto ana. 2. leaf of flax plant.

taha, v. i. pass on one side; go by. Ka taha te patu i tona angaanga (91).

tahataha, n. steep bank of a river. whakataha, whakatataha, v. i. go on one side; steal. WHakatataha ana; ko Autahi ano. side to side.

Tăhā, n. calabash. Katahi ka II. Tăhău, pron. for tāu, thy.

Tahae, v. t. 1. steul. Akuanei, whakapaea iho, na Hotunui i tahae (136). 2. do anything by stealth.

tahae, n. 1. thief. 2. young fellow; person. 3. filth (34).

Tahake, n. young fellow; person. Tăhăki, n. 1. one side. Haere ana te wahine ra ki tahaki tangi ai (83). 2. the shore, regarded from the water. Ka tata ki tahaki, ka tutu a Tuanui (113).

Tāhākŭ, for taku. See taku.

Tăhăngă, a. 1. naked. Ko tenei tangata e noho tahanga nei, kahore he weruweru. 2. empty.

tahanga, ad. moderately; a little. Kaua e waiho te wai kia koropupu: kia werawera tahanga.

Tāhāohāo, v. i. cease (of rain). Kua tahaohao te ua.

Tahapa, v. i. 1. pass by. Kua tahapa ke te kaipuke. 2. be left behind. Kua tahapa kei muri te kaainga.

tahapa, a. at an acute angle. Ho awa tahapa, a river which makes an acute angle with the sea at its mouth. Ha awa tahapa, ka pai te haere; tena ka poupou ki waho, ka kino.

Taharahara, v. i. be diminished. Ka taharahara nga wahie.

Tăhătăi, n. sea-shore.

Tăhătĭkă, n. coast line. Kei te taunaha haere mai a Taikehu ma i nga whenua katoa o te tahatika (75).

Tăhătu, n. 1. upper edge of a seine or of a canoe-sail. 2. horizon. Na taku potiki koe i tiki ki te tahatu o te rangi (148).

whakatahataha, v. i. turn from | I. Tāhau, n. front part of the thigh.

utu te tangata ra i tana taha Tāhawahawa, v. t. contaminate with something 'tapu'. He aha i tahawahawatia ai e koe nga kai?

> Tăhě, n. 1. menses. 2. abortion. whakatahe, n. abortion.

> whakatahe, v. t. clear from obstruction. Ka whakatahea te awa kia rere ai te wai.

Tähe, n. calabash.

Tăhĕhă, n. a small mat.

Tahěi, v. t. divide by a crease or narrow stripe. Taheitia te pukapuka.

tahei, a. divided by a crease or stripe. He poaka tahei; a black pig, with a narrow white stripe crossing its back.

Tāhěkě, v. i. descend.

taheke, a. quick. Kia taheke te haere.

taheke, n. waterfall; rapid.

tahekeheke, a. striped; streaked.

Tahěrě, v. t. tie; ensnare. haere ki te tahere huahua ma ratou. v. i. hang oneself.

I. Tăhi, a. 1. one. 2. unique; unprecedented. E tahi te oha a to tangata.

tahi, ad. 1. together. Haere tahi ana raua ki waho. 2. through-Tahi mai ano i te ihu, a te noko atu ana (50). altogether. Parau tahi to korero.

II. Tăhi, v. t. sweep. Tahia te whare.

tahitahi, v. t. 1. scrape. E tahitahi ana ia i te riwai. touch lightly. Kahore i tahitahi ki taku waewae; i pahemo.

tahitahi, ad. within a little; Tahitahi tonu taua ka riri i mua ake nei.

Tăhirā, n. the day after tomor-

row. A tahira te eke ai ki uta (142).

Tăhiwi, n. heart of a tree. He rakau tawhito, e mau te taitea i waho, e tu te tahiwi.

Tahoata, n. pumice stone.

Tāhŏe, v. i. stretch out the arms alternately in swimming.

Tāhōhō, a. soft; pulpy. Tahoho noa nga pititi nei.

Tahora, v. t. gather fruit off a tree. Me tahora he matai ki ro rahu.

Tăhŏră, n. uncultivated open country. Kei waenga tahora e haere ana.

Tāhoro, v. t. 1. cause to crumble down; throw down a heap or structure. Tahoroa nga pukepuke. 2. pour out. Ka oti te tahoro te wai o te karaha.

Tāhu, for tāhuhu, see tahuhu.

Tăhu, n. 1. husband; spouse.
 2. any other near relative. Tangi-a-tahu; dirge.

II. Tăhu, v. t. 1. set on fire; light. Na nga tangata a Puhi i tahu te whare. 2. tend a fire. Kia pai te tahu o te ahi, kei paoa. 3. cook. Tahuna he kai kia ora ai te haere.

Tăhŭa, n. heap of food.

Tāhuhu, n. 1. ridgepole of a house. 2. line of ancestry.

tahuhu, v. i. run in a continuous line. E tahuhu haere nei ano toku ingoa ki toku tupuna ki a Manaia (123).

Tāhuna, n. 1. shoal; sandbank.
2. seaside; beach. 3. bed or land in a cultivation, divided off by furrows. 4. battle field.
Ka mate te hoariri, ka riro te tahuna i tetahi.

Tahune, n. seed-down of raupo or typha angustifolia.

Tāhunga, n. any downy substance.

Tăhuperă, a. fulse. Ko nga ko-

rero tahupera ano te tu o nga korero inaianei.

He **Tăhŭrăngĭ,** n. beings resembling itea fairies.

Tăhŭri, v. i. 1. turn oneself. 2. turn over; upset. Kua tahuri te waka. 3. turn to; set to work. Tahuri; haehaea te ika nei (152).

tāhŭrĭhŭrĭ, n. head.

Tăhuti, v. i. run away. Ka mea te wahine nei kia haere atu ia kia tahuti (144). 2. Tahuti mai! a cry of welcome.

I. Tăi, n. 1. sea. Wai tai; seawater. 2. tide. Kia pari te tai ka hoe matou. Taitai nunui; spring tides. Taitai ririki, or tai kāwā, neap tides.

II. Tăi, n. a term of address in speaking to a married woman. E tai!

III. Tăi, n. the other side. Kei tai atu, beyond.

IV. Tăi.

taitai, v. t. remove tapu from a newly built canoe: a ceremony accompanied with the sacrifice of a slave. Hence, 'He taitainga waka koe noku' is equivalent to 'you are my slave'.—
Ka taitaia te waka (112).

Tăiăhă, n. a flat weapon of hard wood, about 5ft long, having one end carved in the shape of a tongue.

Tăiāmĭkĭ, v. i. wander.

Tăiăpŏ, v. t. 1. carry in the arms. 2. covet. Ka taiapotia te kainga.

Tăiăpu, v. t. assault; try to take by storm. A whea ta taua pa te taiaputia ai?—Used also of a star when in close conjunction with the moon. Kei te taiapu te whetu i te marama. This is considered a sign of war, and indicative of the success of one side or the other according to the position of the star.

Tăiări, v. t. smash. Me he pipi Tāināki, or tāinānāhi, n. yestertaiari. Mango-taiari; a kind of shark.

Tăiărŏă, a. weary; exhausted. Katahi ka taiaroa ake a roto i

taiaroa, n.

Ka kawea te taiaroa ki a Apakura (44).

Tăiătĕa, a. faint-hearted; nervous. He ngakau taiatea.

Tăiăwă, n. 1. foreigner. 2. cutarrh; cold. 3. potato.

Tăiāwhĭo, v. t. go round about; encircle.

Tăiĕpă, n. fence.

Tăihěkě, v. i. 1. descend; go down. Taiheke rawa te ra, ka tae tatou. 2. slope downwards. Taiheke tonu atu tera wahi.

Tāiho, n. heart of a tree.

Taihoa Tăihŏa, ad. by and bye. ka kite ratou i ta ratou mahi (141). — E tata mate; e roa taihoa.

Tāĭkā, v. i. lie. Kei nga mea e taika mai ra.

Tăikăhă, a. violent; impetuous.

Tăiki, n. 1. rib. 2. wicker basket; anything of wickerwork. Katahi ka tikina he kareao i te ngahere, hei hanga taiki (154).

taiki, v. t. provoke an atua by passing cooked food over any one who is tapu. Compare tapena.

Tăikiri, int. expressing surpise Tăiroa, a. lingering; spending Taikiri! taikiri! kore rawa nei koe e ki mai ki ahau! (165).

Tāikŏ, n. a bird.

Tăikură, n. heart of a tree; red

Tăimăhă, a. 1. heavy. 2. oppressed in body or mind.

He **Täimätĕ**, n. slack water. taimate tenei; ka hoe tatou. Tăină, for teina. See teina.

day.

Tāinākārēhā, n. the day before yesterday.

Tāināwhea, n. what time; interrogatively, of past time only.

Tăingāwăi, n. the part of a canoe where the water is baled out.

Tăiŏmă, n. pipeclay.

Tăiŏrŏrŭa, n. valley. Kia heke tatou ki te taiororua, ka noho. Tăipără, v. t. fire a volley at.

No toku whakatikanga ake, ka taiparatia mai au.

I. Tăipū, v. t. betroth.

II. Tăipū, n. sand hill.

Tăipŭa, v. i. lie in rounded musses or heaps, as cumulus clouds. Tăirăkĭ, n. a shell fish.

Tairangaranga, a. elevated.

whakatairangaranga, v. i. rise up. Na NGapuhi i whakatairangaranga ki te riri, koia Tokakuku.

I. Tāiri, v. i. Of the sun late in the afternoon, when it hangs as it were over the horizon. Ka tairi te ra.

II. Tăirĭ, v. t. block up. Tairia te ara.

Tāiro, v. t. cause a tohunga to be destroyed by his own atua. I meatia atu ona mea tapu ki roto ki te hangi kai, hei tairo i a ia; kia hoki mai ai ona atua ki te kai i a ia.

much time over anything. tairoa ahau ki te moe.

Tăita, n. snag; timber fixed in the bed of a river.

Tăitāhăe, a. oppressive; wearying. He taitahae te ngaru nei.

Taitai, see under tai.

Tăităia, a. unlucky in fishing &c. Tăităiāhĕngă, a. producing no food. He moana taitaiahenga, he onge tahi rangi; a proverb, for an unsuccessful fishing excursion.

Tăitămăriki, n. young man; young person of either sex.

Tăitămăhĭnŏ, n. young woman. Tăitătă, a neur. Kihai ano i taitata atu (151).

Tăitea, n. white wood; sap.

taitea, a. fearful; timid. He manawa taitea.

Tăitua, n. 1. the further side of any solid body. Kei taitua o te whare. 2. for tai tua, western sea. See tua.

Tăitŭrĭ, n. dew.

Tăiŭrŭ, v. i. lean; decline from the perpendicular. Kia taiuru te tu o te taiepa.

Taiwaru, n. a fish.

I. Tăkă, v. i. 1. fall off. Taka ana ki raro takoto ai (16). 2. fall away; desist. Ka taka ratou ki raro o ta ratou mahi. 3. turn on a pivot. 4. undergo change in direction. Akuanei ka taka tonga te hau. 5. go Kua taka nga waka ki round. tua. 6. range; roam at large. E taka mai ra nga tamariki i 7. fall to one's lot or waho. turn. Kua taka mai ki a au te mea nui.

taka, ad. on all sides; round.

tātākā, v. i. fall frequently or in numbers.

whakataka, v. t. 1. throw down; cause to fall off. 2. muster; assemble. Kua riro a Te Horo ki te whakataka taua. 3. surround. Katahi te hokowhitu ra ka whakataka i taua whare, a, taka noa (41). v. i. take a circuitous course. E whakataka ana te ara konihi a Te Puhihuia (170).

whakataka-riri, a. 1. rousing indignation; vexatious. 2. vex-ed.

whakataka, n. herd. Ka taki-

rau nga kararehe i te whakataka kotahi.

II. Tăkă, v. t. 1. prepare. Ma nga pononga e taka he kai. 2. taka whakaaro, mahara &c. entertain a design; propose. Ka taka a WHakatau i te mahara kia haere ia ki te takitaki i te mate o tona tuakana (40).

takataka, v. t. make ready.

III. Tăkă, v. i. lie in a heap. taka, n. heap. Me huihui a tatou kumara kia kotahi te taka.

I. Tăkā, n. batten which covers the outside of the joint of the rauawa of a canoe. He taka to waho, he paewai to roto.

II. Tăkā, v. t. fasten a fishhook to a line. Katahi a Maui ka taka i tana matau (20).

taka, n. thread by which the hook is fastened to the line.

Tăkăawhě, a. circuitous. He ara takaawhe.

Tăkăhē, v. i. go wrong; come to nothing. Mehemea ka takahe ta korua tukunga ki te pakeha, katahi ano ka taea te pana i te pakeha.

Tăkăhi, v. t. 1. trample. E takahi ana nga tamariki i nga kumara. 2. place the foot on anything to hold it. Ko te wahine tena nana i takahi te kauahi, he wahine tapu hoki. 3. plunder. 4. disobey. Kua takahia nga kupu i rongo ra ratou (22). 5. intransitively, dance. Katahi ra ka takahia (167).

takahi, n. that part of the trunk of a tree which is nearest to the ground.

&c. of trampling. 2. sole of the foot.

Tăkăhŏa, n. companion.

Tăkăhŏrě, n. 1. widower; widow. 2. naked person. Tăkăi, v. t. 1. wrap up; wrap Takariri, whakatakariri. round. He mea apoapo e te rimu, takai atu, takai mai (11). 2. wind round.

takai, n. wrapper; covering. takatakai, v. t. wind round and I. Takaro, v. i. play; sport. Pass. round.

Takaka, n. 1. common fern; pteris aquilina. Ka mate oku waewae i te ngaunga a te takaka. 2. fibres in fernroot.

Tākākāu, n. 1. stalk; straw. 2. fore-arm.

Takahau, a. 1. free from business; at leisure. Taihoa e haere, kia takakau; kei haere maharahara te ngakau (189). 2. free from the marriage tie.

Täkämingömingö, v. i. turn Takamingomingo ana a raro o te whenua.

Tăkăŏiŏi, v. i. writhe; roll.

Tăkăŏngĕ, v. i. be in want. kaonge noa i ro ngahere; koi kai, koi aha.

Tăkăŏrĕ, n. ring on the leg of a captive bird, to prevent the string from cutting it.

Tăkăŏrĭorĭ, v. i. writhe; roll over and over.

Tăkăpăpă, v. t. double up. Takapapaa te kete.

Tăkăpău, n. mat to sleep on. Hurihanga takapau; conclusion of the 'pure' ceremony. Ka hurihia te hurihanga takapau; ka noa (22).

takapau, v. t. set free from 'tapu'. Ka takapauria (112).

Tăkăpu, n. 1. belly. 2. middle of a drag net.

Tăkăpăi, a. going about in com-

Takapukė, v. t. plant in hillocks. Me takapuke nga purapura.

Takare, a. eager; strenuous. takare ana ahau ki te haere.

Tăkărěkě, a. threatening rain. taketake, a. 1. well founded; He marangai, ina e takareko nei.

under taka.

Tăkărită, v. i. shew resentment. Kia ata takarita.

takaritarita, a. vexed; annoyed. takarohia; be played with.

takaro, n. game; play.

II. Tākāro, ad. by and bye; presently. Takaro tatou e haere.

Takarure, v. t. mention repeatedly. He aha toku ingoa i waiho ai hei takaruretanga i runga i te ngutu o te tangata? v. i. become listless. He takaruretanga mahi, mahue ake.

Tăkătāpŭi, n. intimate companion of the same sex.

Tăkătu, a. prepared; ready. Ka takatu nga tangata ki te haere. Tākāu, a. sloping abruptly; steep. Tăkăwăengă, n. go - between;

mediator.

Täkäwäi, v. t. anoint. E takawai ana ia i tona upoko. (R.) Tākāwě, v. t. sling over the

shoulder.

Tăkăwhăkĭ, v. i. roam at will. Takawhaki ke noa atu nga tamariki: kaore e noho ki nga matua.

Tăkăwhětăwhětă, v. i. writhe; toss oneself. Ka hinga ka takawhetawheta nga waewae.

Tăkăwĭrĭ, a. *twisted*. He rakau takawiri; e kore e akoako.

Take, v. i. absent oneself. Take koanga; whakapiri ngahuru; Last at work but first at the feast.

Takě, n. 1. root; stump. 2. post for the palisading of a pa. 3. cause.

taketake, n. 1. lower point of the sail of u canoe. 2. stick fastened to the end of a seine to keep it stretched.

firm; lasting. He rongo take-

take. 2. certain; on good authority. Katahi matou ka rongo taketake ki nga korero mo te matenga o nga tangata o Turanga. 3. own. He mahi taketake nana.

I. Takěkě, guard-fish.

II. Tăkěkě, a. altogether acquir-Takeke noa nga tini kupu maori i a koutou.

III. Tăkěkě, v. t. make a net. Rokohanga atu e au e takeke ana i te kupenga.

takekenga, n. mesh of a net. Tăkěkětŏngă, n. a fish.

Tăkĕrĕ, n. keel of a canoe &c.

tākērēkērē, n. thread to lash the II. Tāki, or tātāki, ad. 1. givbait on to a fishhook. Ko te takai o te mounu, he takerekere.

whakatakere, n. 1. bottom of deep water; bed of a river. 2. stragglers from an army or company of travellers.

Tăkěrěhāiă, n. open rent in the bottom of a canoe; dangerous leak. Ehara i te aurukowhao; he takerehaia. Often applied to irretrievable misfortunes.

Taki, v. t. 1. take to one side; take out of the way. Ko nga he o mua, i uru ano ahau ki roto: ko tenei he, me tāki au i toku tinana ki uta. 2. take food from the fire. Ka maoa nga kai na: takina.

I. Tăki, v. t. 1. track; tow with a line from the shore. 2. begin or continue a speech. takina e Raharuhi ana korero ki nga korero o era rangi. challenge. Takina te taua. intransitively, make a speech. Kei rnnga ko Hotunui e taki ana; Haere mai e taku tamaiti; haere mai ki Hauraki (139).

takitaki, i. v. t. 1. recite a song &c. Ka takitakina ona puha. 2. provoke. Ka takitakina kia Takitini, ad. in crowds.

pamaro ai te haerenga mai ki waho o te rua (151). 3. trace out; look for. 4. avenge. haere ana ki te takitaki i te mate o tona papa. ii. v. i. 1. rise. Ka takitaki mai nga kawainga o te ata. 2. dawn. Ka takitaki mai te ata. .

takitaki, n. fence.

whakataki, v. t. 1. conduct. Maku koe e whakataki, kia tika ai 2. begin or continue to haere. 3. go in search of; a speech. trace out. Ka haere taua ki te whakataki i taku kotiro (48).

ing a distributive force to numerals. Takirua, by twos; two at a time. 2. denoting that what is said applies to each one individually. Kua takimaumau (150); they were every one of them caught.

Tākiekie, n. a kind of eel.

Tākihi, n. kidney.

Tăkĭrā, n. the moon on the nineteenth day.

Tākiri, v. t. 1. untie; loosen. Hutia te punga, takiritia hoki nga ra (70). 2. disengage the fibre of flax. Kei te takiri whitau. 3. free from 'tapu'. He takiritanga kainga. 4. draw Ka takiritia away suddenly. mai te tahā i roto i te wai (91). v.i. 1. start convulsively; fly back as a spring. 3. rush; charge. Kia paia te takiri. 4. dawn. Ka takiri te ata.

Takirikau, n. a variety of phormium tenax, the fibre of which is disengaged without the use of a shell. See tihore.

Takitaro, a word denoting a short lapse of time. Kia takitaro taua ka haere. We will go in a little while. See taro.

tini i te autaia te takatakahi.

Takituri, n. death-watch beetle.

Tăkiură, n. sacred food; cooked on the occasion of the removal of the bones of the dead.

Tăkiwā, n. interval of space, or time.

takiwa, v. i. be separated by an interval. Ka takiwa noa mai te iwi ra (171).

Tako, n. palate; gums.

Tăkō, a. 1. loose. He tako noa te aka o te taiepa nei; kaore i mau. 2, peeled off. Ka tako te hiako.

Tăkŏhă, a. 1. spread about; scattered. Kei te takoha noa atu nga mea o roto o te whare.— He takohatanga mahi, a dispersing from work. 2. free from fear or suspicion. Kahore he maharahara o tera takiwa; tahoka noa atu nga whakaaro.

Tăkŏhĕ, a. not hurried. E whakatakohe haere ana (170). Compare takuhe.

Takohu, n. mist. He takohu hau moana, he tohu marino.

Tăkŏkĭ, a. sprained. Ka takoki toku waewae.

Takora, n. small kumara.

Tākoru, a hanging in folds; loose.

Tăkŏtŏ, v. i. lie. E takoto mai ra to pukapuka.

whakatakoto, v. t. 1. lay down. 2. plant an ambuscade. 3. whakatakoto tupuna, recite genealogies.

whakatakoto, n. ambuscade.

takotokoto, n. sprit of a sail.

Tākou, n. red ochre; a variety obtained from yellow earth by Ano i taia ki te taburning. kou se where (16).

Tāku, pron. my. pl. āku. See Tăkŭ, is equivalent a, prep. to toku.

i tupu Ngatimaua: papa taki- Taku, a. slow. He taku te haere o te tangata ra: te hohoro te

> tātăkŭ, v. t. utter slowly or deliberately. Tau mahi he ata tataku marire i te kupu.

> tătăku, v. t. threaten behind one's back. Kei te takuna koe e Turi kia patua.—Kei te takuna e Turi he mate mou.

> takutaku, v. t. 1. threaten. recite incantations. Haere ki te ruku ka takutaku ai e koe ki te uri o Tuwharetoa (129).

Tăkŭăhĭ, n. stones let into the floor of a hut as a fender for fire.

Tăkŭătě, v. i. sigh. Ka takuate noa iho a roto i a ia i te aroha.

Tăkŭhě, a. secure; without apprehension. Na reira ka takuhe te haere; na reira ka maheu te haere. Compare takoha and takohe.

Tăkungă, n. 1. food of indifferent quality. He takunga ra enei kai; he takunga parae. 2. ground; pretext. Kia ai he takunga ka haere ai. WHai takunga ki, have a claim on, for services rendered &c. Engari a Piwaka, i whai takunga ki a Turi.

Tăkupe, a. quiet; at ease. te whakatakupe matou e noho nei; kaore he whakaohooho.

Tăkŭpū, a. short. Me kokoti nga manga kia takupu.

Tăkŭrŭa, n. 1. Sirius; the dogstar. 2. winter. Mahia he kai mo tau; mahia he wahie mo takurua. - He riri takurua. a winter quarrel, i.e. one of no magnitude.

Tăkŭrŭtŭ, a. feeble; sluggish. Kia ata haere tatou i nga takurutu. Let us go gently on account of the feeble ones, i.e. the women & children. He wahie takurutu, firewood that will not blaze.

Tăkŭtăi, n. sea-coast.

Tămă, n. son; eldest son. tama a Rehua, ko Kaitangata. tamatama, v. t. treat with marks of disgust. Ka tamatamatia te wahine whakarawai.

whakatamatama, v. i. be above doing a thing; be too proud. Katahi ano te tangata whakatamatama ki te taka kai.

Tămaahŭ, v. t. remove the 'tapu' from a kumara ground before taking up the crop. Katahi ka tamaahutia te kai.—Tututu kai-kore; tamaahu kai nui.

tamaahu, n. firstfruits of kumara. Tămaarŏa, n. son.

Tamahana, v. t. cook a second time; warm up cooked food.

Tămăhinĕ, n. daughter. tămāhĭnĕ.

**Tămăitĭ,** n. *child*. only used in the singular. plural tamariki.

Tamaka, n. round cord platted with five strands (150).

Tamaki, v. i. start involuntarily. Tāmāngā-kotore, 1. youngest child in a family. 2. next youngest brother or sister.

Tāmāokā, a. cooked. Kia korohuhutia, kia tamaoka iho ka kai.

Tămărăhĭ.

whakatamarahi, v. i. boast oneself; act proudly.

Tamărămără, a. swaggering.

whakatamaramara, v. i. 1. strut; swagger. WHakatamaramara ana te haere a te tangata ra. 2. expostulate. I a ia i roto i te wai, ka whakatamaramara mai, ka mea mai, 'A tama ra, waiho au i Hikurangi (111).

Tamariki, n. 1. child; (opposed | Tāniko, n. ornamental border of to adult). Waiho kia takaro

ana, he tamariki hoki u ana. 2. plural for tamaiti, children. Tămătĕa, n. the sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth days of the moon's age, called respectively tamatea-tu-tahi, tamatea-tu-rua, tamatea-tu-toru, and tamatea-tuwha.

Tāmāu, v. t. fasten. Tamautia rawatia te whare; kei waiho kia tuwhera.

Tămě, and tametame, v. i. 1. smack the lips. 2. eat.

tame, n. food.

Tăměně, v. i. be assembled. Kua tamene mai nga tamariki.

Tāmi, v. t. 1. press down with a weight. Aua te tamia te rahurahu, kei pirau te kapura. 2. repress. I tamia ra hoki e ia taku korero.

Tāmoe, v. t. 1. press flat. tamoe ra i te rauaruhe. smother; repress. Tukua kia puta te korero; aua e tamoea. 3. leave for a long time in the process of cooking. Tamoea ta tatou poaka kia maoa ai.

tamoe, n. kumara used in the 'tamaahu' ceremony.

Tămŏmĭ, v. i. be engulphed. Kua tamomi te tangata ki te hu.

Tāmŭimŭi, v. i. throng; crowd around.

Tămŭmŭ, v. i. *hum.* 

Tamure, n. snapper; a fish.

Tānā, pron. his; her; its. plural ana. See prep. a.

Tănă, n. ton.

Tāně, a. male.

tane, n. husband. Kahore ano a Tangotango i mohio ko Tawhaki tenei, ko tana tane (51).

Tănĕa, v. i. be choked.

Tāněkăhă, n. phyllocladus trichomanoides; a tree.

Tăněwhă, v. i. lie. (R.)

a mat. Kahu taniko (155).

Digitized by Google

Tăniwhă, n. a fabulous reptile Tăngăroamua, n. supposed to reside in deep wa-

Tănŏe, v. i. be sprained. He tanoe toku mate.

Tănoni, v. i. be sprained. Kua tanoni toku waewae.

Tănu, v. t. 1. bury. I tanumia ki roto ki nga hutinga huruhuru manu (95). 2. plant.

Tănŭkŭ, v. i. 1. crumble down. 2. swallow saliva. O tanuku ana te korokoro i te wehi.

Tănumi, v. i. disappear behind an object. Kua tanumi ki tua. tānumi, v. t. fold double.

Tāngă, v. i. be assembled. Tanga kau nga tamariki a Rewa. See also under ta.

Tăngă.

tătăngă, a. *quick*. Me whakarite nga hoe kia rite rawa, kia tatanga ai tatou te puta ki waho (170).

tăngătăngă, a. 1. loose; not tight. Ka tangatanga nga pou o te whare. 2. easy; free from pain. Ko toku tinana ka tangatanga; kei aku waewae anake te ma-

Tāngšengše, n. umbilical cord. Tāngăhăngăhă, n. a fish.

Tăngăi, n. 1. bark; peel. 2. cervical vertebræ.

Tăngăněi, ad. (used by R. for tena ko tenei) but now; but as for this.

Tāngāngā. a. loose; not tight. tanganga, n. stragglers; camp followers. Hokowhitu te iho o te taua; ma te tanganga ka

Tangangao, v. i. subside. Ka tangangao te ngaru.

Tăngără, a. loose.

Tāngārĕ, a. angry.

whakatangarengare, v. i. grow angry.

twenty-third day of the moon's age.

Tängäröarötö, n. twenty-fourth day of the moon's age.

Tăngătă, n. man; human being. He tangata ano i reira, ko nga tangata whenua ake ano o tenei motu (123).

tangata-tawhito, water-hen pukeko.

Tangatakimorī, a. small; insignificant. Kahore i tangatakimori te putanga mai o taua

Tăngeo, n. tetranthera calicaris, a tree.

tangeo, a. acrid. Tangeo tonu te taro nei.

Tăngĕrĕ, n. keel of a canoe &c. Tăngĭ, v. i. 1. cry; give forth a sound. E tangi he pu i nga po katoa, ko au tena (131). 2. weep; utter a plaintive cry, as a token of grief. Haere ana te wahine ra ki tahaki tangi ai (83). 3 sing a dirge or lament. 4. cry as a token of affection. Kia ata tangi tatou kei rongo mai aku hua (97). 5. salute. Kahore ana kupu mai, ko te tangi kau mai; heoi ano.

tangi, n. 1. sound. Te tangi o nga pu a Tutanekai (130). 2. lamentation. Katahi ka whakahuatia iho e te tungane tana tangi (34). Tangi-a-tahu, dirge. tătăngi, v. i. jingle; rattle.

whakatangi, v. t. cause to sound. Ka whakatangi au i taku koauau (76).

whakatangitangi, n. a species of metrosideros.

Tăngită, v. i. lie. E tangita mai

Tăngŏ, v. t. 1. take up; take in the hand. Ka tango ia i tetahi hua o taua rakau, ka panga iho (16). 2. take away;

remove. Tangohia te puru o te whatitoka, o te matapihi (47). tătăngo, v. t. snatch one from another. E tatango ana nga tamariki i te kakahu.

tangotango, v. t. handle; have recourse to; use. Tena, tangotangohia etahi o a koutou karakia (158).

tangohanga, n. 1. circumstance &c. of taking. 2. betrothal; marriage. 3. feast given on occasion of betrothal or marriage.

tăngŏtăngŏ, n. rail of a fence. Tāngōngō. a. thoroughly ripe or cooked; soft.

Tăngŏrŏ, a. 1. loose. 2. not distended; not full. Tangorongoro noa te kete nei. 3. having the skin loosened; blistered. Ka tangorongoro a roto o toku rekereke.

Tangorungoru, a. thoroughly ripe or cooked; soft.

Tangoungou, a. thoroughly ripe.

Tanguru, a. deep-toned; gruff.

He reo tanguru.

I. Tăo, n. spear.

II. Tao, v.t. cook in a native oven. Ka patua nga kuri e rua, kotahi i taona (112). v.i. contain food in process of cooking. Ka tao te hangi tapu (173). WHakataona ta tatou umu.

tatao, v. i. 1. remain a long time in the process of cooking. Te tatao o te umu nei; te hukea.

2. lie flat and close. Te kohu e tatao ana i runga i te whenua.

3. be deep. Kia tatao tonu te ono o te kopura.

4. droop. Ka tatao te tuara; ka mate.

5. bleed at the nose. Ka tatao taku ihu.—E tama, he ihu tatao koe.

Tăokětě, n. man's brother-in-law; woman's sister-in-law.

TĂONĚ, n. town.

remove. Tangohia te puru o te matapihi (47). Tangohia te puru o te wrapped up in leaves &c.

taopuku, n. leaves which food is wrapped in for cooking.

Tăongă, n. property; treasure.

Tăoroa, n. long spear.

Tāŏrŭ, a. soft; yielding. Taoru kau ana te puku.

taoruoru, a. boggy.

Tăotu, n. wounded man. Tokoono i mate rawa; tokotoru nga taotu.

Tăpă, n. margin; edge.

Tăpă, v. t. 1. call; name. Koia i tapaa ai toku ingoa e te iwi nei ko Tatau (46). 2. command.

tapatapa, v. t. call by the name of any one.

Tāpā, v. t. pulverize soil. Kei te tapa te mara o Paratene.—Me te mara tapa te moana.

Tāpā, a. chapped. Ka tapatia te hiako.

Tāpāe, v. t. 1. lay one on another; stack. Ma wai e tapae nga witi ki te whakapu? 2. place before a person; present. Tapaea he kai ma te manuhiri. v. i. lie in a slanting position.

Tăpăhĭ, v. t. cut; chop.

tapatapahi, v. t. cut to pieces.

Tāpăi, n. part of a net which is first put into the water. Kia whiti atu te tapai ki ko.

Tăpăiru, n. 1. first-born female in a family. 2. nephew or niece. Tapăki, n. mats or leaves on which food is laid in a native oven. Ka kohia ki te tapaki nga kai (173).

Tăpăkuri, n. basket.

Tāpākuwhā, n. 1. present given by a bridegroom to the bride's relations. 2. woman introduced into a family by marriage.

Tăpănini, v. i. go stealthily; go on one side. Tapanihitia to tatou haere kei kitea. Tapapa, v. i. 1. stoop. Kia tapapa te haere. 2. lie flat. 3. brood; sit. E tapapa nei te manu i runga i nga hua.

Tapararo, n. north wind.

Tăpărĕngă. v. t. muzzle. Taparengatia te waha o te kuri.

Taparu, v. t. 1. join; add. Taparu iho, taparu iho nga tahua o te kai. 2. eat voraciously. Kaua e taparua te kai.

**Tăpărŭrŭ, a.** slow. Aua e taparurutia te haere.

Tăpătăhi, a. 1. not doubled. He kakahu tapatahi. 2. having one aspect; single.

Tăpātăi, n. sea shore. Kei te tapatai e tupu ana.

Tăpătăpăumă, n. coprosma grandifolia, a tree.

Tapătu, v. t. thatch; cover in a roof. Kei te tapatu a Pikai i tona whare.

Tăpătu, v. i. reuch the bottom. Kia tapatu ki raro ka tahuri ai ki te tunu kai.

Tāpāu, n. mat to lie on.

Tăpăwăhă, n. tattooing on the cheek.

Tăpěhă, n. rind; bark.

tapeha, a. false.

whakatapeha, v. t. 1. falsify; pervert. I whakatapehatia ketia e ia te ahua o nga korero.

2. give the lie to. I whakatapehatia ra e te Mokena a Matete: i kiia ra te arero, he arero taiaha.

I. Tăpěkă, v. i. turn aside. Kotahi te wahi i tapekatia.

tapeka, a. false; erroneous.

II. Tăpěkă, v. t. turn up clothes that they may not be an impediment in travelling. Ko nga weruweru, he mea tapeka ki runga i te kaki (146).

Tăpěkě, v. i. be gone, or come, leaving none behind. Kua tapeke atu nga tangata.

Tāpěnă, v. t. insult or irritate an 'atua' by passing food over a person who is 'tapu'. Ko wai te tohunga i tapenatia e koe ki nga kai na.

Tăpěpă, v. i. totter; falter. Kua tapepa te waewae; meake hi-

nga.

Tăpēpē, v. i. 1. slip; stumble. Ko te wahi tenei e tapepea nei. 2. make a mistake in repeating a karakia. 3. speak indistinctly or inarticulately. He reo tapepe.

Tăpĕrĕ, a.

He where tapere, a house used for meetings of the 'hapu'. Ka huihui nga where tapere (131).

Tāpĕru, v. i. pout. He aha nga ngutu o te wahine e taperu mai na?

Tăpī, n. native oven.

tāpīpī, n. small native oven.

Tăpi, v. t. patch; mend. Tapia to tatou waka.

tapitapi, v. t. 1. get together the remains of a scattered army. 2. murmur at; find fault with. I tapitapia ahau e te tangata ra.

Tăpiki, v. t. 1. lay hold of. Katahi ka tapikitia e ia tana aho (21). 2. bind into a sheaf or bundle. v. i. 1. be entangled. Ka tapiki te kupenga. 2. bend the leg as in stepping over anything. Tapiki tou waewae ki tua o te rakau na.

tapiki, n. sheaf; bundle.

Tapiko, v. t. set a trap. I he te tapikotanga o te tawhiti.

Tapipi, see under tapi.

Tāpiri, v. t. join; add; append.
tapiri, n. 1. anything added or appended. 2. vigorous shoot growing up beside the main stem of a plant. Ka tupu nga tapiri o te karaka nei. 3. assistant.

Tapoa, n. abscess.

Tapoi, v. i. be travelled round, Kua tapoi i a au te motu nei.

Tāpōkĕrĕ, v. t. crowd with workmen. Tapokeretia mai ta taua mara kia awe te oti.

Tăpŏkŏ, v. i. 1. go in; enter. Ka pari te tai, katahi ka manu, a ka tapoko ki Hauraki (189). 2. sink in mire.

tāpŏkŏpŏkŏ, a. soft; boggy.

Tāpŏrā, v. t. collect inanga &c. into small baskets, ready for cooking.

tapora, n. baskets in which inanga are cooked. E rua nga tapora paruparu a te tangata nei; pau katoa (190).

Tăpore, v. i. 1. bend; sug. Ka tapore nga heke o te whare nei. 2. become faint. Taporepore ana taku manawa i te hiakai.

Tapoto, n. a variety of phormium tenax, called also tihore and takiri-kau.

Tăpŏtŭ, v. i. reach the bottom of a hill &c.; reach to the ground; be brought down to the water. He kakahu tapotu.—'Toia Tainui, tapotu ki te moana'.

Tăpou, a. dejected; downcast. Te titiro koe, he morehu, kei te tapou tou nga whatu.

Tăpŭ, a. 1. under religious or superstitious restriction, as chiefs, tohunga, newly built-houses, canoes &c. Any one violating this restriction contracted a 'hara' and was certain to be visited with some great calamity. 2. beyond one's power. Tokowha ona hoa i kainga katoatia e ia: kotahi i tapu, ko Tawhiri (7). 3. sacred; holy.

taputapu, n. 1. goods; property.
2. appliances. E mahi ana te hunga i noho i runga i a ra-

tou nei taputapu, i te karakia (154). 3. foot of a pig.

Tapuae, see tapuwae.

Tăpuhi, v. t. 1. nurse; carry in the arms. Tapukitia te tamaiti nei, kei tangi. 2. tend in sickness or distress. Kei tawhiti taku tapuhitanga i a koe e noho nei.

whakatapuhi, v. t. carry in the arms; nurse.

I. Tapui, n. 1. intimate companion. 2. familiar spirit. Waiho iho ona tapui i reira, he patupaiarehe (80).

II. Tāpŭi, v. t. lay in a heap. He mea tapui nga rakau.

Tapuke, v. t. bury; cover with earth. v. i. be heaped up. Ka titiro ki nga pungarehu e tapukepuke ana (186).

Tăpŭkorăko, n. a bird.

Tāpuni, v. t. close up faulty places in a net. Tapunia te kupenga.
 Tăpuwăe, n. 1. footmark. 2. footstep: tread. Ka haruru nga

tapuwae.

Tără, n. 1. point; spear-point.

Ka whati tana tara (33). 2.
peak of a mountain. Te tara
ki Tautari. 3. spines in the
dorsal fin of a fish. 4. rays
of the sun, appearing before
sunrise. Puta rawa mai te tara
o te ra, kei runga o Pouarua
e haere ana (144). 5. papilla
on the skin. 6. courage; mettle.
He tangata whai tara. 7. membrum virile. 8. sterna frontalis; tern; a sea bird. 9. sidewall of a house.

tara, v. i. throw out rays, as the sun just before rising. v. t. influence by charms. Ka taraa te rangi.

tara, a. Korero tara, fable.

taratara, n. 1. spine; spike. 2. a part of a trap. Te taratara o te tāwhiti. taratara, a. prickly; rough.

tātarā, n. 1. rough mut made from the leaves of kiekie. 2. shell used as a wind instrument; called also pu-tatara. 3. fence. 3. a shrub.

whakatara, v. t. 1. challenge; put on one's mettle. 2. stimulate by entreaty. Ka whakataraa te atua (112).

whakataratara, v. t. make rough; notch.

Tără.

tătără, a 1. loose; untied. 2. distant. He mea nei te tane ka tatara ki tawhiti.

Tärähängä, n. 1. fork of a tree. 2. indentation. 3. trap for hawks &c.

Tărăhău, n. a rough mat. Tărăhěkě, n. a plant.

Tărăhī, n. diarrhæa.

Tărăhono, v. t. pile up; lay in a heap. Tarahonotia nga kai ki te kaainga.

Tarahu, v. t. heat a native oven. Tarahuna te tapi.

tarahu, n. native oven.

Tārāi, v. t. chop with an adze. Ka tarai ano nga tangata ra i to ratou waka (51).

Tārāi, n. basket of fern-root. Ka rua tekau nga tarai roi.

Tărăirĕ, n. nesodaphne taraire; a tree.

Tārākē, v. t. clear off; sweep away. Tarakea nga otaota.

Tărăkĭhĭ, n. a fish.

Tărăkini, a. held by the point. Tărăkoi, n. a kind of grass.

Tărăkură, n. a cutaneous disease.

Tărămārō, n. a kind of grass.

Tărămēa, n. spear-grass; aciphylla squarrosa &c.

Tărăměngěměngě, a. crisped; curled.

Tărămore, a. lean; shrunk; shrivelled.

TARANATA, n. talent.

Tărăngārără, n. a kind of toetoe.

Tărăpī, a. very small and fine, as threads in a mat.

whakatarapi, a. fastidious; delicate.

Tărăpiki, v. i. *lie across*. E tarapiki ana nga rakau nei.

Tărăpo, n. a large night bird.

Tărăpungă, n. a bird.

Tărărău, v. i. make a loud confused noise. Tararau ana tera te waha o te tangata.

Tărărī, n. whirligig.

Tārārŏ, n. mass of mashed food. He tararo pipi.

Tărărŭa, a. 1. having two points or peaks. 2. cleft.

Tărătă, n. pittosporum eugenioides; a tree.

Tărău, n. trowsers.

Tarau, v. t. paddle sideways. Tarautia atu te waka kia piri ki tahaki.

Tārău, n. condiment; relish. Homai te koura na hei tarau mo a taua puwha.

Tărăuhŏ, n. heart of a tree.

Tărăumă, n. chest; thorax.

Tārāwā, v. t. hang upon a line or rail.

tarawa, n. line or rail on which anything is hung.

Tărăwāhi, n. side or bank of a river, valley &c. Kei tera tarawahi te kaainga.

Tărăwăi, n. unevenness in the horizon line at sea. WHakatarawai ana te waka, the canoe is like a speek on the horizon. Tărăwĕră, n. a plant.

Tărăwěti, a. hostile. Nona hoki te taraweti ki a au.

whakataraweti, v. t. treat as an enemy. Ehara au i te pakeha, kia whakatarawetitia rawatia au e koutou.

Tărăwhĭtĭ, n. hoop.

Tăre, v. i. 1. hang. E tare mai

Digitized by Google

ra i runga i te taiepa. 2. gasp for breath. E tare ana a Potopoto i te mamae.—Tare ana taku poho.—Ka oma, ka taretare te manawa.

whakatatare, or whakataretare, v. i. stoop or lean forward in order to look at anything. whakataretare iho ana i runga i nga pakiaka o te rakau kia kite i a te Kanawa (180).

Tārĕhă, n. ochre.

Tārěhŭ, v. t. cover with earth; na ki te oneone.

Tārěhů, ad. at unawares. Mamae ana te ngakau ki o tatou hoa e patua tarehutia mai nei e ratou.

Tarci, for tarai. See tarai. Tārĕkā, a. eager; strenuous. Compare takare.

Tārěkě, n. small edge tool.

Tarenga, v. t. cover up. Me tarenga noa a tatou mea ki te

Tāreparepa, v. i. flap in the wind. Tukua te ra kia tareparepa.

Tārĕrărĕră, v. i. be torn. Tarerarera ke, he wahi ano, he wahi ano.

Tarewa, a. 1. raised up. Hapainga kiatarewa ki runga. 2. afloat. 3. hanging. 4. drooping; trailing. Ka tarewa te tupu o te kapana. 5. declining. Ka tarewa te ra. 6. aghast. Ka tarewa nga kanohi. 7. unsettled; not paid for. He mea mamae te taonga tarewa: kia ea ano ka ora te tangata.

I. Tări, v. t. carry. Taria atu nga rakau nei ki ko.

II. Tări.

taritari, v. t. provoke a quarrel. whakatari, v. t. 1. provoke a quarrel. 2. incite; stir up. E whakataritari ana i a Te Kanga ki te haka (145). 3. expose to chastisement. Nau ano koe i whakatari i mate ai.

III. Tări.

tătări, v. i. wait. Ka tatari te manuhiri nei ki te tangata o te ahi nei kia hoki mai (186). Pass. tāria, be waited for. koe e taria nei e Kohere ma. Taria is also used as an adverb, by and bye; after a time. Taria nei he mate e pa mai ki a Tu (6). See also tātari.

bury. Tarehutia atu nga kai IV. Tari, n. 1. a mode of platting with eight strands. 2. noose for catching birds. Ka hangaa he tari, a ka hoatu ka potaeria ki tona upoko (33).

> Tărikărăkia, n. a method of platting (19).

> Tăringă, n. 1. eur. 2. derivative from tari. See I. Tari.

> taringa, a. deaf; obstinate. ringa noa iho ki te ngare a te hunga-o rahaki (23).

> Tāringă, n. circumstance of wailing. See tătări under III. Tari. Tărĭŏi, v. i. loiter. E kiia atu ana Haere; e tarioi tou na.

> Tăro, n. 1. colocasia antiquorum; a plant cultivated for food. "Kei ranga noa te taro a Kēa", is a proverb for attempting impossibilities, 'te taro a Kea' being a large stone at Taiporutu near Table Cape. — Taro hoia; a large variety of taro. 2. bread.

> Tăro, a word denoting the lapse of a short interval of time. A, ka taro; and after a little while. -Taro ake; in a little while.-Taro kau iho (188); in a very short time.—Kihai i taro (162); not long after.

Tărŏ.

tarotaro, v. t. cut one's hair. Kua oti koe te tarotaro.

hureremoa kia whakatika ki ru- Taroa, n. 1. a variety of phor-

Digitized by Google

mium tenax, the same as wharanui. 2. self-sown potato.

Tărŏi, v. t. 1. *tie up* in a 'kete'. He utu mo te kai taroi kapana. 2. calm. Ka taroia te moana. Tărŏmă, a. soft; flaccid. Ka taroma noa nga pititi nei.

Tārŏnā, v. t. strangle. Waiho mana ano ia e tarona (159).

Tarore, v. t. put into a noose; strangle. Ko wai he matua mou, kia tarore koe i toku kaki?

Tărori. v. i. pass away quickly; disappear. Me te wai e tarori ana.

Tăru, n. 1. grass; herbage. 2. disease. Taru-tawhiti, influenza, supposed to be of foreign origin. tarutaru, n. grass.

Tăru, a. other (indefinitely). Ka haere ka toro i taru kaainga. Tărua, v. t. 1. tattoo a second

Tarua, v. t. 1. tattoo a second time. 2. repeat any process.

Tarua, ad. by and bye. Perhaps for taria.

Tărŭhăe, a. jealous.

Tārŭkě, n. trap for crayfish.

Tārukē, v. i. 1. press along impatiently; hurry. Katahi ka tau te kuri nei, ka taruke ki te rere ki te wai (120). 2. lie dead in great numbers.

tarukenga, n. slaughter.

Tărună, v. i. be connected by family ties, friendship &c. Na te huanga matou i taruna ai ki a Takirau.

whakataruna, v. i. be connected.

Na taku wahine au ī whakatāruna ai ki Ahuriri. 2. serve as a bond of connection; serve as a pretext.

Tărupi, n. fresh growth of trees on land that has been cleared. Tărură, v i. 1 hecome loose or

Tărure, v. i. 1. become loose or unfixed. 2. quail; lose heart. Kua tarure te Hauhau, kua mataku. 3. become listless. He taruretanga mahi. 4. languish; be pursued with diminished vigour. Kia tarure te riri a Waikato raua ko te pakeha.

Taruru, v. t. 1. beguile. I tarurua e nga korero maha.—entice. I maka he koura ki ro wai hei taruru mo te ika. 2. shake or rub together. Tarurutia nga riwai na kia ngahoro te ngarehu.

Taruru, a. close together.

Tāruru, a. shaking. No reira ano te taruru haere nei.

Tărŭtăwhiti, n. influenza.

Tarutu, v. t. jerk violently. Ma tona kaha a ia ake ano e taruturutu (159).

Tata, n. 1. stalk of a plant. 2. fence.

Tătă, a. 1. near of place or time. E tata koe ki uta, e oioi te ika, e rere ki te taha katau (36).—Kia tata ki te awatea ka hoki iho ki te purupuru i te whare (47). 2. sudden. WHawhati tata te panga mai o te mate.

tātātā, a. neur. Kia tatata mai nga tangata ka karanga ai.

tātātā, n. a kind of mat.

Tătā, see under ta. Tātāekŏ, n. a bird.

Tatahau, v. i. 1. be fierce; be violent. Hei wahi ke korua tatahau ai. 2. be stormy. Akuanei pea tatahau ai te rangi nei.

tatahau, n. leg.

Tātāhi, n. the sea side. Kei tatahi tena otaota e tupu ana.

Tatahi, a. wide apart. He tatahi rawa nga rakau o te taiepa.

Tatai, v. t. 1. measure; compare.

Tataia te whare kia tika ai.
2. tatai rakau, measure weapons;
fight. 3. join the component
portions of a fishing net. Ka
tukua te tangata ki te tatai i
nga kupenga a Marutuahu (142).

tatai, n. plan; purpose. He tatai pai aku tatai.

Tatăirongo, n. a variety of potato.

Tātākāngā, n. derivative from tātā; circumstance, &c. of dashing down. See under ta.

Tātākšu, a. having stems or stalks only; without fruit.

Tătăki, v. t. arrange snares on a string, for catching birds.

tătăki, a. viscous; glairy. Tataki ana te ware o te mangai. 2. racy. Tataki ana tera te kaki o te Rire ki te korero. Tatăki, ad. distributive. See under

Tataki, ad. distributive. See under taki.

Tātākino, v. i. hurry on in confusion. Mua ata haere; muri tatakino.

Tātākŏtŏ, n. sprit on the lower edge of the sail of a canoe. Tataku, see under taku. Tatanga, see under tanga. Tatangi, see under tangi. Tatango, see under tango. Tatao, see under tao.

Tatara, see under tara.
Tatarahaka, a. 1. bristling. 2.
having numerous bare branches.

Tātārākihi, n. cicada; locust.

Tātārāmoa, n. rubus australis; New Zealand bramble.

Tatări, v. t. strain; sift. tatari, n. strainer; sieve.

Tătări, see under tari. Tătăriki. n. a small bird.

Tatau, pron. for tatou; we including the person addressed.

Tătău, see under tau.

Tātāwhāingā, v. i. vie: compete. Tātēmēa, conj. because.

Tătere, a. 1. moving about; unsettled. Tatere tonu taua, te u te noho, te aha. 2. loose; unfixed. Ka tatere te pou o te whata.

Tātŏu, pron. we; plural, including the person or persons ad-

dressed. E kore koe e noho marire tatou? (14). Will you not remain quietly with us?

Tătu, v. i. strike one foot against the other; stumble. Taku mahititanga ake, he tatu anake toku waewae.

tatutatu, a. tottering; unsteady. Tatutatu kau nga waewae.

Tătu, v. i. 1. reach the bottom. Ka tatu te hoe. 2. be at ease; be content. Ka tatu tona ngakau.

whäkätätutu, v. t. sound with a line. Me whakatatutu ki mua, kei eke te kaipuke.

Tatŭa, n. girdle.

tatua, v. t. put on as a girdle. Ka whakahua i tana karakia mo tona tatuatanga i tana maro (97). Taturi. n. wax in the ear.

I. Tău, n. 1. year. Tau tini noa e noho ana te ope ra (158).

2. string of a garment &c.; loop or thong on the handle of a mere': loop forming the handle of a basket. Te tau o te ate; a figurative expression for the darling of one's heart.

3. ridge of a hill.

II. Tău, a. strange. Used only in a few compound words, as tautangata; tauiwi; tauwhenua &c. III. Tău, v. t. sing. Ka tau te tini o te Hakuturi i tana tau (55).

tau, n. song.

IV. Tău, v. i. 1. light; rest. Tau noa atu ia i te matapihi o te whare o Tinirau (33).—E tau mai ana tana titiro ki a au. 2. lie at anchor or moorings. Ka tae ki te Tihi-o-Manono, tukua iho te punga, e tau ana i reira (60). 3. be suitable; become. E kore e tau te kakahu pakeha ki a koe. 4. bark. Katahi ka tau te kuri nei (120). v. t. attack. Ka haere te taua a NGa-

tiawa ki te tau i te pa o taua tangata (182).

tătău, v. t. 1. draw or push a sliding board &c. Tauia mai ra te papa o taku whare (28). 2. squeeze; express. Kua tapeke a matou pononga ki te tatau taweku. 3. count. tatau ano te wahine ra; tatau rawa iho, e waru ano taro (49). repeat one by one. E tauria ana e koe o ratou ingoa (11). 4. assault; storm. Ka tauria te pa o te WHakatohea; kihai i taea. 5. *tie*. Tauia to tatou ra. v. i. quarrel. E tatau ana nga tangata.

Toia ake te tatatau, n. door. tau kia tuwhera (66).

tautau, v. t. tie in bunches; thread on a string. Me tautau nga kaanga kia maroke ai. howl. Haere tautau ana te kuri ra.

tautau, n. 1. string or cluster. 2. greenstone ear-ornament hooked at the end.

whakatau, v. t. 1. cause to light &c. Titiro whakatau, look intently. Katahi ano taua tangata ka titiro whakatau atu. 2. attempt; try one's hand at. Katahi ano tona papa ka whakatau epa ake (16). 3. imitate. Ko wai tau e whakatau nei. 4. feign; make believe. 5. go to met, or visit. Ka ki ake ki ana tamariki kia hoki atu ki maketu ki te whakatau i ana whanaunga (78). 6. search: examine. Ka haere mai ki te whakatau i reira. 7. · address in a formal speech; make a for-Hei ano te mal proposal to. putake o ta matou korero, he whakatau i a koe kia noho.

Tāu, pron. thy. Plural **āu.** preposition a.

Tāu, v. i. turn away; look in Tauhutihuti, v. t. pull one ano-

another direction. E ta! tau ke atu koe? tahuri mai ra!

Taua, pron. dual, we two, including the person addressed; you and I. Sometimes used in addressing one's own tribe or party. E te tăua nei, hei te po taua hoe ai (41).

Tăuă, n. hostile expedition; army. Ka rewa te taua a WHakataupotiki (41).

Tăuă, pron. that before mentioned. Plnral aua. Ka hui taua iwi ki te matakitaki (37). Sometimes when followed by nei it is equivalent to 'a certain'. Tutaki ana i taua wahine nei e wero manu ana mana (95).

Tăuă, int. give way.

Tăuā, v. i. wear mourning garments. E taua ana koe?

taua, n. sign of mourning for the dead. He kakahu taua, a mourning dress.

Tăuăpŏ, v. t. hug; carry in the arms. Tauapohia mai te tamaiti na.

Tăuārăi, n. screen.

Tauhanga, see tauwhanga.

Tăuhără, n. odd one; one having no fellow.

Tauhena, see tauwhena.

Tāŭhĭ, v. t. sprinkle.

Tăuhĭkŭ, v. i. be in the rear.

whakatauhiku, v. i. place oneself in the rear. Na te toa ia i whakatauhiku ai.

Tăuhĭnŭ, n. pomaderris phylicifolia, a shrub.

tauhinu-korokio; a shrub. tauhinu-koromiko; a shrub.

Tăuhōkăi, n. stake in a river to which a net is fastened.

Tăuhou, a. strange; unacquainted. He tauhou te whenua, he tauhou te tangata (148).

Tăuhŏuăngă, n. last year.

ther's hair. Kei te tauhutihuti i a raua.

Tăuĭ, v. i. 1. ebb. Meake taui te tai. 2. be sprained. Ka taui toku waewae.—Also of a stiff neck. Ka taui toku kaki.

Tăuihu, n. figurehead of a canoe. Tăuiră, n. counterpart; and so 1. teacher; pattern. 2. pupil; copy. Ka mauru tona ngakau i te ika a tona tauira.

Tăuiwi, n. strange tribe; foreign race. Ko Waikato kau tera e rere ra; he tauiwi anake e noho mai ra.

Tāŭkā, int. stay; wait a while.
Tāukācā, n. thread used to fasten
a fishhook to the line.

Tăukăhore, int. expressing surprise. Taukahore! nga mea nei, te pine!

Tăukākă, n. spur of a hill. Tăukāukĭ, n. spur of a hill.

Tăukăwe, n. loop to serve as a handle.

Tāukě, v. i. lie separate. Me tauke tena pehanga.

Tăukī.

whakatauki, n. saying; proverb. Tăukiri, int. expressing surprise. Tăukŏrŏ, n. a large basket.

Tăukŏrŭ, a. having the folds filled out. I titiro au ki tou kakahu ka taukoru i te riwai.

Tăukŭri, for taukiri.

Tăumăhă, a. heavy. See taimaha.

Tăumăihi, n. 1. facing boards of the gable of a house. 2. small tower in a pa.

Tăumănu, n. thwart of a canoe.
Tăumăro, a. obstinate. He taumaro no Tohi te mau ai te rongo.

**Tăumăru,** a. shaded. Taumaru to tatou kaainga.

Tăumătă, n. brow of a hill.

Tăumătua, n. place where the taupoki, n. lid; cover.

'pure' for a kumara plantation was performed.

Tăumău, v. i. be betrothed. No te itinga tenei wahine i taumau ai.

Tăunăhă, v. t. bespeak. Kei te taunaha haere mai a Taikeha ma i nga whenua katoa o te tahatika (75).

Tăunăhŭa, n. obstacle.

whakataunahua, forestall in the occupation of land.

Tăunti, v. t. jeer.

Tăunŭkě, n. stalk of fruit.

Tăunga, v. i. 1. become familiarized; become intimate. Ka hoki te teretere nei, kua taunga ki te kotiro i tukua atu ra e tona matua (143). 2. be at home in a place; become domesticated. Ka taungatia matou ki tenei kainga.

taunga, n. bond of connection between families. Ko wai te taunga i taunga ai koutou ki kona?

Tăupā, v. t. obstruct; prevent. Kihai au i haere; i taupatia au e te tangata i te po.

taupa, n. fat covering the intestiness; omentum.

Tăupărĕ, v. t. obstruct; thwart. E ngaro nei nga tangata, he riri ki a koe, he taupare i a koe.

Tăupătupătu, v. t. beat one another.

Tāupě, a. 1. not rigid; weak; bending. 2. variable.

taupe, v. t. bend down. Taupetia mai te rakau na kia taea atu ai e au nga hua.

Tăupiripiri, v. i. walk arm in arm; or clasping one another round the waist.

Tăupo, n. loadstone.

Tăupŏki, v. t. cover; close with a lid. Taupokina te pouaka. taupoki. n. lid; cover.

Tăupŏrŏ, v. t. bring to an end; cut short. Kua tauporoa te tuwha i nga kai.

Tăupua, v. i. 1. rest; support oneself. Ka taupua nga tangata ki runga ki te takere o te waka. 2. float on the water. Ka kau i te moana, a, ka ngenge, ka taupua. 3. take breath. Kotahi tonu te haerenga ake i raro, a, taupua rawa atu, i te tihi ra ano.

Tăupuhipuhi, v. i. lean one on another.

Tăupuru, a. overcast; gloomy. He rangi taupuru.

Tăură, n. rope; cord. Taura wkakaara, fore stay of a canoe sail.

Tăurăki, n. drought.

tauraki, v. t. dry by exposure to the sun.

Tăurăngă, n. moorings; place of anchorage. See tau.

Tăurăngi, a. 1. incomplete. Hei aha te whakaatu taurangi? 2. having completion in prospect. Ki taurangi; promise; pledge.

Tăurăpă, n. stern-post of a canoe. Tăurăpirăpi, v. t. claw one another; scratch.

Tăurărua, n. witchcruft.

Taurekareka,
Taurereka,

2. scoundrel.

Tăurewă, a. 1. having no settled habitation. 2. not paid for. He taonga taurewa.

Tăuri, n. ornament of feathers on a taiaha.

Tăurimă, v. t. entertain. I warea ki te taurima i tana manuhiri.

Tăurite, a. opposite. Kua taurite ki te kaainga o tenei tangata.

Tāuru, n. west wind.

Tăurua, n. canoe in which a net is carried.

Tăurumărumăki, v. t. duck one another in the water.

Tăutaawhi, v. t. come to the assistance of; support.

Tautahi, n. odd one. E waru pu tautahi; eight couples and an odd one.

Tăutăkă, a. topheavy; unsteady. Tautaka ki to tatou waka.

Tăutāně, a. Mara tautane; kumara ground set apart for the atuas to secure their goodwill with regard to the rest of the crop.

Tăutăpă, v. i. give the word for action. Katahi ka tautapa te whakahauhau a te hunga e tu iho ra i te taumata, 'E, kua ngaro kei roto: kumea' (151). chaunt a song for the purpose of keeping time in any united effort. 2. challenge. I te tautapa riri te hunga na ki a au.—Riri tautapatapa, single combat according to previous challenge.

Tăutări, n. upright stick in the wall of a native house, supporting the small battens to which the reeds are fastened.

tautari, v. t. fix the tautari. Kei te tautari te whare o Tuke.

Tautau, see under tau.

Tăutăuā, a. 1. inactive. Me aha i te tautaua o nga tangata o tenei kainga? 2. cowardly. Te ingoa o tena tautaua, he towhare.

Tăutăuāmoa, a. He riri tautauamoa; a quarrel in which few take part.

Tăută, v. t. 1. prepare fish for cooking. 2. tend; look after. Hoki marire atu ki uta nga waka o te mano ra, ki uta hoki taute ai i a ia (41). Kei muri te tangata tetere nei e taute ana i a ia.

whakataute, n. anything that one

has to attend to; charge. Ko ana whakatautaute, ko tana wahine, ko ana tamariki ka riro ra.

Tăutěkă, n. 1. brace; prop. 2. pole on which a weight is carried between two persons. 2. piece of wood used to twist up the lashing of anything in order to tighten it.

tauteka, v. t. 1. support with a prop. 2. carry on a pole. 3. tighten by twisting.

Tăutikă, a. even; level.

tautika, n. boundary. Ko te tautika tenei o te kainga.

Tăutimăi, int. Welcome!

Tăutīněi, v. t. hold up, or support a weak person.

**Tăutītī,** v. t. *support* an invalid in walking.

Tăutiti, v. t. stick into one's belt. tautiti, n. belt; girdle.

Tautohe, v. i. contend; persist.

tautohetohe, v. i. contend one with another. E tautohetohe ana nga waka ra.

**Tăutōhĭtŏ,** n. adept; person of experience.

Tăutoko, v. t. prop up; support. Tăutoro, v. i. stretch forward; extend oneself.

Tăutuku, v. i. 1. stoop; bend down. 2. be low. Nekehia ake tena ki runga; kei te tautuku rawa ki raro.

Tăuwăre, v. i. touch without attracting notice. Heoi ano, tauware atu nga ringaringa ki runga i te paue hokomirimiri ai (159).

Tăuwăre, n. 1. thwart of a canoe. 2. space between two thwarts.

Tăuwěhě, v. i. be separated. Ka haramai tenei ka tauwehe.

Tăuwhāingă, v. i. contend; vie. E tauwhainga ana te waka ki te poti.

Tăuwhăngă, v. t. lurk for. Ki

te tauwhanga i te tangata i tarai nei i to ratou waka (51). Tăuwhăre, v. i. overhang. I raro i nga tauwharenga kowhatu (133).

Tăuwhătŭ, n. fishing net. Tăuwhĕnă, a. of small stature;

dwarfish.

Tăuwhĕnŭa, n. strange land. Tăuwhĭwhĭ, v. i. be entangled.

Tăuwhirowhiro, v. i. Kei te tauwhirowhiro te mărama: said of the moon at the time of the change. Compare whiro.

Tăwă, n. nesodaphne tawa; a tree. tawatawa, n. mackerel.

tawatawa, a. striped like mackerel. Me te anuhe tawatawa (30).

Tawa, n. ridge.

Tawae, v. t. 1. divide; separate.

Tawaewaetia te ahi kia ka ai.

Tawae taro; separate young tubers of taro. 2. throw down standing crops. Taku kaanga pau katoa te tawae.

Tāwāhā, n. bed in a garden.

Tāwāhā, a. having an unpleasant taste. Ka tawahatia toku mangai.

Tāwāhi, n. the opposite side of a river or valley. E haere ana kia whiti ki tawahi o te awa (41).

Tawai, n. canoe without attached sides; tiwai.

Tāwăi, v. t. jeer; taunt. Aua ra e tawaia te tangata na.

Tawai, n. fugus Menziesii, and fagus fusca; trees.

tawaiwai, n. phyllocladus trichomanoides; a tree.

Tăwăkă, a. grooved; channelled. Tăwăkĕ, v. t. repair a hole in a canoe. Tawaketia to tatou waka. Rau tawake; piece of wood inserted to stop a hole; patch.

Tāwaro, n. 1. a herb used for food. 2. a tree.

tree.

Tāwărĕ, v. t. dupe; cajole. He taware tana i o tatou mahara.

Tăwări. a. 1. almost broken off; hanging by the skin &c. wearied; exhausted.

tāwariwari, a. bending from side to side.

Tawatawa, see under tawa.

Tawatu, n. oven of cockles (R.). Tăwău, a. pungent; acrid. rami ki te wai kia hemo ai te

tawau o te panahi. tāwāuwău, n. a fish.

Tāwāurĭ, a. dark; black.

Tāwěkă, v. t. carry round the neck, as clothes &c to keep them out of the way in travelling.

taweka, n. incumbrance, hindrance. He aha te tawekaweka i runga i a Te Matche?

I. Tăwěkě, v. i. be all gone, or come; be entirely consumed. Ko te whakataweketanga tenei o nga kaumatua e noho nei.

II. Tăwěkě, v. t. set snares for Tatou ki te taweke i birds. a tatou kaha.

taweke, a. connected by relationship, friendship &c. Na wai koe i taweke ai ki konei?

Tāwěkŭ, n. coriaria ruscifolia; a shrub, the same as tutu.

Tawera, n. 1. the morning star; the planet Venus. 2. burnt place in a wood &c.

Tāwĕrĕwĕrĕ, v. i. hang.

Tāweru, n. garment; rag.

Tawewe, v. t. 1. sound with a 2. examine the bottom of the sea or a river by dragging, to ascertain its freedom from obstructions. Haere, tawewetia te taanga mo te kupenga nei.

Tāwiri, 1. a shell-fish. 2. a tree; the same as kohuhu. 3. eelnet. 4. cowardice. No reira ka mau nei hei tawiri (67).

Tăwāpŏu, n. sapota costata; a Tăwhā, v. i. burst open; crack. tawha, n. 1. crack; chasm. calabash. Compare tăhā.

Tăwhăi, n. a tree.

Tāwhǎi, v. i. stretch forth. Kau tawhai, stretch forth the arms alternately in swimming. v. t. imitate; rival. E kore e taea te tawhai te whare o NGatitoa.

Tāwhānā, a. bent like a bow.

Tāwhǎo, n. copse wood.

tawhaowhao, n. drift wood &c. cast up by the sea. NGa tawhaowhao o te akau roa (11).

Tawhără, a. wide apart. Kia tawhara te ko o te mara.

tawhara, n. fruit of freycinetia Banksii, or kiekie.

Tāwhărără, a. 1. leaning; slanting. 2. declining (of the sun). Ka tawharara te ra.

Tāwhārău, v. t. shelter with branches stuck into the ground. Ko tona waka, toia ake ki uta; tawharautia ake (56).

Tāwhāru, v. i. bend down in the middle; sag. Kei tawharu iho te tahuhu.

Tawhati, v. i. ebb. Kua tawhati te tai.

tawhati, n. valley.

Tāwhě, see taawhe.

Tăwhĕ.

tawhetawhe, n. old garment; rag. Kua kore o matou tawhetawhe.

Tawhěnŭa, n. land wind. Tăwhĕră, a. open; gaping. whera katoa te waewae o Wai-

tawhera, n. leaf.

ahinau.

Tăwhěrě, n. Weinmannia racemosa; or towai; a tree.

Tāwhětă, v. i. 1. dangle. 2. be listless. 3. lie together; lie in Ka tawheta nei nga a heap. rakau.

Tāwhĭ, see taawhi.

Tăwhi, n. food. E kore e o atu te tawhi maori.

Tăwhio, v. i. 1. go round about.
2. be in an out of the way situation. He tawhio te kainga ki roto.
3. be travelled round.
Ka tawhio i a ia tera motu.

Tawhiri, v. t. beckon; wave to.

Tawhiritia te ope ra kia haere
mai. 2. bid welcome. E haere
atu ana te tangata, ka pa te
tawhiri (139). 3. whirl round;
wring the neck by whirling round.

tawhiri, n. a species of pittosporum. Ko te tawhiri kua oti te whakarewa hei whakakakara i te whare (192).

Tāwhiti, n. snare; trap.

Tăwhiti, a. 1. distant; widely separaled, in space or time. Nawai i tata, a ka tawhiti noa atu, ka tawhiti noa mai (70). 2. hospitable; generous. Katahi ano te tangata tawhiti!

tawhiti, n. 1. a distant locality; a distance. Kua riro ki tawhiti. Kei tawhiti often signifies matchless; unrivalled. Kei tawhiti tou manawanui. 2. man; fellow; a familiar term. Te whakatikanga ake o taua tawhiti raka (65).

Tăwhiti, v. i. for tahuti, run away. Kua tawhiti taku tamaiti.

Tăwhitŏ, a. old.

Tawhiu, v. t. drive together;
hunt up.

tawhiuwhiu, v. t. whirl round and round.

Tawhiwhi, v. i. be entwined, or entangled. Ka tawhiwhi te puawananga ki nga manga o te rakau.

Tě, art. plural nga. 1. the. 2. with verbs (a) it may form an infinitive; Kihai i taea te korikori (143)—(b) or a gerund; Hei utu mo ta ratou tukunga i a ia ki te whawhai (7)—(c) or it may be repeated from

tera or tenei earlier in the sentence, when the action is imperfect. Tera a Hineiteiwaiwa te titiro mai ra i runga i te whare (62).

Tē, apparently compounded of te and the verbal particle e. Ko koe tē mohio ana; for Ko koe te [mea] e mohio ana; You are the person who knows.

Tē, ad. not. Mahi noa matou ki te to; tē panuku, tē aha.

To, v. i. crack; emit a sharp explosive sound.

Tē.

tětē, v. i. exert oneself. Tete noa koutou ki te mahi kai, era e whai kai?

tētē, n. 1. figure-head of a canoe.

2. canoe with plain figurehead.

whakatē, v. t. squeeze fluid out
of anything. Me whakate te
puku kia hemo ai te pirau ki
waho.

whakatētē, v. t. milk.

Těa, a. white.

tětěa, v. i. gnash the teeth.

Tĕa, ad. interrogative. where. Tea mea ma? (R.)

Těhě, n. membrum virile.

Tēhěa, pron. interrogative. which. Ko tehea to koutou waka? pl. ehea.

Tehea, ad. interrogative, where. Tehea toku kakahu? (R.)

Těină, n. 1. younger brother of a male. 2. younger sister of a female.

Těitěi, a. high; tall.

Teitei, n. summit.

 Těkă, a. false; lying. He korero teka.

whakateka, v. t. disbelieve.

II. Těkă, v. t. drive forwards; urge on.

teka, n. 1. small dart thrown for amusement. 2. projecting part of a ko, by means of which it is forced into the ground by

the foot. kia or charm.

tētěkă, a. numbed. Ka teteka aku ringaringa i te matao.

whakatētěkă, v. i. desire; intend; meditate. E whakateteka ana ia ki te whawhai.

Tekaha, conj. but then. E hoki ana te Hauhau i Taureka; tekaha ko Rongowhakaata, kawea ana ki Patutahi.

Těkău, a. ten.

Těkě, n. pudenda muliebria.

Těki, n. outer fence of a pa.

teki, v. i. drift with the anchor down but not touching the bottom.

whakateki, v. t. suspend so as not to reach the ground. Мe whakateki tena papa.

Těkě, n. rock.

tekoteko, n. carved figure on the gable of a house. Te whakatikanga o Tangotango, tu ana i runga i te tekoteko o te whare (48).

TEMEPARA, n. temple.

Tenă, pron. plural ena or ana. near or connected with the person addressed: that: this. Heil aha tena wahine i hahauria ai e korua? (185).

tena, ad. there; here. He wai ano tena? The usual greeting "Tena koe" may be literally rendered, "Here you are!" as much as to say "I am glad to see you". Tena is often used to invite co-operation, or to encourage or urge on a work, -Come now. Tena, tatou ka here i te ra kia ata haere ai (18).—or again to give emphasis to a demand; Tena, he aha te tohu o tou ekenga mai?'(122)

tena, v. t. encourage; urge for-Tenatia ana e aua wahine ko te kai ma te mahi.

3. a kind of kara- whakatenatena, v. t. encourage. tena, conj. but. Kaore nga mea o Hawaiki i poto hei whakatuputupu i te wahine; tena, mo nga tane, i poto katoa; nga mea iti, nga mea nunui.

Těně, a. invented. He kupu tene

noa ake tenei kupu.

Těně, v. i. be importunate. E tene mai ano pea ki tetahi mana.

whakatenetene, v. t. annoy; pro-Hore i te whakatenetene mai o te taurekareka nei.

Tenei, pron. this; near the speaker. Ko tona ara tenei e puta ake ai (54). plural enei, anei. tenei, ad. 1. here. Tenei ra to

maua nei kaainga (165). 2. now. E pai ana i mua; ko tenei. kua kino.-Ko tenei, e tama, he iwi kino te iwi nei (141).

Teneti, n. tent.

Těno, a. notched. Kia teno te rakau.

Těngă, n. pomum Adami; the prominent part of the throat.

Tĕngĭ, a. three.

Tĕo, n. stick.

teo, v.t. stick into the ground. teoteo, n. a small kind of shag. Tĕpĕ.

whakatepe, v. t. do in order without any omission; do completely. WHakatepea te mahi. Těpětěpě, n. 1. clot of blood &c. 2. jelly-fish.

Teră, pron. that; away from either the speaker or the person addressed; that other; the other. Ka hui tera iwi ki te matakitaki (145). Often used for the personal prononn. Ka ki mai tera, Kei te ata tonu (90).

tera, ad. there. Tera ano tetahi pa nui onamata (166).

Tere, v. i. 1. drift from moorings. Ka tere to tatou waka i te hau. 2. float. E tere tonu ana ia i runga i nga kiaka (143). 3. move swiftly. Ka nui te tere o to koutou kaipuke. be quick. Kia tere mai he kai whakahoki mai i te korero.

tětěrě, a. large; swollen. Ka tetere taku matihao.

Ka u mai he teretere no Aotea (143).

teretere, v. i. be liquid; flow; run.

Tetahi, pron. 1. one; a; a certain. Ka whakatika tetahi o nga rangatira o te ope ra (154).
2. another. Ka karanga mai tetahi tangata, Me au nei te ahua? (61).
3. some. Kawea atu tetahi wai mo te manuhiri (168). Plural etahi, some; some others.

Tětě, v. i. stand fixed in the ground. NGa rakau e tete mai ra.

tete, n. head of a spear.

whakatete, v. t. 1. molest; annoy; quarrel with. He whakatete kaainga, a quarrel about land. 2. act waywardly or perversely. E ta! whakatete tonu koe ki te noho?

Tētē, see under te.

Tetea, see under tea.

Tetehi, for tetahi. See tetahi.

Tetěkă, see undor teka.

Tetěrě, n. trumpet.

Tětěrě, see under tere.

Touro, n. ripe fruit of kiekie or freycinetia Banksii.

Towo, n. 1. membrane of the fætus. 2. fermented juice of the tutu.

tewetewe, for tawatawa; a fish like mackerel.

Tewhatewha, n. a weapon made of wood, broad and flat at one end something like the head of an axe.

Tī, n. 1. cordyline of several species. Ti haere (84) ti trees

appearing to change their position; considered to forebode evil. Ti-mataku-tai; the species called toī. 2. game. Ti ringaringa; played with the hands. Ti rakau; played with a ball.

tītī, v. i. 1. squeak. Ka titi mai te kiore i roto i te raupo. 2. tingle. Titi ana nga taringa.

tītī, n. mutton bird. He aha koe i haere mai ai ki a au hei titi mo to ahi?

Tia, v. t. stick in; drive in. Me tia nga pou o te teneti.

tiatia, v. t. 1. drive in pegs &c. 2. adorn by sticking in feathers. Kua herua ake taua tangata ra i te po, kua tiatiaina ki te raukura (97).

tia or tiatia, n. peg; stake.

Tĭa, n. abdomen.

Tia, a. 1. how great. E tia tou humarie! (164). 2. frequent. He tia hokihoki mai nou.

Tīahŏ, v. i. emit rays of light; shine. Ka tiaho mai te ahi.

Tĭakă, n. dam; mother.

Tiakakahi, a. on the meridian, spoken of the sun.

Tiaki, v. t. 1. guard; keep. I a au e tiaki ana i te whare, ka puta mai a Ponui. 2. watch for; wait for. Kei tatahi ia e tiaki ana i te waka o Karihi kia u mai.

Tiăngă, n. mat to lie on; called also tienga or takapau.

Tiare, n. scent. Tau ana te tiare i te raukawa.

Tīšrī, v. t. hang up. Me tiari ki waho, ki te rakau.

Tiaroa, n. long struight side. Te tiaroa o te pa.

Tīčkě, n. 1. a bird; creadion carunculatus. 2. a black mat.

Tiemi, v. i. 1. play at see-saw. 2. be unsettled; be cast adrift. Tenei te iwi ka tiemi, ka tiemi. Tičngš, n. mut to lie on. tianga.

Tiepa, v. i. hang loosely. Me tiepa noa ake tona kakahu.

Tiĕrĕ, n. scent. Tena rawa te tiere te haere na, ara te kakara o te tawhiri (193).

Tīhāhŭhāhŭ, v. t. scatter about. Tīhăere, n. a pole with a snare arranged on it, baited with flowers, for catching birds.

Tīhauora, n. a plant.

Tĭhĕ, v. i. sneeze.

Tīhěi, v. t. carry a burden on the back, holding it in place Tiheitia nga with the hands. kai nei.

Tihema, n. December.

Tīhěrů, v. t. bale water out of a canoe &c. Tiherua te wai o te poti.

tiheru, n. vessel to bale with.

Tĭhĕwă, v. i. sneeze.

Tĭhĭ, n. summit.

tihi, v. i. lie in a heap. Tekau nga taro e tihi ana i tona aroaro (49).

tihitihi, a. idling; trifling.

Tihoi. v. t. expand the middle of a mat in the weaving by inserting thread in the woof which do not run through to the edges.

Tīhŏihŏi, a. noisy. He kotiro tihoihoi.

Tihoka, v. t. 1. stick in; thrust in. Tihokatia atu te maripi ki te raupo. 2. shelter by sticking small branches into the ground.

tihokahoka, n. temporary shelter made with branches stuck into the ground.

Tihore, v. t. 1. strip off. Tihorea te kiri o te rakau. 2. peel; take the skin off.

tihore, n. the best variety of out the use of a shell.

See Tihou, n. an implement used as a spade.

Tikă, a. 1. straight; direct. Ko te ara tika tena. 2. keeping a direct course. A, tika tonu atu ki te korokoro o te Parata (72). 3. right; just; fair. Ka rongo ia kei te tika nga kupu (42).—E tika hoki! a form of expressing thanks.

tikanga, n. 1. rule; 'plan; method. Ka rapua e ratou he tikanga hei mamingatanga ma ratou i a Kae (37). 2. custom. Tona tikanga mai tenei o mua iho (47), 3. reason. Ko te tikanga o te Huhuti, i pai ai ki a Te WHatu-i-apiti, he pai no Te WHatu-i-apiti (165). 4. meaning; purport. Te tikanga o tena tau, he kohuru. authority; control. Kahore ona . tikanga ki ena taonga.

whakatika, v. t. straighten. v. i. straighten oneself; stand up; rise up; start on a journey.

whakatika, n. way; path.

Tīkākā, a. 1. hot. Tikaka ana te ra. 3. burnt by the sun.

Tīkāokāo, n. barn-door fowl.

Ti-kapu, n. a species of cordyline.

Tīkāro, v. t. pick out of a hole; scoop out. Tikarohia ake te kanohi e Tongameha (48).

Tikětikě, and titikě, a. lofty; high. Titike ao; papaku po.

Tiki, v. t. 1. fetch. Ka tukua atu e ia tana tangata ki te tiki atu i tetahi ika mana (141). 2. go to for any purpose. Ka tikina mai a Tane ka whakaarahia ki runga (55).

Tiki, n. 1. post marking a 'tapu' place. 2. figure on the gable of a house. 3. lower part of the back; sacrum.

phormium tenax, prepared with- tikitiki, n. 1. girdle. 2. knot of hair on the top of the head.

Ka wewete i tona tikitiki, ka ru i ona makawe (55).

whakatiki, v. t. keep without food. Tikihope, n. loins.

Tikikiwi, n. a method of finishing off the thatch of a house.

Tikitu, a. entire; untouched. He ngahere tikitu.

Tiko, v. i. evacuate the bowels. tītiko, n. a shell-fish.

Tikoki, a. easily overbalanced; unsteady. He waka tikoki.

Tikokekoke, a. high up in the heavens. Kua tikokekoke noa atu te ra o waho (13).

Tikoko, v.t. take up with a shovel or ludle. Tikokoa te oneone ki waho.

Ti-kupenga, n. a tree; a species of cordyline.

Timăngă, n. elevated stage, on which food is kept.

Tīmātā, n. short spear.

Tīmătă, v. t. begin. Ka timataia te korero e Kawe.

timatanga, n. beginning.

Timo, v. t. peck, as a bird; prick, strike with a pointed instrument. Timu, a. ebb; ebbing. He tai

Timu, a. ebb; ebbing. He timu; ebb tide; low water.

Timu, for tumu. See tumu.

Tină, a. fixed; fast. Tina ana ratou i te mataku o te taua.

whakatina, v. t. 1. fasten; fix. 2. confine; put under restraint. Ka whakatinaia ahau ki te kai; I am restrained from food. 3. treat as a slave; oppress with work. Ka whakatina mai koe, ko te mea taumaha ki a au. 4. provoke. He whakatina ra ki a au kia oho ai ahau.—v. i. applied to protracted parturition. Kua whakatina hoki, kaore i hohoro te whanau (128).

Tīnāku, n. seed potatoes. Me

Tinănă, n. body; trunk.

Tĭnĕi, v. t. 1. put out; extinguish.

Tineia te kapura. 2. destroy; kill. He rewharewha ki te tinei i etahi tangata ki te mate. tīnčinči, v. t. confuse; put out of proper order. Korero whakatepe i o korero, kaua e tineinei. tīnčinči, a. unsettled; ready to move. Noho tineinei; sit on one's heels, ready to jump up instantly.

Tini, a. very many. Kia tini nga pou mo te taiepa. Tini whaioio; innumerable.

tini, n. host; myriad. Tenei te tini o NGatoro kei roto i te hangi e takoto ana (91).

Tīnĭ, v. t. 1. annoy. Ka tinia ahau e te pawerawera. 2. terrify. Ka tinia e te mataku o te taua.

Tĭnĭhăngă, v. t. deceive; cheat. I tinihangatia au e te kai arahi i po ai ahau. pructise upon. Maku e tinihanga ki a NGatoroirangi (70).

Tĭnĭ-ngĕrŏngĕrŏ, a. very numerous.

Tĭnĭ-whāĭoĭo, a. innumerable.

Tino, a. exact; precise; very.

Ka tae ki te tino wahapu o
Manuka (162).—Used also to
give vividness to narrative. Te
tino rarahutanga ki te hoe, ka
rite noa ano; tino pounga ki
te wai i poua ai; anana! me te
pere! (171).

tino, n. precise spot. Ko te tino o Taiamai tenei kamaka.

tino, ad. quite; very. Ka tinotae atu a Hakawau ki te kainga o Kaiwhare (162).

Tinohi, v. t. put heated stones upon food laid to cook in a 'hangi'.

Tingă, a. likely. E tinga ano i tawhiti koe.

Tīngăhŭrŭ, a. ten.

Tingëi, a unsettled; ready to move. He noho tingei noa to matou

Digitized by Google

noho i konei. Compare tineinei, under tinei.

Tio, a. sharp; piercing. Aue! te haupapa, tio tonu.

tio, n. 1. ice. 2. oyster. 3. land-mark.

tiotio, a. having sharp points or projections; prickly. He kowhatu tiotio.

Tioră, v. t. split. Ka tioraia katoatia te makahi.

tiora, n. marauding party, separated from the main army.

Tioro, v. i. tingle; be jarred. Ka tioro aku taringa i te pakutanga o te pu.

Tĭpă.

tipatipa, a. false. He korero tipatipa.

Tīpā, a. dried up. Ka tipatia a raro o te whenua.

tipa, n. a shell-fish.

Tipăopăo, v. t. put out of proper sequence. Kaua e tipaopao to korero.

Tīpătěrě, a. for tini-patere; very numerous; in very great numbers. Kua tipatere koe i te awatea, kua hinga ki Taranaki.

Tipău, n. myrsine Urvillei; a tree. Tipi, v. t. pare a horizontal surface; pare off. Tipia atu nga tarutaru ka ngaki ai i te mara nei. v. i. skim lightly along the surface. Anana! titipi kau ana taua waka (70).

tipitipi, v.i. spread rapidly. Ka rongo ha ki a Kiki; tipitipi ana te rongo (172).

Tipihauraro, v. t. exterminate. He tipihauraro tonu mai a NGapuhi, a, haramai tonu.

Tīpokā, v. t. dig up what has been buried. Na te tangata i tapuke, na te kuri i tipoka.

tipoka, a. dried up. Katahi ano ka tipoka inaianei.

Tipoko, v. i. 1. be extinguished; be destroyed. Ka tipoko anake

aku ika i te kuri. 2. become rotten; perish. E! kua tipoko noa atu nga kai o te rua nei! Tipŏrĕ, n. a shrub.

Tĭpŭ, for tupu. See tupu.

Tipua, see tupua.

Tipuaki, n. crown of the head. Compare tumuaki.

Tipuna, see tupuna.

Tira, n. 1. file of men; row. 2.
company of travellers. Tera te
tira ka puta. 3. fin of a fish.
4. rays; beams. NGa tira o
Autahi. 5. mast of a canoe.

Tīrāhā, n. large bundle. E rima nga tiraha raupo.

tiraha, v. i. lean. Kia tiraha nga pou o te whare.

tiraha, a. 1. slow. Tiraha tonu te haere o te pahi nei. 2. face upwards. Anga tiraha; lie on one's back.

Tīrăngărăngă, a. scattered. Ka tirangaranga nga otaota i te ketunga a te poaka.

Tīrăngŏrăngŏ, a. scattered. Tīrăngĭ, v. i. be unsettled.

Tīrără, v. i. be wide apart. Tirara ana nga waewae.—be scattered. Waiho i kona tirara haere ai.

Tĭrătu, n. mast of a canoe.

Tīrău, n. peg; stick.

Tīrăumŏkŏ, n. bastard.

Tiron, n. second day of the moon's age.

Tīrěkĭ, n. stack of fern-root.

Tiremi, v. i. ebb. Kua tiremi te korihirihi (R).

Tīrēngī, a. *unsettled*. Ka noho tirengi nga tangata i te mataku.

Tīrēpā, v. t. line with reeds the roof of a native house.

Tiri, v. t. 1. throw or place one by one. E tiri and a Tohe i nga ika ki uta. 2. plant. E tiri parareka and a Te WHata. 3. place one on another; stack. rua.

tiri, n. offering to an Atua. Ka poipoia te tiri ki te atua, ka mea, To tiri, na, e WHiro.

Tiripapa, v. i. explode in succession. Ka tiripapa te mahi a NGapuhi.

Tĭrĭwā, v. t. 1. plant at wide intervals. Tiriwatia, kia awe te oti. 2. plant in spaces caused by failure of seed, and so generally, put into a vacant place. Kahore tetahi e tiriwatia e koe? tiriwa, n. space; compartment;

district.

Tiro, titiro, v. i. look. Ka titiro atu ia i te haeatatanga o te whatitoka (13). -Titiro makutu; look hard, and hence, look covetously. Ka titiro makutu mai ia ki toku kakahu. survey; view. Ka puta atu te ruahine ra ki waho, titiro atu ai i te ope ra (93).

tirotiro, v. i. look about.

Tīrou, n. fork; pointed stick used as a fork.

tirou, v. t. 1. take up with a stick or fork. 2. move a canoe sideways, by plunging the paddle into the water and drawing it towards one. Tiroua mai te ihu o te waka.

Tītăhă, v. i. 1. be on one side; lean to one side. Titaha ana nga tuturu o te whare.—decline, as the sun. Ka titaha 2. pass on one side. He aha koe i titaha ai i toku kainga? 3. go in an oblique E rua ona titahadirection. tanga (15). 4. vary from; have a different tendency. Kaore i titaha i taku whakahaere o korero i whakaari ake nei.

titaha, n. 1. axe. mat.

Kei te tiri i nga kai o te Titaka, v. i. move about; turn Titaka noa taku niho. round. titakataka, v. i. turn over and over; wallow.

Tītări. v. t. scatter about.

Tītěi, n. spy. Compare tutei. Tītěngĭ, a. unsettled. Kati te noho titengi, kia u ki raro.

Titi, v. i. 1. stick in as a peg or pin. Titi tonu te pere ki nga heu o te whare (81). 2. shine. Tangohia ana e raua te puru, na, titi tonu te ra ki roto (47). 3. go astray. Kua titi ke atu pea nga poaka ki waho. v. t. 1. stick in. 2. fasten with nails or pegs. Titia te papa nei.

titi, n. peg; pin; nail.

Tītī, see under ti.

Tītĭkĕ, see under tike.

Titiko, see under tiko.

**Tītīmākŏ,** n. a bird.

Titiro, see under tiro.

Tito, v. t. invent; compose. Na te Horua i tito tenei waiata.--Ke korero tito; a fabrication.

Tito, a. having the face covered with long hair. He kuri tito. -He pahau tito; a beard covering nearly the whole face.

Tītohea, a. exhausted by frequent cultivation.

Tītŏkĭ, n. alectryon excelsum; a

Tītŏkŏ, n. pole used to stretch or extend anything; sprit of a sail &c.

titoko, v. t. 1. stretch with a pole. 2. keep off or away. Ka titokotokona ratou ki mamao o to ratou unga atu nei (121).

Tītŏngĭ, n. the same as titoki; a tree.

Tītŏrĕ, v. t. or v. i. split; divide. Na te panga o taku patu, titore ke, titore ke (29).

2. a kind of Titupu, v. i. 1. chap. Ka mate au i te titupu o toku waewae. 2. peel off. Kua titupu mai te hiako o te uwhi.

**Tĭutĭu,** v. i. *turn about*. E tiutiu ana nga kanohi.

tiutiu, n. a bird.

Tiwăi, n. canoe without attached sides. Takoto humuhumu kau ana ko nga tiwai anake (171). Tiwăi, a. lasting; permanent. Ka-

Tiwai, a. lasting; permanent. Katahi ano ka tiwai te noho o te pakeha.

Tīwākāwākā, n. a bird.

Tiwări, v. t. scrape. Me tiwari te roi kia reka ai.

Tiwata.

Tiwe, v. i. scream (of children only).

Tiwěkă, a. vagabond; roaming after no good. E kore e ngaro te tohu o te wahine tiweka.

Tīwĕrăwĕră, a. mournful.

Tiwha, n. patch; spot; bald place on the head; mark of a landslip &c.

tiwha, a. squint. He kanohi tiwha.

titiwha, v. i. be in patches or small circumscribed portions. Ano he pounamu kei nga karu pango e titiwha ana (159).

tiwhatiwha, a. 1. dark. 2. gloomy in mind; sad. Ka nui rawa te tiwhatiwha ki a ratou ka ngaro atu nei.

Tīwhānā, v. i. be curved. E tiwhana mai ra a Kahukura i runga i te rangi.

Tīwăkĭ, v. t. expand; open.

Tīwhārāwhārā, v. i. be split; be separated.

I. To, n. stem of maize, raupo &c. II. To, a. pregnant.

whakato, v. i. plant.

III. Tō, pron. thy. (Plural o). Generally equivalent to tāu. See tāu.

IV. Tō, v. t. drag; haul. Ka toia nga waka ki waho manu ai (70). To-whare, drag a person out of his house and kill him; murder in cold blood.

tōtō, v. t. 1. drag a number of objects. Ko nga waka, he mea toto ki uta (131). 2. chip or knock off; chop. Toto tonu ai ki te kowhatu. 3. perform a ceremony over a child; the same as tūā and iriiri.

tŏtō, v. i. ooze; trickle.

toanga-waka, place where canoes are dragged over; portage.

V. Tō, a compound of te and o, thus, To Turi kaainga, is equivalent to Te kaainga o Turi.

VI. Tō, prep. up to; as high as. Nawai ra, i raro te wai, a ka to nga turi (130).

Tŏa, a. 1. male, of animals. He kararehe toa. 2. brave; victorious. Tenei ra ka rongo ki te tino toanga o enei rangatira tokowha (157).

toa, v. i. 1. throw up a stalk.

Kua toa te witi. 2. romp;
frolic. Kei te toa nga tamariki.

totoa, a. 1. impetuous; fierce. Totoa tonu te ngakau; te puripuri te aha. 2. urgent. Heoi ano te mea i totoa mai ai maua, ko koe kia noho.

toa, n. brave man; warrior, Ka peratia tonutia nga toa o taua iwi nei (60).

toatoa, n. 1. phyllocladus trichomanoides; a tree. 2. haloragis alata; a small plant.

Tŏangă, n. derivative from toa. See toa.

Toangă, n. derivative from to. See IV. to.

 Tŏe, v. i. be left as a remnant. Kotahi i toe, ko te koromatua (24).

toenga, n. remnant.

Ka III. Tŏe, and tŏtŏe, v. t. split; dianu vide. Me he haeata e toea ana i te taha rangi (164). toetoe, v. t. split into strips or Tohetea, a. exhausted by cultivashreds. Toetoea he korari mo te kupenga.

toetoe, n. 1. different species of grass or rushes used for thatch-Toetoe kakaho; arundo conspicua. 2. shingles for covering roofs.

Toěkě, n. loop of cord, put loosely round the feet to enable them to grasp a tree in climb-

Tŏemĭ, n. 1. hand-net. 2. net the edges of which are made to draw together like the mouth of a bag.

Tŏeně, v. i. set. Ka toene te ra. See towene.

Tŏerĕ, n. hand net.

Toha, v. t. spread out.

tohatoha, v. t. spread abroad; distribute. Katahi ka tahuri te manuhiri ra ki te tohatoha i tana kai (166).

Tohake, n. basket. Kohia he wene ki te tohake. (R.)

Tohapuru, v. t. gird tightly. Kia tohapurutia te manawa.

Tŏhě, v. i. 1. persist; be urgent. Ka tohe tonu te taua ki te whawhai (182). 2. refuse; object. Kihai hoki ai i tohe; whakatika tonu atu ki runga (39).

totohe, v. i. contend one with another. Heoti ano, ka totohe ratou i konei; tohe atu ana, tohe mai ana (122).

tohetohe, v. i. be pertinacious. Te tohetohe ki te whakatuma (79).

tohetohe, n. uvula.

Tohe, n. 1. thief. 2. niggard.

Tohěněhěně, a. disarranged; disturbed. He tamariki; he whakatohenehene kaha tana mahi: said of wanton provocation.

Toherāoa, n. agrostis æmula and some other grasses.

Tŏhĕrŏa, n. a kind of a shell-fish.

tion: barren.

Tohi, v. t. 1. perform a certain ceremony over a newborn infant. I haere mai au kia tohia ta taua kotiro (52). perform certain ceremonies before or after a battle.

Tohi or totohi, v. t. cut. Tohia a tatou purapura kia ranea ai.

whakatotohi, v. t. cut.

Tohipă, v. i. turn aside. rawa atu au kua tohipa ke, he

Tohira, v. t. project; be overlong. Tohora, n. whale.

Tohoraha, n. whale.

Tŏhŭ, n. mark; sign; proof. He aha te tohu o tou ekenga mai?

tohu, v. t. 1. preserve; lay by. 2. save alive; spare. E kore koe e tohungia.

tŏtŏhŭ, v. i. sink. Kua totohu te waka ki raro.

tohutohu, v. t. 1. mark. 2. shew. Tohu, v. i. think. Ko wai hoki koa ka tohu? (148).

Töhunga, n. 1. skilled person. A, oti ake i ia tohunga, i ia tohunga, a Tainui ma te tarai (69). 2. wizard; priest. ano i ata mutu noa te karakia a nga tohunga (91).

Tohungarua, v. t. dole out. Tohungaruatia etahi kapana ma

tohungarua, n. one who deals.

Toi, n. finger; toe (of the little finger or toe only which are called toi iti or toiti). Kowhakina mai ana te ahi i te toi iti o nga matikara (24).

Tŏi, or tŏitŏi, v. i. trot; move briskly. Kia toitoi te haere.

toitoi, n. 1. summit. 2. a shellfish; the same as ngāruru.

whakatoi, v. t. 1. answer rudely or perversely. 2. annoy; tease.

Toi, n. 1. cordyline indivisa; a tree. 2. mat made from the leaves of the same. 3. wicker receptacle for seed potatoes.

tol, v. i. be moist; exude. Toi tonu a roto o te rakau.

Tŏihā, v. i. pace up and down (not a genuine word).

Toĭhĭ, v. i. be split. Kua toihi te rakau.

Toĭkĭ, n. tree charred by fire. Toimaha, for taimaha. See taimaha.

Toingo, a. smart; gay. Toingo ana te kakahu nei.

Toiti, n. little finger or toe.

Tŏitŏirĕkă, n. a bird.

Toitu, entire; untouched; uncultivated.

Toka, v. i. overflow. Toka tonu te wai i runga.

Toka, n. stone; rock in the sea. totoka, v. i. become solid; set. Ka totoka te hinu.

whakatotoka, v. i. congeal. Kia toka; wait a while.

Tokăi, n. 1. strip of wood covering the joints of a canoe. 2. perpendicular pieces of wood, fastened above to the thwart and supporting the kauhuahua on which the rahoraho or floor is laid.

Tokākāwā, n. steam; perspiration. He tokakawa pea no te kohue.

Tokamatua, n. company; body of persons.

Tokari, v. t. cut; notch. Tokaritia te rakau kia u ai te waewae. v. i. 1. be cut or severed. Kua tokari te hutihuti. 2. ebb. Kua tokari te ngaehe. (R.)

WHakatokarikari, v. t. cut in notches.

Tokău, n. a canoe having sideboards, but no figurehead or stempost.

Tokě, n. 1. earth worm. 2. a fish.

2. lobe of the ear. 4. pudendum fæmineum.

tŏtŏkĕ, n. a fish.

Toke. v. i. be out of sight; be gone away. Ko te tokenga tenei e toke atu ai ahau. (R.)

Tokěkě, a. churlish.

Tokorau, a. eastern. To tai tokerau; the sea on the east side of the island.

Tōkĕrĕ, n. a musical instrument. E whakatokere ana nga tohunga i nga iwi o Wahieroa (56).

Töki, n. axe; adze; or any similar tool. Toki hangai; adze.

—Toki whakapae, or toki titaha, common felling axe. Toki poke; american axe.

tokitoki, n. alectryon excelsum; a tree.

tokitoki, a. very calm. Tokitoki ana tera te moana; koi ngaru, koi aha.

tokitoki, v. t. earth up; loosen the earth about the roots of plants.

Toki, v. t. for tiki, fetch.

Tokiri, v. t. shove; thrust lengthwise. Tokiritia te waka.

Toko, a prefix to the numerals from tahi to iwa inclusive, to the interrogative numeral hia, and to the adjectives maha, ruarua, ouou &c., but used only in speaking of persons. Ka rongo te tokomaha i te toanga o aua tangata tokowha.

Tökö, n. 1. pole. I whakaturia hoki nga toko o te atua (112). 2. rays of light. Ka hapai nga toko o te rangi.

toko, v. t. propel with a pole. Tokona te waka kia puta ai.

tokotoko, n. small pole; walking stick. Ka tu nga tokotoko ki roto ki te otaota.

toko, or tötökö, v. i. spring up in the mind. Taawhi noa iho ana, e totoko tonu ake ana i roto i te ngakau te whanowhanoa (82).

whakatotoko, v. i. begin to swell. Tokohana, n. hiccough.

Tokohi, n. adultery.

Tŏkŏhĭa, a. how many. See toko. Tokohinu. a. some. See toko. Tokomaha, a. many. See toko.

Tčkomanawa, a. Pou tokomanawa; post supporting the middle portion of a ridgepole.

Tokomanga, a. branched; forked. Tokomauri, n. 1. poles of mapou used in the ceremony of 'pure' for a kumara ground. Ka whakaturia nga tokomauri o te mara. 2, hiccough.

tokomauri, v. t. excite one's affections; enamour. Te kai tokomauri o tona puku.

Tokopuhake, n. hiccough.

Tokoroa, a. thin; lean; lanky. He raumati tenei, koia i tokoroa ai te ika.

Tokŭ, pron. my. Plural oku. See prep. o.

Toma, n. cemetery. Ko te toma tupapaku tera.

Tomăirăngi, n. dew.

I. Tomo, v. i. be filled. E rua ano hekenga o te aho, kua tomo te waka i te mahi a te ika (21).

II. Tomo, v. i. enter. I te mutunga ai o te karakia ki te tuaahu, ka tomo ki roto ki to raua whare ko te ruwahine (92). Pass. tomokia, be entered.

whakatomo, v. t. cause to enter. whakatomo, n. a large basket.

Tomuri, a. late. He witi tomuri tenei i koaha ai.

Tona, n. excrescence; wart; corn

Tonă, pron. his; her; its. Pl. ona. See prep. o.

Tono, v. t. 1. bid; command. Ka Tongamimi, n. bladder. puta ake ia i tona rua, kia wha-

whai ratou (97). 2. bid to go; send. Tonoa ana to ratou tupuna ki te kimi (95). 3. demand. E haere ana ahau ki te tono utn mo taku mahi.

Tonu, ad. 1. denoting continuance, still; continually. He tiaki tonu tana i te kaainga i ia ra, i ia ra (94). 2. quite. Poto tonu ki roto o tana kupenga (142). just. Pena tonu i ia ra, i ia ra (95). 3. simply; only. Te kai a tera wahine, he ota tonu (95). Ko ahau tonu; it is I myself. 4. immediately. Kua tae atu ki te taha o te wahine ra, kapo tonu atu ki te kotiro (52). This word often has a suffix -tanga when used with passive verbs in animated narrative. Apitiria tonutanga atu ko te pa, ka horo (91).

I. Tonga, n. south wind; southern region.

tonga, a. southerly. He hau tonga.

II. Tonga, n. blemish on the skin. Tongă, n. derivative from to. See to.

Tongā.

whakatonga, v. i. 1. keep oneself quiet; restrain one's feelings. 2, entertain feelings which one does not shew outwardly. Kei te whakatonga riri koe? Pass. whakatongatia, be murmured at; be found fault with secretly. Kei te whakatongatia ahau e te iwi nei.

Tongako, v. i. be scabbed; fester. Ka tongako te hiako.

Tonga-kotaratara, n. south-westwind.

Tonga - ma - uru, n. south - westwind.

tono iho te tini tangata ra kia Tonganga, a. 1. uncooked; raw. 2. broken. Tonganga ana te kete. Töngäröröwä, n. 1. an ornament for the ear. 2. a word of endearment; treasure.

Tŏngĭ, point; speck.

tongi, v. t. nibble at bait. Ka tongi te ika.

Topā, v. i. cook in a native oven. Me topa nga parareka kia reka ai.

Tŏpă.

topatopa, n. 1. bird. 2. small sting ray.

whakatopa, v. i. soar. Ka rere whakatopa te manu, kahore e aroarowhaki nga parirau.

whakatopatopa, v. i. plant kumara &c.

Topāparu, a. deeply laden. He waka topaparu to koutou.

Topătăpătă, n. very small kumara.

Tope, v. t. cut; cut off. Topea mai he mataora.

Tŏpĕ, n. fern freshly grown after being burnt.

Topipi, n. small native oven.

topipi, v. t. cook in a small oven. Topipitia tetahi kaanga.

Topito, n. end; extremity.

Tōpu, n. pair; couple. Ko taua hunga i haere i uta, kotahi rau e whitu tekau topu (75).

topu, a. assembled; in a body. Kei te noho topu tou ratou ki to ratou kaainga.

Tōpuni, a. 1. close together. Me haere topuni tatou. 2. over-cast. He rangi topuni.

topuni, n. black dogskin mat.

Toră, v. i. burn; blaze. Ka tora te ahi.

Tŏrĕ, v. i. burn. Ka tore te whare o Tutere.

tore, n. white spot.

toretore, n. a large mussel; the same as kŭkŭ.

toretore, a. having inflamed eyes. toretore, v. t. split into strips.

He mea toretore marire te harakeke.

Tōrĕa, n. hæmatopus unicolor; a bird.

Toreke. v. t. be left behind. Kahore tetahi i toreke ki muri.

whakatōrĕkĕrĕkĕ, v. i. lag behind. Kei whakatorekereke te haere.

Toremi, v. i. disappear. Kua toremi te waka ki tua o te rae. Torena, v. i. overflow.

Töröngĭ, v. i. disappear.

Tōrĕrĕ, v. i. hurry; go headlong. Ka torere tonu ra hoki te ngakau ki te whai i te whakahiangongo o tona ngakau (170).

torere, n. abyss.

Tŏrětěrě, n. small sting-ray.

Tŏrĕwăi, n. a freshwater mussel. Tŏrĭ, n. cat. (R.)

toritori, v. t. cut; separate.

Tōrĭnŏ, n. 1. drum of the ear. 2. small basket for cooked food. Tōrĭnŏ, a. flowing smoothly. He torino tonu te au; he hohonu.

Torire, a. fine; smart.

Toririki, a. small. Ka haere ka toririki te whawhai n i.

Toriwai, a. moist; watery. Ka toriwaitia oku kanohi.

Törö, n. persoonia toro; a tree.
Törö, v. i. 1. stretch forth. Ka toro mai tona ringa ka raraku (194). Ka toro nga kawai o te hue. 2. burn; blaze. Kei toro te whare i te korakora.

toro, v. t. 1. thrust or impel endwise; stretch forth. Torona mai tou ringa. 2. go to see; visit. A ka aroha ki te tuahine, ka haere ia ki te toro (39). 3. survey; reconnoitre. Kua eke rawa mai taua iwi nei ki uta, kotahi i tukua mai ki te toro (47). explore. Te waka nana i toro te nuku roa (109). 4. consult by divination. Ka torona a Kahukura, a Itupawa, a

Rongomai (83). 5. take fire out | Toropapa, v. i. lie flat. Ka toroof an oven preparatory to cooking. Torona te hangi; ka kăkā. totoro, v. i. stretch forth. Totoro

mai te ringa.

torotoro, v. i. put forth the hands; act. Ka whakatika nga rangatira ki runga ki te korero i te ata torotoro (150).

torotoro, n. metrosideros scandens; a climbing plant.

whakatoro, v. t. 1. push forth. E whakatorotoro kau ana i te timata i roto i nga ran, kaore ano i wero noa. 2. touch; make trial of.

Toroa, n. albatross. Kahu toroa, garment covered with albatross

Toroai, see torowai.

Torohě, n. marauding party.

toroherohe, v. i. wag. rohe mai ana te hiore o te kuri. Torohěkě, n. pimelea arenaria; a plant.

Tŏrŏī, v. i. ferment.

Tŏrŏihĭ, v. i. 1. sprout; bud. Ka toroihi te kiekie. 2. be inso-Kua mohio ratou ki to matou ahua; no reira ka toroihi tonu ratou.

Torokaka, a. stiff and straight; (of hair). torokaka waero-kiore; hanging straight down. kaka taratarakina, split at the torokaka motihetihe, points. sticking straight up.

Törökiki, v. i. sprout afresh.

Toromiro, n. podocarpus ferruginea; a tree.

Toromoka, n. button.

Torona, n. throne.

Toronaini, n. reaping hook; sickle. Toronga, n. derivative from toro. See toro.

Toronga, v. t. deal out in small Ka ata torongatia quantities. mariretia nga kai.

papa te wahiè; e kore e ka. Toropuke, n. mound; hillock.

Toropuku, a. secret; stealthy. Ka toropuku te haere o te tahae.

Tŏrŏrĕrĕ, n. diarrhæa.

Töröukä, n headland.

torouka, a. green; unripe; uncooked.

whakatorouka, v. i. muse; have the thoughts occupied. E moe whakatorouka ana a Te Ponga ki te pewheatanga ra e tata ai ia ki a Te Pnhihuia (167).

Torowai, n. 1. a weapon made of a whale's rib. 2. a wooden weapon.

Torowhenua, n. a variety of kumara.

Tŏrŭ, a. three.

torutoru, a. few. He torutoru nga tangata o tera kaainga.

Torŭa, a. twilled. He kareko torus.

Tōrŭhĭ, u. a fish.

Totā, n. sweat.

Totără, n. 1. podocarpus totara; a tree. 2. leucopogon Frazeri and some other plants.

Тотĕ, n. salt.

Toti, and totitoti, v. i. limp; Rokohanga atu e au kei te Kerikeri e totitoti ana.

Totikă, a. straight; correct; right. Toto, n. blood. Taua toto, expedition to avenge blood that has been shed. Ka puta nga pa i ora ki te taua toto (91).

toto, v. i. bleed. Ka toto taku ihu.

**Totorěkă,** n. a shell-fish.

Totorongu, n. a freshwater fish. Tou, prep. thy. Plural ou. See prep. o.

Tou, n. anus.

Tou, v. t. 1. kindle; set on fire. Toua te rama. 2. dip into water; wet. 3. plant. E waru nga kopura, whatiwhatiia ana; ka toua, a ka tupu (114).

toutou, n. a small black bird.

Tou, ad. a contracted form of
tonu. See tonu.

Toŭa, n. yolk of an egg. Toukěkě, a. churlish.

Tǒupiore, a. listless; languid. Na te werawera au i toupiore ai, te tae atu ai au ki a koe.

Tourawhi, a. male (of animals only).

Touwha, v. i. swell. Ka touwha te puku.

Towahiwahi, and towawahi, a.
1. moist; watery. Towawahi
ana nga kanohi; me te mea e
tangi ana. 2. shining. Towawahi ana te taupoki o te pouaka. 3. sleek.

Towai, n. weinmannia racemosa; a tree.

Towene, v. i. set. Ka towenewene te ra ki te rua.

towenewene, a. importunate; tiresome.

whakatowenewene, v.i. be troublesome. Ka tika kia riri mai tera; nau hoki i whakatowenewene atu ki a ia.

Towhare, v. t. murder in cold blood.

Towhero, a. red. Ka towhero te puku.

I. Tu, n. 1. part of a fishing net which is first in the water. 2. girdle to which the 'maro' was attached. 3. manner; sort. Na wai tenei tu mahi?

II. Tu, v. i. 1. stand. Ka tu nga tokotoko ki roto ki te otaota (79). Pass. turia; be set on foot. Ka turia te korero. be arranged. Katahi ka turia te haka (167). 2. be vehement. Tu ana te kiha a tou tangata. 3. be hit; be wounded. Kua tu i te tao a Hatupatu (95). 4.

be served. Kia tu katoa nga tangata.

tu. v. t. fight with; engage. Ka puta mai ki te tu i a matou.

tŭtu, v. i. 1. be raised, as dust &c.

Ka tutu te puehu. as noise;
disturbance &c. Tutu ana te
heihei (5). 2. stand erect; be
prominent. Ka tutu nga tara.
3. be insubordinate; be disorderly. Ka timata a Tapo i tana
mahi tutu (111). Pass. tŭtutĭa; have violence offered to one.
Kua tututia taku wahine (117).

tutu, v. t. 1. summon; assemble.

Ka mahara a Manaia kia tuturia he tangata hei ohu waru mo ana tao (117). 2. tutu waewae; or tutu ngarehu; dance a war-dance. 3. set on fire.

Me tutu te koraha kia atea ai te ara.—Tungia he ahi kia mahana ai tatou.

tutu, n. 1. messenger sent to summon people; summoner. Ka tukua te tutu. 2. perch for birds.

whakatu, v. t. 1. erect; set up.
2. make a set speech. Na Te
Koki enei whakatu ki ana tamariki. 3. propound a subject
for discussion. 4. instigate. Kua
oma te mokai nei: na wai ra
i whakatu kia haere?

turanga, n. circumstance, time or place of standing &c. See tu. Turanga-tohu, war-dance. Turanga-whanau; relationship of cousins.

tunga, n. 1. circumstance &c. of being wounded. 2. wound.

I. Tĭa, n. the further side of a solid body. Tua-o-rangi; duys gone by. Me aha hoki te ki i korerotia i tua o rangi?

tua, a. on the further side. To tai tua, the western sea.

II. Tua. n. a form of address used by the NGatiwhatua tribe. Haere mai, e tua. III. Tŭa.

tuatua, n. 1. ridge. 2. a species of a shell-fish.

tŭtŭatăngă, n. ridge.

IV. Tŭa, ordinal prefix to numeral adjectives. Te tuarua o nga haerenga (133). Ka tuahia koe ki Taranaki? Ka tuarua. How many times have you been to Taranaki? Twice.

V. Tŭa, v. t. fell; cut down. Ka riro ki te tua rakau.

I. Tua, v. t. 1. give a name to a child with accompanging religious ceremonies. Kua tuatia te tamaiti a te Papa. 2. mention the name of any one. Ko te tuatanga tenei o tou ingoa e NGatiporou. 3. lay under the influence of a spell. He karakia ano mo Tawhirimatea, he tua mo te rangi. See also tutua.

II. Tuä, or more correctly tu-a, (See I. tu, 3) a prefix to adjectives &c. signifying a moderate degree of the quality expressed. Tu-a-whero; reddish.

Tuzahu, n. sacred place, used by tohunga for purposes of divination &c.

Tuahae, a. jealous.

Tŭahăngătă, n. a familiar name for the hero of a story &c. "my gentleman".

Tuahau, n. a kind of rough mat made from the leaves of kiekie.

Tŭahině, n. sister of a man. Tuăhŭ, v. t. throw up into hillocks.

Mo tana mara i tuahua kautia; kaore i whakatokia (136).

**Tüahüri**, v. t. cover the roof of a house with a coating of raupo preparatory to thatching with toetoe.

Tuăitără, n. spines on the back of a reptile or fish. I te wehi ano ki nga tuaitara e tutu haere ana mai (150).

Tŭakănă, n. 1. elder brother of a male. 2. elder sister of a female.

Tuakanga, n. circumstance &c. of felling. See tua.

Tuaki, v. t. disembowel fish or birds.

Tüakükü, v. t. 1. scrape. Tuakukutia o harakeke. 2. take the roughness off a piece of timber before dragging it out. Me to puwharawhara? Hua noa me tuakuku ka to ai.

Tuākurā, n. dicksonia squarrosa; a tree fern.

Tŭamăkă, n. round cord platted with five strands (19).

**Tŭanŭi,** n. *roof* of a house.

Tuanui, a. harsh; overbearing. Tuanui noa atu to kupu ki tou tuakana.

whakatuanui, v. i. be overbearing.

Tuangău, v. t. beat with a stick. Tuangi, n. cockles.

Tužo, a. transient. He wai tuao te wai nei; mao rawa ake te ua kua mutu te waipuke.

Tua-o-rangi, n. days gone by.
Tuāpăe, n. anything bounding the horizon. Kia ngaro te tuapae whenua (21).

Tŭapěkă, a. dissimulating.

whakatuapeka, v. i. dissimulate. Tuāpora, n. firstfruits of a crop. Tuapuku, round cord platted with four strands.

Tŭarā, n. 1. back. 2. ally; support.

tuara, v. t. assist. Hoatu tua-

whakatuara, ad. backwards. Ko korua anake e haere whakatuara: ko au e kore.

Tuărăhia, n. hæmatopus longirostris, a bird.

Tuaraki, n. north wind.

Tuarangi, a. old; of uncient date. He korero tuarangi. Tŭarăngărăngă, a. unsettled ; perplexed. Ka toa a Ruku, ka roto o te ngakau.

**Tŭarăro,** a. Iwi tuararo; buck-

Tuărengă, n. a fish; the same as inanga.

Tuari, n. steward.

TUARI, v. t. dispense; deal out.

Tŭarŏa, n. back part of a house. Iwi tuaroa; back bone.

Tŭarŏngŏ, n. back of a house. Tŭată, a. Ika tuata; fish roasted and eaten by the crew of a canoe on its first fishing excursion; this being part of the 'pure' ceremony. He ika tuata tetahi; i tunua ma nga kaumoana.

Tuatahi, a. first.

**Tŭātără,** n. 1. a large *lizard*. 2. spines on the back of a lizard. Ka momohe ra pea ona tuatara (154). 3. clod.

Tuātěa, n. break on the crest of a wave. Ka pupuhi te hau ka whati te tuatea.

**Tŭatĕa,** a. 1. pale. He manu tuatea; a fat bird, the skin of which shews white under the feathers. 2. anxious: distressed. He tuatea ki tona hoa e mate

whakatuatea, v. i. grow anxious. E whakatuatea ana ahau ki te mate o taku tamaiti.

Tŭatini, n. blue shark.

Tŭaŭki, a. old; of long standing. He mate tuaukiuki.

Tŭaŭkĭpō, n. midnight.

Tŭaŭriŭri, a. 1. very dark. He po tuauriuri; a dark abyss. 2. very many. He mano tuauriuri.

Tŭaŭrŭ, a. 1. western. Te tai tuauru. 2. rare; choice. tahi ra te manu tuauru e noho nei ki runga ki a tatou; properly said of a white kaka, and so of anything rare and highly prized.

tuarangaranga, ka kowhete a **Tuawahine**, n. a familiar name for the heroine of a story: 'my lady' (170).

> Tŭawhěnŭa. n. 1. main land. 2. interior.

> Tŭawhiti, a. thick; fleshy; fat. Tau mahi e te manawa tuawhiti! (160)

> Tühāhā, a. happening late in the day. Ka tuhaha nga tai; ka awatea hoki.

Tuhana, see tuwhana.

Tuhără, n. a kind of toetoe.

Tuhaua, a. quick. Kia tuhaua te haere.

Tuhăuwiri, v. i. shiver with cold; quake with fear. He tuhauwiri te timatanga o toku mate. Tūhěa, a. overgrown with bushes.

Tuhěihěi, a. dishevelled. Ka tuheihei nga huru o tou mahunga.

Tuhi, v. t. 1. delineate; draw; write. 2. point at; indicate by pointing. 3. ascertain the fortune of. Katahi ia ka tuhi i tona atua, ara ka matakite, hei titiro i tona aitua (175).

tuhituhi, v. t. write. Tuhituhia he pukapuka ki tou whanaunga.

Tūhĭtĭ, v. t. expel; banish. Ko au tena ka meinga kia tuhititia e koe? E kore pea au e haere i to tuhiti.

Tühŏe, a. steep. Ka tuhoe te tuanui, e kore e tuturu.

Tūhŏnŏ, v. t. join. Tuhonoa tetahi wahi ki te tahuhu.

Tuhua, n. obsidian; so called from Tuhua or Mayor Island; called also matā-tuhua.

Tuhunga, n. perch for birds to light on, placed in a convenient position for killing them. He wero manu tana mahi ki te tuhunga a to tangata nei.

Tuhura.

Ki te tuhura ki ngu mea kahore ano i iriiria.

Tui, n. parson-bird; prosthemadera tukituki. v. t. 1. demolish; knock Novæ Zelandiæ.

Tŭi, v. t. 1. pierce. He karakia tui, a charm for spearing birds. 2. thread on a string. Ka tahuri mai ano tera ki te tui i nga ika (179). 3. lace; fasten by passing a cord through holes. Tuia to tatou waka (60). 4. sew.

tui, n. string on which anything is threaded. Ka pau te tui te whakaeke ki te ngohi (179).

tuitui, v. t. 1. lace; sew. 2. fasten up; render inaccessible. Ko nga rangi i tuituia e Tane (32).

Tukahotea, a. having no covering on the roof. Ko nga whare o konei kei te pakaru; kei te tukahotea.

Tükărărŏa, n. a bird.

Tükări, v. t. dig and throw up into hillocks. Homai he kaheru hei tukari i taku mara.--"Katahi ano ka tukari te mara a te Noinoi", is a saying used when the sea is beginning to rise.

Tukauati, n. whirlwind.

Tükě, n. elbow.

tuketuke, v. t. elbow; nudge. Katahi ano a Manaia ka tuketuke atu i tana tamaiti kia rere ki te whiu i te mataika (119).

Tükekau nei Tukekau nei te roa o te ara.

Tŭkěmătă, n. eyebrow.

Tüki, v. t. 1. strike with anything impelled endwise; ram. 2. butt. 3. attack. Ki a Tangaroa, me tomo te pa; ki a Rangitu, me tuki ata.

tătăki, v. i. reach its furthest li-Ka tutuki te tai; it is mit. high water. be finished; be tukuroa, a. ill-supplied. completed. Kia tutuki to korero.

tūtůkí, v. i. strike against an ob-Ka tutuki toku ject; stumble. waewae ki terakau.

to pieces. I tukitukia katoatia nga whare e te taua. 2. destroy; kill. Tukitukia te kuri. 3. take to pieces; take down. Me tukituki te taiepa, ka hanga ai kia pai.

Tuki, v. i. give the time to rowers in a canoe.

Tūkino, v. t. ill-treat; use with violence.

Tukipoho, a. contrary; (of the wind).

Tūkorěhů, n. plantago; a plant, Tŭkŭ, v. t. let go; give up; allow. Tukua marietia nga pakeha kia haere.—Tukua atu, is often used as equivalent to hereafter.

tuku, v. i. 1. set to. Tana tukunga atu ki te kai (94). 2. subside. Kia tuku te wai ka whiti ai ki tawahi. 3. settle down. Ka tuku katoa te mangu o te rangi. Tukunga atu mo; place into which one may be received. Tukunga iho; end; result.

tuku, n. incantation used in cases of childbirth.

tukutuku, n. 1. web of a spider. 2. ornamental work in the interior of a house.

Tūkŭkŭ, v. t. plunder. Tukukua katoatia ana te kai a Taki.

Tŭkŭmărŭ, a. cloudy E tukumaru ana te rangi.

Tŭkŭpū, a. 1. coming down on all sides. He ua tukupu. overcast; lowering. Tukupu ana te rangi. 3. covering completely. He moko tukupu.

Tŭkŭrŏa, n. back-stay of the sail of a canoe.

He tau tukuroa; a season of famine.

Digitized by Google

Tümă.

whakatuma, v. i. menace; act defiantly. Na reira ano ka whakatumatuma (79).

Tumā, n. odd number in excess. Kotahi rau, tuma, o te taua.

Tumăhănă, n. return present for a kaihaukai, given at the same time.

Tumănăkă, v. t. regard any absent object with fuvour, or desire. Tumanako tonu te ngakau ki te mea i kiia mai moku.

Tümāngši, n. a kind of charm (154).

Tūmārō, a. hard; solid.

Tumăru, a. shady. Kia haere ki te wahi e tumaru iho ana i te rakau.

Tumătă, v.t. set on fire; burn. Tumătăkăhŭkĭ, n. upright sticks, between the posts of a native house, for supporting the laths, to which the reeds are fastened.

Tumătăkuru, n. discaria toumatou; a shrub.

Tumătătěngă, a. apprehensive; anxious. He tumatatenga noku ki a koutou.

Tumătohi, a. 1. marching in close order. 2. watchful; on the alert. Kia tumatohi; mo te huaki rawa mai, kua rite.

Tumău, a. fixed; constant. He kaainga tumau.

tumau, n. housekeeper; cook; servant.

Tuměkě, v. i. take fright. E kore au e tumeke i o korero whakawehiwehi mai.

Tumere, n. a weapon of war.

Tumoremore, a. shorn of external appendages. Tumoremore
kau ana te rakau, kahore he
hiako.

Tumu, v. i. 1. halt suddenly. 2. start involuntarily. Tumu ana te waewae, he kowhera; he aitua. 3. coo; grunt.

of a tree. 2. part of an apparatus for snaring birds.

Tumu, n. promontory; headland. tumu, a. contrary. He hau tumu. Tumukki, n. crown of the head. Tunu, n. eel.

Tunewha, v. i. close the eyes as when overcome with sleep; be drowsy.

Tunu, v. t. 1. roast; broil. Tunua nga riwai ki te ahi. 2. inspire with fear. Na reira ano i tunu ake e ki ana ke matua tangata (101).

tunutunu, a. faint-hearted; afraid.

Tunutunu ana te whakaaro o
te tangata.

Tunuhuruhuru, v. t. do violence to a friend or connection: offend; injure.

Tungă, see tu.

Tunga, n. 1. grub of a species of beetle, found in decayed wood. 2. decayed tooth; toothache.

tungatunga, v. i. beckon; make signs. I ia Manaia e tungatunga atu ana ki tana tamaiti tupu (119).

Tungane, n. brother of a female. Tunganga, v. i. be out of breath. Tungangi, n. a shell-fish. He ara whakatungangi, a stile.

Tungarangara, v. i. be fatigued. Tungaroa, n. back part of a native house.

Tungehe, v. i. quail; be alarmed. E kore au e tungehe.

Tüngitüngi, n. sacred oven near a cultivation.

Tungou, v. i. nod; beckon. E tungou mai ana te tangata ra ki a taua.

tungoungou, in. chrysalis of a large moth.

Tunguru, a. 1. worn away by friction; blunted. 2. having lost one's influence. Ka tungurutia

ngata.

Tungutu, v. t. 1. put together the sticks of a fire. Tungutungutua nga mounga. on fire; burn. Kei te tungutu a Te Waru i toana waerenga.

Tuohu, v. i. stoop; bow the head. E tuohu tonu ana ahau, koia ahau te kite ai. 2. keep oneself out of the way. E tuohu mai nei i roto i tona whare i tona whare.

Tuŏi, a. thin; lean. He kararehe tuoi, e kore e kainga.

Tuŏrŏ. He tuna tuoro; ka rangona te tau o te tuoro.

Tupā, n. a shell-fish.

tupa, a. unfruitful. He karaka tupa.

Tupăki, a. fair; without rain. Ka nui te roa o te tupakitanga, o te korenga e ua.

tupakipaki, a. small. He where tupakipaki.

Tupākihi, n. coriaria ruscifolia, a shrub.

Tūpāpākŭ, n. 1. corpse. 2. sick person. 3. one intended to be killed.

Tupăre, n. chaplet. WHatiia mai he kowhai hei tupare.

Tupăripări, n. low bank of a river.

Tupăru, v. t. coat with raupo. Tuparuparua te whare.

Tupātiu, n. north-west wind. Tupăto, a. cautious; suspicious.

Tupe, v. t. deprive of power by means of a charm. Katahi ka tahuri ki te tupe i te tupapaku; na, kua ngoikore te tupapaku (119).

Tupehu, a. angry; blustering. Haere tupehu ana te tangata. Topeka, n. tobacco.

Tupěkě, v. i. jump; leap.

maua ki te titiro mai a te ta- Tupërë, v. t. ejaculate. Kaore au e tupere atu, 'Tena koe'.

Tuperepere, a. 1. boisterous. He marangai tuperepere. 2. vigorous; as the growth of plants. Tupereru.

whakatupereru, v. i. make a noise with the lips.

Tupo, a. Rua tupo, 1. cave in which the bones of the dead are deposited, after the flesh has decayed. 2. hole over which incantations were performed for the purpose of depriving one's enemies of power. Compare rua haeroa, under haeroa.

Tūpoki, v. t. cover.

tupoki, n. covering; lid.

Tūpono, v. t. light upon accidentally; chance to hit. Tupono pu te rakau ki te kanohi o te tamaiti.

Tūpoporo, v. i. be overturned. Tūpore, v. t. behave kindly to. Tupore rangi tahi; whakariri kei rau rangi.

Tūpŏu, or tupoupou, v. t. 1. put the head downwards; stoop down. 2. fall or throw oneself headlong. 3. dive.

tupoupou, n. porpoise.

Tupu, v. i. 1. grow; increase. E tupu tonu mai nei ano te kumara i te pari o taua whenua (74). 2. spring up. Ka tupu te whawhai a taua pa ki nga tangata o Awhitu (166). 3. be firmly fixed. Tupu tonu te pou nei.

tupu, n. 1. shoot; bud. 2. growth. 3. social position. WHakaheketupu; treat with indignity. iwi kino te iwi nei; he iwi whakaheke tupu tangata (141). tupu, a. genuine; own. tama tupu (119).

tuputupu, n. a kind of mat. whakatupu, v. t. 1. cause to

grow; cherish; rear. 2. assume

the character or appearance of; make oneself like. Katahi ka wkakatupu kuri te tangata ra. Tupua, n. 1. goblin; demon. 2.

object for terror; taniwha &c. 3. strange sickness.

tupua, a. strunge.

tupua, v. t. steal. Kia tupuatia ai a Kae e ratou (37).

whakatupua, n. a fish.

Tūpuhi, n. gale; storm. He tupuhi tenei; e kore tatou e puta.

tupuhi, a 1. thin; lean. He tupuhi te kiore. 2. inactive; sluggish. Kati me he tupuhi; Be no longer inactive.

Tupună, n. uncestor; male or female. Plural tupună.

Tupuni, v. t. put on the outer covering of the walls of a house.

Me tupuni ki te raupo.

Tupuranga, n. derivative from tupu. See tupu.

Turăhă, v. i. keep away; keep clear. Turaha ana te kai i a ia.

Türăki, v. t. throw down from an upright position; push down. I kite au i te turakanga o te tamaiti nei ki roto ki te wai.

turaturaki, v. t. throw down a number of things.

Turămă, v. t. light with a torch; give light to. Turamatia ahau e hoa; ka pouri kerekere.

Turămoe, v. i. be sleepy.

Türăpă, v.i. spring. Turapa tonu atu a Tama ki tona moenga (71).

Tŭrăpănă, v. t. fillip.

Turără, v. t. spread out. Turaraa ki te ahi, kia maroke.

TURE, n. law.

Tūrĕhŭ, v. i. doze.

turehu, a. indistinctly seen.

turehu, n. ghost; fairy; anything dimly scen.

Turei, n. Tuesday.

Tūrěpě, n. a tree.

Turere, v. i. steal away; flee.

Kua turere atu te kiore.—Turere ana te moe i aku kanohi.

Turetireti, a. unsteady. Kei taka koe; e turetireti ana te kaho.

Turi, n. 1. knee. Na wai ra, i raro te wai, a ka to nga turi (120). 2. post of a fence.

Turi, a. 1. deaf. 2. obstinate; stubborn. He turi maori no te koroke nei.

turituri, a. 1. obstinate. He turituri tonu te iwi nei ki te noho ki tona mahau, ki tona mahau. 2. noisy.

turituri, n. noise. E kore e rangona i te turituri.—Turituri!
Hush!

whakatŭtŭri, v. i. be abstinate. See also tūtŭri.

Turikakoa, n. spinifex hirsutus; a kind of grass. Ka ngau ki te turikakoa te paringa o te tai, e tika ana te rere o te kuaka.

Türingöngöngöngö, a. crippled; lame.

Türipēpēkē, a. having the knees bent. E turipepeke ana te haere.Türipönä, n. knee-joint.

Turipu, a. weak in the knees. He waewae turipu.

Turituri-pourewa, n. a bird.

Türiwātāitāi, v. i. be benumbed; shiver.

Tŭriwētăutău, v.i. be benumbed; shiver.

Türöri, v. i. stagger; totter. Ka haramai tenei ka turori ki te whare.

Turorotia a Moka. 2. corpse.

turoro, a. sick.

Turotowaenga, n. middle. No te turotowaenga o te po.

Turu, n. the moon at fifteen days old.

Tŭrŭ, v. i. last a short time. Turu tahanga atu; in a little while.

Pass. Turua; be done for a short time. Turua kautia ki te taha ki te whatitoka; turua kautia ki roto (66).

Turu, or turuturu, n. stick to steady oneself by.

turu, v. t. build an eel weir. Kei te turu pa a Moka.

tŭtŭrŭ, v. i. leak; drip.

tūturu, s. fixed; permanent. tūturu, v. i. kneel. Tuturu ou

turi.

Turu, n. stool; seat.

Türüa, a. beautiful. Anana! ka turua ra! (21).

Turŭapŏ, n. midnight.

Tŭrŭătŭ, n. a bird.

Tūrŭawăengă, ) n. middle. Tūrŭawăengănŭi, )

Tūrŭawepo, n. midnight.

Türüki, v. i. 1. grow up in addition; as the sucker of a tree &c. Ka turuki ake nga huruhuru hou o te manu. 2. come up with afterwards; come as a supplement. Ka haere atu koutou apopo; ka turuki atu matou i muri. 3. travel by short stages. Na te turuki o to ratou haere i tae mai ai he awhina. 4. be full. Turuki tonu te waka.

turuki, v. t. 1. supplement with a second. Turnkitia te rahui. 2. thatch a house.

turuki, n. sucker; anything supplementary.

Türüpŏu, v. t. support on a pole. Turupoutia iho nga karaha ki te rakau.

Tururu. v. i. 1. cover oneself from the cold. He aha koe ka tururu ai? 2. crouch; be downcast. Ka pai kia haere koe ki te iwi e noho tururu mai ra.

Turutu, n. dianella intermedia, a plant.

Tütä, n. back of the neck.

Tutăe, n. dung.

Pass. Turua; be done for a Tutae-whetu, some phosphoresshort time. Turua kautia ki te cent substance.

Tūtăi, n spy; scout.

Tutăki, v. t. 1. meet. Tutaki ana i taua wahine nei e wero manu ana mana (95). 2. make to meet; put to; close. Tutakina te taupoki o te pouaka. tutaki, and tutataki, a. touch-

ing; meeting.

Tutăngă, n. portion; division.

tutangatanga, v. t. cut into portions. Hei apopo ka tutangatanga i nga rakau nei.

Tutără, n. small talk; gossip.

Tūtătă, a. near.

Tutăumăhă, n. a kind of charm or incantation (159).

Tute, v. t. shove with a pole. Tutea te waka ki waho.

tutetute, v. t. jostle; hustle.

Tūtěi, v. t. spy; reconnoitre.

tutei, n. spy; scout.

Tütětükě, v. t. push with the elbow.

Tütĕurĕ, n. a shell-fish; a kind of fusus.

Tūtĭkă, a. upright.

Tūtĭră, n. row; file.

Tutohu, v. t. receive a proposal favourably; give consent to. Tutohu ahiahi; whakarere hapai.

Accept at night and reject in the morning.

Tutu, n. coriaria ruscifolia; a shrub.

Tutu, v. t. melt down fat &c. Katahi ka tutua ki te taha (153).
Tutu.

whakatutu, v. t. fasten a net to a hoop for the purpose of catching certain kinds of fish.

Tŭtū, see under tu.

Tūtūā, a. mean; low-born.

Tŭtŭa, see under tua.

Tūtŭiră, n. a fish; a small stingray.

Tūtunāwăi, n. a water plant.

Tutupapa, n. coriaria thymifolia, Tuwha, v. t. distribute. Tuwhaia a plant.

Tuturi, v. i. kneel. Ka tuturi ona turi; he kneels.

Tututu, v. t. perform a certain ceremony over a kumara ground with a view to promote fecundity.

Tūtŭtŭpo, n. redness; glow. Ka tau te tututupo ki runga i te rangi (81).

Tuwa, a. growing out of place; self-sown.

Tūwăhărŏa, v. i. yawn.

Tuwătăwătă, n. main fence of a pa, called also katua.

nga kai ma nga tangata nei.

Tuwhănă, v. t. urge; incite. Nau i tuwhana nga tangata o mua ki te haere.

Tuwhěkě, a. covered with sores. Toku tinana ka tuwheketia nei.

Tuwhěnŭa, a. covered with sores.

Tuwhera, a. open. Ka tuwhera te kuwaha.

whakatuwhera, v. t. open; set open.

Tuwhiti, v. t. expel; banish. Compare tuhiti.

## U.

U, n. breast of a female; udder; teat.

U, v. i. 1. be firm; be fixed. Kahore i u nga pou o te taiepa; tarure noa ana. 2. reach the land; arrive by water. Ka hoe a Tainui, ka u ki Kawhia (76). Pass, ungia, be arrived at. Katahi ano ka ungia e te waka te tauranga o Kiki (172).

whakau, v. t. 1. make firm. 2. kindle a fire. 3. bring to land. WHakauria to tatou waka ki 4. with a reflex sense, bring oneself to a place; arrive; come up. Ka tae atu ki te ana, ka whakau pahi marie te ope ra (159). 5. perform a certain ceremony on first arrival at a place, to guard against infringement of 'tapu'.

U, prep. used in an elliptical form of expression, u ana, u au, &c. and implying sympathy with the person spoken of. He aha koa u ana, te waiho ai hei hoa aroha mo tatou? (12). Why should he not, poor fellow, be allowed to stay &c. E tika ana u au; haere ano i runga i ou mohiotanga (15).

Ua, (ŭ) n. 1. back-bone. Kua tika te ua o te tangata ra ki te haere (169). back of the neck. Ko te ua kau i maranga (101). 2. thick twisted or platted hem on the collar of a mat.

ŭaŭa, n. 1. sinew. 2. vein; ar-3. firmness; resolution; tery. effort.

uaua, a. 1. strenuous; pertina-Uaua tonu ia ki te ora cious. 2. difficult. mana. Katahi te mahi uaua.

whakauaua, v. i. 1. be strenuous. 2. be reluctant.

**Ua,** (ŭ) v. i. *rain*. Akuanei pea ka ua. Pass. uaina, be rained upon. Ka uaina koe ki te haere aianei.

ua, n. rain. Ua-po; showery weather.

Ua, (ŭ) ad. when. Ko reira koe kite ai, ua tae koe ki te kaainga.

Ua, (ūā) a particle used in expostulation. Kati ua haere mai ki konei. Don't, pray, come tohe; do not be so obstinate!

Uăki, (ŭ) v. t. 1. launch; push 2. push a sliding door, so as either to open or shut; hence simply, open; shut.

Uanga, time &c.—of raining. See

Ušpare, (ŭ) v. t. attribute to ano- Uira, (ŭi) v. i. gleam; flash. Te ther what is charged to oneself.

Uarŭa, (ŭ-) n. cloak with a cape

Ue, (ŭ) n. the moon on the fourth day.

Ue, (ŭ) v. t. move a canoe with a puddle worked against the side; scull; steer with a paddle. Uea to tatou waka ki waho.

ueue, v. t. incite; impel. Me he ru na ano e ueue ana i a tuawahine (132).

Ueha, n. prop; support. Homai tetahi rakau hei ueha mo te Uki, (ŭki) n. ancient times. poti.

Ueně, (ŭ) v. i. whine.

Uepū, (ŭe) n. company; party. Tena ano tetahi uepu whakaae; tetahi uepu whakakahore.

**Uerĕ,** (ŭe) n. a shell-fish.

Uhĭ, (ŭ) n. an instrument used for puncturing the skin in tattooing. NGa uhi matarau a Uetonga (30).

Uho, (ŭ) n. 1. heart of a tree. 2. umbilical cord. Comp. iho.

uho, a. sound. He riri ano ta te tawa uho, he riri ano ta te tawa para (145).

Uhu, (ŭhŭ) v. t. perform certain ceremonies over the bones of the dead. Tae rawa atu matou meake mutu te uhu. Compare hahu.

Uhumăněa, (ŭhŭ) a. knowing;

Uhunga, n. derivative from uhu. See uhu.

here any more. Kati ua tohe- Uhunga, (uhu) v. t. cry over; Haere kia uhungatia lament. koe.

endwise. Uakina mai te rakau Ui, (ŭi) v. i. 1. ask; enquire. Katahi ka ui atu te wahine ra, he aha tau, i haere mai ai koe ki konei? 2. relax or loosen a noose. I uia te kaha i te kaki o te manu.

> uira o te ahi o te Arawa (81). He taua pea tera, ina hoki nga pu ka uira mai nei.

> uira, n. lightning. Ka puta te hau, te ua, te uira, te whatitiri (93).

> Ukă, (ŭ), v. i. be fixed. E uka ana a raro o te pou i te one. ukauka, v. i. 1. be preserved; last. Kawea nga kai ki runga whata, kia ukauka ai mo etahi rangi. Kihai 2. be slow; be sluggish. i ukauka to matou whakatikanga ake.

uki, no nehe, no whakapata.

ukiuki, a. old.

Uku, (ŭkŭ) n. white clay.

uku, v. t. wash, using clay for soap. Ka haere a Marutuahu ki te uku i tona mahunga ki te wai (138).

Ukui, (ŭkŭi) v. t. wipe; rub.

ukui, n. white clay.

Ukupăpă, (ŭkū) v. i. be all consumed; be all dealt with without exception. Compare oroрара.

Ukupără, (ŭkŭ) v. t. smudge.

Umă, (ŭ) n. bosom; chest.

Umărăhă, (ŭ) a. 1. extended; Kaore e pai to tatou pa ki konei, ke umaraha rawa. 2. bewildered; abroad. ka umaraha nga whakaaro.

Uměrě, (ŭ) v. i. 1. sing or chaunt, to keep time in any united effort. 2. shout in wonder, satisfaction &c. Ano te mangai o

ngi ana te umere (160).

Umiki, (ŭ) v. t. traverse; go round. Nana i umiki te whenua.

Umu, (ŭmŭ) n. native oven; hangi. Pokia ta tatou umu.

whakaumu, n. hole dug in the ground to serve as a landmark, or to mark the spot where any one has fallen in battle.

Unăhi, (ŭ) n. scale of a fish. unahi, v. t. scale a fish. hia nga ika nei. Comp. inohi.

Uněně, (ŭ) v. i. beg importuna-Hore i te unene o te tely. tangata nei ki taku pouaka.

Unu, (ŭnŭ) v. t. 1. pull off. Kei te unu i ona kakahu. 2. draw out. He tangata ke nana i tiki mai i unu nga titi (66). bring out; exhibit. Ka unuhia te tere o te waka.

Unuora, (unu) n. object of intense affection. Kei tua e Tenga, unuora i ahau.

Ungă, (ŭ) v. t. 1. send. Ungaa atu tetahi tangata ki tawahi, ki te tiki kai. 2. cause to be born. Kahore he karakia i mahue nei hei unga mai i to tamaiti ki waho (128).

Ungă, (ū) n. derivative from u. See u, v. i.

Ungutu, (ung) v. t. place things so that the ends touch one ano-Ungutungutua nga motuv. i. meet together. motu.

Upăně, (ŭ) a. abreast; in even Upane tonu te haere o rank. te taua.

Upŏkŏ, (ŭ) n. head; upper part. Kua mau te ringa o Rata ki te upoko; ka patua, ka mate (55) —Kei te upoko o te mara e takoto ana.

Upčkčhŭe, (ŭ) n. porpoise. Upokororo, (ŭ) n. a fish.

te tangata me te ia wai, e ta- Upokotangata, (ŭ) n. a kind of toetoe.

> Ură, (ŭ) v. i. 1. be red or brown. Ka ura te kanohi i te riri. 2. glow; especially of sunrise. Kaore ano i roa kau ake te uranga o te ra, kua po (18).

> Urăngă, (ū) n. derivative from u. See u, v. i.

Urĕ, (ŭ) n. membrum virile.

ureure, n. ripe fruit of kiekie or freycinetia Banksii.

Uri, (ŭ) n. 1. offspring; descendants. To Tamure uri, tenei ano te ora nei (174). 2. race. mohiotia ai he uri makutu, no te tikanga iho a ona tupuna (174). relative; blood connection. Ko wai tona uri i haere ai ia ki reira?

**Uru,** (ŭrŭ) n. 1. west. Kei te anga te kuwaha ki te uru (110). 2. head; upper end. E kore e taka te uru o a taua rakau (92). 3. part of an apparatus for catching birds. Te uru o te taanga. 4. single hair. NGa uru o te upoko. 5. grove of trees. Kei te uru manuka e tu mai ra.

Uru, (ŭrŭ) v. i. join oneself; be associated. Kia uru mai koe ki roto ki a matou, kia ora ai koe. 2. participate in an action; become accessory. 3. reach a place; arrive. E kore matou e uru ki WHarekahika.

uru, v. t. repair a mat, by weaving in a new piece. Urua tou kakahu.

uruuru, a. angry.

whakauru, v. i. ally oneself. whakauru etahi o NGatihine ki roto ki te Uri-o-NGonga.

whakauru. n. ally.

Urušhu, (uru) n. tabooed place where certain ceremonies were performed.

Uruhanga, (ŭrŭ) n. sudden blast

commencing a southerly wind. Kei mua o te hau te uruhanga.

Uruhi.

whakauruhi.

Uruhŭa, (ŭrŭ) n. swelling.

Uruhumu, (uru) n. swelling of the foot. See uruumu.

Urukěhŭ, (ŭrŭ) a. light-haired. Urukowhao, (ŭrŭ) n. 1. leakage in a canoe through the holes rauawa. 2. any trifling damage. He urukowhao, e ki ana ko Hekerau.

wind.

Urungă, (ŭrŭ) n. 1. pillow. rudder; steer oar. 3. derivative from uru. See uru.

Urungi, (ŭrŭ) n. rudder; steering paddle.

urungi, v. t. steer.

Urupā, (ŭrŭ) v. i. 1. catch in the water. Ka urupa tana hoe. 2. draw to an end. Ka urupa te mahi; the working season is over.

urupa, n. 1. chance blow. 2. fence round a grave; burying place. Urupu, (ŭrŭ) v. i. be brought to the point of doing anything. I te mea ka urupu nei tatou ki te titiro i te he, e kore e ahei kia hoki atu tatou ki tena mahi.

Urupuia, (uru) n. clump of trees. Ururŏa, (ŭrŭ) n. 1. a shell-fish. 2. a kind of shark. Kia mătenga ururoa te tangata; a man should die game.

Ururŭa, (ŭrŭ) a. 1. overgrown with bushes. Ka ururuatia te 2. revelling; luxuriating. Te kaki ururua; au mahi (94).

**Urutā**, (ŭrŭ) a. epidemic. He mate uruta.

Urutăpă, (ără) a. untouched; in

a state of nature. He ngaherehere urutapu.

Urutiră, (ŭrŭ) n. dorsal fin of a fish.

Urutoko, (uru) n. poles erected on a tuashu, or sacred place. Ka whakaturia nga urutoko (112).

Uruŭmŭ, (ŭrŭ) a. swollen. uruumutia toku waewae; i tutuki ki te kowhatu.

made for the lashings of the Uruuruwhenua, (uru) n. anything thrown on a 'wahi tapu' for good luck. Comp. whakau, 5. under u.

Urumaraki, n. sudden blast of Uta, (u) n. 1. the land, as opposed to the water. Na, ka hoe nei ratou, a ka tae ki uta (118). 2. inland parts, as opposed to the coast.

Ută, (ŭ) v. t. 1. put on board a canoe &c. Ka utaina nga utanga o ia waka, o ia waka (70). 2. load. Katahi ka utaina te waka o Hineiteiwaiwa (36).

utanga, n. burden; freight.

Uto, (ŭ) n. 1. revenge. Ka kainga te kanohi o te tupapaku hei uto mo tona teina. 2. object of one's revenge; sworn Ka mate i a ia tona enemy. See ito. uto.

Utonga, (u) a. uncooked; unripe. He utonga te kai nei; kaore e reka.

I. Utu, (ŭtŭ) n. 1. return; price paid; reward; ransom. Ko te utu tenei mo taku mahi. satisfaction for injuries received. No konei i mamingatia ai e Manaia taua iwi nei, kia kahakore ai ratou ki te rapu utu ma ratou (118). 3. reply.

utu, v. t. 1. pay for; compensate. Utua taku mahi. 2. answer. Kaua e utuutua nga ki a te iwi nei.

whakautu, n. a term of endearment, used in speaking of a child.

Digitized by Google

whakautuutu, n. a kind of charm | Uwhă, (ŭ) a. female of brutes. (154).

II. Utu, (ŭtŭ) v. t. 1. dip up water. Utuhia mai he wai ki te karaha. 2. fill with water. Katahi ka utu te tangata ra i tana tahā (91).

III. Utu, v. i. be stanched. Pono atu ahau ka utu te toto.

Uwhango, a. misty.

Uwhĭ, (ŭ) n. a variety of potato. Uwhĭ, (ŭ) v. t. 1. cover. Tikina he tarutaru hei uwhiuwhi mo nga kete. 2. sprinkle. Uwhiuwhia nga kakahu ki te wai.

Uwhikaho, n. yam.

## W.

I. Wa, n. 1. definite space; in- | wae, n. leg; foot. Kua tokari terval; area; region. 2. indefinite space; unenclosed country. WHare tu ki te wa, he kai na te ahi. 3. time; season. He wa mahi tenei; e kore matou e haere atu.

wa, v. i. be far advanced. wa te po.

wăwā, v. i. 1. be scattered; be separated. Te tahuritanga o te pa, ka wawa noa atu nga tangata. 2. be planted. Ka wawa nga purapura ki ro oneone.

wāwā, n. fence. Me piki au i runga i nga wawa o te pa nei (177).

whakawa, v. t. 1. accuse; bring a formal charge against. 2. condemn. 3. investigate; adjudicate on. Hence, kai-whakawa; judge.

whakawāwā, v. t. recriminate. Kati te whakawawa i a kouv. i. wrangle. Otira, i matua whakawawa ano nga uri o Tangaroa (5).

II. Wa.

wawa, v. i. make a loud rumbling or roaring noise. WHakarongo ki te wawa o te tai.

Wăe.

wawae, v. t. divide; part; sepurate. Me wawae te rahurahu hei ara.--Na te hara ahau i wawae mai.

taku wae.

waewae, n. 1. leg; foot. 2. footmark. Ka hahauria e tetahi, a ka kitea ki nga waewae e takoto ana, ahu tonu ki roto (202).3. shrouds of a canoe mast.

WHakakite waewae, or tūtū waewae; dance the war dance, from the performance of which it was usual to augur well or ill of the expedition. Katahi ka whakakite te taua ra i tona waewae (41).-Kia kitea te waewae tangata; i.e. as soon as it begins to get light.

waenga, n. 1. circumstance, time or place of dividing; division; dividing line. 2. portion marked off by a dividing line. the middle; the midst; without any article, and with the following noun in the position of an adjective. Kei te rapu a Taka i tana poaka i waenga parae. If no other noun is expressed, mara is generally understood. Tera te koroheke ra kua tae ki waenga e karakia ana (201).

Wăeă, v. i. be weary. Ka waea oku waewae i te haerenga.

Wăehăuā, a. lame.

Wăekāhŭ, n. a plant. Wenga, see under wae. Waenganui, n. ) the midst.

Waengarahi, n.

Wăerău, n. crab; crayfish.

Wăere, v.t. clear by cutting down wood &c.

waerenga, n. clearing for cultivation.

Wăerŏ, n. 1. tail of an animal. 2. hair of a dog's tail. Puhipuhi rawa te paua ki te waero (21). Kahu-waero; mat covered with hair of dogs' tails.

Wăerŏa, n. musquito.

Wăerŭrŭ, n. a variety of potato. Wăewăe, see under wae.

Wăewăekākā, n. gleichenia hecistophylla, a plant.

Wähä, n. 1. mouth. Kihai te matau i mau ki te waha o te ika (117). 2. voice. Ka hamama mai te waha, "Etia"; he waha tangata (116). 3. sheet of a sail. 4. middle portion of a seine. 5. region. Kua tae mai a Te Waru, o Mangaaruhe, o te waha ki uta o te Wairoa. wahawaha, n. a shell-fish.

Wăhă, v. t. carry on the back. Wahaa ana e ia a Tawhaki ki to raua whare (45).

whakawaha, v. t. 1. take up on the back. WHakawaha e koro ma; ka haere tatou. 2. start; set in motion. I whakawahaa he ope.

Wăhăikă, n. a wooden weapon of war.

Wăhăkăwă, a. having a distaste for ordinary food. Na Hotunui au i ngare mai ki tetehi ika mana; he wahakawa nona (141).

Wāhăngă, n. derivative from wahi; see wahi.

Wăhăngă, n. from waha. See waha.

Wähängu, a. dumb; quiet.

Wăhăpū, n. mouth of a bay or river.

Wăhărŏa, n. entrance to a fortified pa.

Wāhi, or wāwāhi, v. t. 1. split; divide. Wahia ana; ka pakaru; ko Matatua tetehi para, ko Aotea tetehi (109). 2. break open; lay open; disclose. Wawahia nga korero: kati me he purupuru i nga korero.

wahi, n. 1. part; portion. Te tohu o Manaia i kitea ai, ko tetahi wahi o te ringa, he mea whakairo (93). 2. place; locality. Waiho tonu iho hei ingoa mo tena wahi a Katikati o Tamatekapua (78).

Wăhi.

whakawahi, v. t. anoint. Kua oti nga turi te whakawahi ki te hinu. Comp. towahiwahi.

Wăhie, n. firewood. Ka ki ake a Tawhaki, 'Tikina he wahie moku' (78).

Wānina, n. virgin.

Wăhine, n. 1. woman. E noho a tinana tonu ana te wahine, te tamariki, te tana (152). 2. wife. Ka mata te umu a Kuiwai, wahine a Manaia (82). Plural wāhine.

whakawahine, n. strip of wood supporting the karaho of a canoe; kauhua.

Wăhổ, n. 1. the outside. Ka takitakina te taniwha kia pamaro ai te haerenga mai ki waho o tona rua (151). 2. the open sea, away from land. Ka mea atu nga tuakana, 'Tukua atu te punga i konei'. Ka mea atu ia, 'Kauaka; engari me hoe rawa ki waho noa atu' (20).

I. Wăi, pron. interrogative. who? Ko wai tenei e haere mai nei? Often used when the speaker either cannot or cares not to give the names. Muri iho ko wai, ko wai, a muri iho ko WHakatau-potiki (39).-Ka oti o ratou waka, ka huaina nga ingoa, ko WHiritoa, \*\* \* ko wai waka atu hoki, ko wai waka atu hoki (40).

II. Wăi, n. 1. water or any liquid. E kui, kawea atu tetahi wai mo te manuhiri (168). 2. vessel to hold water; calabash. 3. bag of a fishing net. E wha nga wai o te kupenga.

III. Wăi.

whakawai, v. t. entice; beguile. Aua e whakarongo ki tana mahi whakawai.

Wăiă, v. i. 1. be accustomed. Tau mahi, e te haki ka waia ki te kai taniwha! (155). be strained; be filled with tears. Ka waia nga kanohi i te tirohanga.

Wăiārăngĭ, a. red.

Wăiări, n. small kumara.

Wăiăriki, n. hot spring.

Wăiătă, n. song. Ka whakakitea nga mahi a Raukatauri i reira; te waiata, te putorino, te koauau (37).

waiata, v. t. or v. i. sing.

whakawaiata, n. a fish.

Wăiăuă, n. porpoise.

Wăiĕhŭ, n. a fish.

Wăihăkihăki, n. itch, or other cutaneous disease.

Wăihăngă, v. t. make. See whaihanga.

Wăihăpě, v. i. tack ship; go about.

Wăihīnău, n. a kind of mat. Wăiho, v. i. 1. be left. Piki atu he maunga, waiho iho ona tapui i reira, he patupaiarehe (80). 2. let be. Me he mea he kotiro, waiho te ingoa i a Paretuahu (136).

Wăihoki, ad. likewise; in like manner.

Mairatea, muri iho ko wai, ko | Wăikări, n. ditch. See waikeri. Wăikăuĕrĕ, v. i. be without energy; be subdued. Na te karakia matou i waikauere ai ki te riri.

Wăikĕo, n. a fish.

Wăikĕrĭ, n. ditch.

Wăikŏrŏhŭhū, v. i. be subdued; be listless.

Wăikŭră, n. *rust.* 

Wăimārie, a. 1. quiet; meek. 2. lucky. Ko Pi anake o runga o to matou waka i waimarietia e te ika.

Wăiměhă, a. insipid; distasteful. Rapu noa i nga kao nei, te whai para; he waimeha anake. -Korero atu i aua korero, korero atu; a, waimehatia ana.

Wāina, n. vine; wine.

Wăinămŭ, a. having a dislike to certain kinds of food.

Wăingĕngĕ, n. a kind of shark. Wăingöhĭa, a. easy. Koia ano te waingohia o tenei pukapuka ki a au.

Wăiŏră, n. spaces between the tattooed lines.

Waipu, n. sound of the firing of guns.

**Wăipŭkĕ,** n. *flood*. Na te waipuke i kore ai e tae to matou ope.

Wăirākău, n. manure.

Wäirängĭ, a. 1. beside oneself. Kua whakawairangi noa ake te ngakau ki te kai o ia wahine (167). 2. foolish. Nona ano tona wairangi ki te tahae, me tona whiu.

Wăirănu, n. gravy.

Wăirărăuă, n. gravy; juice.

Wäiräu, n. gleanings of potato or kumara.

Wăirěkă, a. agreeable; in favour. Kai wairekatia ki reira, e kore e hoki.

Wăirŏri, v. i. turn round.

Wăirŭa, n. 1. spirit. 2. unsubstantial image; shadow.

whakawairua, v. i. 1. be repre-

sented by an unsubstantial image. E whakawairua mai ra te waka i roto i te wai. 2. appear dim and shadowy. Kei whea te waka nei?—E, e whakawairua kau ana.

Wăităhĭngă, n. ditch.

Wăitău, v. i. 1. moulder; perish. WHahikitia te rua, kei waitau ake nga kai. 2. be worn out; be faint. Kua waitau te ngakau i te tirohanga.

Wăitŏhĭ, n. a charm repeated before engaging in battle.

Wăitŏhŭ, n. mark.

waitohu, v. t. mark an animal. Waitohungia a tatou poaka.

Wăituhi. I reira ka kawea kia whakawaituhitia te wahine ra (79).

Waiu, n. milk. Waiu-o-Kahukura; euphorbia glauca, a plant.

Wăiuătua, n. rhabdothumnus Solundri; a plant.

Wăkă, n. 1. canoe. Ka oti nga waka ra te waihanga, ka toia ki waho manu ai (70). 2. anything shaped like a canoe. 3. medium of an atua. WHakaeke kau ana a Hakawau ki te pa o te waka o aua atua, kakitea mai e haere atu ana te waka o enei atua (177).

wakawaka, n. parallel ridges. E rua nga wakawaka o te mara nei ka oti.

Wākāwā, a. having a distaste for food. See wahakawa.

Wănă, v. i. bud; shoot.

wana, n. 1. young shoot. 2. stake or paling of a fence. 3. division of a heap of food as placed at the time of a hakari. Kotahi wana i a matou.

wanawana, n. 1. spines; bristles. Tu-te-wanawana, bristle up; become exasperated. Ta koutou, he mea kia tu te wanawana o te iwi nei. 2. fear;

thrill. Ka rere mai te wanawana i te aranga matua ki te riri.

whakawanawana, v. i. throw out bristles; throw out rays. Ka whakawanawana te ra.

Wăni, v. t. 1. scrape. Kei te waniwani riwai nga wahine. 2. skim along; touch lightly; graze. Wani mai ana i runga i nga maunga.—Kia wani te waka ki tera taha. 3. brush or comb the hair. Kei te wani a Rehe i tona mahunga.

wani, n. sticks for obtaining fire by friction. See kauahi.

Wao, n. forest. Naku koe i tiki ki te wao nui a Tane.

wăwăo, v. t. 1. part combatants. Waona nga tamariki nei; aua e tukua kia whawhai. 2. distract one's attention. I wareware au ki tena; na te maha o nga korero i wawao.

Wăokŏ, n. bush-man.

Wăokŭ, n. dense forest. E noho ana ki te waoku, he pukepuke ki tetahi taha, he pukepuke ki tetahi taha.

Wără.

wawara, v. i. make an indistinct sound; murmur; rustle. E Rehua, kaore ranei koe i rongo wawara o raro nei na? (33).

Wărăhŏe, a. false. He hunga warahoe koutou.

I. Wărĕ, a. 1. mean in social position. Ko taua moenga, he moenga rangatira iho ano; e kore nga ware e moe i reira. 2. ignorant.

wareware, a. 1. forgetful. I wareware pea koe ki ta taua korero. 2. forgotten. Ka wareware i a au te ingoa o tenei wahi.

whakaware, v. t. 1. distract one's attention; hinder. I wha-

roa ai. 2. beguile.

II. Ware, n. viscous fluid; spittle; exudation from trees.

Wărea, v. pass. be occupied; be absorbed. Tino omanga o te iwi ra ki roto ki te pa, ki nga patu; warea ki reira, e haere marie ana a Te Ponga ma (171). -No te wareatanga e te moe o te tangata, ka haere te wahine nei ka oma (144).

Wărĕhŏu, n. a fish.

Wări, n. potato that has become watery through age or frost.

wariwari, n. guard-fish, takeke. Wăro, n. burning coals; char-

coal.

**Wărŏ,** n. *deep hole* or *pit*. Kore kau noa ake kia kitea tetahi waro, kia pera me te waro o Pekehaua (158).

Wărŏ.

wawaro, v. i. sound indistinctly. He reo tangata tena e wawaro mai na.

**Wărŭ**, a. *eight*. E waru pu is sometimes used ironically for not at all; by no means. Kia. mahue te whanake o Paoa? E waru pu te mahue ki raro (193).

Wărŭ, v. t. scrape; shave; cut the hair. Ka mahara a Manaia kia tuturia he tangata, hei ohn waru mo ana tao (117). Wătă.

wawata, v. t. desire earnestly; long for. E wawata puku ana tetehi, me tetehi, ki a raua ake (131).

watawata, a. full of holes; perforated.

Wātěa, a. 1. unoccupied; clear. He whare watea tena. 2. cau-Kia watea te tango i to NGapuhi.

Wău.

wāwău, v. i. 1. quarrel; wrangle. 2. make a noise.

kawarea ahau e te manuhiri i wawau, n. 1. noise. 2. coward.

Wăwe, ad. 1. soon. E kore tatou e tae wawe atu. 2. first. E tatari tonu mai ai a Kiki, ko Tamure te kai wawe i taua hangi tapu, kia hohoro ai a Tamure te mate (173).

Wē.

**wēwē,** v. i. *yelp* as a dog.

Wěhě, wehewehe, v. t. divide; detach. Ko Rangi raua ko Papa e pipiri tonu ana, kaore ano i wehea noatia (1).

wehe, v. i. be enraptured; be transported with delight. wehe te Hauhau i te rekareka.

wehe, a. deficient in food. tau wehe; a year of scarcity.

Wěhěrŭa, a. 1. divided; leading by different routes. He ara weherua. 2. in doubt; anxious. Ka weherua au ki te kupu a Karauria.

**Wěhĭ,** v. i. *be afraid.* Heoi, ka whati te ope ra i te wehi ano ki nga tuaitara e tutu haere ana mai (150).

wehi, a. terrible. Heoi te mea i ahua wehi mai [ko nga kanohi] (159).

wehiwehi, n. spines as in the dorsal fin of a fish.

whakawehi, v. t. terrify.

Wěkă, n. ocydromus australis; wood-hen; a bird.

**Wēkĭkĭ**, v. i. *quarrel*. Na wai nga tamariki e wekiki mai ra?

Wěkě, v. i. be extinguished. Kua weko te ahi.

Wěkŭ, v. t. catch hold of; hook; tear. Ka wekua tona pake e te rakau, ka motu nga hukahuka, a tupu tonu ake hei rakau nui (80).

wěků, n. bush; wood.

Wěně, n. 1. shoot of a convolvulus or gourd. 2. food.

wene, a. many; very numerous (of small things). He wene,

he wene, he wene noa atu. - | Weta, n. an insect. tenei kainga.

wenewene, n. 1. gourd. 2. an Wetara, n. seed potatoes which insect.

whakawene, v. t. make into a noose.

Wenerei, n. Wednesday.

Wĕpŭ, n. whip.

Wěră, a. 1. burnt. Ka wera i kona a te Arawa i te ahi (81). 2. heated; hot. Kua wera te wai.

wera, n. heat. Kua rite tahi tona auetanga ki to Maui auetanga i te wera o te ahi (24).

werawera, a. warm.

Were, werewere, v. i. hang; be suspended. E werewere mai ra te kete i runga i te rakau.

whakawerewere, v. t. suspend.

Wěri, n. 1. root: rootlet. 2. centipede.

weri, v. i. take root in one's ears; be heard. Korerotia ra kia awe te weri.-Kia weria ki roto ki nga taringa.

weriweri, a. 1. disgusting; offensive. He kai weriweri. disgusted; provoked.

Werd, v. t. 1. pierce; spear. Tutaki ana i taua wahine nei e wero manu ana mana (95). 2. throw a spear; dart. Na ka tatu, ka werohia ki a Rupe (33).

wěwěrě, v. t. strike with a spear. E wewero patiki ana.

Wěrčků, v. i. be extinguished. Kua weroku te ahi.

Wěrŏ-tărĭngă, n. a kind of rough mat.

Wěrů, wěwěrů, or weruweru, n. garment. Kua riro nga weruweru i a Tohitapu.—Kua tirohia iho ki nga weweru, he mea tapeka, ka mohio tonu iho no tawhiti tenei tira (147).

Ka mutu nga wene korero o Wetangotango, a. very dark. Pouri wetangotango te ngakau.

throw up a very weak shoot.

Wětě.

wěwětě, v. t. untie; unrevel. Wetekia te tau o tou kakahu.

wetiweti, a. loathsome; disgusting.

whakaweti, v. t. threaten. He kupu whakaweti.

Wēti, v. t. weigh.

Wětě, v. i. be extinguished. Kua weto tana ahi (24).

Wětěkí, v. i. swim in shoals, He aha te ika e wetoki mai nei?

Wěu, n. single hair; fibre; root-

Wĭĸĭ, n. 1. week. 2. wick.

Wĭnĭwĭnĭ, v. i. shudder. wini ana te kiri i te mataku.

Wiri, v. i. tremble. He makariri noku i wiri ai ahau.

whakawiri, v. i. tremble; feel anxious. Tenei te ngakan te whakawiri noa atu nei ki a koe e pokia mai na e te rehu o te pu.

Wĭrĭ, v. t. bore.

wiri, n. gimlet; auger.

whakawiri, v. t. twist; wring. Katahi te tama ka whakatika; whakawiria iho te tau o te patu ki te ringa (29).

whakawiri, a. twisted. He rakau whakawiri.

Wītā, n. one of the fences forming the fortification of a pa outside the 'katua' or main fence. To waho, he pekerangi; to roto mai he wita.

Wĭtĭ, n. wheat.

Wiwi, n. rushes; juncus of various species.

# WH.

I. WHa, a. four.

II. WHā, v. i. be disclosed; get abroad. Ka wha i konei te tahae a Ruatapu.

#### III. WHā.

whāwhā, v. t. feel with the hand; handle; lay hold of. WHawharia mai ana e Uenukn, horomia oratia ana taua tamaiti (107).

WHXe, n. a term of address to an elderly woman contracted from whaea. E whae, tikina nga ika (118).

WHăeă, n. mother.

WHăereere, n. dam; mother of animals.

WHăi, n. 1. sting-ray; a fish.
 a game; cat's cradles.

II. WHăi, a. 1. settled; constantly resident. He tangata whai ahau. 2. possessing. He tangata whai mana.

III. WHai, v. t. 1. follow; pur-Ka kite koutou i te waka e whai mai ana i muri i a matou (173). 2. look for; go in search of. I haere atu ki te whai wahie. 3. aim at; design. E whai ana a Paka kia riro te whenua i a ia. 4. court: He whai ta Taka i a Te Kahu hei wahine mana. proceed to the next in order. E karakia ana te koroheke ra; kua oti tetahi karakia, e whai ana ki tetahi (201). 6. whai i te kawa; perform the ceremonies for removing the 'tapu' from a house.

whăwhăi, v. i. fight. Ka tohe tonu te taua ki te whawhai ki nga tangata o roto o taua pa (182).

whāwhǎi, v. i. 1. be in huste;

be hurried. He whawhai nona kia rokohanga ai nga tangata ki te kainga. 2. v. t. chide.

whăiwhăi, v. t. chase; hunt. Kua riro a Te Puni ki te whaiwhai poaka.—WHaiwhai-korero, see under whaikorero.

whāingă, n. 1. circumstance &c. of pursuing &c. 2 enmity; hostility. Kei hea te tangata hei ki mo te whainga? 3. ceremony of removing 'tapu'. I mea ia kia patua he tangata hei whainga mo tona whare.

WHăiăipŏ, v. i. be in love with a person.

whaiaipo, n. sweet-heart. Ka moe a Tutanekai i tana whaiaipo, i a Hinemoa (134).

WHăiăpu, a. maro whaiapu; a kind of apron or petticoat.

WHăiăwă, n. bed of a river.

WHăihăngă, v.t. 1. make; build.
Ka oti ra nga waka ra te whaihanga, ka toia ki waho manu ai (70). 2. do; busy oneself with. Ta te ope whaihanga, he ngahau; kaore e mohio, ka mate ratou (92).

WHăiki, v. i. make a formal speech. Koia nei a maua whaiki i reira.

WHăikōrĕrŏ, v. i. make an oration; speak in a formal way.
WHakatika ki te whaikorero.
—Ka tae ki te marae o te rangatira o taua pa, ka noho ka whaiwhaikorero (166).

WHaioio, n. anthus Novæ Ze-landiæ, a bird.

whaioio, a. very numerous. He tini whaioio.

WHAIrö, or whairoiro, v. i. be dimly seen; be imperfectly understood. WHākā, v. t. make an immediate comes to the assistance of another in time of war.

WHākā, v. t. make an immediate return for anything. Hei whaka nga parareka nei mo nga kai

WHaiti, a. narrow; compact.

whakawhaiti, v. t. put into smull space. Me whakawhaiti nga rakau.

WHăitĭrĭ, n. thunder.

WHăitŏhŭ, v. t. distinguish with a mark.

WHăitokă, n. doorway; front part of a house.

WHăitua, n. side; region. Kei tera whaitua o te manga.—I te hoki putuputu tonu o te tira o tetahi whaitua, o tetahi whaitua (160).

WHăiwhăiā, v. i. bewitch; injure by charms. Kua whaiwhaiatia toku matua e Maru.

WHăiwhăiroroa, v. i. persevere; be urgent. E whaiwhairoroa nei koutou ki te pana i te iwi nei.

WHaka, prep. towards; in the direction of. Horahia te titiro whaka waho. In composition, 1. with an adjective or an intransitive verb, forming an intransitive verb, it denotes an approach to, or commencement of the condition indicated. Kua whakatata a Te Ponga ma ki te tauranga i Manuka (171). with a noun forming an intransitive verb, it signifies an assumption of the character which the noun expresses. Engari kia mate whakatane. 3. when it forms a transitive verb, it is always causative. whakakukupa (33); make into a pigeon. whakaririki (118); make small. whakahoki (109); cause to re-Other varieties and modifications of meaning will be found under the word to which 'whaka' is prefixed in each 'WHaka' is sometimes contracted to 'wha'.

WHākā, v. t. make an immediate return for anything. Hei whaka nga parareka nei mo nga kai a NGaitahupo. reply to. Kahore ano kia whakatia mai taku korero.—He patu whaka; a return blow.

WHākĭ, v. t. confess; reveal. WHakina mai to tahae.

#### WHăkĭ.

whawhaki, whakiwhaki, v. t. pluck off; tear off; gather fruit &c. Whakiia mai he pititi mataus.

WHākŏekŏe, v. t. lickle.

WHākoma, v. t. eat.

WHākŏrĕkŏrĕ, (for whakakorekore) v. t. deny. WHakorekore tonu mai ia ki taua korero. See kore.

WHākuru, v. t. pelt.

WHănă, v. i. 1. recoil; spring back; as a bow. 2. kick. Kei mate koe i te whana a te hoiho. 3. rebel. E whai tonu ana mai hoki tenei mea, te kino, i a tatou. E kore e taea te whakamanawanui; e whana ana te ngakau (82).

whana, n. spring made of a bent stick, in a trap for rats or birds. whana, a. bent; bowed. He rakau whana.

WHănă, n. company; party; people. Ka ara tetahi whana. Compare hunga.

WHănăke, v. i. move onwards, or upwards. See ake. Kua whanake te tai; the tide has flowed. E whanake ana te rakau nei; this tree is growing. whanake, n. 1. steam. Ka huhu ake te whanake. 2. cordyline australis; a tree. 3. a rough garment made from the leaves of the above plant. Ko te whanake o Paoa, e kore e mahue ki raro (191).

WHanako, v. t. steal. Ka mau tana whanako (95).

WHānāriki, n. brimstone. Compare ngawhariki.

WHănătu, v. i. 1. go; ge away.
2. grow; become. He kai ka
whanatu ka momohangatia.

WHănău, v. i. 1. go. 2. grow; become. 3. bend down. Ka whanau iho te rakau.

whănăungă, n. relative; blood relation. He whanaunga pu a Kawiti ki a Te Koki.

WHānău, v. i. 1. be born. I muri tonu mai tenei o tona whanautanga (19). 2. be in childbed. Ka rite nga ra e whanau ai te wahine (127).

whanau, n 1. offspring. Te whanau a Tane (55). 2. a familiar term of address to a number of people. Engari, e te whanau, kei aroha tatou ki tona auetanga (19).

whakawhanau, v. i. come to the birth. Ehara koa pea i te whakawhanau tau e mamae na koe (128).

WHănĕwhănĕ, n. liver.

WHănŏ, v. i. 1. verge towards; be on the point of. Ka whano ka o te upoko ki roto ki te kaha.—Ka whano mate taua maia (80). 2. proceed to do; go on. Mahara tonu ratou ki nga whanonga a to ratou tupuna wahine (165).

WHănökē, a. acting strangely; extraordinary; outrageous. Hua noa he ope patu tangata; kaore, he whanoke (158).

WHănowhănoa, n. vexation; feeling of annoyance. Ka mate au i te whanowhanoa.

WHānŭi, a. broad; wide.

WHānŭi, n. the star Vega or α Lyræ.

I. WHăngă, v. i. wait; lie in

wait. Ka whanga to wahine nei ki era tungane ona (45).

whăngăwhăngă, v.i. be troublesome. He aha tau e whangawhanga nei?

II. WHăngă, n. 1. boy. 2. any place on one side. WHakarerea atu te rakau nei ki te whanga.

whangawhanga, n. chrysalis of whē.

III. WHăngă, v. t. 1. measure with the extended arms. WHangaa to rakau nei. 2. repeat after another.

WHāngǎi, v. t. 1. feed; nourish; bring up. Ka puta atu a Rongorongo ki waho, ki te whangai i a Taneroroa (108). 2. offer to be eaten. I whangaia atu nga kuku hei kai ma tana manuhiri.—WHangai i te hau; make an offering to an atua. Ka whangaia te hau mo ana mahi (17). See hau.

whangai, v. i. increase in size: swell.

whăngăwhāngăi, n. a charm (154).

WHangăi-hău, n. 1. a song over the dead. 2. a ceremony performed over those who slay an enemy in battle. See hau.

WHāngǎi-kǎrŏrŏ, n. a shell-fish. WHāngǎngǎ, v. t. measure with the extended arms, or with the fingers.

WHango, a. hoarse; inarticulate; having a nasal sound. He reo whango.

WHangongo, n. food for a sick person.

I. WHão, n. iron tool; chisel;

whäowhäo, v. t. carve wood &c. II. WHão.

whawhao, v. t. 1. put into a bag or other receptacle. Kua whaongia te parera ki roto ki te

Digitized by Google

kete. 2. fill. Ka whaona te wharewhare, n. a fish. tini ki roto (61).

WHAO, v. t. grasp greedily.

WHāpuku, n. a fish resembling cod.

I. WHără, n. 1. mat used as a carpet. 2. sail of a war canoe. Mo te waka taua anake te ra whara: i mangungutia. · plant.

wharawhara, n. a plant; astelia Banksii.

II. WHara, v. i. be hit accidentally. I whara toku waewae i te kamaka. WHara-kai, taste food. Kahore ano te turoro i whara-kai.

WHārāhǐ, a. broad; wide.

WHārāki, n. fester: sore,

WHărănŭi, n. a variety of phormium tenax, usually scraped with a shell, called also taroa.

WHārangi, n. leaf of a book; page.

WHărăngi, n. melicope ternata; a tree.

WHărăngi-piro, n. olearia Cunninghamii, a shrub.

WHărără, v. i. Me 1. lean. wharara ki te pakitara o te WHăritua, v. i. be hidden by where. 2. stoop. Ka wherera tona haere.

WHărăriki, n. 1. phormium Colensoi; an inferior kind of New Zealand flax. 2. mut used as a carpet.

WHărău, n. shed or booth, made of branches of trees.

WHărăurărăhi, a. large; extensive. Kia wharaurarahi nga kotinga.

WHare, n. 1. house; hut; shed. Haere atu koe i roto i tenei whare (10). 2. the people in tiro taua ki te tangata nei (61). wharua, n. valley. clouds betokening wind.

whare e nga tangata, ka mano WHaremoa, a. kollow. He wharemoa te rakau, ka mahue.

> WHărĕngārără, n. 1. a parasitical plant. 2. pimelea prostrata, a plant.

WHărĕpū, n. a kind of shark.

WHărepuni, n. hut to sleep in. WHarerangi, n. store-house built upon posts.

WHäretängätä, n. connection by marriage. Kawea te kakahu mo tou wharetangata.

WHărĕŭmŭ, n. cooking shed.

WHāriki, v. t. 1. spread out as a carpet; lay on the ground. 2. cover with a carpet &c. Ka wharikitia te roro o te whare ki te takapau, hei nohoanga mo te manuhiri (192).

whāriki, n. anything used as a carpet. Kia moata ki te whariki mo te kainga nei, mo te whare hoki (192).

whariki, a. flat; spread out. He kino te rauawa o te waka nei. he whariki rawa hoki.

WHarite, v. t. for whakarite. See rite. WHaritea te roa o te rakau nei.

any object; be out of sight. Ka wharitua ia ahau.

WHărŏ, whăwhărŏ, wharowharo, v. t. scrape. E wharowharo ana ia i te riwai. clear the throat; cough; expectorate.

WHārŏnă, v. i. lie in a heap. Hei kona wharona ai nga wahie.

wharona, n. heap.

WHaroro, v. i. stretch out the legs. Aua e wharoro ou waewae.

a house. E te whare nei! ti- WHarua, a. concave; depressed.

3. He whare hau; a bank of whawharua, n. mother; female uncestor. Haere mai koe kia

Digitized by GOOGLE

wharua (11).

WHārŭarŭa, a. cancave; depress-See wharua. Ka wharuarua iho nga awaawa.

WHătă, n. elevated stage for storing food.

whata, v. t. elevate; support. whataa ake ana e te ngako o taua ngarara nei (152). v. i. hang. E whata mai ra te aho i runga i te rakau.

WHătăamo, n. litter (108).

WHātăi, v. i. stretch out the neck. He aha tau e whatai na, ta?

WHatau, v. t. measure. Ka whataua atu te ngohi, me te pakihiwi te roa.

WHātěrŏ, v. i. put out the tongue. WHatero tou arero.

WHăti, v. i. 1. be bent at an angle; be broken short off. Ka whati te kakau o te toki nei. 2. turn and go away. Ka whati te tangata whenua ki waho (194).—flee. I aua tangata nei ano ka hinga, whati kau ana; katahi ka patua. 3. be broken off; be interrupted; as a charm.

whawhati, v. t. 1. bend at an angle; fold. 2. break off anything stiff. WHatiia mai nga topito. 3. cause to flee.

whäwhäti, v. i. be chapt. Ka mate au i te whawhati o aku ringaringa.

WHawhati-tata; happen suddenly. whatiwhati, v. t. break off a number of things; break into fragments. E haere ana maua ko Keno ki te whatiwhati rara.

whatianga, n. 1. angle; place at which anything is bent, doubled, or broken off. 2. in particular, bend of the arm; elbow. Kei te whatianga te roa. portion doubled over or broken off.

moemoe tahi i roto i tou wha- WHātika, v. i. for whakatika. get up; stand up. See under tika. I te ata ka whatika te wahine ki te wero manu (95). WHātimotimo, v. t. gather up

a line.

WHatinotino, v. i. stretch out the neck.

WHătĭtĭrĭ, n. thunder (93).

WHătĭtŏkă, n. doorway. Ka mau te ringa ki te papa o te whatitoka, ka toia; tuwhera kau ano te whatitoka (193).

WHātŏrŏ, v. i. stretch out the hand.

WHătu, n. 1. hail; hail-stones. 2. pupil of the eye; eye. tiro ou whatu.

WHătu, v. t. weave. Ka kite ia i te wahine ra e whatu ana i te kakahu (187).

WHātŭi, v. t. lace or lie together. E whatui ana a Te Aka i te kupenga.

WHătŭkŭhŭ, n. *kidney*.

WHătŭmănăwă, n. *kidney*.

WHătupăngo, n. pupil of the

WHătŭrămă, n. rupture.

**WHātŭtŭrĭ**, v. i. for whakatuturi, be unyielding. Ehara i a koe, ina hoki te whakatuturi ki au karakia (129).

WHău, n. entelea arborescens; a shrub.

whauwhau, n. schefflera digitata; a tree.

WHău.

whăwhău, v. t. tie. See hohou under hou.

WHăupā. v. t. eat voraciously. He kiko poaka ka homai, whaupatia ake.

WHaupaku, n. panax arboreum; a tree.

WHāură, a. fiery; fierce. Tu mo te mata whaura, mo nga ritenga o waho (165).

WHăurău, v. t. scold. Ka whaurautia koe e au.

WHăuwhi. n. hoheria populnea; a tree.

WHāwhākŏu, n. a tree.

WHāwhāpū, n.

Ko enei kupu, he whawhapu na Patupaiarehe (178).

WHăwhe, v.i. come or go round. E whawhe mai ana te paoa. v. t. put round. Homai taku tatua kia whawhea (97).

WHē, n. 1. caterpillar. 2. dwarf. whewhe, n. boil.

WHĕa, n. interrogative. 1. what place. See hea. 2. any place whatsoever. NGa kai o whea whenua, mana anake, te aha, te aha (145).

WHoangaanga, a. turning this way and that; undecided.

WHĕĕu, v. i. be long in time.
E kore ra e wheau, ka hina-kipouri.

WHĕiă.

whĕwhĕiä, n. enemy.

WHěinu, a. thirsty. Tikina he wai mo toku wheinu.

WHŏingă, n. quarrel. Katahi te wheinga o te hanga tamariki nei!

WHĕirŏ, whēĭrŏĭrŏ, v. i. 1. be seen. Arohi noa au i taku mea, te wheiro i a au te aha. 2. be understood. Kaore i wheiro i a au tana korero.

WHĕkă.

whekawheka, n. garment.

WHekau, n. internal organs of the body; entrails.

WHēkě, v. i. creak. I rangona ake ki te waha e rărā iho ana, ano he whēke rakau (158).

WHěkě, n. squid.

WHekere, a. very dark.

WHěki, n. dicksonia squarrosa, a tree fern. WHeki-kohunga; dicksonia antarctica.

WHěkě, v. i. 1. become black.

Ka wheko te riwai i te ra. 2. go out; be extinguished. Meake wheko te rama.

wheko. n. gills of a fish.

WHěkori, v. i. be seen; be understood. Ka whekori i a au i konei, kei a Kahutia nga pakeha i taua takiwa.

WHěků, n. distorted figure in

native carving.

WHěkůwhěků, a. wet; splashed with water. U rawa atu ki uta, whekuwheku ana nga tangata me nga kakahu.

WHēnākö, v. t. steal. Kua whenakotia taku toki i te po nei. See whanako.

WHěnŭ, n. warp of cloth.

WHěnŭa, n. 1. land; country. Katahi ka rere mai ki te kimi whenua mona (120). Tangata whenua, people belonging to any particular place; natives. tangata ano i reira, ko nga tangata whenua ake ano o tenei motu (123).-He tangata korero whenua, a pacificator. ground. Ka ngahoro nga karaka ki raro ki te whenua. placenta; ofterbirth. I a raua e piki ana, ka taka te whenua o te tamaiti ki te moana, ka kainga e te mango (34).

whenua, ad. entirely; altogether. Tipatipa whenua; altogether false.

WHěnůků, v.i. slip or fall down, as a wall, bank &c.

WHěnůmi, v. i. be out of sight; be consumed.

WHĕngĭ.

whowhongi, v. i. be shrivelled; be whithered. Ka whewhengi nga puka i te whitinga o te ra.

Whenguwhengu, v. i. snuffle.

WHĕo, a. uncooked.

WHĕorŏ, v. i. 1. make a crashing or jarring noise. Ano me te wheorotanga whatitiri (151). 2. be jarred; tingle. Ka wheoro aku taringa.

WHera.

whewhera, v.t. spread out; open. WHerahia te pukapuka.

WHere.

whakawhere, v. t. 1. induce; prevail upon. He hoatu tonu taku i nga mea papai mau, he whakawhere i a koe, kia tahuri mai ai koe ki a au. 2. oppress; maltreat. He aha tau e whakawherewhere na i to hoiho?

WHĕrĕrĕi, v. i. be extruded. Ka whererei nga kanohi. He kotore whererei, said of a person in a fright.

WHĕrĭkö, v.i. glitter; be resplendent. WHeriko ana te hihi o te ra.

WHero, n. anus.

WHĕrŏ, a. red; reddish brown. WHero ana nga kanohi i te hau.

WHŏrū, a. 1. inactive; slow. Ko nga mea wheru, ko nga wahine, ko nga tamariki, kei muri. 2. encumbered. I whakawherutia ahau e taku tamaiti i mau ai ahau. 3. ill at ease; weary; oppressed. WHakatika rawa ake au, wheru ana au i te taimaha o oku whakaaro.

### WHĕtăi.

whakawhetai, v. i. express thanks, a word introduced from the Friendly Islands.

WHětău, a. small. He toki whetau.

WHětě, or whětětě, v. i. 1. be forced out. Ka whete te pirau o te whewhe ki waho. 2. stare wildly. Na reira ka whetete nga whatu, na te mea e noho ana te ope ra i konei.

WHětěngi, n. land exhausted by cultivation.

WHětĭkŏ, n. a shell-fish.

Ka whe- WHĕtŏ, a. small.

WHětū, n. star.

WHětŭi, n. land exhausted by cultivation.

WHĕtūkšupō, n. a star which sets in the evening in October and November.

WHöturangi, n. a star that has become visible. Ka wheturangitia Matariki.

WHěuž, n. bone.

WHĕuri, n. deep water. Kei roto te wheuri o te awa.

WHĕwhĕiä, n. enemy.

WHīnău, n. elæocarpus dentatus; a tree. See hinau.

WHIO, v. i. whistle.

WHioi, n. anthus Novæ Zelandiæ; a bird.

WHĭorău, n. a small grey duck. WHĭorĕ, n. tail of animals.

WHĭrĭ, v. t. twist; plat.

whiri, n. platted hem on the upper edge of a mat.

whiriwhiri, v. t. select; choose. WHĭrĭkŏkă, n. strength.

WHITIKOKA, n. strength

WHĭrĭnäkĭ.

whakawhirinaki, v. i. lean against anything.

WHiro, n. 1. proper name of an atua. 2. second day of the moon.

WHItău, n. prepared fibre of phormium tenax, especially that from the variety called takirikau or tihore.

WHiti, v. i. cross over; reach the opposite side. Na ka whakawhiti a Kupe i te moana o Raukawa, a ka whiti (109).—

Mana te ringa whiti; let him strike the first blow. WHitira-runga; be inverted; be contrary. I kiia ko matou ki te moana; na, ka whiti-ra-runga anake, ko ratou ka riro ki te moana. 2. shine. Kia whiti te ra, ka maroke. 3. start; be alarmed. Ka tumeke, ka mataku, ka pa te whiti ki roto

taku poho i to karanga.

whiti, n. hoop.

whakawhiti v. t. 1. convey across. exchange.

whakawhiti, n. sail for a boat or canoe.

WHITIKI, v. t. tie up; gird. WHitikiria tou kakahu.

whitiki, n. 1. belt; girdle. Ka tango ia i tona whitiki, me tona maro whero (97). 2. a kind of eel.

WHito, n. dwarf.

WHItoki, v. t. lie up. v. i. be tied up. E whitoki mai ra te poaka.

WHĭtŭ, a. seven.

WHiu, v. t. 1. whip; chastise. He aha tau ka whiu nei i to tamaiti? 2. throw; fling. Ka whiua nga hanga ki uta. put; place. WHiua ki runga ki to kete.—plant. Kei te whiu riwai a Te Wainohu. 4. drive; cause to go. WHiua taua ki waho.

ki tona ngakau.-WHiti ana whiu, v. i. assemble. E ahiahi kau iho ana ano, ehara, e whiu ana te tangata whenua (167).

whiuwhiu, n. layers of toetoe overlapping one another on the ridge of a house.

whakawhiu, v. t. oppress; afflict. whakawhiu, n. a kind of fishing net.

WHiwhi, v. i. be entangled. Aua e hoatu te aho ki te tamaiti, kei whiwhi.

whiwhi, or whiwhiwhi, n. fat covering the entrails.

whakawhiwhi, v. t. wind round; fasten. Kua mau ke nga taura te whakawhiwhi ki te rakau.

WHĭwhĭ, v. t. possess; have acquired. Ka whiwhi ia ki tona hoa here.

whakawhiwhi, v. t. give; present. Ka whakawhiwhia mai ki a ia te patu pounamu, \*\*\* me ia ano hoki, ka whakawhiwhi i tana ki te rangatira o te pa ra.

WHĭwhĭrău, n. a fish.



END OF THE FIRST PART.

# A DICTIONARY

OF THE

## NEW ZEALAND LANGUAGE.

#### THE SECOND PART.

## A.

Abandon, v. Whakarere. Abate, v. huere. See Convalescent and Subside. Abbreviate, v. Whakapoto. Abdomen, s. Kopu; manawa; takapu (E. C.); riu. Abhor, v. Kino; whakakino; matakawa (E. C.). Abide, v. Noho. Ability, s. Kaha; ngoi; ngohe; koiwi (E. C.); aria. Able, v. Ahei; kaha. Abode, s. Kainga; whare. Abolish, v. Whakakahore; pehi; whakakore. Abominable, a. Whakarihariha; weriweri (E. C.); whakarikarika. Abominate, v. Whakakino; kino; matakawa. Abortion, s. Materoto; tahe; wha-Above, prep. in number. Tera atu: nui atu. - in rank. Nui atu. — in place. Kei runga i; ki runga i; &c. Abound, v. Hua; huhua (E. C.); rahi; maha; nui; tini; ronea; rawaka (E. C.); nanea (E. C.); Accomplished, to be, v.

A, art. He.

roaka; makuru; ngahoro; ra-Mahaki; murie; iti About, prep. near to. Tata ki. - engaged in. Kei, as kei te mahi. - outside of, (as clothes). Kei waho. Abreast, adv. Upane. (Ng.)Abridge, v. Whakapoto. Puku; tapoa. Abscess, s. Absence, s. Nguro; ngaronga. Absent, to be. v. Ngaro. Absent, a. thoughtless. Muhu-Absorbed, to be, v. Mimiti. Abstain, (from food.) v. puku. Absurd, a. Wairangi; kuare; rare. Abuse, v. Whakakino; whakatupukino. Abyss, s. Torere. Accelerate, v. Whakahohoro; whakangawari. Accept, v. Tango; whakaae. Access, to have, v. Tata; tae. How shall I have access to that person? Me aha ka tata ai ahau ki a ia? or, ka tae atu ai? Accident, s. casualty. Mate. Haere tahi i. Accompany, v. I will accompany you; Ka haere ahau According to, prep. Ki. According to my idea let us go; Ki taku whakaaro me haere. Account, narration, s. Korero. Accurate, a. Tika. Accuse, v. Whakapae. Accustomed, to be, v. Taunga; waia. Ache: s. Mumae. Acid, a. Kawa. Acknowledge, v. Whaki; wha-Acquire, v. Whiwhi. Acquired, to be, v. Riro. He has acquired great wealth; He nui nga taonga ka riro i a ia. Acrid, a. Tangeo; kawa. Across. See Lie across. Action, s. Mahi. Active, a. Hohoro; kakama. See Quick. Acute, a. Koi; tiotio. See Sharp. Add, v. Apiti; huihui; tapiri (W.); taparu (E.C.). Adept, a. Matau; mohio. See Skilful. Adhere, v. Piri. Admire, v. Mihi. Tuku. Admit, v. Admonish, v. Ako; whakaako. Adorn, v. Whakapaipai. Adrift, to be, v. Manu; tere. Advance, v. Haere. See Go. Advantage, s. Pai; huhuatanga. Adverse, to be, v. Tika ke. Adversity, s. Mate. Advice, s. Korero; kupu. Adult. s. Kaumatua; koeke. Adulterate, v. Whakananu. See Mix. Adulterer, s. Tangata puremu. Adultery, s. Puremu; tokohi (W.). Adze, s. Kapu. Afar, adv. i tawhiti. Affect, v. Pu; mamae; aha.

I shall not be affected; E kore e

pa ki a au. E kore au e mamae. E

kore a au e ahatia.

Affection, s. Aroha.

Afflict, v. Whakawhiu; whakamamne; whakapouri. Affray, s. Kakaritanga; ngangaretanga; tatauranga; whawhai. Whakamataku; wha-Affright, v. kawehi. Afloat, to be, v. (of a boat or ship). Morewa; manu; tarewa; rewa. Afraid, to be, v. Mataku; wehi; whakawiri; pairi; paoho; ihiihi; maka; pawera; pahunu; hurangi; kopipi (W.). After, prep. Ua; muri iho i. Afterbirth, s. Whenua. Te heketanga o te Afternoon, s. ra; te tilahatanga o te ra. Again, adv. Ano. Against, prep. leaning against. Ki te taha. - fighting against. Tau. Age, s. What is your age? Ehia ou tau? Agony, s. Mamae. Agree, v. Rite. See Like, and Assent. Aground, to be, v. Aha! int. Ha! Ahead. adv. Imua. Alarm, in a state of, s. Mataku; wehi. Alas! int. Aue; taukiri; taukuri (E. C.). Albino, s. Korakorako; rako. Alike, to be, v. Rite tahi. Alive, a. Mataora; ora. All, a. Katoa. Altogether, adv. Petapeta. Allow, v. Tuku. Allure. See Entice. Alluvial soil, s. Kotae; onematua. Ally, s. Whakauru. Almighty, a. Kaha rawa. Almost, adv. Wahi iti. Aloft, adv. runga; ki runga. Alone, adv. Anake; anake. Along, prep. 1. Along the road; I te ara. Affirm, v. Whakaae. See Speak. Aloof, to be, v. Tu ke.

Aloud, adv. Speak aloud; Kia Annul, v. Whakakahore; whakanui te reo; kia nui te waha.

Also, adv. Hoki.

Altar, s. Aota.

Alter, v. Whakaahua ke. See Change.

Alternate, v. Whakawhitiwhiti (E. C.). Although, adv. Ahakoa.

Altitude, s. Ikeike.

Altogether, adv. Tahi.

Always, adv. Tonu; i nga wa katoa.

Ambitious, a. Whakakake.

Ambush, s. Haupapa; pehipehi; whakatakoto.

Amidst, prep. In the middle of. See Middle.

Among, prep. Kei roto i; i roto i. Amputate, v. Kokoti; poro; pouto; tapahi; haporo.

Amuse, v. Pataritari; whakatakaro; whakaware.

An, art. He.

Ancestor, s. Tupuna; heinga (Ng.); Tipuna (E. C.).

Ancestry, s. Kawai; kawei; korero tāhu.

Anchor, s. Punga.

Anchorage, s. Tunga kaipuke.

Ancient, s. Tuarangi.

And, conj. A; ma; me.

Angel, s. Anahera.

Anger, s. Riri; aritarita; nanau (E. C.); whakananau (E. C.). Expression of anger; whakatuma.

Angle, s. Ngao; koki; poti.

Angry, to be, v. Riri; aritarita; weriweri (W.); rupahu; hakiki (E.C.); tupehupehu; uruuru; haua.

Animal, s. Kuri; kararehe.

Animalculæ, s. Ngu.

Animation, s. Tara.

Ankle, s. Pona.

Annihilate, v. Whakangaro.

Annoyance, s. Whakatakariri; honohonoa(E.C.); por eareu(E.C.); aweke; nanakia; autaia (E. C.); inati; taitahae.

kore.

Anoint, v. Whakawahi; kaukau; korae; popo; porae; takawai (R.).

Another, a. Tetahi atu.

Answer, v. Whakao; whakahoki kupu.

Pokorua. Ant, s.

Antagonist, s. Hoa whawhai.

Anxious, to be, v. Awangawanga; karangi; manukanuka (E.C.); pairi (E. C.); manakanaka; matapopore; pahi(E.C.); tuatea(W.); tumatatenga; whakatuateu.

Any, a. Tetahi; etahi.

Apart, adv. Ki tahaki.

Apostle, s. Apotoro.

Appear, v. Puta; whakaputa; pahure (W.).

— as a spirit. Poke; whakaaranga.

— above water. *Moriroriro* ; maea ; puea.

- as the new moon. Kowhiti. Appearance, s. Putanga. See Likeness.

Appease, v. Whakamarie.

Appeased, to be, v. Marie; marire; ngala.

Appetite, s. Hiahia; hiakai.

Apple, s. Aporo.

Apply, v. Ui. See Ask.

Appoint, v. Whakarite.

Approach, v. Awhi; whakaeke; whakatata.

Approve, v. Whakapai.

Argue, v. Totohe.

Arise, v. Ara; maranga. See Rise.

Arm, s. Ringaringa.

Upper part of the arm; Peke.

Armpit, s. Keke.

Army, s. Ope; taua; whakaariki; whakaara (W.).

Aromatic, a. Kakara.

Around, prep. Ki tetahi taha, ki tetahi taha. See Round about.

Arouse, v. Whakaara; whakaoho. Arrange, v. Whakarite; whakatikatika.

Arrive, v. Tae; u; pono; tupono. Assistant, s. Hoa; kai awhina. Arrow, s. Pere. Art, s. Mahi tohunga. Artery, s. Uaua. Artist, s. Tohunga. As, conj. I. As I was going; I a au e haere ana. As far as. To; tae rawa ki. Ascend, v. Eke; kake; piki. Ascension, s. Kakenga. Ascent, s. Ekenga; kakenga; pikitanga; pananakitanga; panaunau. Ashamed, to be, v. Whakama; hane (E. C.); numinumi (W.); matangerengere; ngaringaria (W.). Ashes, s. Pungarehu; pokorehu (R.). Ashore, adv. Uta. Aside, adv. Ki tahaki; ki te whanga (E.C.). Ask, v. Inoi; ui; patai (W.); pakiki; tono; whakapatai; pakirehua. Asleep, to be, v. Moe. Aspect, s. Anga. Ass, s. Kaihe. Assault, v. Tau; rere mai. He assaulted me; Nana i rere mai ki a au. Assemblage, s. Huihuinga; whakamenenga. Assemble, v. Huihui; whakamene; whakamine; whakaemi; whakarapopoto. Assembled, to be, v. Emiemi; kuemi; mene; mine; pohuhu; rupeke; tamene; tanga; rapopoto. Whakaae; whakakoia. Assent, v. Assert, v. Korero; ki. Assiduous, a. Mamahi. Assimilate, v. Whakarite.

Associate, s. Hoa. See Companion. Assume. Tango. Astray, to be, v. Marara. See Wander. Whakatoka. Astringent, a. Asunder. Tatahi: takitahi. At, prep. of future time. A; hei. — of place. Hei; i; kei. Athirst, a. Matewai; kiainu. Atone, v. Whakautu; whakaea; utu. Atonement, s. Utu; whakautu. Attack. See Assault. - by stealth. Haupapa. Attainable, to be, v. Rarawe; taea. Attempt, v. Whakamatau; tohe. Attend, v. Rongo; whakarongo. — upon a sick person. Whakaomoomo. — upon one at the point of death. Whakahemohemo. Attention, s. Rongo. Attentive, to be, v. Rongo; matenui; puakaha; tau. Avarice, s. Apo; kaiponu. Audible, to be, v. Rangona. Avenge, v. Rapu utu; takitaki. Whakaninihi. Avert, v. Aught, a. Tetahi mea. Aunt, s. Matua keke. Avoid, v. Whakarere. Author, s. Take; putake. He is the author of that evil; Nana tera kino. Authority, s. Mana; take. Awake, to, v. Ara; oho. Awaken, v. Whakaara. Away, adv. Atu. See Distant. Awe, to feel, v. Hopohopo. Awful, a Wehi; mataku. Axe, s. Poke; titaha; tuki. Aye, adv. Ae.

B.

Baby, s. Tamaiti; potiki. Bachelor, s. Ropa. Back, adv. Ki muri. Back, s. Tuara.

Assist, v. Awhina (W.).

Back, Lower part of the back. - of a house. Tuaroa; tuarongo (E. C.).

Backbone, s. Iwi tuararo; ua. Backwards, adv. Whakamuri. Backwater, s. Auhoki; muriwai. Bacon, s. Poaka whakairi. Bad. a. Kino. - weather, s. Ori; paroro; puhoro. Bag, s. Pute; putea. Bait, s. Poapoa. — for fish. Maunu; parangia. Bake, v. Tunu. Bald, a. Pakira; hewa (E. C.); moremore; marakerake. Bale water, to, v. Tiheru; tata (E C.). Bale, s. Tata (E. C.); tiheru. Bale of goods, s. Taringaringa. Ball, s. Poi. --- of string, s. Pokai. Ballast, s. Whakataimaha. Band, s. Ruruku. — for the hair, s. Aule; pare; tupare. Bandage, s. Takai. Banish, v. Pei; pana. Bank, s. Maioro. — of a river, s. Tuha; tahataha (E. C.); tuparipari. Banter, v. Whakangako (E. C.). Baptism, s. Iriiringa. Baptize, v. Iriiri; tohi; toto; tua. Baptizer, s. Kai iriiri. Bare, a. Mamore; marakerake; moremore. See Naked. Bark, s. Hiako; kiri; tangai; peha (W.); tapeha (W.). Bark, v. Tau. Whare witi. Barn, s. Barnacle, s. Koromaungamaunga. Barren, a. Pakoko. Barricade, s. Arai; tauarai. Barter, v. Hoko. Basaltic stone, s. Kara; koma. Bask, v. Whakapahake. Basket, s. Kete; rahu (E. C.); hao; hapainga; kohaohao; paepue; pepepe; poha; pukororoa; rawhi Before, adv. Keiwha; i mua i. (W.); rori; tapakuri (R.); taukoro. — for cooked food. Paro; rou-

rou (E. C.); hanganoa; poti; kakapu; kono (W.); mairehu (E.C.); poihewa. Basket in which fish are caught. Hinaki; kotutu; pahao; punga; taruke; whakarapa; tohake (R.); whakatomo. Bastard. s. Poriro. Bat, s. Pekapeka. Bath (hot), s. Waiariki. Bathe, v. Kaukau. Battens, s. Kaho. Battle, s. Parekura; parewhero; tatauranga. Bawl, v. Hamama; karanga. Bay, s. Kokorutanga. Beach, s. One. Beacon, s. Tohu. Beak, s. Ngutu. Beam, s. Kauae; kurupae. Bear, v. Mau; kawe. See Carry. Bear up nnder pain, v. Manawanui. Bear fruit, v. Hua. Beard, s. Paihau; pahau (E. C.); kumikumi. Bearer, s. Kui amo, kai mau, &c. Beast, s, Kuri; kararehe. Beat, s. Kuru; patupatu; paoi. - down, as fruit from a tree. Ta. — as the heart. Kapakapa; taporepore; panapana. - in, as wind or rain. Hawhe. Beating the breast, s. Keka. Beauty, s. Ataahua. Because, conj. No te mea; mo te mea; hoki. Beckon, v. Tawhiri. Bed, s. Moenga. - in a garden. Karawa; moa; rauaka (W.); tahuna (W.); tawaha (E. C.); wakawaka (W.). Bedchamber, s. Whare moenga. Beetle (a maul), s. Tu. Beg, v. Korara; peo; pinono (W.); unene; matai; matiro; motiro; motoi.

Begin, v. taki. Beginning, v. Timatanga. Beguile, v. Whakawai; patipati; whakapatipati; taruru (W.). Behind, prep. I muri i; i tua i. Behold, int. Na! nana! rere! Behold, v. Titiro. Belch, v. Kupa; pupa (W.). Belief, s. Whakapono. Believe, v. Whakapono. Believer, s. Tangata whakapono. Bell, s. Pahu; pere. Belly, s. Kopu; manawa; takapu (E. C.); riu. of a fish. Hawahawa. Belonging to. No. Below, prep. I raro i; kei raro i. Whitiki; tatua. Bend (to make crooked), v. Whakamakaka; whakanoni; whakapiko. — the body, as in rowing. Koiri. - as a stick. Piko; makaka; manana; kowhana; nuke; parehe (W.); parori; tapore; tatao; tawharu; whana; piwari; pingore. — as a path, a river, or a rope. Piko; kowhane; konae; koru; noni; kopi. - Kupikopiko; koropiko. Bend of the arm, s. Whatianga. Beneath, prep. See Below. Bent, to be, (dinted), v. Kope; kokohu; kokopa. Benumbed, to be, v. Hauaitu; korongenge; mangenge; matangerengere; matarekereke; matangurunguru; matengatenga; matorutoru; teteka (R.); turiwataitai; turiwatautau; kerewai. Beseech, v. See Ask. Inoi. Besides, prep. Haunga. Besiege, v. Whakapae. Besmear, v. Pani. Taunaha. Bespeak, v. Best, a. Pai rawa; tino pai. Tuku. Betray, v. Betrothed, a. Taumau; taunaha; puhi; whakaihi (W.).

Timata; hoto; whaka- | Better, it is, Engari; erangi; nui atu le pai. Between, prep. Ki waenganui o. Bewildered, a. Poauau; pororaru. See Confused. Bewitch, v. Makutu; whaiwhaia (E. C.). Beyond, prep. Pahaki; ki ko atu i; ki tua atu i. Bible, s. Paipera. Bier, s. Amo; kauhoa. Big, a. Nui; rahi; tetere. Bile, s. Pawa; au (E. C.—W.). Bill, s. Ngutu. Hohou; herehere; hou-Bind, v. were (E. C.); whawhau (W.); takai; hotiki (E. C.). Bindweed, s. Pohue; panahi. Bird, s. Manu; topatopa (W.). Bird's nest, s. Kowhangu (E. C.); owhanga. Birth, s. Whanautanga. Bit, s. Wahi; maramara. Bite, v. Kakati; ngau; hohoni. Bitter, a. Kawa. Mangu; pango. Black, a. - pigment, s. Ngarahu; ngarehu (E. C.). Blacken, v. Whakamangu. Tongamimi. Bladder, s. Papaahuahua. Bladebone, s. Blame, to, v. Riri. Blanket, s. Paraikete. Blaspheme, v. Korero kino; kohukohu. Blaze, v. Mura; papahu; kongange (R.). Toto; tatao (E. C.). Bleed, v. Bless, v. Whakapai. Blessing, s. Whukapainga. Blind, a. Matapo; kapo (E. C.); pohe. Momoe; whakakikiwa; Blink, v. tunewha; kimo. Blister, v. Koputa; tangorongoro; kopu. Block (of wood), s. Poro. Block up, v. Arai; pa; puru;

papani; ri; tairi.

Blocked up a. (of a river). Puni. | Bountiful, a. Atuwhai. See Gene-Blood, s. Toto. Bloody, a. Putoto. Blossom, s. Pua; puawai. Blow, s. Kuru; moto; tu. Pupuhi; pukeru; hehe-Blow, v. ngi (W.); ihi. Blow gently, v. Atarangaranga; pahengihengi. – (to fan). Kowhiuwhiu. Blunder, s. He. See Mistake. Blunt, a. Puhuki. Bluster, v. Rupahu; tupehupehu (W.).Board, s. Papa. Boast, v. Whakapehapeha; pepeha; whakahihi; whakakake; (W.); whakapakari; whakaputa; whakarangaranga; whakatoatoa; pakiwaha. Boat, s. Poti. Body, s. Tinana. Body, in a, adv. Topuni. Bog, s. Repo. See Swamp. Boggy, a. Taoru; tapokopoko; powharuwharu. Boil, v. Koropupu; pupu; hu; korohuhu. Boil, v. Whewhe. Boiler, s. Kohue. Boiling spring, s. Ngawha. Bold, a. Toa; maia. Bone, s. Iwi; wheua. — To remove bones. Hahu. Book, s. Pukapuka. Booty, s. Parurenga; parakete. Border, s. Taniko; remu. Bore, v. Ore; wiri. Bosom, s. Poho; uma; rei. Both. E rua e rua; tona rua Breathe upon, v. Whakaha. (E. C.); ngatahi. Bottle made of seaweed, s. hihi. Bottle, s. Pounamu. Bottom, s. Raro.

Bough, s. Manga; peka.

ripa (W.); rohe; tautika.

rous. Bow, v. Tuohu; tupoupou. Bow, s. Kopere. Bowels, s. Whekau. Bowl, s. Hake (W.); kumeti; oko (W.). Box, v. Momoto. Box, s. Pouaka. Tamaiti. Boy, s. Brace, s. Hokai. Brains, s. Roro. Bran, s. Papapa. Manga; peka. Branch, s. Brandish, v. Rurerure. Brave, a. Maia; toa. Bread, s. Taro. whakahirahira; whakamanumanu | Breadth, s. Raurarahi (W.); raununui (E.C.); whanui; wharahi; hokai (W.). Break of day, s. Atahapara; atapo; atapongipongi; atatu; uonga; haeata (E. C.); maruao (E. C.).Break (to dawn), v. Huaki; puao; takiri. Break off, v. Auru; whawhati. Break half through, v. Kongunu. Break in pieces, v. Whatiwhati; pakarukaru; kowhakiwhaki; korarirari; koropehu; ngawhere; pahu; papa. Break on the top of a wave, s. Tuatea. Breast, s. Poho (E. C.); uma; u; rei. Breath, s. Manawa. Breath, to take, v. Whakanga; whakata i te manawa. Breathe, v. Nga (E. C.); ta. Breech, s. Papa. Ko- Brick, s. Pereki. Bride, s. Wahine marena hou. Bridegroom, s. Tane marena hou. Arawhata. Bridge, s. Bridge over, to, v. Kahupapa. Boundary, s. Kaha; patunga; Bridle, s. Paraire. Bright, a. Kanapa; kanapu (W.). Brighten, v. Whakakanapa. Brim, s. Ngutu. Brimstone, s. Whanariki; kupapapapa. Bring, v. Mau; ngita (B.). See Carry. Bring forth, v. Whanau. Bring to land, v. Whakau. Bring upon, v. Whakatari. Brink, s. Tahataha. Brisk. See Quick. Brittle, a. Papa noa. Broad, a. Wharahi; whanui. Broil, v. Tunu. Broken, to be, v. Pakaru; kore; pakore; mawhaki; tokari (R.); tonganga (R.); potapota; hawa; mangungunoa; porekepu; pororere; porokere. Brood, to, v. Tapapa. Brother of a sister, s. Tungane. — elder brother of a brother. Tuakana. — younger brother of a brother. Teina; Taina. Brother-in-law, s. Taokete; autane. Brow of a hill, s. Taumata. Brown, a. Paka; ura. Bruised, to be, v. Koparu; maru. Brushwood, s. Heuheu; hururua. Bud, s. Puku; pihi. Bug, s. Kekereru. Build, v. Hanga; whaihanga. Build up the walls of a native Tuparuparu; tupuni house, v. (E. C.). Builder, s. Kai hanga. Bullet, s. Mata. Bulrush, s. Kopupungawha; ngawha. Bump, s. Puku. Bunch, s. Tautau.

Bundle, s. Kakati; paiere; paihere (E. C.); pupu; tapiki (E. C.); tiraha (E. C.). Bundle, to, v. Pui; pupu. Bung, s. Puru. Bung, v. Puru. Buoy, s. Karewa. Burden, s. Pikaunga; pikau; wahanga; kawenga. Burial place, s. Urupa; toma (E. C.). Burn, v. Ka; toro; wera; pawera; nawe; ngiha; pahunu (R.). Burn, (to set on fire), v. Tahu. Burn by the sun, v. Tikaka. Burn, s. Wera. Burnt, (vegetation having been destroyed by fire,) a. Huwera; tawera; wera; parawera. Burst, v. Pahu; papa. Burst open, v. Pawhara (E. C.). Bury, v. Tanu; tapuke (E. C.). Bury itself, v. Apu (W.). Bush, s. Puia. Bushman, s. Kowao; mohoao; waoko. Busy, to be, v. Raru. Heoi; heoti; kaore; But, conj. oti; otiia; otira; ia. But now. Tena; tena ko tenei; tanganei (R.). Butterfly, s. Pepepe. Button, s. Patene. Buy, v. Hoko. Buyer, s. Kai hoko. By, prep. as by an agent. E; i; ma; na. - as "by that way". Ra; ma; na. - as "one by one". Taki; tataki. By and by, adv. Taihoa; takaro (E. C.); kiatoka (W.).

Cabbage, s. Puka.

Calabash, s. Ipu; kahaka; karaha (E. C.); taha (E. C.); kia (E. C.); kimi; koaka; pahaka; papapa; tahe (R.); tawha (W.); wai (Ng.).

Cajole, v. Hangarau; maminga. See Deceive.

Calamity, s. Mate.

Calculate, v. Tatau.

Calf of the leg, s. Ateatenga (E.C.).

Calk, v. Mono.

Call, to, v. Karanga; pia (W). Calm, s. Pariratanga; marino; aio.

Calm, to be, v. Aio; marino; marinoto; marinotokitoki; taroia.

Can, v. See Able.

Candle, s. Kanara.

Cannon, s. Purepo; puhuriwhenua. Cannon ball, s. Mata purepo.

Canoe, s. Waka; tiwai; tawai (E. C.); konia; kopapa; korea; neke; pitau; koki; pinaku (W.);

Canoe made of rushes. Moki; mokihi (E. C.).

Cap, s. Potae.

Cape, s. Rae; tumu. See Headland.

Captive, s. Pononga; whakarau; herehere.

Careful, a. Tupato; watea. See Cautious.

Careless about, to be, v. Whakaaro-kore.

Carpenter, s. Kamura.

Carpet. s. Whariki.

Carrier, s. Kai amo; kai mau, &c. &c.

Carry, on the shoulders, v. Amo; kauhoa; matata; matika.`

Carry in the hand, v. huri (W.); apatari; mau; ngita; (R.); tari; rare (E. C.).

Carry about, v. Whakahaere ; whakatapuhi.

Carry away by stealth, v. haki.

Carry in the arms, v. hiki.

Carry on the back, v. Pikau; waha; tihei (E. C.).

Carry on a pole, v. Tauteka.

Whakairo; whaowhao Carve, v. (E. C.).

Carved well, v. Nanahu.

Carver, s. Kai whakairo.

Case, s. Kopaki.

Cask, s. Kaho.

Cast, to, v. Maka; whakarere; whiu; whakarei (E. C.).

Cat, s. Poti; ngeru; tori (R.).

Cataract, s. Rere; taheke.

Catarrh, s. Taiawa; tarutawhiti (E. C.).

Catch, v. Hopu; tango.

Catch hold of, v. Tatango.

Catch in the water, as an oar, Urupa.

Catch one's breath, v. Huatare (W.); taretare; kiha.

Catechize, v. Uiui; patai.

Catechism, s. Patai; katikihama. Caterpillar, s. Anuhe; hawato; hotete; makorori; whe; kuwharu. Cave, s. Ana.

Cause of a quarrel, s. Papa.

Causeless, a. Huhuakore; wheto; pokanoa.

Cautious, to be, v. Atea; tupato; watea; koriti (W.); rikarika; hopohopo.

Cease, to make to, v. Whakamutu; whakaoti.

Centipede, s. Weri.

Centre, s. Pokapu; waenganui. See Middle.

Tangai. Cervical vertebræ, s. Chaff, s. Papapa.

Chain, s. Mekameka. Challenge, v. Taki; tautapa. Chance, by, adv. Noa. Change about, to, v. Whakawhitiwhiti (E. C.). Change, v. Korure. Change, as the name, v. Panoni. Channel, s. Awa; hongere; korou (R.). Chap, to, v. Ngatata; patotoi; raupa; tapa; titupu; whawhati. Charcoal, s. Waro. Chase, v. Aru; whai; tawhai. Chasm, s. Ngatata; pakohu; tawha. Chatter, v. Korerorero. Cheek, v. Paparinga. Cheerful, to be, v. Manahau. Chequered, a. Kotingotingo. Cherish, v. Whakatupu. Chest, s. Poho; uma; rei. Chew, v. Ngau. Chicken, s. Pi. Chickweed, s. Kohukohu. Chief, s. Ariki; rangatira. Chilblain, s. Mangiongio. Child, s. Potiki; tamaiti; kohungahunga; tahake (E.C.). Childhood, s. Tamarikitanga. Chin, s. Kauae. Chip, s. Maramara. Chip, v. Hahau; tarai; rehu; runa; toto. Chipped, a. Hawa; riwha. Chip with a spade, v. Perepere; tipi. Chisel, s. Purupuru. Choked, to be, v. Raoa; tanea. Choke with weeds, v. Koaoao. Choose, v. Whiriwhiri. Chop, v. Tapahi. Chrysalis, s. Kihikihi; tungoungou. Circle, s. Porowhita. Circuitous, s. Awhiowhio. See Round about. Circular, a. Potakataka. Clandestinely, adv. Momote. Clap, v. Papaki.

Clatter, v. Tatangi. Claw, s. Matihao. Clay, s. Kotore; kerewhenua. Clay, white, s. Uku; (E. C. & W.); ukui (Ng.). Clean, a. Ma. Clear, to be, v. Atea; marama; watea; whakaatea; whakaetea; mahea; toari (R.); purotu (E. C.). Clear away, v. Tahi; tarake; whakatahe; heuheu. Clear a road, v. Para. Clear off weeds, v. Paketu; perepere. Cleave, v. Wawahi; titore. See Split. Cleft, s. Riwha. Cliff. s. Pari. Climb. v. Kake; piki. Cling, v. Pupuri. Clinch the hand, v. Kuku. Clip, v. Kokoti. See Cut. Clod, s. Keretu. Close, to be, v. Apiapi; patata, pepe; puputu; piri; pine; poruru; punui; pururu. Close, to, v. Whakarawe; kopani; kopi; whakarawa; tutaki. Close the eyes, v. Whakamoe. Closed, to be, v. Kati. Clot, s. Tepetepe. Cloth, s. Kakahu. Clothe, v. Kakahu; whakakakahu. Cloud, s. Kapua; kekeao; ao. Cloudy, a. Kongu; koruki; koruru; koruruku; tukumaru; pa-Clump, s. Ropu. Cluster, to, v. Pohuhu; mui; ohu; popo; rapoi (W.). Cluster, s. Tautau.

Digitized by Google

Coal, s. Waro.

house, s.

Coat, s.

were.

Cock, s.

Coast, s. Tahatika; takutai.
Coat of raupo on the wall of a

Koti.

Paru.

Cobweb, s. Whare pungawere-

Tikaokao.

Cockles, s. Pipi.

Codfish, s. Hapuku; whapuku.

Coil, s. Koromeke.

Cold, s. Taiawa; tarutawhiti (E.C).
Cold, s. Makariri; matao; matoke; hotoke; anu; hauaitu (E.C.);

hotohoto (R.); kopeke; korohawini; kowanu; kuiki; kutao; maeke.

Collar, s. Ua.

Collarbone, s. Manumanu; paemanu.

Collect, v. Kohikohi; huihui; apo; amiki; puhangaiti (W.); pihangaiti (E. C.); rapoi (W.); whakawhaiti.

Collops of fat, s. Pori.

Colour. s. Tae.

Comb, s. Heru; karau; mapara (E. C.); routu (E. C.).

Combustible matter, s. Whakaka.

Come, v. Haere mai; ahu mai. Come, leaving none behind, v. Mutu; poto; peke; pau; ta-

peke; taweke; monimoninoa. Come down, v. Tuku.

Come in sight, v. Puta; pahure

Come out, as the handle of an axe, v. Maunu.

Come to remain, v. Oti mai. Come to the end, v. Tutuki.

Come hither. Haere mai; hara mai (E.C.); nau mai (W.) tauti mai (W.).

Command, v. Korero; ki; mea; akiaki; tapa.

Common, a. Noa.

Common, to make, v. Whakanoa. Companion, s. Hoa; takapui; ta-

pui; whakauru.

Company, s. Ope; tira; ika; matua; pahi; puni; rangapu (E.C.); ranga; ropu; takapui; teretere; tokomatua (W); whana (E.C.).

Company of workmen, s. Apa; apu; ohu.

Compact, to be, v. Whaiti (E. C.). Consolation, s. Compare, v. Whakarite.

Compassion, s. Aroha.

Complete, v. Whakaoti; whaka-tutuki.

Completed, to be, v. Oti; tino rite; tino tika.

Concave, to be, v. Kokopa; ko-kohu.

Conceal, v. Huna; kuhu. See Hide.

Conclude, v. Whakamutu; whaka-oti.

Conclusion, s. Mutunga; whakaotinga; poronga.

Concourse, s. Huihuinga; whakamenenga. See Assemblage.

Concubine, s. Hoahoa.

Condemn, v. Whakahe.

Conduct, v. Arahi; arataki (E.C.); whakatuki.

Confess, v. Whaki.

Confuse, v. Whakapohehe; whakararu; rika.

Confused, to be, as words, v. Nanu; papipapi.

Confused, to be, as the mind, v. Poauau; pohehe; pororaru; pokaikaha; pokaku; pokeka; ponana (E.C.); porauraha.

Congregate, v. Huihui; whakamene. See Assemble.

Connected with, to be, by relationship or friendship, v. Taruna (E. C.); taunga; whakataruna.

Connexion, s. Whakatarunatanga. Connexion by marriage, s. Wharetangata (E. C.).

Conscience, s. Hinengaro; nga-kau.

Conscious, to be, v. Matau; mohio; mahara.

Consecrate, v. Whakatapu.

Consent, v. Whakaae; whakakoia. See Assent.

Consequence, s. Tukunga iho.

Consideration, s. Ngarahu; wha-kaaro.

Consolation, s. Whakamarietanga; oranga ngakau.

Console, v. Whakamarie; wha- | Core, s. Uho; tarauho. kaora.

Conspiracy, s. Whakapapa; torohe; kohuru.

Constant, to be, v. Pumau; tumau; tuturu (E. C.); whai; taketake (E. C.).

Constricted, to be, v. Nanati.

Consume, v. Whakapau; whakahemo; amiki; pongakawa.

Consumed, to be, v. Hemo; pau; pareho; memeha; hama (R.); mahiti; monimoninoa; moti (W.) (E. C.); pareko; peto; takeke; tipoko (E. C.).

Contemptuous language, s. Whakarawai.

Contend. v. Tautohe; whakataetae; tatawhainga (E.C.); tauwhainga.

Contentious, a. Whakatenetene; whawhai.

Continually, adv. Tonu; tou (E.C.).

Continue, v. Tiwai; mau.

Contract, v. Hupeke.

Contradictory, a. Tata.

Contribute, v. Homai; hoatu.

Convalescent, to be, v. Hauora (W.); matutu; tangatanga (E.C.); Korero.

Conversation, s.

Converse, v. Korero.

Convert, v. Whakatahuri.

Convey, v. Kawe; mau. See Carry.

Convey over, v. Whakawhiti.

Convolvulus, s. Pohue; panahi.

Convulsion, s. Hukihuki. Cook, v. Tao; topa; topipi; tarahu.

Cooked, a. Maoa; maoka (E.C.). Cook-house, s. Kauta; hereumu; kamuri; kuhu.

Cool, a. Hauhau; houhou; hauangi (E. C.); puangiangi (W.); matomato; pongipongi; puanu.

Cool, to, v. Whakahouhou; whakamataotao.

Copy, s. Tauira.

Cord, s. Aho. See Line.

Cork, s. Puru.

Corks of a net, s. Pouto.

Corn, s. Kaanga.

Corner, s. Kokonga; hau; konakitanga (R.); ngao.

Corner, inner, s. Kopanga; poti.

Corpse, s. Tupapaku; turoro (E.C.). Correct, a. Tika; totika (E. C.). Correct, to, v. Whakatika.

Pirau. Corrupt, a.

Cost, s. Utu.

Cover, v. Hipoki; taupoki; poki; raupi; ropi; ropine; roropi; takai; tupoki (W.); whakapungenengene; uwhiuwhi.

Cover, or spread over. v. Horapa

(E. C.).

Cover up embers with ashes, v. Kanoti; tamau.

Cover up oneself, v. Tururu. Covered, to be, v. Kapi; puni. Covered over with clouds, to be, Tukupu.

Kopaki; whariki; Covering, s. whakapuru.

Covering over food in an oven, s. Retao; ritaka.

Covet, v. Apo; kaiponu; popono; taiapo; huirapa.

Cough, s. Mare; wharo.

Council, s. Runanga.

Counsel, s. Ngarahu. Count, v. Tatau.

Countenance, s. Ahua; kanohi.

Country, s. Wa (E. C.); whenua.

Couple, s. Rua; topu. Courage, s. Tara; toa.

Court, to, v. Aruaru.

Cousin, s. Tungane keke; tuahine keke; tuakana keke; teina keke. Coward, s. Haua: wawau.

Crab, s. Papaka; rerepari.

Crack, v. Ngatete; pake; pato;

Crack, as the ground, v. Kakata; pukatakata; tawha; ngatata.

Crafty, a. Maminga. See Deceitful.

Cram, v. Whakakiki.
Cramp, v. See Benumb.
Cranium, s. Angaanga.
Crave, v. Hiakia. See Desire.
Crawl, v. Ngaoki; ngoki.
Crayfish, s. Koura; waerau.
Crazy, to be, v. Haurangi; porangi.

Cream, s. Pata. Create, v. Hanga.

Creep, v. Ngaoki; ngoki; ngaweki; totoro.

Creep under, v. Hou.

Crime, s. Hara.

Criminal, s. Tangata hara.

Crimson, a. Whero.

Cripple, s. Ngongengonge; turingongengonge.

Crookback, s. Hake.

Crooked, to be, v. Kopikopiko; hapa; hape; kononi; makaka; noni; nuke.

Cross, to, v. Whiti.

Cross, s. Ripeka.

Cross-road, s. Peka; pekanga.

Crowd, s. Huihuinga; ropu. Crowd together, v. Apuru; kiki; poruru.

Crowd around, v. Mui. See Cluster.

Crown of the head, s. Tumuaki; tipuaki (E. C.).

Crucify, v. Ripeka.

Crumb, s. Kongakonga.

Crumble, v. Horo; koara; mohungahunga; ngawhara; ngawhere.

Crumping noise, to make, v. Mangengenge.

Crumple, v. Koromengemenge; kopenupenu; humene; kohangaweka. Crushed, to be, v. Koparu; penupenu.

Cry, v. Tangi; koreto.

Cry out, v. Hamama; haparangi (B. C.); parare.

Cubit, s. Whatianga.

Cultivation, s. Mara; ngakinga; waenga.

Cultivation on timber land, s. Waerenga.

Cumbersome, a. Hirawerawe.

Cure, v. Rongoa.

Curl, as smoke, v. Riporipo.

— as a wave, v. Kapukapu.

Current, s. Au; ia; roma.

Curse, v. Kanga; apiti (W.); ko-hukohu.

Curse, s. Kanga; apiti; kohu-kohu.

Curved, as a bow, a. Tiwhana. See Bend.

Custom, s. Ritenga.

Cut, s. Motu.

Cut, v. Kokoti; haehae; hori
(E C); kutikuti; ripi; whakatotohi; koripi; tohi; haporo;
hatepe; pouto; ta; tapahi; toritori.

Cut with a spade, v. Tipi; perepere.

Cut, or notch, v. Tokari.

Cut off, v. Haukoti (W.).

Cut off short, as a canoe, a. Ko-poro.

Cut off at the end, as of hair, a.

Kaikauau; kohumuhumu; parekuhi.

Cut down wood, v. Para; tope;

Cut open, v. Pawhara.

Cut the hair, v. Tarotaro; whakaiho (E. C.).

Cutting, a. Tiotio.

Dance, s. Haka; hari; kanikani; kotaratara; ngahau; ngarahu; ngarahutaua; patere. Dandle, v. Poipoi. Danger, s. Oranoa; oraiti; orapito; pitotahi. Dangle, v. Tawheta (Ng.). Dare, v. Maia. Dark, to be, v. Hinakipouri; kakarauri; kunikuni; potangota-Dark, in the, adv. Pokere. Dark skin, s. Hengia; parauri. Dart, v. Kokiri; wero. Dash, v. Aki. Dash forward, v. Ranga. Daub, v. Pani. Daughter, s. Tamahine. Daughter-in-law, s. Hunaonga. Dawn, s. Atatu; atapo. Break of day. Day, s. Ao; mahana; ra. Daybreak, s. Atatu. Daylight, s. Awatea. Day time, s. Ao. Dazzle, v. Konewhanewha; korekoreko; wheriko. Dead, to be, v. Mate; hemo; marere. Deaf, to be, v. Turi; poturi; hoi; puhoi; puwharawhara. Dear, a. Aroha. Dear, in price, a. Utu nui. Death, s. Mate; hemonga; mareretanga; haerenga. Taonga tarewa (w.); taonga taurewa (E. c.). Decayed, a. Pirau; paroparo. Deceitful, a. Hangarau; hangareka; hianga; maminga; tini- Desert, s. Koraha.

Daily, adv. I tenei ra i tenei ra.

Dam, mother, s. Katua; wha-

Dam for water, s. Matatara (w.).

Damp, to be, v. Hautaku (E.c.);

ereere; tiaka (E.c.).

maku; waitau. (w.).

hanga; nukarau (w.); raureka (E. c.); rore (E. c.); kopeka; makoi; nuka; taware; whakanganangana (E. C.). Deceive, v. Hangarau; hangareka; hianga; maminga; tinihanga; nukarau; raureka; whakawai; kopeka; nuka. Decide, v. Whakarite. Declare, v. Whakapuaki; korero. Decline, v. Titaha; nekuneku; rehurehu; tairi (w.). See Descend. Decrease, v. Iti haere. Deep, to be, v. Hohonu; ngoto. Deep water, s. Kopua; reto; rire; wheuri. Defeated, to be, v. Kore. Defend (by means of a pad), v. Whakapuru; matata. Defy, v. Whakahihi. Delay, v. Whakaroa. Delighted, to be, v. Ahuareka; pai; maha (E. c.). Delirious, to be, v. Haurangi: porangi; hawata. Deliver, v. Whakaora. Deluge, s. Waipuke. Den, s. Ana. Deny, v. Whakakahore; whakakorekore. Departure, s. Haerenga; tokenga. Dependent, s. Rahi. Deprived of a limb, a. Mutu. Depth, s. Hohonu; ngotonga. Deranged, to be, v. Haurangi; porangi. Descend, v. Heke; taheke; taiheke; ahuahu; hokio (E. C.); horua (E. c.); matiko (R.). Descent, s. Heketanga; hokiotanga (E. c.).Describe, v. Korero. Desecrate, v. Haparu; whakanoa.

Desire, v. Hiahia; amene; minamina; korotu; korou; kuika; manawapa; manawapopore; minaka; ohia; okaka (E. c.); oke; pie (w.); popore; taporepore; wawata.

Desire, s. Hiahia; koha; minamina.

Desolate, a. Takoto kau.

Desperation, to commit an act of, Whakamomori.

Despise, v. Whakaahu; whakakino.

Destroy, v. Tinei; whakangaro. Detain, v. Pupuri; pupuru (w.).

Hopu. Detect, v.

Detest, v. Kino; whakakino; whakarihariha.

Devil, s. Rewera: Whiro.

Devour, v. Kai. See Eat.

Dew, s. Haunui; haurahi; hauku (E. C.); haurutu (W.); hautaorua (E. c.); kopata (E. c.); taituri (R.); tomairengi.

Dialect, s. Reo.

Diarrhœa, s. Tarahi; hi; huhu; koangi; konao; koripi; tororere: tikotiko.

Die, to, v. Mate; hemo; marere; makere.

Diet. s. Kai.

Differ, v. Puta ke.

Different, a. Ke.

Difficult, a. Whakarira; uaua. Difficulty, to be in, v. Raruraru.

Dig, v. Ngaki; ko; keri; kari (E. c.); piwai; hahau; hangohango; nanaku.

Digging implement, s. Hamaruru (R.); ko; kaheru; hangohango.

Dignity, s. Ahua rangatira.

Dilatory, a. Whakaroa; porori. See Slow.

Diligent, a. Mamahi; ahuwhenua. Dim, to be, v. Haumaruru (w.); matatoua (w.).

Diminished, to be, v. Ahuahu; Dislike, v. Kino; whakakino; whakapaku; kohakoha; koro-

koro; whakaharahara; taharahara.

Diminish, as pain, v. Maururu; ririo.

Dinted, a. Kokohu.

Dip up water, v. Koutuutu; utuutu; tikoko.

Dip of a hill, s. Kakaritanga.

Direct, v. Tohutohu.

Direct, to be, v. Anganuimai; hangai (E. c.).

Directly, adv. Inamata; aianei. Dirt, s. Paru; paruparu (E. c.); para.

Dirty, a. Poke; paru.

Disagreeable, a. Weriweri; whakarihariha; whakarikarika.

Disagreeable to the taste, a. Kutaitai (w.); kawa.

Disappear, v. Toremi; torengi; nunumi; henumi; tanumi; whakamonenehu; whakanamunamu.

Disapprove, v. Whakakino; kawa; kino. See Despise.

Disbelieve, v. Whakateka; whakakahore; whakahori (w.); whakahawea; whakamanu (E. C.) (w.); whakanano (w.).

Discern, v. Kite. See Know, and See.

Disciple, s. Akonga; tauira (E.C.). Disclose, v. Puaki; whakakite; whakapuaki.

Discover, v. Kite.

Disdain, v. Whakakino; whakaahu.

Disease, s. Mate; taru.

Disease on the skin, s. Mahaki.

Disembowel, a. Tuaki.

Disfigured, to be, v. Nonoi (R). Disgusting, a. Whakarihariha; whakarikarika; weriweri (E. c.).

Dishevelled, to be, v. Hutoitoi: tuheihei (w.).

Disinclined, to be, v. Ngakaukore.

matakawa (E. C.).

Dislike any particular food, v. Dizzy, v. Anini. Wainamu; wakawa (E. c.). Dismiss, v. Tono.

Disobedient, a. Turi; tutu.

Disorder, to be in, v. Takoto ke takoto ke.

Disparage, v. Whakarawai; hanihani.

Disperse, v. Heuheu; korara; tirara; whakawawa.

Dispirited, a. Marohirohi.

Display, v. Whakakite; whakaari.

Dispute, v. Tautohetohe.

Dispute, s. Ngangaretanga; tohetohenga.

Disquieted, to be, v. Pairi; awangawanga. See Anxious.

Dissolve, v. Memeha.

Distance, a. Tawhiti; auaatu; hoi.

Distance, s. Mataratanga; mamao; nuku; pamamao.

Distant, to be, v. Matara; mamao; pamamao; tatahi; aweawe; hoi; nanihi (E. c.).

Distant by relationship, a. Keke. Distorted, to be, v. Rori.

Distress, to, v. Whakapouri.

Distress, s. Mate.

Distribute, v. Tuwha.

Disturb, v. Whakararu; whakakoroiroi.

Ditch, s. Waikeri; awakeri (Ng.); awakari (E. c.); awarua (W.); waitahinga.

Dive. v. Ruku.

Wehewehe; wawae; Divide, v. totohi; kokoti.

Divided, to be, v. Tarerarera; titore.

Divination, s. Niu.

Divinity, s. Tipua; tupua.

Division, s. Kotinga; wahanga; hua; tiriwa; wehewehenga.

Division, of people, s. Tanga; See waenga; whana; matua. Company.

Division of a song, s. Rangi.

See Giddy. Do, v. Mea.

Do thoroughly, v. Whakatepe.

Do without authority, v. Pokanoa.

Dock, a plant, s. Runa.

Doctrine, s. Akoranga.

Dodge, v. Hikohiko; kohikohiko.

Dog, s. Kirehe; kuri; nane; peropero.

Doings, s. Meanga; meatanga.

Dominion, s. Rangatiratanga.

Done, to be, v. Ōti.

Door, s. Tatau.

Door-post, s. Tuturu.

Door-sill, s. Pehipehi.

Door-way, s. Kuaha; whatitoka; whaitoka.

Dot, s. Tongi.

Double, to be, v. Paparua.

Double up, v. Poruku; takapapa. Doubt (to be in), v. Pohehe: pohewa; pokaku; ruarua.

Down, soft feathers, s. Huruhuru. — of raupo, s. Hune; tahune

(E. c.); tahunga (E. c.).

— from a garment, s. Hungahunga.

Down, adv. Iho; raro.

Doze, v. Moe.

Drag, v. Kukume; toto.

Dragonfly, s. Kapowai.

Drain, s. Awakeri; waitahinga. See Ditch.

Draw out, v. Ope.

Draw together, v. Kuku; kukuti; runa; roiroi; taroi; ruruku; tohapuru: whakanoti.

Draw up (as the clothes), v. Hikupeke (w.); hupeke; pukorukoru; ropi.

Draw aside, v. Hura.

Draw near, a. Whakatata; awhi; whakaeke.

Draw up, as the legs, v. Pepeke. Dread, v. Wehi; mataku. Fear.

Dreadful, a. Mataku; wehi.

kanga kanohi.

Dregs of shark's oil, s. Apo.

Dress, s. Kakahu.

Drift, v. Pae; papae; teki (R.); tere.

Drift-wood, s. Paewai (E. C.).

Drink, v. Inu.

Drink through a reed, v. Ngo-

Drink out of the hand, v. Kapu; koronae.

Drink, to give, v. Whakainu.

Drip, v. Tuturu; hoho. See Drop. Dripping wet, a. Poteretere.

Drive, v. A; kopere; pei; pana; tuhiti (E. C.); atiati (E. C.).

Driven broadside on, a. Paea.

Drizzle, v. Konehunehu.

Drop, s. Pata.

Drop, v. Heke; pata; toto; tuturu; hoho.

Drop off, v. Ngaharo; marere. Drowsy, s. Kopurua.

Dross, s. Para.

Drought, s. Raki.

Drowned, to be, v. Panemo.

Drowsy, v. Hiamoe; hinamoe.

Drug, s. Rongoa.

Drum of the ear, s. Torino.

Drunk, a. Haurangi.

Dream, s. Moe; moemoea; re-|Dry, to be, v. Maroke; mimiti; paku; pakupakuoreore.

Dry, as the ground, or as herbage, a. Pohe; pukatakata; pungata; raki; tipoka; tikaka; koka; kongio; mauka(R.); ngata; paka; pakohea; tipa.

Dry, v. Whakamaroke.

Duck, s. Parera; putangitangi (E. C.); matapouri; poreterele; whiorau.

Duck, to, v. Kopiro; rumaki; taurumarumaki.

Dull, in movement, v. Puhoi; rare. See Blunt.

Dumb, a. Wahangu; reo kore.

Dunce, s. Kuare; rare.

Dung, s. Wairakau.

Durable, a. Maro; uaua.

During, prep. I.

Dusk, to be, v. Ahiahipouri; kakarauri.

Dust, s. Nehu; para; puehu; punenehu.

Dwarf, s. Hakahaka; roiroi; tauhena (E. C.); whito.

Dwell, v. Noho.

Dwelling, s. Kainga; whare.

Dwelling-place, s. Kainga.

Dwindle, v. Iti haere.

Dye, s. Tae.

## E.

Tera tangata tera tangata; each man.

Eager, to be, v. Whāwhai; takare; rika.

Eagle, s. Kahu.

Ear, s. Taringa.

Ear, lobe of the, s. Hoi; toke (W.). Early, to be, v. Moata.

Earth, s. Oneone; whenua.

Earthquake, s.

East, s. Rawhiti.

East wind, s. Marangai.

Easy, a. Rarawe (E. C.); takoto | Echo, v. noa; ngawari.

Each, adj. pron. Tera — tera; | Eat, v. Kai; kame; kamu; kome; tametame; whakoma; wharakai.

Eat before others, v. Hamure; koramuramu (W.).

Eat ravenously, v. Kaihoro; whaupa; horomiti (W.); taparu (W.). Eat raw, v. Ota.

Eat scraps, v. Hamu; harangote.

Eaves, s. Ikuiku.

Ebb, v. Timu; heke (E.C.); pa (R.); taui; tokari (R.); tawhati (E. C.); tiremi(R.).

Echo, s. Paoro; parikarangaranga. Whakamauru; paoro; wawaro.

Eddy, s. Auhoki; ripo.

Eddy-wind, s. Haupurorohu; pongipongi; haupongi; hauripo; haurutu; mumuhau.

Edge, s. Koinga.

Edge, to be set on, v. Mania.

Eel, s. Tuna; heke; koiro; kirikopuni; kokopu; kopaopao; orea; puhanga; puhikorokoro; puhi; takiekie; ngoringori; paewai (W.); parikou; piharau (W.); pikitara (W.); matarehe; matuatua; ngoetoeto; ngohiwe (W.); ngoiro; whitiki.

Efflorescence of salt, s. Hatea. Effort, s. Koha; uaua.

Egg, s. Hua.

- of a louse, s. Riha.

Eject, v. Pana; pei; tuhiti.

Eight, a. Waru.

Eighth, a. Tuawaru.

Eighteen, a. Tekau ma waru.

Eighty, a. Waru tekau; hokowaru (W.).

Either, ad. Ranei; raina.

Tuketuke. Elbow, s.

Elder person, s. Kaumatua; mua-

Elder brother or sister. s. Tuakana.

Eleven, a. Tekau ma tahi.

Else, adv. Oti.

Elsewhere, adv. Ki hea ranei.

Emaciated. a. Kiko kore. Thin.

Embark, v. Eke.

Embers, s. Mounga; motumotu; ngotungotu.

Embrace, v. Awhi.

Emerge, v. Maea.

Emetic, s. Whakaruaki.

Emigrant, s. Heke; konene.

Emigrate, v. Heke; whati.

Emit gas from fire, v. Purehua.

Empty, a. Kautahanga (E. C.); piango.

Emulate, v. Tatawhainga (E. C.); tautohetohe; tauwhainga; whakatenetene.

Enable, v. Whakakaha.

Encampment, s. Puni; nohoanga; pahi.

Encircle, v. Pukoro: taiawhio.

Enclose, v. Hao; karapoti; kopani; pahao.

Enclosure, s. Marae.

Encounter, v. Whawhai.

Encourage, v. Whakahauhau; akiaki.

Encumber, v. Whakawheru.

End (finishing), s. Mutunga; whakamutunga; otinga.

End of a branch or leaf, s. Kamata.

End, v. Tauporo; poro; whakamutu; whakaoti.

Endeavour, s. Koha.

Endavour, v. Tohe; whakauaua; whakakoro (E. C.).

Endless, a. Mutunga kore.

Enemy, s. Hoariri; whakaariki; whewheia.

Ngoi. Energy, s.

Enfeeble, v. Whakaruhiruhi; whakangoikore.

Enlarge, v. Whakanui.

Enlighten, v. Whakamarama.

Enmity, s. Whainga; pakanga. Ennoble, v. Whakarangatira; whakanui.

Enough, adv. Heoi; heoti; kati. Enquire, v. Ui; patai. See Ask.

Ensnare, v. Rore; mahanga; torohere.

Entangled, to be, v. Raka; rapa; rori; tapiki; whiwhi.

Enter, v. Puta; tapoko; tomo.

Entertain, v. Atawhai; taurima (W.); manaaki (E. C.).

Entertainment, s. Atawhaitanga; manaakitanga.

Poapoa; whakapati-Entice, v. pati; whakapakepake.

Entire, a. Tikitu; toitu; urutapu; tino.

Entirely, adv. Ke.

Entrails, s. Whekau.

Entrance, s. Kuaha; pulanga;

waharoa; tomokanga; waha; | Excellent, a. wahapu. Entreat, v. Tohe. See Ask. Entwine, v. Takatakai. Entwined, to be, v. Tawhiwhi; rapa. Envy, v. Hae. Envy, s. Hae. Epidemic, s. Rewharewha; mate uruta. Equal, a. Rite. Equalize, v. Whakarite; whakaea. Equity, s. Tikanga. Erect, a. Tu tonu. Err, v. He. Escape, v. Puta; oma. Establish, v. Whakanoho; whakapumau. Eternal, a. Ora tonu. Eternity. s. Oranga tonutanga. Evaporate, v. Mimiti haere. Even, a. Tika. Even, adv. Hoki. Evening, s. Ahiahi. Evening star, s. Rereahiahi. Ever, adv. Tonu; i nga wa katoa. Everlasting, a. Ora tonu. Evermore, adv. Ake, ake, ake. Every, a. Katoa. Evident, a. Takotonoa; marama. Evil, a. Kino. Evil spirit, s. Rita; whiro. Exact, a. Rite tahi. Exalt, v. Whakanui. Titiro; matakitaki. Examine, v. Example, s. Tauira. Excavate, v. Whakakorua. Excavated, to be, v. Areure. Excavation, s. Korua. Exceed, v. Hipa; pahika (E. C.). Excel, v. Pahika; pai ake; rawe.

rawenga.

Rawe. Exchange, v. Hohoko; whakawhiti. Excite, v. Whakahauhau; tohe; akiaki; whakapataritari. Excoriated, to be, v. Mahihore; mahore; titupu; whakatako. Excuse, s. Whakaora. Excuse, v. Whakaora. Exempt, to be, v. Kapea; hamama. Equalled, to be, v. Rite; taeu; Exert oneself, to, v. Tohe; whakauaua. Exhort, v. Whakahauhau; akiaki. Exile, s. Heke. Expand, v. Makowha; tiwhaki. Expand, as wings, v. Roha. Expect, v. Tumanako. Expel, v. Pei; pana; tuhiti (E. C.). Explain, v. Whakaatu; whakamarama. Explode, v. Papa. See Burst. Explore, v. Titiro; toro. Extended, a. Mahora. Extend the neck, v. Neinei (W.); whakangeingei. Extent, s. Nuku; nuinga; roanga. Extinguished, to be, v. Pirau; poko (E. C.); ketoketo; pio (R.); kewa; ngio (R.); piroku; wheko; weroku. Extraordinary, a. Whanoke; tangi ke. Extremity, s. Hikuhiku; moka; topito; matamata; moremorenga; pito; poro. Exudation from plants, s. Tae; pia. Exult, v. Whakakake. See Boast. Eve, s. Kanohi; karu. Eve-ball, s. Whatu. Eyebrow, s. Kape; pewa; tukemata. Excellence, s. Huhuatanga; rawe; Eyelash, s. Kamokamo. Eyelid, s. Rewha.

F.

Fable, s. Kupu whakarite. Face, s. Mata; kanohi. Face, to, v. Hangai. Fade, v. Hatea. Faint, a. Hemo; hauhauaitu; porepore. Faint, v. Hemo. Fair, a. Paki; mao; tahaohao. Faith, s. Whakapono. Pono. Faithful, a. Faithless, a. Teka. Fall, v. Hinga; makere; murere; ngakuru; horo; taka; tanuku. Fall, as by lot, v. Taka. Fall heavily, as rain, v. Makerewhatu; tukupu. Fall ont, v. Ngahoro; riaki. False, a. Teka; horihori (W.); parau (E.C.); warahoe. Falsehood. s. Teka: parau. Fame, s. Rongo. Famine, s. Wa kai kore. Famish, v. Hemo kai. Fancy, v. Whakaaro. See Think. Far off, a. Tawhiti. See Distant. Farewell, int. Hei konei ra; e noho; haere ra. Mara. Farm, s. Farther, adv. Ki ko atu. Farthest, adv. Ki ko rawa atu. Fast, fixed, a. Mau; ngita(R); u. Fast, a. Hohoro. See Quick. Fasten, v. Titi; whakau; whakarawa ; whakangita (R.) ; tamau (E, C). See Tie. Fasten the sides of a canoe with cord, v. Tui (Ng.); kotui; aukaha (E. C.). Tia; whakarawa; Fastening, s. herenga; aukaha. Fastidious, a. Whakatarapi (W.). Fasting, a. Nohopuku; puku. Fat, a. Momona. Fat, s. Ngako; matu. Fat about the kidneys, s. Pa;taupa (E. C.).

Father, s. Pa; papa; matua tane. Father-in-law, s. Hungawai; hunarere (E. C.); hunarei (E. C.). Fathom. s. Maro. Fatigued, a. Tungarangara (Ng.); ngenge; hoha. Fault, s. Hara; he. Fear, s. Mataku; wehi; hopohopo; koera; hihira; moniania; wanawana. Fearful, a. Wehi; mataku. See Afraid. Feast, s. Hakari. Feather, s. Hou; raukura. Feathers, large, of the wing, s. Hokai. Ngoikore; iwikore. Feeble, a. See Listless. Feed, v. Whangai. Whawha. Feel. v. Fellow, s. Koroke; tahake (E.C.). - a companion, Hoa. Female. a. Wahine. of brutes. Uwha. Fence, s. Taiepa; taepa; takitaki (E. C.); wawa; kereteki; maihe (W.); tuwatawata (E. C.); tata (E. C.); tatara (W.); teki. Fence against a flood. Ahuriki; kaungaroa. Fence in a river for eels. iri: ririwai. Fender, s. Arai ahi; takuahi. Ferment, v. Toroi; i. Fern leaves, s. Rahurahu; rarahu; rauaruhe (E.C.); rarauhe (W.); peka; marohi; takaka. Fern root, s. Roi; aruhe; mohani; moheke; meke; pakakohi; renga (W.); parara (W.). Fern land, s. Koraha; korehe. Ferry, s. Whakawhitinga. Ferryman, s. Kai whakawhiti.

Tupua; wharaki; pa-

Fertile, a. Momona.

hupahu; tongako.

Fester, s.

Fetch, v. Tiki; toki. Fever, s. Kiri ka. Few, a. Ruarua; torutoru; ouou Fish-hook, s. (W.); ngouruuru. Fibrous roots, s. Akaaka; kaka. Tatahau. Fibula. s. Field, s. Mara. Fierce, a. Riri. Fifteen, a. Tekau ma rima. Tuarima. Fifth, a. Fifty, a. Rima tekau; hokorima (W.).Fight, v. Tatau; whawhai. Fill, v. Whakaki. Filled, to be, v. Ki; puru. Fillip, v. Koropana; turapana. Fin, s. Tira. Find, v. Kite. Whakupaipai; torire; Fine, a. toingo. Paki. Fine, as weather, a. Matihao; matikara; Finger, s. koikara (E. C.). Finger, the little, s. Koroiti. Finger nail, s. Maikuku; matikuku. Finish, v. Whakamutu; whakaoti; whakapau; whakamahue. Finished, to be, v. Oti; hemo; poro (E, C.); tauporo; tutuki. Fire, s. Ahi; kapura; hatete; kanaku (R.); mapura; kora (R.); maute (R.); ngiha (W.); pahunu Fire, to set on, v. Tahu. Fire, to, v. Pupuhi. Firewood, s. Wahie; peka (E.C.);

taketake; tupu; uka (E. C.).

Firmness, s.

Firmament, s.

First, adv.

(W.).

First-fruits, s.

taika; matangohi.

First born, a. Matamua.

Unga.

Matua; atua.

Kikorangi.

Fish, s. Ika; ngohi. Fish. v. Hi. Matau; matika; noni (R.). Fisherman, s. Kai hi. Fishing-rod, s. Manana (R.). Rima. Five, a. Whakau; whakamau; Fix, v. whakapumau; poupou. Fixed, a. Pumau. See Constant. Flaccid, a. Ngorenoa; taromanoa. Flag, a plant, s. Raupo. — colours. Kara. Flame, s. Muramura. Flank, Kaokao. Flap the wing, v. Aroarowhaki. Flap in the wind, v. Tareparepa. Flash. v. Mura; kotamutamu. Flat, a. Papatahi; pararahi; pora. Flat part of a spade or paddle, s. Rapa. Flat-nosed, a. Ihu pararahi. Flatter, s. Whakapatipati. Flattery, s. Patipati; rutu: Flavour, s. Ha. Flax plant, s. Korari; harakeke; tihore; wharariki. Flax (dressed), s. Muka; whitau. Flay, v. Tihore. See Strip off. Keha; tuiau; puruhi; Flea, s. mororohu (E. C.). Oma. See Run. Flee, v. Kaupapa. Fleet, s. Flesh, s. Kikokiko. Flexible, a. Ngorengore; ngorenoa; ngohengohe (E.C.). Flight, s. Omanga. kohure(R); kora(R); pioe(R);Fling, v. Maka; akiri. See Throw. pirahu; piraku; piraha; rara. Flint, s. Kiripaka. Firm, to be, v. U; mau; au; Float. v. Manu; rewa; taupua; whakamaho (W.); whakapaho (Ng.); wetoki (R.). Flock, s. Kahui. See Herd. First, a. Matamua; mataati; ma-Whiu. Flog, v. Flood, s. Waipuke; parawhenua (E. C.).Tuapora; tamahu Floor, s. Каирара. Paraoa. Flour, s.

Flow, as the tide, v. Pari; kato (E.C.); heru; hura; ketu; papara (W.); pi; whanake (R.). Flower, s. Puawai; pua; puaka. Flute, s. Putorino; rehu; koaugu.

Flutter, as a bird, v. Kapekapeta. — as the heart. See Beat.

Fly, s. Ngaro; rango (E. C.); hurangi (R.).

Fly, v. Rere.

Foam, s. Huka.

Fog, s. Kohu; au; pukohu.

Fold, s. Koru; whatianga.

Fold. v. Whakakopakopa; whakamoka.

Follow, v. Aru; whai; tawhai (W.).

Food, s. Kai; kame; kamukamu; kome (W.); o; oranga; parare (R.); tame; tawhi; wene (R.). Food eaten as a relish. Kinaki.

Foolish, u. Kuare; rare; wairangi.

Foot. s. Waewae.

Foot of a pig, s. Taputapu.

Footstep, s. Tapuwae.

For, prep. Hei; mo.

Forbid, v. Whakakahore; whakakore; pehi; riri.

Kaha. Force, s.

Kauranga; kauanga.

Forearm, s. Takakau.

Forehead, s. Rae.

Foreigner, s. Pakeha; taiawa.

Foremost, a. Matamua.

Forest, s. Ngaherehere; nehenehe; waoku.

Wareware. Forget, v.

Forgive, v. Hohou i te rongo. Forgotten, to be, v. Ngaro.

Fork, s. Oka; tirou: marau; purou (W.).

Fork of a tree, s. Peka; tarahanga.

Form, s. Ahua.

Former, a. Te mea o mua.

Flow, v. Tere; patere; kupere; | Formerly, adv. Inamata; nonamata.

Fornication, s. Puremu; moe ta-

Forsake. v. Whakarere.

Forsaken, to be, v. Mahue.

Fortification, s. Pa.

Forty, a. Wha tekau; hokowha  $(W_{\cdot})$ .

Forward, adv. Atu.

Fosterchild, s. Whangai.

Found (a thing), s. Kurapae ; mea kite.

Fountain, s. Puna.

Four, a. Wha.

Four days ago, adv. Inaoakenui. Tekau ma wha. Fourteen, a.

Fowl, barn-door, s. Heihei; tikaokao.

Fracture, s. Kore; pakaru; pakore; whati.

Fragile, a. Papanoa.

Fragment. s. Korenga; whatinga.

Fragrant, a. Kakara.

Fraud, s. Tahae; whanako; kaia. See Thief.

Freckle, s. Iraira (W.); kotiwhatiwha.

Free. a. Rangatira.

Free from law of separation, a. Auriuri.

Frequent, a. Auau; tonu.

Fret, v. Karangi.

Friend, s. Hoa.

Fright, s. Mataku; wehi.

Frighten, v. Whakamataku; whakawehi.

From, prep. I; no.

Front, s. Aroaro.

Front of a house, s. Roro.

Frost, s. Huka; haupapa; hauhunga.

Froth, s. Huka.

Fruit. s. Hua.

Full, to be, v. Ki; ngihangiha; pangoro; puhake (W.); toka; puhapuha; tomo; turuki.

Full, to be (of the moon), v. Hua.

Fulness about the eyes or lips, | Funnel, s. Korere. s. Peru.

Fungus on trees, s. Harori; harore (E. C.); hawai; porotawa; putawa.

Further, adv. Ki ko atu; ki pahaki atu.

Fusty, a. Hekaheka; puru.

Gain, s. Whakanuinga; hua.

Gale, s. Awha; marangai; ori; paroro (R.); tupuhi.

Gall, s. Paoa; au (E. C.) (W.).

Game, s. Takaro; kai.

Gap, s. Putanga; pakaru.

Gape, v. Kohera.

Garden, s. Mara; kari.

Garland, s. Pare; tupare.

Garment, s. Kahu; kakahu; kaka Glisten, v. (E. C.); kowhekawheka; weru-

Garment, old, s. Tawhetawhe; karukaru (E. C.).

Gasp, v. Kuha; kiha.

Gate, s. Tatau: keti.

Gather, v. Whawhaki; kowhaki; tahora (E.C.).

Gather up, v. Rau; whatimotimo. Gather together, v. Kohikohi. See

Collect.

Gaze, v. Matakitaki; tirotiro. Genealogy, s. Kawai; kawei; korero tahu.

Generous, a. Oha; atawhai; ata-

Gentleman, s. Rangatira.

Gentlewoman, s. Wahine rangatira.

Gently, adv. Ata.

Ghost, s. Wairua.

Giddy, to be, v. Amai; amiomio; anini; arohirohi; rangiroro.

Gift, s. Mea homai noa; mea hoatu noa.

Gills of a fish, s. Piha; puha; wheko.

Gimlet, s. Wiri.

Gird, v. Whitiki; rapaki; tatua. Go in a body, v. Haere kopuni. Girdle, s. Whitiki; tatua (E.C.); Go for good, v. Oti atu. pongi; ruruku.

Girl, s. Kotiro; hengahenga; kohaia.

Girl, address to. E ko; e hika; e hine.

Give, v. Homai; hoatu.

Give way! int. Iaua; taua.

Glad, to be, v. Hari; koa; maha.

Glare, v. Kanapa; uira. See Shine. Glide, v. Tere; kotiti; patete.

Kanapa; uira; hahana: wheriko.

Gloomy, a. Whakapoururu; pahi (E. C.).

Glory, v. Whakahihi; whakaputa. See Boast.

Glory, s. Kororia.

Glow-worm, s. Puratoke.

Glutton, s. Kaihoro.

Tetea. Gnash, v.

Gnat. s. Waeroa.

Gnaw, v. Ngau; ngungu.

Go, v. Haere; ngawi; tiki; whiu (E. C.); whana (R.) (E. C.).

Go about, v. Haereere; kaewa (E. C.).

Go round about, v. Amiki; amiku (W.); awhiowhio; taiawhio (W.); tawhio (W.); umiki.

Go towards, v. Anga.

Go sideways, v. Whakakoko (W.).

Go out, v. Pirau. See Extinguished.

Go out of sight, v. Toremi; nunumi. See Disappear.

Go by the side of, v. Tapanihi; whakatahataha.

Go on! Hoatu; tena.

Go ahead, v. Koke; koki; kotiti.

God, s. Atua.

Gold. s. Koura. Gone, to be, v. Riro; ririo; tapeke; taweke; toke (R.). Good, a. Pai; purotu (E. C.). It is good; Mari ano. Goodness, s. Huhuatanga; pai. Goods, s. Hanga; rawa; ngerengere (E. C.); taputapu (E. C.). Goose, s. Kuihi. Gooseberry, s. Kupere. Gorge, s. Apiti; kapiti. Gospel. s. Rongo pai. Gourd, s. Hue; wenewene (E. C.). Grace, s. Aroha noa. Gradually, adv. Ata; as Ka ata tupu; it grows gradually. Graft. v. Hono. Grain, s. Kakano. Grandchild, s. Mokopuna. Grandfather, s. Tupuna; tipuna (E. C.).Grape, s. Karepe. Grasp (measure by the arms stretched out), s. Pae. Grasping, a. Huirapa; ihupuku. Grass, s. Otaota; tarutaru; patiti (E. C.). Grasshopper, s. Mawhitiwhiti; kowhitiwhiti; koeke. Grave, s. Poka; rua; marua. Gravel, s. Kirikiri. Gravy, s. Wairanu. Graze, (to touch lightly), v. Hohoni (Ng.); konihi (W.); wani; miri. Grazed (as the skin), a. Pahore. Grease, s. Hinu. Great, a. Nui; rahi; whakahara;

Green, a. Kakariki; matomato. — (unripe). Torouka; ota. Greet, v. Tangi. Grey, a. Hina. Grief, s. Pouri. Grieve, v. n. Pouri. Grin, v. Pukana; pakiri; tamatama; hoho; ngangahu. Grind (in a mill), v. Huri. — (on a stone). Oro. Grindstone, s. Hoanga. Gritty, a. Mangengenge. Groan, v. Aurere; ngunguru. Groove, s. Awaawa. Grope, v. Whawha haere. Grove, s. Motu rakau. See Wood. Ground, s. Whenua; oneone. — of a quarrel. Papa. Grow, v. Tupu; kahu; whanake. Growl, v. Ngunguru. Grub, s. Tunga; pepe; huhu; moeone. Grumble, v. Amuamu; hakuhaku (E.C.); tapitapi; kowhetewhele; whakangutungutu. Grunt, v. Ngengeri; ngongoro. Tiaki. Guard. v. Kai tiaki. Guard, s. Guest, s. Manuhiri. Arahi; arataki. Guide, v. Guide, s. Kai arahi. Gulp, v. Horo. Gum, s. Pia; kauri; ware. Tako. Gums. s. Pu. Gun, s. Gunwale, s. Niao. Gust, s. Ropu; apu. See Eddy wind.

## H.

Ha! int. Ha! Habit, s. Ritenga. Tapahi. Hack, v. Hackle, v. Wharo.

tetere (E.C.).

Greatness, s. Koiwi; nuinga.

Greedy, a. Kaihoro; kaiponu. See Stingy, and glutton.

> Hail, v. Karanga. Hail, s. Nganga; whatu.

Gut, s. Whekau.

Gutter, s. Korere.

Hair, s. Huruhuru; makawe; mahunga; whakahipa (W.).

Hair, a single. Kaka (Ng.); weu; | Hatched, to be, v. Pao. uru (E. C.).

Half full, a. Hangere; hemanga; papanga.

Half grown, a. Pipi.

Half cooked, a. Roiroi.

Hallow, v. Whakatapu.

Halo, s. Pukoro.

Halt, v. Tu.

Halt suddenly, v. Tumu.

Hammer, s. Ta(E, C); hama.

Hand, s. Ringaringa.

Handful, s. Aowhanga; kutanga. Handle, s. Puritanga; tau; taukawe; kawe; kiwei; popoia (W.).

- of an axe. Kakau.

Handsome, a. Ataahua.

Handspike, s. Hua.

Hang, v. Tarona; tahere (E. C.). Hang up, v. n. Iri; tarewa; tarawa; tare; noi (W.); takeke; · tauraki (E. C.); tiari.

Hang up, v. a. Whata (E. C.);whakairi; whakahiweka (R.); whakanoi (W.); whakatare.

Hang down, v. Werewere; tawerewere.

- as the lip. Hauwere.

Hang loosely, v. Hangorungoru; Headland, s. Rae; kurae; tumu; tiepa (W.).

— as the hair. Tuheihei.

Happiness, s. Hari; koa.

Happy, a. Hari; koa.

Harangue, s. Whaikorero.

Harbour, s. Kokorutanga; tunga kaipuke.

Hard, a. Maro; pakeke; pakari; pakohea; papa; totoka; utonga.

Hard work, s. Whakarira.

Hardly, adv. Whakauaua.

Hardy, a. Maro.

Harm, s. Kino.

Harsh, a. Tata (W.); tuanui (W.). Harvest, s. Hauhakenga; kotinga. Hasten, v. Hohoro; ahiki (R.);

auraki.

Hasten! Eahua!

Hasty, a. Hohoro ; whawhai; porangi.

Hatchet, s. Patiti.

Hate, v. Kino; whakakino.

Hateful, v. Whakarihariha; whakarikarika; weriweri (E. C.).

Hatred, s. Mauahara.

Have, v. generally expressed by the possessive pronoun as,

He pukapuka tana; He has a book.

Haughty, a. Whakahihi; whakapehapeha; whakakake.

Haul, v. Toto; kukume.

Hauled on shore, v. Ea.

Hawk, s. Kahu; karearea; kaeaea (E. C.); kaiaia; kauaua.

He, pron. Ia.

Head, s. Upoko; matenga; mahunga; karu; angaanga; karaua (R.); ngoto; pane (W.); pareho; parihirihi; whakahipa (W.).

- back of. Hemihemi; kohamo; kopako (E. C.); murikokai.

- of a tree. Kauru; kouru (W.).

— of a ship. Ihu.

Headache, s. Anini; kotiuru; ngahoahoa (W.); ngaruru; pahoahoa.

matamata; torouka kumore; (E. C.).

Heal, v. Rongoa; whakamahu.

Healed, to be, v. Mahu; ora.

Health, s. Oranga; ora.

Heap, s. Puranga; whakapu; kauika; ahu; ahurewa (W.); haupu(W.); kawa; pehanga(W.); purawhetu; putunga; tahua (E.C.); taka (E. C.); tuahu; wharona (E. C.).

Heaps, to put in, v. Puranga; koputuputu; puhangaiti; pihangaiti; whakapihangaiti; pukai (E. C.); putu; tapui; tarahono; whakamoa; whakapapa.

Rongo; whakarongo. Hear, v.

indistinctly. Hakiri; muheahea; hirearea.

Hearken, v. Whakarongo.

Heart, s. Ngakau; hinengaro; mauri. | Hill, s. Puke; toropuke. — of a plant. Rito. — of a tree. Tarauho; tumoremore; uho. Heat, s. Werawera; pawera; pukaka; pokaka (E.C.); pumahu. — red. Miramira. Heated, a. Wera; kaka. Heated, to be, as an oven, v. Rerehu (E. C.); tore (E. C.). Heaven, s. Rangi. Heavy, a. Rorotu; taimaha; taumaha (E, C.); toimaha (W.). Heel, s. Rekereke; ngaengae (R.). Height, s. Ikeike; teitei; tiketike. Hell, s. Reinga. Helm, s. Urungi: urunga. Help, v. Awhina. Hem, s. Remu. Hen, s. Heihei. Hence, adv. Atu.

Henceforth, adv. Ake ake ake; akenei. Ia. Her, pron. pers.

Her, pron. poss. Tana; tona; ana; ona.

Hers, pron. poss. Nana; nona. Herb. s. Otaota.

Herd, s. Kahui; rahui (E. C.); ranga (E. C.); whakataka.

Here, adv. Konei; nei.

Hereafter, adv. Amua; amuri; anamata; houanga (W.).

Hereby, adv. Ma konei.

Hesitate, v. Ruarua; pohehe; pohewa; pokaku.

Hew, v. Hahau.

Hiccough, s. Tokohana; tokomauri; tokopuhake (W.).

Hide, v. Huna; kuhu; whakangaro; koropuku (E. C.); whakapeke; whakapuke.

Hide, s. Hiako; kiri.

High, a. Ikeike; tiketike; teitei; Horizon, s. rewa (E. C.); maiengi; morunga; Horse, s. Hoiho. motengi; poupou (E. C.); poutumaro (E, C).

High of the tide. Ki; tutuki; re- Hot, a. narena (E. C.).

Hilly, a. Pukepuke. Hillock, s. Pukepuke.

Him, pron. Ia.

for him. Mana: mona.

Hinder, v. Whakawara; whakawheru.

Hindermost thing, s. Hiku. Hip bone, s. Himu; humu.

His, pron. Tana; tona; ana; ona; nana; nona.

Hit, to be, v. Pa; tu.

Hither, adv. Mai.

Hitherto, adv. Ko konei; taea noatia tenei wa.

Ho! int. Ho!

Hoard, v Rongoa; tohu; kaiponu.

Hoarfrost, s. Huka; haupapa.

Hoarse, to be, v. Whango.

Hoe, s. Rakuraku; karaone.

Hoist, v. Huhuti.

Hold, v. Pupuri; pupuru (W.).

— in the arms. Okooko.

— up. Whakaari; whakahana (W.).

— to the fire. Turara.

— at one end. Mautarakini.

Hold! int. Iaua! Taua!

Hold of a ship, s. Riu. Hole, s. Poka; puta; korua; ko-

whao; koroputa. Hollow, s. Pokorua; hapua; pa-

konga; wharemoa.

Hollow out, v. Whakapokorua; whakakorua.

Hollow (to shout), v. Karanga.

Holy, a. Tapu. Home, s. Kainga.

Honour, s. Honore.

Hook, s. Matau.

Hoop, s. Korowhitiwhiti; mowhiti; pirori; tarawhiti (W.); whiti. Hop, v. Hiteki.

Hope, v. Tumanako.

Pae.

Host, s. Mano. See Multitude. Hostilities, s. Pakanga; whainga.

Wera; pawera; pakakinakina.

Hover, v. Whakatopa. House, s. Whare; wharepuni; koropu. — a small. Kopuha. — for potatoes, &c. Rua; hapoki; hopekiwi (W.); patengitengi; ruakoauau; ruatahuhu; wharerangi; pataka (W.). How, adv. Pehea; pea (R.). How many. Eai! erawe! (R.). Interrogatively, Ehia? tokohia? hokohia? (W.). How great! Ano! Howl, v. Tangi; ngawi. Humble, v. Whakaiti. Hundred, a. Rau.

Hunger, s. Hiakai; hemokai.

Hungry, a. Hiakai; hikoko; pikoko. Hunt, v. Whakangau. Hurricane, s. Tupuhi; marangai. Taruketanga (Ng.); Hurry, s. porangi. Hurry, to be in a, v. Porangi; whawhai (E. C.); takare (E. C.); kaika (E. C.); whakateteka; potatu (E. C.). Auraki; Hurry, to do in a, v. whawhai. Hurt, s. Tu. Husband, s. Tahu; tane. Hush! int. Kati; turituri; maniania. Husk, s. Kopaki. Hymn, s. Himene; waiata.

I.

I, pron. Au; ahau. Ice, s. Haupapa; hauhunga; huka (E. C.); hukapapa (E. C.). Idea, s. Tohu; whakaaro. Identical, a. Pu; tino. Idiot, s. Porangi; haurangi. Idle, a. Mangere. See Lazy. Idol, s. Whakapakoko. Ignorance, s. Kuaretanga. Ignorant, a. Kuare. If, conj. Me; mehemea; penei; kapatau; ki; ki te mea. Ill, a. Mate. See Sick. Illtreat, v. Tukino. Illustrious, a. Hau; ingoa nui. Image, s. Whakapakoko; ahua. Imitate, v. Whai; whakatau; tawhai (W.). Immediately, adv. Aianei; na tou (E. C.); inamata (W.). Impatient, a. Porangi; whawhai (E. C.). See Hurry. Impetuous, a. Taikaha. Importunate, a. Tene; tohe. Improve, v. Pai haere. In, prep. 1; kei; i roto i; kei roto i; i ro; kei ro. In comparison of, prep. 1. Inaccessible, a.

Incite, v. Whakahauhau; akiaki; tohe; whakapataritari. Inclination, s. Aro; aronui; pai. Increase, v. Oha; nui haere. Indeed, adv. Hoki. Indignation, mark of, int. Ha! Indefinite, a. Taurangi. Indentation, s. Kokorutanga; kokohutanga. Indistinct, a. (of sound). Hirearea; hakiri (E.C.); maheahea. Industrious, a. Mamahi; ahu whenua. Infant, s. Potiki; tamaiti. Infer, v. Whakaaro. Inferior in rank, a. Ware; kuare; paraparau. Mana. Influence, s. Influence, to give, v. Whaka-Influenza, s. Taiawa; tarutawhiti (E. C.).Informer (who bears the news of the approach of a war party), Autaua. Inhabit, v. Noho. Injure, v. Tukino; tunuhuruhuru. Kino; tukinotanga. Injury, s.

Ink, s. Mangumangu. Inland, adv. Ki uta. Inquire, v. Ui; patai; whakapatai ; pakiki. Insane, a. Porangi; haurangi. Insect, s. Ngarara. Insensible, a. Whakaaro-kore, Insert, v. Kokomo; whakauru; whakanoho. Inside, adv. Roto. Insipid, a. Hakore. Instead of, prep. Mo. Instruct, v. Ako; whakaako. Intercede, v. Inoi. Intercept, v. Kokoti; haukoti (W.). Intercessor, s. Kai inoi. Intercourse, s. Korero.

Intermix, v. Whakauru. See Mix. Interpret, v. Whakamaori. Interval, s. Takiwa. Interview, s. Kitenga. Intestines, s. Whekau. Into, prep. Ki roto ki; ki ro. Invent, v. Tene; tito; poka. Investigation, s. Whakawa. Inward, a. Roto; whakaroto. Iron, s. Rino; maitai. Irregular, a. Whakahipahipa (W.). Island, s. Motu; maheno. It, pron. Ia. Itch, s. Hakihaki; waihakihaki; harehare; tarakura. Itch, v. Rekareka; ngaoko; mangeo.

J.

Jabber, v. Hautete; korerorero. Jaded, a. Ngenge. Jail, s. Whare herehere. Jamb, s. Tuturu. Jar, v. Mania; tioro; wheoro. Jaw. s. Kauae. Jealous, to be, v. Tupato; hae; atea; owhiti (E.C.); puka (W.); Jeer, v. Tawai; taunu; whakatau; patai (Ng.). Jerk, v. Takiri. Tinihanga; hangarau; Jest, s. hangareka ; raureka ; whakanene. Jingle, v. Tatangi. Jog, v. Rutu. Join, v. Apiti; huihui; uru; haumi; karapiti; taparu (E. C.); tapiri; tuhono; tapuni.

whatui.
Joint, s. Pona.
Joist, s. Kurupae.
Joke, s. Hangarau; tinihanga.
See Jest.
Journey, s. Haere.

Join parts of a net. Tatai; tui;

Joy, s. Hari; koa.
Judge, v. Whakarite whakawa.
Judge, s. Kai whakarite whakawa.
Judgment, s. Whakawakanga.
Juice, s. Wai; tae.

Jump, v. Peke; tupeke (W.); mawhiti; mowhiti; mokowhiti; mahuta (R.W.).

out of the water. Auha; panau; whakapuhoru.
 Junction of tribes for hostile purposes, s. Haumi.

Just, a. Tika.

#### K.

Keel, s. Takere; tangere.
Keep, v. Pupuri; pupuru (W.).
Keep close, v. Pirihongo (W.).
— in the mind. Whakapuke.
Keepsake, s. Oha; manatunga.
Kick, v. Whana.

Kidney, s. Whatukuhu.
Kill, v. Patu; whakamate; tukituki.
Killed, to be, v. Maru.
Kind, a. Atamai; atawhai.
Kind, s. Tu.

Kindle, v. Tahu; tou. — a fire by rubbing sticks. Hika. Kindred, s. Whanaunga; huanga. King, s. Kingi. Kingdom, s. Rangatiratanga. Kiss, v. Mote; kihi. Kitchen, s. Kauta; kuhu; hereumu; kamuri. Kite, a toy, s. Manu. Knead, v. Pokepoke; popo. Turi. Knee, s. Knee-deep, a. To nga turi. Knee-joint, s. Turipona. Kneel, v. Koropiko; tuturi; tuturu. | Knuckle, s. Pona.

Knife, s. Maripi; mikara (E. C.); kota (R.). Knob, s. Puku. Knock, v. Patukituki; pakuku; pakuru; whakapakuku. Tukituki. — to pieces. Knot, on a tree, s. Mona. — in a string, &c. Pona. Know, v. Matau; mohio; hua. I know not; Aua; auake. (E. C.)Knowledge, s. Matauranga; mohiotanga.

L.

Labour, toil, s. Uaua. Labour pain, s. Whakamamae. Lace, v. Kotui. Lade, v. Koko; tikoko. Laden deeply, to be, v. Paruparu; toparuparu. Ladder, s. Arawhata. Ladle, v. Koko; tikoko. Lady, s. Wahine rangatira. Lag, v. Whakatorekereke. Lake, s. Roto; moana. Lame, a. Kopa; ugongengonge; turingongengonge; kopiri; haua (E. C.); waehaua. Lament, v. Aue. Lamp, s. Rama. Matia; kokiri; tao. Lance, s. See Spear. Land, s. Whenua; uta. Land, v. Tae ki uta; kawe ki uta. Landing-place, s. Tauranga. Landmark, s. Tio (Ngt.). Landslip, s. Horo. Landwind, s. Tawhenua. Language, s. Reo. Languid, a. Ngoikore; iwikore. Lard, s. Hinu poaka. Large, a. Nui; rahi; tetere (E, C.). - very. Whakaharahara. Lash, v. Whiu.

Lash (to fasten). Hohou; hotiki (E. c.). See Bind. Last thing, s. Te mea o muri; toenga. Last night. Inapo; nonapo. Last year. Tauhouanga (E. C.). Latch, s. Whakarawa. Late, to be, v. Po. Tomuri (E. C.); akuto Late, a. (W.).Lath, s. Kaho. Lather, s. Huka. Lava, s. Rangitoto. Laugh, v. Kata; ngingio; hohehohe (W.). Laugh, to cause to, v. Whakakata. Launch, v. Kokiri; to; uaki. Law, s. Ture. Lawful, a. Tika. Lav. v. Whakatakoto; waiho; panga. Lay crosswise, v. Whakapae. Lazy, a. Mangere; pakihore; rora; whakatamatama; inukorokoro (E. C.).Lead, s. Mata. Lead, v. Arahi; whakataki; arataki (E. C.). Leader, s. Kai arahi. Leaf, s. Rau; pakawha (W.). Leak, v. Tuturu; mama.

Lean, v. Hinga; tiraha; whanau; | Lie separate, v. Tauke (W.). taiuru; honga (W.). - against. Whakawhirinaki; wharara. Lean, a. Hauaitu; tupuhi; pakoko; hauarea; hawareware; hiroki; kohoi; panganga; tuoi; tokoroa. Peke; tupeke. Leap, v. Learn, v. Ako. Least, a. Iti rawa; nohinohi rawa. Leave, v. Whakarere. Leave off, v. Whakamutu. Left, to be, v. Mahue; waiho. Left-handed, a. Maui. Leg, s. Waewae; tatahau. Legend, s. Kauwhau. Leisure, s. Ateatanga. Lend, v. Tuku. Length, s. Roanga. Lengthen, v. Whakaroa; patete. Leprosy, s. Tuwhenua; mahaki. Less, a. Iti iho; nohinohi iho; momipu. Harahara; whakaiti. Lessen, v. Lest, conj. Kei. Let down, v. Tuku: whakahoro. Tuku. Let go, v. Letter, s. Pukapuka. Level, a. Tika tonu. Level, v. Tahoro. Liar, s. Tangata teka. Liberal, a. Atawhai; oha; atamai. Lick, v. Mitimiti. Lid, s. Taupoki; popoki. Lie, s. Horihori; parau; teka. Lie, v. Takoto; pae; kaike (W.); taika (E. C.); kauki (W.); noi (W.); rare (E. C.); taeki (E. C.); tawheta (E.C.); tete (E.C.); whakaika. Lie across, v. Rakapikipiki; tarapiki. Lie broadside, v. Pae; koronae. Lie about, v. Takotonoa.

tanewha(R.); tangita(R.).

Lie flat, v. Toropapa.

Lie still, v. Whakapahake. Lie in wait, v. Whanga. Life, s. Ora; oranga. Lifetime, s. Oranga. Lift up, v. Hapai; whakaara; paikeike; riaki (W.) (E. C.). Ligament, s. Uaua. Light, in weight, a. Mama. Light, s. Ao; marama. — Turama; rama. Light, to be, v. Ao; marama. Light. v. Toroherohe; turama; whakamarama. Light, as a bird, v. Lighten, v. Whakamama. Lightning, s. Uira. Like, v. Ahuareka; manaaki; manako; waireka. Like this, adv. Penei. Like that, adv. Pena; pera. Like manner, in, adv. Waihoki. Like, to be, v. Rite; ahukahuka (W.); ariaria (E. C.). Liked, to be, v. Paingia. Liken, v. Whakarite. Likeness, s. Ahua; ritenga; kahua. Likewise, adv. Hoki; waihoki. Lime, s. Kota. Limp, v. Totitoti. Line, or string, s. Aho; nape. Line, or row, s. Kapa. Linen, s. Rinena. Linger, v. Whakaroa. Lintel, s. Karupe. Lion, s. Raiona. Lip. s. Ngutu. Listen, v. Whakarongo. Listless, a. Ngoikore; iwikore; waikauere; waikorohuhu; kongehe; anewa (W.); toupiore (W.).Litter, s. Amo; kauhoa. Little, a. Nohinohi; iti; paku. See Small. Lie in a heap, v. Tihi; pehi (W.); Little while ago, adv. Inakuara; nonakuara. Live, v. Ora; noho.

Live coal, s. Konga; ahi.

Liver, s. Ate; whanewhane.

Lizard, s. Mokomoko; tuatara; ruatara (Ng.).

Load, s. Kawenga; pikau; pikaunga; wahanga.

Loathsome, a. Whakarihariha; whakarikarika: weriweri.

Lobster, s. Koura.

Lock of hair, s. Rinomakawe.

Locust, s. Tatarakihi; kihikihi (E.C.); whitiwhiti; mawhitiwhiti. Lodge, v. Noko.

Lofty, a. Teitei (W.); tiketike; ikeike.

Loin, s. Hope; tikihope.

Loiter. v. Whakaroa; whakananawe: tarioi.

Loll, v. Whakawhirinaki.

Lonely, a. Mokemoke; mehameha; ongeonge.

Long, a. Roa; hitawetawe; tapotu.

Long, in time, a. Huka; nahea; taro; wheau,

Long (of long standing), a. Taukiuki.

Long after, v. Awhitu; wawata; manawapa; manawapopore; okaka (E. C.).

Long time ago, adv. Inamata; nonamata.

Longlegs, s. Tokoroa.

Look. v. Titiro.

Look about, v. Matakitaki; tirotiro; kaeaea.

Look anxiously for, v. Matatau. Lungs, s. Pukapuka.

Look at, v. Toro (E. C.).

Look for, v. Rapu; kimi; rapa (E. C.); haha (W.); harau; auhaha; hahau.

ook sideways, v. Whakakiwi; titiro kotaĥa.

Looking glass, s. Whakaata.

Loose, to be, v. Korokoro; hangoro; hangorungoru; tangorongoro; taromanoa; tarure; titaka; kaewa (E.C.); tanganga. Loose, as earth, a. Pungorungoru. Loosen, v. Whakakorokoro.

Lop, v. Tope; kokoti. See Cut. Lord, s. Ariki; rangatira.

Lost, to be, v. Ngaro; matcha (R.).

Loud, a. Marama; tangi nui. Love, s. Aroha; koingo; konohi; manakanaka; matenui.

Louse, s. Kutu.

Low water, to be, v. Makau; pakoa; makoa(W.); pakihi(E.C.). Low, to be, v. Hakahaka; papaku. Low, through misfortune, to be, v. Waikauere; waikorohuhu.

Lower, adv. Ki raro iho.

Lucid, a. Marama.

Lucky, a. Waimarie. Lug, v. Huhuti; tauhutihuti.

Lukewarm, a. Puwera.

Lull, s. Marino. See Calm.

Lump of earth, s. Pokurukuru; keretu; kurupei; peipei; kerengeo (R.).

Lumpy, a. Kanokano.

### M.

Mackerel, s. Tawatawa; tewe- | Maize, s. Kaanga; kopakipaki. tewe (R.).

Mad, a. Haurangi; porangi; porewarewa.

Madman, s. Porangi; haurangi. Maggot, s. Kutukutu; iroiro; ketoketo (R.).

Magnify, v. Whakanui. Magnitude, s. Nui.

Maimed, a. Kero.

Mainland, s. Tuawhenua.

Make, v. Hanga; whaihanga (E.C.). Male, a. Tane; tourawhi; toa.

Malice, s. Mauahara.

Malicious, a. Mauahara; kawe

riri.

Man, s. Tangata.

Man, old, s. Kara; koroheke; ko- | Mediator, s. Takawaenga. roua (E. C.); hakoro (E. C.); karaua; purakau (R.). Man, young, s. Taitamariki. Manage, v. Whakarite. Mange, s. Waihakihaki. Manifest, a. Marama; kiteu. Mankind. s. Tangata. Manner, s. Ritenga; tu; tikanga. Manure, s. Wairakau. Many, a. Tini; maha; tokomaha; hia. Mark, v. Tohutohu. Mark, s. Tohu; waitohu (E. C.). Mark of a perserve or sacred spot, Rahui. Mark on the skin at the birth, Ira. Marrow, s. Hinu wheua. Marriage, s. Tangohanga (E. C.); marenatanga. Married woman, s. Maronui. Marry, v. Marena. Marshy, a. Tapokopoko; repo. Marvel, v. Miharo. See Wonder. Mashed, a. Hupenupenu; kohari; penupenu; tararo. Mast, s. Rewa; rakau. Mast of a canoe, s. Tiratu. Master, s. Rangatira. Takapau; Mast for the floor, s. tapau; wharariki; koaka (E.C.); tienga (E. C.). Me, pron. Ahau. - for me, Maku; moku; mahaku; mohoku. — by me. Maku; naku. — of me. Noku. Mealy, a. Mahunga; mangaro; mohungahunga; motuhanga. Mean, a. Tutua; ware. Tatai; mehua. Measure, s. Measure with extended arms, v. Whanga; whanganga; wharite; whatau; tatai. Meat, s. Kikokiko.

Meddle, s. Rahurahu; tangotango.

See Pull about.

Medicine, s. Rongoa. Meditate, v. Whakaaro. Meek, a. Mahaki. Meet, v. Tutaki; whakahei (E.C.); whakatau (Ng.). Meet in front, v. Haukoti (W.). Mellow, a. Ngawari; ngohengohe; taromanoa. Melt, v. Rewa. Membrane which covers the viscera, s. Whiwhi. Memory, s. Mahara. Mend, v. Hanga. Mention, v. Korero. Taua; aua. Mentioned before, a. Merciful, a. Tohu. Merry, a. Hari; koa. Mesh, s. Kanakana; mata; takekenga. Message, s. Kupu; korero. Messenger, s. Karere; kaikaiwaiu; purahorua (W.). Meteor, s. Kotiri; matakokiri. Middle, s. Waenganui; waengapu; waengarahi; waenga; pokapu; turotowaenga (W.-E. C.); turuawaenga. Midnight, s. Waenganuipo. Mild, a. Mahaki. Mildew, s. Hekaheka. Mile, s. Maero. Milk, s. Waiu. Mill, s. Mira. Mind, s. Ngakau; hinengaro. Mine, pron. Taku; toku; tahaku; tohoku; naku; noku. Miracle, s. Merekara. Miscarriage, s. Materoto; tahe; whakatahe. Mischievous, a. Nana; raukeke (W.); rahurahu (E. C.). Misery, s. Mate; pouri. Misgive, v. Manukanuka; awangawanga; korapa (W.). Mislead, v. Whakahe. Miss, v. Hemo; heke; pahemo. Mist, a. Kohu; au (E. C.); pukohu.

Misty, a. Anchu (W.); uwhango | Mother-in-law, s. Hungawai; hu-(W).

Mistake, s. He; poauau; pohehe; pohewa; pokaku; porahurahu; wairangi.

Mistake in speech, s. Pakewa. Mix, v. Pokepoke; nanu; whakananu; popo; ranu; konatunatu (E.C.); natu (E.C.); whakaranu; whakahanumi (E. C.).

Moan, v. Aurere; ngunguru.

Moat, s. Awakeri; awakari; awarua.

Mock. v. Tawai; taunu; whakatau; patai (Ng.).

Model, s. Pukenga (E. C.); tauira. Moderate, v. Mahaki.

Moderate, to be, v. Rikarika (W.).

Moist, to be, v. Maku; hauku (E. C.); haumaku (E. C.); hautaku (E. C.); koputoitoi; kuwaiwai; toi; towawahi (W.).

Moisten, v. Whakamakuku.

Moisture, s. Maku; hauku; hautaku.

Mole, s. Iraira.

Month, s. Marama.

Monument, s. Tohu.

Moon. s. Marama.

Moonlight, s. Atarau; atamarama.

Moor, s. Koraha.

Tetahi atu; nui atu; More, a. rahi atu.

Morning, s. Ata.

Morning star, s. Tawera.

Morrow, on the, adv. Apopo; auinake.

Wahi. Morsel, s.

Mortified, to be, v. Kikohunga.

Mosquito, s. Waeroa.

Moss on trees, s. Kohukohu; papapa.

Most, a. Te wahi nui.

Moth, s. Huhu; naonao; purehurehu; purehua (E. C.).

Mother, s. Matua wahine; whaea; koka (E.C.); whaerere.

narere (E. C.); hunarei (E. C.). Motion, s. Koninga; korikoringa; keukeunga.

Motive, s. Take; putake.

Move about, v. Keukeu; korikori; taka.

Move swiftly, v. Omaki. See Glide. Move towards, v. Ahu; koni; neke; nuku; onoi; paneke; whakanekeneke.

Move up and down, v. Piupiu. Move the lips, v. Komekome.

Mouldy, to be, v. Hekaheka; puru. Mound, s. Toropuke; pukepuke.

Mount, v. Eke.

Mountain, s. Maunga.

Mountainous, a. Maunga.

Mourn, v. Tangi; aue; taua.

Mourning, s. Taua; tangi.

Mouth, s. Mangai; waha; mawhera (R.).

Mouth, sides of, s. Pakiwaha (E.C.). Mouth of a river, s. Ngutuawa; kuaha; puaha; wahapu; kongutu. Much, a. Nui; rahi.

Mud, s. Paru; paruparu (E. C.);

Multiply, v. Whakanui; nui haere. Multitude, s. Maha; hira; mano; tini; hea.

Murder, s. Kohuru; whakapiko. Murder, v. Kohuru.

Murmur, v. Kowhetewhete; kohumuhumu. See Grumble.

Muscle, s. Kuku; purewha; kutae; ngupara.

Muscle, freshwater, s. Kakahi.

Mushroom, s. Harori.

Musket, s. Pu.

Must. Me, before the verb, as Me haere; You must go.

Mutter, v. Hameme; hamumu; komeme; hawata.

Muzzle, s. Waha; ngutu.

Muzzle, v. Whakamoka.

My, pron. Taku; toku; aku; oku.

### N.

Nail, s. Titi; whao. Naked, a. Kau; tahanga (W.); takahore. Name, s. Ingoa. Name, v. Hua; tapa. Namely, adv. Ara. Nap, s. Hungahunga. Narrow, a. Whaiti. Nation, s. Iwi; hapu; pu. Native, a. Maori; tupu. Natural, a. Maori. Navel, s. Pito. Nay, adv. Kahore. See Not. Neap tide, s. Taitai ririki. Near, a. Tala; tulata; talata; patata; pine; puputu. Necessary, a. Ka takoto te tikanga. Neck, s. Kaki. Neck, back of, s. Tuta; porokaki (E, C.); moua (E, C.).Ngira. Needle, s. Neglect, s. Whakaaro kore. Neglect, v. Whakarere. Neighbour, s. Hoa tata. Kahore.See Not. Neither, adv. Nephew, s. Iramutu; tapairu (W.). Nest, s. Owhanga; kowhanga. Ta. Net. v. Kupenga; kukuti; pukoro; tauwhatu; whakawhiu. - small handnet. Tata; tawiri; rohe (R.); kori; toere; toemi  $(\widetilde{W}.).$ Nettle, s. Ongaonga. Never, adv. Kahore rawa; kihai rawa. New, a. Hou. Newness, s. Kaimatatanga; hounga. News, s. Korero. See Near. Next, a. Tata. Nibble, v. Harangote; tongi. Nice, a. Reka. Nick, s. Hamamatanga; ngatata; ngawhatanga.

Niece, s. Iramutu; tapairu (W.). Night, s. Po; kengo (R.). Nimble, a. Hohoro; kakama. See Quick. Nine, a. Iwa. Nineteen, a. Tekau ma iwa. Ninety, a. Iwa tekau; hokoiwa (W,).Nip, v. Kikini; kuku; pakini. Nipple, s. U. Nit, s. Riha. No, adv. Kahore; kanape. Nod, v. Tungou; manana. Nod through drowsiness, v. newha. Noise, s. Turituri; maniania (E.C.); nganga; nge; ngengere; ngunguru; porearea (E. C.). Noise, to make, v. Tihoihoi; whakarengoa; haparangi (E. C.); hoihoi (W); nani (E.C.); turituri; maniania; nganga. Noise of steam in boiling, s. Hu; huhu. Nonsense, s. Hangareka; hangarau; tinihanga; raureka. Noose. s. Rore; tawhiti. See Snare. Nor, adv. Kahore. See Not. North, s. Nota. North-east wind, s. Pawhakarua. North-west wind, s. Hauatiu; kotiu; tuaraki; tupatiu. Nose, s. Ihu. Nostril, s. Pongaponga. Not, adv. Kahore; aua; ehara; kore; ehake; haunga; hore; hori (W.); kaua; kauaka; kanape (E. C.); kei; kiano; kihai; te. Notch, v. Teno; tokari; whakakarikari. Kahore kau he mea. Nothing, s. Notwithstanding, conj. Ahakoa. Novice, s. Ihupuku. Aianei; inaianei; na Now, adv. tou.

Nuisance, s. Nanakia; taitahae; | ngerongero; tini whaioio. autaia (E. C.); whanoke (E. C.). Number, s. Hira (W.); tokoma- Nurse, v. hatanga.

Numerous, s. Hira (W.); tini

Many.

Hiki; tapuhi (E. C.). Nurse, s. Kaihiki.

0.

0, vocative, int. E.

Oar, s. Hoe.

Obey, v. Rongo.

Object, v. Whakakahore; whakakorekore.

Observe, v. Titiro; matakitaki. Obsidian, s. Tuhua.

Obstacle, s. Taunahua; arai; tauarai.

Obstinate, a. Turi; tutu; whakakeke; taumaro; papamaro(E.C.); hoi; keke; motohe (E. C.); pake; raweke.

Obstruction, s. Arai; pa; taupa. See Block up.

Obstruction in the eye, s. Pura. Obtain, v. Whiwhi.

Occasion, s. Wa.

Occupation, s. Whakataute.

Occupy, v. Noho.

Ocean, s. Moana.

Ochre, s. Kokowai; tareha; karamea; horua.

Odd number, s. Hara; koha; punga.

Odour, s. Kakara; haunga.

Of, (belonging to), prep. A; o; na; no.

Offence, s. Hara; kino; he.

Offend, v. Hara; he; tunuhuru-

Offensive, to be, v. Anuanu.

Offering to a deity, s. Tiri; whakahere.

Office, s. Mahi.

Offspring, s. Uri; whanau; momo; momohanga.

Often, adv. Auau.

Oh, int. 0.

Oil, s. Hinu.

Ointment, s. Hinu.

Old, a. Tawhito; tuarangi.

Omen, s. Aitua; tohu.

Omit, v. Kape.

Omnipotent, a. Kaha rawa.

On, prep. Ki runga i.

Once, adv. Tuatahi.

One, a. Tahi; ngatahure (R.).

Only, adv. Anake; anahe; kau. Onwards, adv. Ake; atu.

Ooze, v. Toto; pati.

Open, a. Hamama; puare; tuwhera; kowhera; matatawha (W.); pirara; piwatawata; porara; puataata; purara; puwatawata; tawhera; tiwhaki.

Open, v. Whakapuare; whakatuwhera; uaki.

Opening, s. Putanga; tomokanga. See Entrance.

Ophthalmia, s. Papahewa; toretore (W.).

Opinion, s. Whakaaro.

Opportunity, s. Wa.

Oppose, v. Whawhai; arai.

Opposite, to be, v. Anganui mai; hangai.

Opposite side, s. Tawahi; tarawahi.

Opposite side, on the, adv. Oppress, v. Whakawhiu; whaka-

Or, (answering to whether), conj. Ranei; ahakoa; raina (E. C.).

Oration, s. Korero; taki; whaikorero.

Kai korero. Orator, s.

Whakarite. Ordain, v.

Order, v. Patukituki (W.); unga; tono; tapa.

Order, to put in, v. Whakapai. Origin, s. Timatanga.

Ornament for the neck, s. Hei; Overlook, v. Tirotiro. heitiki. Ornamental, a. Whakapaipai. Orphan, s. Pani. Other, pron. Tera; tetahi. Otherwise, adv. Penei. Oven, s. Hangi; umu; hapi; hopi (R.); karahu; kohua (W.); konao (W.); kopa (R.); kori (W.); tapi; okeoke (E. C.); tarahu; topipi. Over, prep. Ki runga i. Overcome, to be, v. Mate; taea. Overdone, a. Harotu. Overflow, v. Huri; pukea; torena; purena. Overgrown, a. Hururua; muhu. Overhang, v. Tauwharewhare. Overhanging, a. Peru.Overload, v. Whakawhiu (E.C.-W.); Ox, s. Okiha. whakatina (E. C.).

Overtaken, a. Rokohanga; rokohina. Overthrow, v. Huri; hua; porohuri; tupoporo. Ought, v. Me; ka takoto te tikango. Our, pron. To tatou; ta tatou; to matou; ta matou. Ourselves, pron. Tatou; matou. Out, adv. Waho. Outermost, a. Waho rawa. Outside, the, s. Waho. Outward, adv. Ki waho. Owl, s. Koukou; ruru. Own, a. Ake; as, taku ake, my Tangata nona te mea. Owner, s.

Oyster, s. Tio; ngakihi (W.).

Ρ.

Pack up, v. Takai; kohi. Parent, s. Matua. Packet, s. Takai. Pad, s. Whakapuru; paretua. Pad, v. Matata; whakapuru. Paddle, s. Hoe; hirau (W.-R.). Page, s. Wharangi. Pain, s. Mamae. Pain, to be in, v. Mamae. Paint, v. Pani. Pair, s. Topu; purua (E. C.). Palatable, a. Reka. Palate, s. Ngao; pikiarero. Pale, a. Ma; kotea. Paling, s. Whana (E.C.); ka-| Pass over, (omit), v. Kape. wawa; wawa. Palm of the hand, s. Paro. Pant, v. Mapu; tare; puka; kiha; hutare (W.); whakaaeaea; whakahotuhotu. Pap, s. U. Papa, s. Papa; matua. Paper, s. Pukapuka. Papillæ on the skin, s. huahua. Parch, v. Tunu. Pare, v. Tihore.

Parrot, s. Kaka; kakariki (E. C. \_W.); powhaitere. Part, s. Wahi; etahi; ehinu. Partly, adv. Ko tetahi wahi. Partner, s. Hoa; makau (W.). Party, s. Ope; pahi. See Company. Pass by, v. Pahure; hori (E.C.); taka; pahemo (W.); pahika (E.C. -R.); tahapa (E. C.). Pass near, v. Wani; miri; hohoni (Ng.); konihi (W.). — to be passed over. Hapa; ngere. Pass over, (cross), v. Whiti. Pass through, v. Puta. Passage, s. Ara; huarahi. Past, to be, v. Mahue; pahure; pahemo; hori. Pat, v. Pakipaki; popo. Tara; | Patch, s. Papaki; tapiri; tapi; hoi. Patch, v. Papaki; tapi. Path, s. Ara; huarahi; huanui.

Patient, a. Manawanui.

Tauira; ritenga; pu-Pattern, s. kenga.

Pause, v. Okioki.

Pay, v. Whakaea; utu.

Payment, s. Utu.

Peace, to make, v. Hohou i te | Pest, s. Nanakia; autaia (E. C.); rongo.

Peaceful, a. Rangatira; rangi- | Pestilence, s. Mate uruta. marie; marie.

Peacemaker, s. Kai hohou rongo; takawaenga.

Pebble, s. Kirikiri; kohatu.

Timo. Peck, v.

Pedigree, s. Tahu; kawai; kawei.

Peel, s. Kiri; hiako; tangai; tapeha; peha (W.).

Peel, v. Tihore; horehore; paopao; pangunungunu.

Peeled, to be, v. Mahore; mahihore; titupu; whakatako.

Peep, v. Tirotiro; matakitaki.

Peg, s. Poupou; tia; tirau.

Pelt, v. Epa.

Penetrate, v. Aurara.

People, s. Hunga; tangata.

Perceive, v. Kite.

You may perceive; mau koe; or maori koe.

Perch, s. Taunga.

Perfect, a. Tika; rite tonu.

Perform. v. Mahi.

Perhaps, adv. Pea.

Perish, v. Mate.

Permanent, a. Tuturu; tupu; taketake; pumau; tumau; whai.

Permit. v. Tuku.

Perpendicular, a. Tu tonu.

Perplexity, s. Raru; kuraruraru; pokeka; ponana; whakatuatea; pohehe.

Persecute, v. Whakatoi.

Persevere, v. Tohe.

Person, s. Koro; tahae (W.—E.C.); tahake (E. C.).

Person employed in anything, s. Kai.

Perspiration, s. Kakawa; tota; tokakawa.

Persuade, v. Whakawai. See Beguile.

Perverse, a. Tutu.

Pervert, v. Whakariro.

taitahae.

Pet. s. Puhi.

Phlegm, s. Mare.

Physic, s. Rongoa.

Pick, v. Hikohiko.

Pick out, v. Whiriwhiri; kape; tikaro; hikaro; kowhitiwhiti; komiri; kowae.

Piece, s. Wahi.

Piece, v. Honohono; tuhonohono.

Pierce, v. Wero.

Pierced through, a. Ngangengange noa.

Pig, s. Poaka; kuhukuhu.

Pigeon, s. Kukupa; kereru; kuku.

Pigsty, s. Pataka; raihi.

Pile up, v. Puranga. See Heap.

Pillow, s. Urunga.

Pilot, s. Kai urungi. Pimple, s. Huahua; kiritona.

Pimples, to be covered with, v. Papata; para.

Pin, s. Pine.

Pincers, s. Kuku.

Pinch, v. Pakini; kikini.

Pit, s. Rua; pokorua; korotangi; kopiha; korua.

Pit of the stomach, s. Waha o te ate.

Ware. Pitch, s.

Aroha. Pity, s.

Pity, v. Aroha.

Place, s. Wahi.

Place of departed spirits, s. Po; reinga.

Place, v. Panga; waiho; whakanoho; whakatakoto; whakatu; whiu.

Place before, v. Tapae.

Place one upon another, v. Whakapapa; whakapipi.

Plain, s. Mania; raorao; parae; | Porpoise, s. Tupoupou; hopuhopu; tahora; papatahi; reoreo (R.).

Plait, v. Raranga; whiri.

Plan, s. Tatai; tikanga.

Plank, s. Papa.

Plant, v. Whakato; ko; tiri; pokapoka; koiri (E. C.); pirori (E. C.); ono (E. C.).

Planting time, s. Koanga.

Play, v. Takaro; whakanene; kapa.

Plaything, s. Pataritari; mea takaro.

Pleasant, a. Ahuareka; ataahua; purotu ; reka.

Pleased, to be, v. Pai; ahuareka; maha (E. C.).

Plentiful, a. Maha; tini. See Abundance.

Plenty. Maha; tini. See Abundance.

Pliable, a. Ngohengohe (E. C.); ngorenoa; ngorengore.

Pluck, v. Whawhaki; kowhaki; kato; auru; kopepe.

Plug, s. Puru.

Plug, v. Puru; mono.

Plunder, v. Muru; murei; hone; ngau; pahua; roromi; takahi; tukuku.

Pocket, s. Putea.

Point, s. Keokeonga; koinga; mata; tongi.

Point, on the, adv. Whano. Point out, v. Whakaatu.

Pointed, a. Keokeo; popo.

Toko. Pole, s.

Pole on which a weight is carried, s. Tauteka (E. C.).

Polish, v. Whakakanapa.

Pollen, s. Para.

Pond, s. Hopua; kopiha; harotoroto (E. C.).

Pool, s. Hopua; kopiha.

Poor, a. Rawa-kore.

Porch, s. Whakamahau. See Verandah.

Pork, s. Poaka.

waiaua; upokohue.

Porter, s. Kai amo; kai pikau.

Portion, s. Wahi.

Position, s. Turanga; takotoranga.

Possess, v. Whai; whiwhi.

Possess power or influence, v. Manamana.

Taea; ahei. Possible, a.

Post, s. Pou; turupou.

Post, middle, of houses, s. Poutokomanawa.

Pother, s. Pongere.

Potato, s. Kapana; parareka; riwai; hiwai; taiawa.

Pound, v. Paoi.

Pour, v. Riringi; tahoro (E.C.); whakangita (W.).

Pout, v. Taperu.

Powder, v. Whakanehu.

Power, s. Mana; kaha; maru. Praise, v. Whakapai; moemiti.

Pray, v. Inoi.

Prayer, s. Inoi.

Preach, v. Kauwhau.

Precious, a. Utu nui; matahiapo.

Precipice, s. Pari.

Precise, a. Pu; tino.

Pregnant, to be, v. Hapu; ahua;

Premature, a. Kokoti.

Preparation, s. Takanga.

Prepare, v. Taka; takatu; tumatohi (W.).

Present, s. Hakari.

Present in return, s. Pehipehi; whaka (E. C.). .

Present time, up to, adv. Mohoa noa nei; moroki noa nei.

Present, v. Tapae.

Presently, adv. Akuenei; taihoa; takaro; kia toka.

Preserve, v. Rahui; rongoa; tohu.

Press, v. Pehi; tatami.

Press to do anything, v. Toke; kakari (E. C.); akiaki.

Pressure, s. Pehanga; taminga.

Pretty, a. Ataahua.

Prevent, v. Arai; taupa. Prey, s. Parakete; parurenga. Price, s. Utu. Prick, v. Oka. Prickly, to be, v. Ongaonga; koikoi; taratara. Pride, s. Whakapehapeha. Priest, s. Ariki; tohunga. Print, v. Ta. Printer, s. Kai ta. Prison, s. Whare herehere. Proceed, v. Haere. See Go. Productions of the earth, s. Mau. Profess, v. Korero. Projection, s. Ngao; puku. Promise, s. Kupu whakaari. Promontory, s. Rae; kurae; tumu. See Headland. Proof, s, Tohu; whakaponotanga. Tokomanga; ueha. Prop, s. Proper, a. Tika. Property, s. Hanga; taonga; rawa; taputapu; ngerengere. Prophet, s. Poropiti. Propitiate, v. Whakaporepore. Prosy, to be. Amiki; autaki (W.). Protect, v. Tiaki. Protection, s. Tiakanga. Proud, a. Whakapehapeha; whakahihi; whakakake. Prove, v. Whakapono. Proverb, s. Whakatauki. Provisions, s. Kai; o; powhiriwhiri. Provoke, v. Whakapataritari. Prow, s. Ihu. Prudent, a. Whakaaro. Prune, v. Kokoti. Psalm. s. Waiata. Pshaw, int. Hi. Publican, s. Pupirikana.

Public, a. Nui.

Publish, v. Korero nui.

Pull, v. Kukume. Pull about, v. Rahurahu; tangotango; makitaunu; raukeke. Pull the hair, v. Tauhutihuti; huhuti. Pull up, v. Huhuti; karikari; kowhiti; nape; ranga. Pull a trigger, v. Keu. Pull towards, as with a stick, v. Rou; tirou. Pulled off, to be, v. Maunu. Pumice, s. Pungapunga; tahoata (E. C.).Pungency, s. Tawau; tangeo. Pupil of the eye, s. Whatu; karupango. Purchase, v. Hoko. Pure, a. Ma; purotu (E. C.); toari (R.); piata. Purify, v. Whakama; mea kia ma. Purple, a. Papura. Purpose, v. Whakaaro; korou; mea; ki. Purpose, to no, adv. Maumau; noa; kahurangi. Pus, s. Pirau. Push, s. Reke. Push, v. Turaki; kopere. Put, v. Maka. See Place. Put forth, v. Unu. Put in, v. Kokomo; whawhao. Put on board a ship or canoe, v. Put out (extinguish), v. Put out, as the tongue, v. Whatero; whetero. Put together, v. Tungutungutu; tutakitaki (E. C.); ungutungutu (W.); whakawhaiti (E. C.). Putrid, a. Pirau; i; pihonga; meto. Putrify, v. Kikohunga.

Q.

Quack, v. Keke.

Quadruped, v. Kararehe.

Quake, v. Wiri; hungoingoi; huoioi.

Quantity, s. Maha; nui.

Quarrel, s. Whawhai; pakanga;

whainga; wheinga.

Whawhai; talau; Quarrel. v. ngangare; kakari; kaikiri; pakani; totohe; whakanehenehe; whakanene; whakanihoniho (E.C.); wekiki (W.).

Queen, s. Kuini.

Quench, v. Tinei.

Question, v. Ui; patai; pakiki. Quick, to be, v. Awe; hohoro; kakama; hauhau; hihiko (W.);

kapekapetau; kautangatanga (W.); nahau; ngahau; ngawari; pekepeke; tatanga; toitoi; tuhaua; whakamaroro; whawhai (E. C.); hihiri.

Quicken, v. Whakahohoro; whakangawari; whawhai; whakahauhau.

Quickly, adv. Inamata (W.); ina-

Quicksand, s. Powharuwharu.

Quiet, a. Marie; rangatira; rangimarie; ahua maimarie; wahangu; hangu; mahaki; whe; rarata.

Quiet, v. Whakamarie: whakararata.

Quietly, adv. Marie; maika (E.C.). Quill, s. Hokai.

Quite, adv. Ata; rawa; tonu; tou (E. C.); tino; hangehange; ke; kita (E. C.); noa atu.

R.

Radius of the arm, s. Apiti.

Raft, s. Kahupapa.

Rafter, s. Heke; nehe  $(R_i)$ .

Rag, s. Pakaru kakahu.

Rage, s. Riri; aritarita; nanau (E. C.); whakananau (E. C.).

Rail of a fence, s. Tangotango; huahua (W.); kaho.

Rain, s. Ua; awha (E. C.).

Rainbow, s. Aniwaniwa; kahukura; ouenuku (E. C.).

Raise, v. Hapai; whakaara; paikeike; riaki (W.-E. C.).

Raise by a lever, v. Hua.

Raised, to be, v. Whakaikeike; whakamaiengi; whakatairanga; rangai; mahua.

Rake, s. Rakuraku.

Rank, s. Rangatiratanga.

Ransom, s. Utu.

Rap, v. Whiu; kuru; papaki.

Rash, a. Hikaka.

Race (watercourse), s. Maero (w.). | Rat, s. Kiore; maungarua; inamoki; riroi.

Rather, adv. Engari; erangi.

Rattle, v. Tatangi.

Haurangi; porangi; Rave, v. hawata.

Ravel. v. Whiwhi.

Raw, a. Mata; torouka; kaimata; putoto; whakarae; tonganga.

- raw, as inside of the mouth. Komaoa.

Ray, s. Hihi; toko.

Razor, s. Heu; rama (W.).

Reach, v. Tupono; tae.

Reach to the bottom. v. Tatu.

Reach, to be out of, v. Aweawe.

Read, v. Korero pukapuka. Ready, to be, v. Takatu.

Reap, v. Kokoti.

Whakatupu. Rear, v.

Reason, s. Take; putake.

Receive, v. Tango.

Reckon, v. Tatau. Recollect, v. Mahara. Recollection, s. Mahara. Recovered from sickness, to be, Remark, s. Ora. Recovered (got back), a. Riro Red, a. Whero; kura; makurakura; paka; pakaka; ngangana (W.); pakurakura (E. C.); to- Bemorse, s. whero. Red ochre, s. Kokowai; tareha; horu (E.C.); takou. Redeem, v. Hoko. Redeemer, s. Kai hoko. Reed, s. Kakaho. Reel, s. Hukeke. See Stagger. Refresh. v. Whakahouhou. Refreshing, a. Hauhau; houhou. See Cool. Refuge, s. Omanga; piringa. Refuse, v. Paopao; whakananau; whakapouru. See Reject. Regiment, s. Hapu hoia. Regret, v. Manawapa; awhitu. Reign, v. Kingi. Reject, v. Whakarere; whakakino; whakaahu (E. C.); whakahoe; whakaparahako. Rejoice, v. Hari; koa; whakamanamana. Relation, s. Whanaunga; huanga. Relation by marriage, s. Kaireperepe (W.); pakuwha (E. C.); tapakuwha (E. C.). Relax, v. Whakakorokoro; tukutuku. Release, v. Tuku kia haere. Relic, s. Oha. Relief, s. Whakangawaritanga. Religion, s. Karakia. Relish, v. Reka; as, Ka reka ki a au taku kai; I relish my food. Reluctant, a. Whakakumu; e kore

Remain, v.

Toe.

toenga. Kupu; korero. Remedy, s. Rongoa. Remember, v. Muhara. Remind, v. Whakamahara. Remnant of an army or tribe, s. Morehu; toenga. Remove, v. Haere; heke; what. Rent, to be, v. Motu; pakaru; pakohu. Repair, v. Hanga. Repeat, v. Whakahua; paparua; whanga. Repent, v. Ripeneta. Replace, v. Whakahoki. Reply, v. Whakahoki kupu. Report, to make, v. Papa. Reproach, v. Tawai; taunu. Reprove, v. Riri. Reptile, s. Ngarara. Request, v. Ui; inoi. Resemble, v. Ahuahua; ariaria (E. C.).Resemblance, s. Ahua; kahua; ritenga. Reserve, v. Waiho; tohu; rongoa. Residence, s. Kainga; whare; pouakakiwa. Resin, s. Kapia; ware. Resinous wood, s. Kapara. Resist. v. Whawhai; riri. Resolute, a. Maro; uaua. Respect, s. Koha; whakaaro. Respect, v. Manaaki; whakaaro ki. Respire, v. Ta te manawa. Rest, v. Okioki. Rest upon, v. Tatao; okioki; tau. Resting-place, s. Taumata; okiokinga. Restless, a. Okeoke; tahurihuri; ohooho. Rely, v. Okioki; whakawhirinaki. Restore, v. Whakahoki. Restrain, v. Pupuri; pehi; korc-Remain (stay in a place), v. Noho. pehu. Remainder, s. Hau; koha; toenga. Retire, v. Hoki.

Remains of food, s. Maanga;

Reveal, v. Whakakite; whakapuaki; whaki. Revenge, v. Ngaki; takitaki; rapu utu. Revenge, s. Utu; rapunga utu. Reverence, s. Hopohopo. Revile, v. Taunu; tawai; patai. Reward, s. Utu. Rib, s. Rara; taiki. Rich, a. Momona; whai taonga. Riddle, s. Kai. See Sieve. Ridge, s. Kaweka; hiwi (E. C.); kahiwi (E. C.); tuatua (E. C.); tau; taukaka (E. C.). Ridgepole, s. Tahu (E. C.); tahuhu. Ridicule, s. Taunu; tawai. Right, a. Tika; totika (E. C.). Rigidity of the hair, s. Puhihihihi. Righteous, a. Tika. Right hand, s. Matau: katau (E. C.).Rim, s. Ngutu. Rind, s. Hiako; kiri; tangai. Ring, s. Kapa; porowhita; mowhiti. Ringworm, s. Muna; patito. Ripe, a. Maoa; pe. Ripple, s. Kare. Rise up, v. Ara; maranga; matika; whakatika; tutu; maea; puea; whakatairangaranga. River, s. Awa. Road, s. Ara; huarahi; huanui. Roar, v. Rara; tangi. Roast, v. Tunu; rangirangi; pa $rahunuhunu(R_{\cdot}); parangunu(R_{\cdot}).$ Rob, v. Tahae; whanako; kaia; keia. Rock, s. Kowhatu; kamaka; toka; Rod, s. Whiu.

Roe of a fish, s. Hakari.

Roll along, v. Pirori.

Roof, s. Tuanui.

Roll, v. Hurihuri; kopiupiu.

Return, v. Hoki; whakahoki.

Roof of the mouth, s. Pikiarero; ngao. Roof, v. Tapatu; ato. Room, s. Takiwa; wa; wahi. Root, s. Putake; take; pakiaka; paiaka (E. C.); weri. Roots, fibrous. Akaaka. Root, v. Ketu. Root up, v. Huhuti; unu. Rope, s. Whakaheke; taura; rahiri; kaha; hutihuti (R,-W.). Ropy, to be, v. Tataki. Rotten, a. Pirau; koko; kurupopo; manumanu (W.). Rotten wood, s. Pukorukoru. Rough, a. Ongaonga; taratara. Rough, as the sea, a. Ngarungaru. Round, a. Porotaka; potakataka. Round about, ad. Awhiowhio; autaki (W.); takaawhe (E. C.); taiawhio (W.). Row, s. Kapa; rarangi. Row, v. Hoe. Rub, v. Miri; mukumuku; kanikani; ukui. Rubbish, s. Otaota; kapurangi. Rudder, s. Urungi; urunga. Rule, s. Tikanga; totika. Rumbling noise, s. Haruru; ngunguru; koko (E.C.); whakarurunga. Run, v. Rere; oma; takawhaki; turere; karehe (R.). Run away, v. Tahuti (w.); tawhiti (E. C.). Run off to a point, v. Hoiki. Run over, v. Huri; pukea; torena; purena. Run through, v. Komama. Runner, s. Kawe; kawai (E.C.); kawei (W.). Rupture, s. Whaturama. Rush, v. Amo; huaki; ranga; rangatahi; whakaeke; pahihi. Rush, a plant, s. Wiwi. Rust, s. Waikura; parariki. Rustle, v. Ngahehe.

S.

Sabbath, s. Hapati; ra tapu. Sack. s. Peke. Sacrament, s. Hakarameta. Sacred, a. Tapu; rahui. Sacrifice, s. Whakahere; patunga tapu. Pouri. Sad, a. Saddle, s. Nohoanga hoiho. Safe, to be, v. Ora.Safety. Ora; oranga. Sail, s. Ra: komaru; mamaru; whakawhiti (R.). Sail. v. Rere. Sail together, v. Kariri. Sail about, v. W hakateretere. Sail close to the wind, v. Ngo-Sailor, s. Kai whakatere kaipuke. Saint, s. Tangata tapu. Sale, s. Hoko. Saliva, s. Hauare; haware; huare (E. C.).Salt, s. Tote. Salt, a. Mataitai. Tui; wai tai. Salt water, s. Salute, v. Hongi; tangi; oha. Salvation, s. Oranga. Same, a. Taua. Sanctify, v. Whakatapu. Sand, s. Onepu. Sandal, s. Parekereke. Sandbank, s. Tahuna. Sandfly, s. Namu. Sap, s. Wai. Sapling, s. Mahuri. Satan, s. Hatana. Satisfaction, s. Utu; manawareka. Satisfied, to be, v. Iro; manaworeka; maha (E. C.); na; ngata; tatu; whakana. Saturday, s. Hatarei. Kinaki. Sauce, s. Saucy, a. Tulu. Save, v. Whakaora; whakarau-

ora.

Saved with difficulty, a. Oranoa; orapito; oraiti. Saviour, s. Kai whakaora. Savour, s. Kakara; ha; reka. Saw, s. Kani. Sawdust. s. Ota; para. Sawpit, s. Wahapu kani rakau. Sawyer, s. Kai kani. Say, v. Korero; ki; mea. Speak. Saying, s. Whakatauki; kupu; korero. Scabbed, to be, v. Tongako. Scald, s. Wera. Scald a pig, v. Hunuhunu. Scalded, to be, v. Wera. Scale, s. Inoki; unahi. Scapula, s. Papaahuahua. Scar, s. Nawe; nawenga. Scarce, to be, v. Onge; moti (W.-E. C.).Scarcity, s. Onge; moti. Scare, v. Whakahaehae; whakawehi. Whakahaehae. Scarecrow. v. Scarify, v. Haehae. Whero. Scarlet, a. Titaritari; tiranga-Scatter, v. ranga; tirangorango; hahu; tihahuhahu; whakakorakora; rui; whakamarara. Scattered, to be, v. Maheu; paoarikiriki (E. C.). Scent, to emit, v. Kakara; tiare (W.); haunga. Schism, s. Wehewehenga. Scholar, s. Akonga. School, s. Kura. Science, s. Matauranga; mohiotanga. Scissors, s. Kutikuti. Scoff, v. Taunu; tawai; whakatau; patai (Ng.). Scold, v. Riri; whakangutungutu (W.); whaurau (W.). Tikaro; koko. Scoop, v.

Scorch, v. Rangirangi. Scour. v. Horoi. Scrap, s. Toenga; tapahanga; motukanga. Scrape, v. Rakuraku; wharowharo; tahitahi (W.); tiwari; waniwani (W.); waruwaru; pakeke. Scrape out, v. Ope. Scrape along the surface, v. Harakuku. Scrape flax, v. Haro; hakuku; takiri (E. C.). Scratch, v. Natu; rakuraku. Scream, v. Tangi. Screen, s. Hoka; hua (W.); pahoka (W.); rianga. Screen, v. Arai; pa; whakamarumaru; whakaruru; ri; rohi (W.).Scribe, s. Kai tuhituhi. Scrofula, s. Puku; pukaki; mahaki. Scrub, v. Horoi; ukuikui. Sculk, v. Piri. Sea, s. Moana; tai. Sea-beach, s. Tahuna; takutai. Sea-breeze, s. Muritai; whakarua (E. C.). Sea coast, s. Tatahi; takutai (E.C.); taipu. Sea urchin, s. Kina. Seal, s. Kekeno. Seam, s. Tuinga. Search for, v. Rapu: haha. See Seek. Season, s. Wa; po. Seat, s. Nohoanga. Seat in a boat, s. Taumanu. Seaweed, s. Rimu. Second, a. Rua; tuarua. Secret, a. Ngaro; puku; toropuku. Secretly, ad. Puku. Secretion from the nose, s. Hupe; kea (E.C.). Sediment, s. Para. See, v. Kite. Seed, s. Purapura; huri; kakano; Shake, v. Ngaueue; oioi; rurekopura.

Seek, v. Rapu; kimi; rapa; haku; haha (W.); auhaha; harau. Seemeth, it, v. Ngia; tinga. Seer. s. Matakite. Seine, s. Kupenga. Hopu; kapo. Seize, v. Select, v. Whiriwhiri. See Pick out. Sell. v. Hoko. Send, v. Tono; ngare; unga. Sense, s. Whakaaro. Sentence, s. Kupu. Separate, v. Wehewehe; momotu; mawehe; kowae (W.). Separated, to be, v. Motuhake (W.).Separate contending parties, v. Wawao. Separate, to be, v. Tatahi; takitahi. September, s. Hepetema. Sermon, s. Kauwhau. Serpent. s. Nakahi; neke. Servant, s. Pononga; rahi; tumau (E. C.-W.). Serve, v. Whakarato. Served, to be, v. Rato; tu. Served, not, a. Hapa; ngere. Service, s. Mahi. Set, v. Toene; torengi; toremi. Set on fire, v. Tahutahu; tutu. Settle, v. Tatu; heke; taunga. Seven, a. Whitu. Seventeen, a. Tekau ma whitu. Seventy, a. Whitu tekau; hokowhitu (W.). Sever. v. Momotu: wehewehe: toritori; wawae. Severed, a. Motu; tokari. Sew, v. Tuitui. Shade, v. Whakaruru; whakamarumaru. Shaded, a. Tumaru; taumaru; paruru (W.); pururu (Ng.); marumaru. Shadow, s. Ata; atarangi; wairua.

rure; ngarue (E. C.); ngateri

kori; whakangarue; whakangaueue; whakaoioi.

Shake off, v. Whakangahoro. Shake in the wind, v. Kopekope;

tareparepa.

Shake, as a garment, v. Ruperupe (W.).

Shake, as the ground, v. Ngaere; ngapu.

Shake, as a line by fish, v. To-

Shake up, as liquid, v. Whakakarekare.

Shallow, a. Pakupaku; papaku; koraha; tahuna (E. C.).

Sham, a. Hangareka; hangarau; maminga. See Deceitful.

Sham, s. Hangarau; hianga; raureka; maminga.

Whakama; ngaringa-Shame, s. ria (W.).

Shape, s. Ahua.

Wahi. Share, s.

Shark, s. Mango.

Koi; tiotio; aneane; Sharp, a. ngangahu; pirata.

Sharpen, v. Oro; whakakoi.

Shave, v. Heu; waru.

She, pron. Ia.

Sheaf, s. Pupu; kakati; paiere.

Shear, v. Kokoti; waru.

Shed, s. Wharau.

Sheep, s. Hipi.

Hiti. Sheet. s.

Sheet of a sail, s. Kotokoto; waha.

Shell, s. Pupu; kota.

Shell, v. Kowha.

Shellfish, s. Pupu; kota.

Sheltered, a. Marumaru; ruru. See Shaded.

Shepherd, s. Hepara.

Shield, s. Puapua.

Kanapa; tiaho; whiti; Shine, v. titi; ura; hahana; kanapu (W.); towawahi (W.).

Shingle (for roofing), s. Toetoe. Ship, s. Kaipuke.

(W.); whakakeukeu; whakakori-| Shiver, v. Wiri; tuhauwiri; turiwataitai; turiwetautau.

Shoal, s. Koraha; pakupaku; papaku; tahuna (E. C.).

Shoal of fish, s. Rara; ranga.

Tupu; kotete; ngao; Shoot, s. pariri (W.); poioio.

Shoot, middle, s. Korito.

Shoot (as plants), v. Tupu; toa; koiata (W.); kohura; koropana; koriro; whakangao; whakanihoniho.

Shoot weakly, v. Hutoitoi.

Shoot with a gun, &c., v. puhi.

Uta. Shore, s.

Shorn of branches, a. Humuhumu.

Short, a. Poto; takupu.

Short time, s. Tukekau.

Shorten, v. Whakapoto.

Kokiri; tokiri (W.); Shove, v. toko; tute; uaki (E. C.).

Shovel, v. Koko; tikoko.

Shoulder, s. Pakihiwi (E. C.); pokowhiwhi; pokohiwi (E.C.).

Shoulder blade, s. Papaahuahua. Shoud, v. Karanga; parare; hamama.

Show, v. Whakakite; whakaputa.

Shower, s. Ua; pokaka; awha.

Shrimp, s. Potipoti.

Shrivelled, a. Memenge; ngingio; whewhengi; kopuka; kongio; koaha (E. C.); putokitoki.

Shrub. s. Rakau.

Uaki; kopani; kopi. Shut, v.

Shut, to be, v. Kati.

Shy, a. Maka.

Mate; turoro; ruaki; Sick, a. kongenge.

Sick person, s. Turoro; ngongo; ketoketo (W.); okeoke (W.); maki.

Toronaihi. Sickle. s.

Rewharewha; mate; Sickness, s. ruaki.

Side, s. Kaokao; taha; moka; tapa (E. C.); whaitua (W.); whanga; tahaki.

Side, on one, ad. Titaha; maua- Shim, v. tara.

Sieve, s. Tatari; hitari (W.).

Sift, v. Tatari.

Sigh, v. Mihi; mapu; ngunguru; takuate (W.).

Sight, out of, a. Ngaro; henumi; nunumi; toke (R).

Sign, s. Tohu.

Signal, s. Tohu.

Silent, to be, v. Karangata (E. C.); noho puku; wahangu.

Silently, adv. Hu; puku.

Sill, s. Pehipehi.

Silt, s. Parakiwai.

Sin, s. Hara.

Since, conj. Ina.

Since, prep. No; no muri i; i muri i.

Sinew, s. Uaua.

Sing, v. Waiata; tautapa; umere (W.).

Sing, as water in boiling, v. Hihi.

Singe, s. Hunuhunu.

Single, a. Tapatahi.

Single person, s. Marokau.

Single woman, s. Takakau. Singly, ad. Takitahi.

Sink a Totaka

Sink, v. Totohu.

Sink into the ground, v. Powharuwharu (E. C.).

Sinker, s. Mahé; maiheu.

Sinner, s. Tangata hara.

Sister, of a brother, s. Tuahine.
— of a younger sister. Tuakana.

— of an elder sister. Teina.

Sister in law, s. Auwahine; taokete.

Sit. v. Noho.

Sit around, v. Popo.

Site, s. Paenga; papanga.

Six, a. Ono.

Sixteen, a. Tekau ma ono.

Sixty, a. Ono tekau; hokoono (W.).

Size, s. Rahi; nui.

Skeleton, s. Koiwi.

Skid, s. Neke; rango.

Skilful, a. Tohunga; matau; mohio; matanga. Mim, v. Koko; tikoko.

Skin, s. Hiako; kiri.

Skin, white, s. Kiritea.

Skin, inner, s. Kiriwai.

Skull, s. Angaanga; poangaanga.

Sky, s. Rangi; kikorangi.

Slab, s. Papa.

Slack, a. Korokoro.

Slacken, v. Whakakorokoro; tukutuku.

Slant, v. Hinga.

Slap, v. Pakipaki; pahia.

Slate, s. Papa.

Slave, s. Herehere; pononga; taurekareka; taurereka; ropa (W.); tumau (E. C.—W.); karokaro; ora; parakau; parau.

Slavery, s. Parau; herehere.

Sleep, v. Moe; kaikaru (Ng.).

Sleep wakefully, v. Moetitoro; moetoropuku.

Sleepy, to be, v. Hiamoe; momoe; hinamoe; parangia.

Slime, s. Ware.

Sling, s. Kopere; kotaha; pere.

Slink away, v. Ninihi.

Slip, v. Hangoro; huhu; kaheko (W.); kareko; karengo; tapepa.

Slip along, v. Mania; paheke; pahuhu; paneke; koneke.

Slip down, v. Panuku; tanuku.

Slip in, v. Tapako.

Slippery, a. Mania; pahekeheke; paheno (E.C.); parengo; pauhu (E.C.).

Slit, v. Hori; koreparepa (W.); titore.

Slothful, a. Mangere; rora; pa-kihore.

Slow, to be, v. Whakaroa; akuto; porori (E. C.); puhoi; taparuru (W.); tiraha (E. C.).

Slowness, s. Porori.

Sludge, s. Paru.

Slug, s. Ngata.
Sluggish, a. Ngoikore; mangere;
iwikore; whakaroa.

Smack the lips, v. Kotamutamu; tametame.

Small, a. Nohinghi; iti; marire. (E.C.); riki; hakahaka; moroiti; pokeke; tupakipaki; mahake; makari; meromeroiti; wheto (E. C.); whetau.

Small as dust, a. Konenehu. Smart, v. Puia.

Smash, v. Kopehupehu; taiari; pakaru.

Pani. Smear, v.

Smell, v. Hongi.

Smell unpleasantly, v. Piro; haunga; haruru; koeo; konakona; kopurupuru; monomono; puhonga.

Smoke, s. Paoa; au; auahi.

Smoke, v. Paoa; ponguru; pongere.

Smooth, a. Maeneene.

Snag, s. Taita.

Snail, s. Ngata.

Snake, s. Neke; nakahi.

Motu; whati. Snap, v.

Snare for birds, s. Reti; rore; tawhiti; mahanga; ahere (W.).

Snare, v. Rore; mahanga; torohere.

Snatch, v. Kapo; hopu.

Sneak, v. Haere toropuku.

Sneer, v. Tawai; taunu; whakarawai.

Sneeze, v. Tihe; matihe (E. C.); tihewa.

Ngongoro. Snore, v.

Snout, s. Ihu.

Snow, s. Huka; hukarere.

Snuffle, v. Whenguwhengu.

Soaked, a. Kopiro: tuku ki te wai. Soap, s. Hopi.

Soar, v. Whakatopa.

Hotu; whakahotuhotu; Sob, v. whakaingoingo.

Soft, to be, v. Ngawari; ngorengore; ngohengohe (E. C.); maeneene; ngaeki; harotu; kope; korengarenga; kutere; ngaeri; ngorenoa; oru; pe; tahoho; tako; taoru; taromanoa.

Soften, v. Whakangawari.

Soil, s. Oneone.

Sojourn, v. Noho.

Soldier, s. Hoia.

Sole of the foot, s. Kapukapu.

Solid, a. Maro; pakeke.

Solitary, to be, v. Mehameha; mokemoke; ongeonge.

Some, a. Tetahi; ehinu; tokohinu; etahi.

Son, s. Tama; tamaiti.

Son-in-law, s. Hunaonga.

Song, s. Waiata; tau; pihe; whakamohio.

Sonorous, a. Mahea; tatangi.

Soon, ad. Meake; taro; wawe.

Soothe, v. Whakamarie.

Sore, a. Mamae; koipuipu; kowhaki.

Sore throat, s. Katirehe (W.).

Sorrow, s. Koingo; konohi; pouri.

Sorrow, expression of, s. Ketekete; ngetengete.

Sorrowful, to be, v. Pouri; whakapoururu.

Tu; tikanga. Sort, s.

Soul, s. Wairua.

Sound of voices, indistinct, s. Hamumu.

Sound, v. Tangi; tatangi; whakatangi; pahu; paku; rara.

Sound, the depth of water, v. Whakatatutu.

Sound, to be, as sleep, v. Au.

Sound indistinctly, v. Wawaro.

Sound in succession, v. Tiripapa.

Sour, to be, v. I; kawa; tangeo. Source, s. Pukenga; matamata; matapuna; matawai (E.C.). .

South wind, s. Tonga.

South-east wind, s. Putongamarangai.

South-west wind, s. Tongakotaratara.

Sow. v. Rui.

Takiwa; wa. Space, s.

Puka; hoto; karehu Spade, s. (E. C.).

Spare, v. Tohu.

Spark, s. Korakora. Speak, v. Ki; korero; mea; puaki; whakatu; koroki; kuika (E. C.). Speak of past events, v. Kauwhau; whakapapa. Speak frequently, v. Kupukupu; potele. Speak loudly, v. Parare. Speak through the nose, v. Whango. Speak indistinctly, v. Hamumu. Speak ill of, v. Hanihani (W.). Speak at departure, v. Poroporo-Speak in a low voice, v. Kuihi. Speak treacherously. v. Muna. Spear, s. Matia; tao; kokiri; hoata (E, C.); kaukau (R.); timata (E. C.). Spear, v. Wewero. Speech, s. Ki; korero; reo; taki; kauwhau; tataku; whakataki; whakatu. Speed, s. Hohoro.

Spent, to be, v. Pau; hemo; mahiti; pareho; moti; ongeonge; pareko; peto. Spider, s. Pungawerewere; pu-

werewere. Spider, venomous, s. Katipo.

Spilled, a. Maringi.

Spin, v. Miromiro.

Spine, s. Iwituararo.

Spirit, s. Wairua.

Spit, v. Tuwha; puwha.

Spittle, s. Huare (E. C.); haware; hauare.

Splash, v. Pati; pohutuhutu.

Splice, v. Hono; haumi.

Splinter, s. Maramara.

Split, v. a. Wawahi; tata; titore; toihi (E.C.); koreparepa (W.); nakunaku (W.); toetoe; tiora.

Split, v. n. Akoako; koara; koihiihi; kotata; matata; matitore; ngatata; ngawha; pohaha; tiwarawara.

Split off, v. Rehu.

Spoil, v. Whakakino; whakaroiroi.

Sponge, s. Pungorungoru; kopuputai; hautai (E.C.).

Spongy, a. Kopuka; koputoitoi.

Sponsor, s. Matuaatua.

Spoon, s. Koko; hako.

Spotted, a. Korotiwhatiwha; kotiwhatiwha; kotingotingo; purepure.

Spouse, s. Makau.

Spout, s. Korere.

Sprained, a. Takoki; tanoe; tanoni: taui.

Sprawl, v. Takawhetawheta.

Spread, v. Whariki; horahora; whewhera; horapa (E. C.); rauroha (W.); towha.

Spread abroad, v. Marara; tarewa; tirara; turara.

Spread, as fire, v. Toro; tora. Spring, v. Pihi; tupu; tipu; rea (E. C.).

Spring up in the mind, v. (W.).

Spring, s. Puna.

Spring tides, s. Taitai nunui.

Sprinkle, v. Ta; uwhiuwhi.

Sprinkling, a. Whakaekeeke.

Sprit, s. Titoko; takotokoto; kotokoto.

Sprout, v. Pihi; tupu.

Spy, s. Titei; tutei; tutai (W.).

Squall, s. Pokaka; ropu.

Square, a. Tapawha.

Squeak, v. Kotokoto; ngawi; titi. Squeeze, v. Rami; roromi; tatau; whakate.

Squint, v. Keko; karapa; tiwha. Stab, v. Oka; wero.

Stack, s. Whakapu.

Staff, s. Tokotoko; turupou.

Stage, s. Paparahi; rara.

Stage for food, s. Whata; komanga; pataka; timanga.

Stagger, v. Hirori; tapepa; tatutatu (W.); turorirori; hukeke.

Stained, a. Poke; pe. Stairs, s. Arawhata.

Digitized by Google

Stake, s. Poupou; tia; tirau (w.). | Sting, v. takakau; tata (E. C.). Stanch, v. Utu. Stand, v. Tu. Star, s. Whetu. Stare, v. Hinana; whete; titiro makutu. Start, v. Oho; ohorere; hukihuki; titi; tumu; turere. Starting, s. Oho; ohorere; pore. Startle, v. Whakaoho; hui; takiri. Starve, v. Whakatiki. State, v. Korero; whakataki. Statue, s. Whakapakoko. Stature, s. Roanga. Stay, s. Hokai; ueha. Steady, v. Whakamauru (W.); whakau. Steal, v. Tahae; whanako (E. C.); whenako; kaia (E. C.); keia (W.). Steal upon any one, v. Whakahengi; whakapapa. Stealthily, to go, v. Whakahengi; whakapapa. Steam, s. Korohu; koromahu; korowhanake: mamaha: mamaoa: tokakawa; whanake. Steep, to be, v. Poupou; tuhoe. Steer, v. Urungi; ue; runa. Stem, s. Tata; tinana. Stench, s. Piro; haunga; kakara. Step, s. Hikoi. Stern, s. Kei; paremata; ta (W.); noko. Stew, s. Huakua. Steward, s. Tohungarua; tuari. Stick, s. Rakau. Stick, v. a. Oka; wero. Stick into the ground, v. Tia; poupou; tiatia; tihoka. Stick, v. n. Piri. Stick fast, v. Tamomi; tupu; mau. Sticky, to be, v. Tataki. Stiff, a. Maro; pakeke. Stile, s. Koronae; whakatungangi. Still, a. Marie. Still water, s. Puroto (W.).

Kakati; wero. Stalk, s. Kakau; to; taunuke; Stingy, to be, v. Atuapo; ihupuku; kaiponu; kaihakere (E. C.); manawapopore; pitokite; towhe; meko. Stink, v. Piro; haunga. Stir, v. Kororirori. Stir up, v. Whakahauhau; akiaki. Stitch, v. Tuitui. Stomach, s. Puku. Stomach of a shark, s. Stone, s. Kamaka; kohatu; toka; teko; nganga. Stool, s. Turu. Koropiko; piko; tuohu; Stoop, v. tapapa; kupapa; tupoupou. Stop up, v. Arai; pa. See Block up. Store, s. Toa. Stork, s. Matuku; kotuku. Storm, s. Marangai; pokaka. Stouthearted, a. Manawanui. Straggle, v. Marara: wawara: whakawawa. See Wander. Tika; totika; ma-Straight, a. hora. Straighten, v. Whakatika; whakatotika. Strain, v. Riaka (W.). Strained, as the eyes, a. Matatoua (W.); waia. Strange, a. Tau; ke. Strange tribe, s. Tauiwi. Strange land, s. Tauwhenua. Stranger, s. Tauhou; taurewa; pakeha; putere; konene; manene. Strangle, v. Nonoti. Straps by which a load is carried on the back, s. Kahaki; kawe. Straw, s. Tata witi. Stray, v. Marara; whakawawa. Stream, s. Au; ia; roma. Street, s. Ara; huarahi; huanui. Strength, s. Kaha; ngoi; aria; koiwi (E. C.); ngohe; rutunga. Strengthen, v. Whakakaha; whakamaroro.

252 Strenuous, a. Uaua. Stretch out, v. Toro; whatoro; whatinotino; whakangeingei; wharoro; whatai (E.C.); whakamaro. Stretched, to be, v. Maro; rena. Stride. v. Hikoi. Patu; patukituki; ko-Strike, v. pehupehu (Ng.); whakaruke; ike (R.); paike (R.); tahitahi (W.). Strike with the fist, v. Kuru; moto. Strike out, as in swimming, v. Hokaikai. String, s. Aho; nape; tau. String of anything, s. Tautau. Strings of a mat, s. Hukahuka. Strip off, v. Horehore; huhu; hui; okaoka (W.); tihore; piokaoka (W.); mahihore. Strive, v. Whakauaua; whakataetae; oke; tatango; tauwhainga; tohe.

Stroke, s. Whiunga; patunga.
Strong, a. Kaha; maroro; ngohengohe; pakaha; marohirohi.
Struck, to be, v. Tu; whara; pa.
Struggle, v. Oke.
Stubborn, a. Keke; whakakeke; turi: tutu.

Stumble, v. Hirori; turorirori. Stump, s. Tumu; kotumu. Stunted a. Hurutete: mojojo: nu

Stunted, a. Hurutete; moioio; putokitoki (W.); putoti.

Stupid, a. Rare; wairangi; kuare. Stupid person, s. Moho; kuare. Stupify, v. Whakahaurangi.

Subdued, to be, v. Waikauere; waikorohuhu.

Subject to, to be, v. Ekengia. Subside, v. Ririu (W.); tangangao; heke.

Subtle, a. Tinihanga; hianga; maminga.

Subtract, v. Tango.

Succour, v. Awhina.

Such, pron. Pera; pena.

Suck, v. Momi; mote (E.C.); ngote (W.).

Sucker, s. Turuki (E. C.).

Suddenly, ad. Whakarere.
Suffer, v. Mamae; ngawhi (W.).
Sufficient, a. Ranea; nanea; roaka; rauaka (E. C.).
Suffocate, v. Nonoti.
Suitable, to be, v. Tau.

Sulky, to be, v. Pokeke; whaka-tamarahi; whakatuanui; turi.

Sulphur, s. Whanariki; kupapapapa.

Summer, s. Raumati.

Summit, s. Keokeonga; teitei; tihi; toitoi.

Sun, s. Ra; mamaru; komaru. Sunbeam, s. Hihi; toko.

Sunday, s. Ra tapu.

Sunrise, s. Whitinga o te ra; putanga o te ra.

Superior, a. Tino pai; pai rawa. Superior, higher, a. O runga.

Supple, a. Ngorengore; ngorenoa; ngohengohe (E. C.).

Support, s. Tokomanga; ueha; whakawhirinakitanga.

Support, v. Whakau; pupuri.
Suppose, v. Whakaaro; ki; mea.
Suppurated, to be, v. Pe; taimatuku.

Surf, s. Huka tai; tai whati.

Surface, s. Kahu.

Surname, s. Ingoa.

Surprise, express, v. Ketekete; ngetengete (E. C.).

Surprise, v. Komutu; hopu.

Surrender, v. Tuku.

Surround, v. Mui; ohu.

Survivors, s. Momohanga; morehu.

Suspect, v. Tupato.

Suspend, v. Whakawerewere; whakateki.

Suspicious, to be, v. Owhiti (E.C.); hihira; hahae; atea; tupato.

Swallow, v. Horo; tanuku.

Swallowed up, to be, v. Whaka-ngamia (R.).

Swamp, s. Hu; maata; mato (W);
ngaeki; oru; repo; korepo.
Swarm, (as bees), v. Heke.

Digitized by Google

Swear, v. Oati.

Sweat, s. Kakawa; tota; tokakawa.

Sweep, v. Tahi; puruma.

Sweet, a. Reka.

Sweeten, v. Whakareka.

Swell of the sea, s. Amai; hu-amo (W.).

Swell, v. Matakoma; pupuhi; puku; tetere; touwha; whakaahu.

Swelling, s. Puku; uruumu.

Swift, to be, v. Hohora; tere; tipi.

Swim, v. Kau; kaukau; kauhoe.

Swing, s. Morere; kopiupiu.

Swoon, v. Hemo.

Sword, s. Hoari.

Symptom, s. Tohu.

#### T.

Tabernacle, s. Tapenakara.

Table, s. Paparahua (R.); tepara.

Tack, v. Waihape.

Tail, s. Waero; hiawero; hiawaero.

Tail of a fish, s. Hiku.

Take, v. Tango.

Take care of, v. Rongoa; tiaki. Take up, v. Kohi; naunau.

Take up by handfuls, v. Ao; kapunga.

Take up a crop, v. Hauhake.

Talk. v. Korero.

Tall, a. Roa; teitei; hitawetawe.

Tame, a. Rarata.

Tame, v. Whakararata.

Tap, s. Korere.

Taste, s. Ha.

Taste unpleasantly, v. Tawaha.

Tattoo, s. Hotiki; moko.

Tattoo, v. Ta.

Teach, v. Ako; whakaako.

Teachable, a. Ngawari ki te ako.

Teacher, s. Kai whakaako; pukenga.

Tear, s. Roimata.

Tear, v. Hachae; ngahae.

Tear up the earth, v. Pukeri.

Tease, v. Tawai; whakatoi; whakatenetene; maminga; aweke; makoi; raweke; whakangari; whangawhanga (W.).

Teasing, a. Nanakia; porearea (E. C.); autaia; whakatoi.

Teat, s. U.

Tell, v. Ki; korero; mea.

Temple, s. Temepara.

Tempt, v. Whakawai; whakamatau; whakapakepake.

Temptation, s. Whakawainga; whakamatauranga.

Ten, a. Tekau; ngahuru; hokotahi (W.); ngawiri (R.).

Tender, a. Ngawari; ngohengohe. Tendon, s. Uaua.

Tent, s. Teneti.

Termination, s. Mutunga; poronga; whakaotinga; porotutukitanga.

Terrible, a. Wehi; mataku.

Terrify, v. Whakamataku; whakawehi.

Terror, s. Wehi; mataku.

Testament, s. Kawenata.

Than, conj. 1.

Thank, v. Whakapai; whaka-whetai.

I thank you; Ka pai; E tika hoki.

That, pron. Ia; tena; tera; taua. That, (in order that). Kia—ai.

Thatch, v. Tapatu; ato; turuki.

The, art. Te.

Thee, pron. Koe; mau; mou; nau; nou.

Theft, s. Tahae; kaia; keia; whanako (E. C.).

Their, pron. To ratou; ta ratou. Then, ad. Ianei.

Then, (at that time), ad. Ko reira; no reira.

Thence, ad. I reira.

There, ad. Ko; kona; reira; ra;

rerei (W.); whakako (W.).

Thereby, ad. Ma reira; hei reira; ko reira.

Therefore, conj. Koia; mo reira. These, pron. Enei; anei.

They, pron. Ratou; ratau (E. C.). They two, pron. Raua.

Thick, a. Matotoru; mutatengi; pupuru; totoka.

Thief, s. Tahae; whanako; kaia (E. C.); keia (W.); tohe (R.);whenako.

Takae; whanako. Thieve, v.

Thigh, s. Huwha; kuwha (E. C.). Thin, a. Tupuhi; hauaitu; tokoroa; tuoi; hauarea; hiroki; honia; ngongo; pakoko.

Thin, to be, as a board, v. Rahirahi; angiangi.

Thine, pron. Tau; tahau (E.C.); nau: nou.

Think, v. Mea; mahara; hua; whakaaro; ki (W.); ngarahu; tohu.

Third, a. Tuatoru: toru.

Thirst, s. Matewai; hiainu; wheinu

Thirteen, a. Tekau ma toru.

Thirty, a. Toru tekau; hokotoru  $(W_{\cdot})$ .

Thither, ad. Ki reira.

This, pron. Tenei.

Thistle, s. Pororua; puwha.

Those, pron. Ana; ara; ena; era; aua.

Thou, pron. Koe.

Thought, s. Mahara; whakaaro; ki (W.); ngarahu.

Thousand, a. Mano.

Thrash, v. Whiu.

Thread. s. Miro.

Thread worm, s. Iroiro.

Threatening, a. Whakaweti; whakawehi.

Three, a. Toru; tengi; matengi (R.).

Threshold, s. Paewai.

Thrice, ad. Tuatoru.

na; koina; raina; raka; rara; | Thrill, v. Ihiihi; koihiihi; wanawana.

> Throat, s. Korokoro: kaki.

Throb, v. Kapakapa; taporepore; panapana.

Throne, s. Torona.

Throw, v. Maka; panga; akirı; epa; hoa; kokiri; pana; piu; porowkiu; tiri.

Throw down, v. Whakataka; whakahoro; ruke.

Thrust, v. Turaki; pumuka.

Thrust in, v. Kokomo; tihoka (E. C.).

Thumb, s. Koromatua.

Thump, v. Kuru; moto.

Thunder, s. Whatitiri; whaitiri (E. C.).

Tairei. Thursday, s.

Thus, ad. Penei.

Thy, pron. Tau; tou; au; ou. Tickle, v. Whakakoekoe.

Tide, s. Tai; korikirihi (R.); ngaehe (R.).

Tie, v. Here; hotiki (E. C.); houwere (E. C.); niko; pona; taui; whitiki; whawkau (W.); whitoki (W.); runa: ruru; taroi; roiroi

(W.); hohou; putiki.

Tie in bundles, v. Pupu. Tie up raupo, v. Nati.

Tie reeds, v. Tautari.

Tie, in a bunch, v. Tautau.

Tiger, s. Taika.

Tight, a. Mau; kiki.

Tighten, v. Whakakiki; whakamau; tohapuru.

Till, prep. Taea noatia.

Tilt, v. Whakatitaha; honga (W.).

Timber, s. Rakau.

Time, s. Wa.

Timid, a. Wehi: mataku. Tinder, s. Whakaka.

Tingle, v. Titi; tioro; paorooro.

Tip, s. Matamata; koinga; keokeonga.

Tired, a. Ngenge; mauiui; hoha. See Weary.

To, prep. Ki; ko.

Toast, v. Tunu. To-day, ad. Aianei; inaianei; nonaianei. Matimati. Toe, s. Together, ad. Tahi; topuni. Toil, s. Mamahi; whakauaua. Token of regard, s. Maimai; mai-Tomb, s. Urupa; rua tupapaku. To-morrow, ad. Apopo; akengokengo (R.). Tongue, s. Arero. Too, ad. Nui atu. Tooth, s. Niho; rei. Toothache, s. Nihotunga. Top, s. Potaka. Top, the, s. Runga. Topknot, s. Reke; tikitiki; ngoi; ngoungou. Torch, s. Rama; roherohe. Torment, v. Whakamamae. Torn, to be, v. Tarerarera. Toss, v. Akiri; piu; maka. Totter, v. Ngaueue; oioi; ngarue (E. C.). Touch, v. Pa; whakapa. Tough, a. Uaua; maro. Tow, v. Toto; kukume. Towards, prep. Ko; ki; whaka. Tower, s. Taumaihi. Town, s. Kainga; taone. Toy, s. Whakapataritari. Track, s. Ara. See Road. Track, v. Takitaki. Trade, v. Hoko. Tradition, s. Tukunga iho; whakarerenga iho. Takahi. Trample upon, v. Transient, a. Tuao. Translate, v. Whakamaori. Trap, s. Kore. Trap, v. Karapiti. Travel, v. Haere. Travel through bushes, v. Muhu. Traveller, s. Tangata haere. Treacherous, a. Konihi. Tread, v. Takahi. Taonga. Treasure, s. Tree, s. Rakau.

Tremble, v. Wiri; hungoingoi; huoioi. Whakamatauranga. Trial, s. Tribe, s. Hapu; iwi; ika; pori; pu. Trickle, v. Hoho; heke; koreto; toto (E. C.-W.). Trinity, s. Tokotoru. Troop, s. Matua; ika. Trouble, to have, v. Maki; raru. Troublesome, a. Taitahae: autaia (E, C.); whanoke (E, C.). Trough, s. Kumeti; oko. True, a. Pono. Trumpet, s. Tetere. Trunk of a tree, s. Tinana; takahi. Trust, s. Whakapono. Truly, ad. Koia; koa; ina; ahua; aheiha (Ng.); anakoia (W.). Truth, s. Pono: pononga (W.). Try, v. Whakamatau; tohe. Tuesday, s. Turei. Tuft, s. Purekireki; purepure; pureirei (W.). Tumble, v. Hinga; taka. Tumour, s. Puku. Tumult, s. Nganga; ngangare. Tune, s. Rangi. Turkey, s. Pipipi. Turn, s. Noni; piko; kokeke. Turn, v. Tahuri; wairori; huri; kohure; papare. Turn about, v. Kopikopiko; tiutiu; neinei; paihore (E. C.); tatau; rara (E. C.). Turn adrift, v. Whakatere. Turn aside, v. Hipa (w); pahika (R.—E. C.); peau; tohipa; whakahipa (W.). Turn away from, v. Whakani-Turn back, v. Whakahoki. Turn inside out, v. Hurikoaro. Turn one way, v. Arotahi. Turn round, v. n. Amiomio; arohirohi; koumuumu; potaitaka; takamingomingo. Turn towards, v. Aro; aronui.

Turnip, s. Keha; horuhoru; korau (W.\_E, C.); nani. Tusk, s. Rei; niho. Twelve, a. Tekau ma rua. Rua tekau; hokorua. Twenty, a. Tuarua. Twice, ad. Twilight, a. Rikoriko.

Turn upside down, v. Huripoki. | Twin, s. Mahanga. Twine, s. Aho. Twinkle, v. Kotamutamu. Twirl, v. Hurihuri. Twist, v. Miromiro; karure. Twitch, v. Takiri. Two, a. Rua; rie (R.); rienga (R.). Two, by, ad. Takirua; purua.

U.

Udder, s. U. 'Ugly, a. Ahua kino. Ulcerated, a. Komaou; kikohunga. Umbilical chord, s. Tangaengae; pito; uho (E.C.). Umbrella, s. Marara. Uncle, s. Matua keke. Uncooked, a. Mata; kaimata; torouka (E. C.); tonganga; wheo; whakarae (E. C.). Uncover, v. Hura. Uncover by scraping away the earth, Huke. Under, prep. Raro. Underdone, a. Kanewha. Uncooked. Underneath, prep. I raro i; kei raro i; ki raro i. Understand, v. Matau; mohio. Understanding, a. Matau; mohio; matanga. Undone, a. Matara; paheno. Unfruitful, to be, v. Tatakau; hua kore. Unintelligible, a. Ngaro. Unite, v. Whakakotahi. Unity, s. Kotahitanga. Unjust, a. He. Unless, conj. Ki te kore. Unpaid, a. Tarewa. Unperceived, ad. Toropuku; puku. Unpleasant to the taste, a. Kawa. Unravel, v. Wewete; whakamatara. Unrighteous, a. Hara; kino; he. | Uvula, s. Tohetohe; miramira (W.).

Unripe, a. Ioio. Unseasoned, as timber, a. Torouka. Unsettled, a. Tarewa; kahuirangi; tirangi; taurewa (E. C.); tingei (E.C.); tirengi (Ng.); titengi (W.); tuarangaranga (W.); whakaroiroi. Unsteady, to be, v. Titaka; tautaka; paihore ke (E. C.). Unsuccessful in fishing, a. Muhore; puhore. Untie, v. Wewete. Untied, to be, v. Mawete; maweto; kareto; maheno (R.); makowha; matara (E. C.). See Until, prep. Taea noatia. Unto, prep. Ki. Untouched, a. Tikitu; toitu; uru-Untwisted, to be, v. Matara (E. C.). Up, ad. Ki runga. Up, to be, v. Maea; morunga; puea. Up to, prep. To. Upon, prep. Ki runga ki. Upper part, s. Upoko; runga. Uppermost, the, a. To runga rawa. Upright, a. Tu tonu. Upset, to be, v. Tahuri. Upward, ad. Ake; whakarunga. Akiaki (E.C.); tene; Urge, v. whakakoro; tohe. Urine, s. Mimi. Us, pron. Tatou; matou. Us two, pron. Taua; maua.

V.

Vacant, a. Atea; watea; takuto noa.

Vain, in, ad. Maumau; noa.

Valley, s. Awaawa; kakaritanga; hapua (W.); marua; wharua; mato (W.); taiororua; tawhati Vie, v. Tohe; tautohetoke. (W.).

Value, s. Utu.

Vapour, s. Mamaoa; korowhanake. See Steam.

Variable, to be, v. Haurokuroku (W.); puta ke.

Variegated, a. Kotingotingo. See Spotted.

Veil, s. Kopare.

Vein, s. Uaua.

Verandah, s. Whakamahau; mahau; koihi; rueke; haurangi(W.); kangatungatu (R.).

Verse, s. Rarangi.

Vertebra, s. Iwi tuararo.

Very, ad. Ki; tino.

Vessel, s. Oko.

Vestige, s. Uri.

Vexation, s. Whakatakariri; whakarikarika; inati.

Vexed, to be, v. Whakatakariri; | Voyage, s. Rerenga.

karangirangi; tinia; honohonoa (E. C.).

Vibrate, v. Piupiu; ngateri.

Viee, s. Kino; he.

Victual, s. Kai.

View, s. Tirokanga.

Vigilant, a. Tupato; mataara.

Vigorous, to be, v. Kaha; matomato; tuperepere.

Vile, a. Kino; weriweri.

Village, s. Kainga; pa.

Vine, s. Waina.

Vineyard, s. Mara waina.

Violent, a. Pakaha; taikaha; tuanui (W.); tuperepere.

Virtue, s. Pai.

Viscid, to be, v. Tataki.

Vision, s. Kitenga.

Visit, v. Toro; nohonoho.

Visitor, s. Manuhiri.

Voice, s. Reo; waha.

Voice, supernatural, s. Irirangi.

Void, a. Alea; kautahanga.

Volcano, s. Puia.

Vomit, v. Ruaki.

W.

Wade, v. Kau.

Wages, s. Utu.

Wail, v. Aue; tangi.

Waist, s. Hope.

Wait, v. Tatari; whangu; whakananawe; whakaririka.

tatu.

Walk, v. Haere.

Walking-stick, s. Tokotoko; tu- | Warm, to be, v. Mahana; wera; rupou.

Wall, s. (E. C.).

Wallow, v. Titakataka; oke.

Wander, v. Marara; atiutiu; kaewa; kokewa; konewha; korara; Warn, v. Whakatupato.

koroiroi (E. C.); whakaroiroi; wawa; wawara.

Wandering, as a dream, a. Tutoro.

Wane, v. Riko.

Want, s. Onge.

Wakeful, a. Ara; mataara; ma-| War, s. Pakanga; whawhai; whainga.

Ward off, v. Papare; kakaro.

puwera; ahuru.

Pakitara; patu; tara Warm oneself, v. Inaina; paina; whakaahuru.

Warmth, s. Werawera; mahana; pumahu.

Well, s. Poka wai.

Hauauru; hau-

West wind, s.

258 Warp, s. Whenu. Wash, v. Horoi. Waste, v. Maumau. Wasted, a. Maumau. Wasted away, to be, v. Koeo; kohi; kohiakiko; ngongo; honia. Watch, v. Mataara; hiwa. Water, s. Wai; honu; katao (R.); mote (W.); ngongi (W.). Water, as the mouth, v. Mowai. Water, v. Whakamakuku. Water, as the eyes, v. Toriwai; towawahi (W.). Watercourse, s. Maero. Waterfall, s. Rere; taheke. Watertight, to be, v. Maru; pihi. Wave, s. Ngaru. Wave, small, s. Papata (R.). Wave, v. Piupiu; rutu. Way, s. Ara; huarahi; huanui. We, pron. Tatou; matou; tatau (E. C.); matau (E. C.). We two, pron. Taua; maua. Weak, to be, v. Ngoikore; iwikore; anewa (W.). Weaken, v. Whakaruhiruhi. Wealth, s. Taonga. Weapon, s. Patu; ringaringa; rakau. Wearisome, a. Whakahoha. Weary, to be, v. Hoha; ngenge; marohirohi; rore; mauiui; rowhea (Ng.); ruwha; waea; waitau.

Weather, s. Rangi.

Wednesday, s. Wenerei.

Weeds, s. Otaota; taru.

Wiki.

Tangi.

Wed, v. Marena.

Wedding, s.

Wedge.

(E. C.).

Week, s.

Weep, v.

Weigh down, v.

Well, a. Ora.

toimaha: tami.

ngohanga.

arahi; kapekape (E. C.). Wet, a. Maku; rari; makengo. Whale, s. Tohora; pakake (E. C.); tohoraha (R.); paraoa. Whalebone, s. Paraoa. What, pron. Aha. What, int. Are; ha. Wheat, s. Witi. Wheel, s. Porowhita. When, ad. Ana; ina; no; i. When, interrogative, ad. Ahea; inahea; nonahea; tainawhea (E. C.).Whence, ad. Nohea; ihea. Where, ad. Kohea; keihea; tea (R.); tehea (R.). Whereas, conj. Notemea. Whereat, ad. Noreira; moreira. Whereby, ad. Mareira. Wherefore, conj. Koia; moreira. Whereupon, ad. Na; noreira; i reira. Wherewithal, ad. Ma te aha. Whether, conj. Ahakoa; ranei; raina (E. C.). Which, pron. Tehea; ehea. While, ad. Kei; keiwha. Whine, v. Uene. Whip, v. Whiu. Whip, s. Ta; whiu. Whipping-top, s. Kaihotaka. Whirl. v. Tawhiri; tawhiuwhiu; kowhiri; karawhiu; koumuumu; Weave, v. Whatu; nape (R.). riporipo. Whirlpool, s. Riporipo; kororipo. Marenatanga; ta-Whirlwind, s. Awhiowhio. Whisk, v. Powhiriwhiri. Makahi; mataora; ora Whisper, v. Kowhetewhete; kohumuhumu. Whistle, v. Korowhiti; whio. White, a. Ma. White clay, s. Ukui; uku (E. C. *--W.*). Whakataimaha. Whither, ad. Ko hea; ki hea. Weight, s. Taimaha; taumaha; Whizz, v. Mapu. Who, pron. Wai. Whole, a. Katoa. Digitized by Google

Whose, pron. Na wai; no wai. Why, ad. He aha; na te aha. Wicked, a. Kino; hara.

Wide, a. Whanui; wharahi.

Widow, s. Pouaru; takahore. Widower, s. Pouaru; takahore.

Width, s. Whanui; wharahi.

Wife, s. Wahine; hoa.

Wild, a. Maka.

Wilderness, s. Koraha.

Will, s. Hiahia; pai.

Wind, s. Hau; muri; kohengihengi (W.); kotengitengi; matangi (W.).

Wind ahead, s. Hautumu.

Wind, v. Pokai; takatakai.

Wind about, v. Kokeke; kopikopiko.

Winding, a. Awhiowhio; taiawhio.

Window, s. Matapihi; kotopihi; mataaho.

Wing, s. Parirau; pakau; pakaukau; paihau (E. C.).

Wing of an army, s. Kauae.

Wink, v. Kamokamo.

Winnow, v. Kowhiuwhiu.

Winter, s. Hotoke; hutoke (E. C.); takurua.

Wipe, v. Muku; ukui; muru.

Wisdom, s. Matauranga; mohiotanga.

Wise, a. Matau; mohio; matanga.

Wish, v. Hiahia; amene; minamina. See Desire.

Witch, s. Wahine makutu.

Witchcraft, s. Makutu; whaiwhaia (E. C.); taurarua.

With, prep. Kei; me; i.

Wither, v. Memenge; pohe; ngingio; ngongohe; paroparo.

Withhold, v. Meko; kaiponu.

Within, prep. Kei roto i; i roto i.

Within a little, ad. Mekari; me-kore.

Without, ad. Waho.

Witness, s. Kai whakapono.

Woman, s. Wahine.

Woman, old, s. Kuia; ruruhi; ngoingoi; ruwahine; kui; ha-kui (E. C.); hupeke (T.).

Womb, s. Kopu.

Wonder, v. Miharo; miha; mihi (E. C.); maharo (W.); monoa (E. C.); umere.

Wonderful, v. Whakamiharo.

Woo, v. Aruaru; whai.

Wood, s. Ngahere; tawhao; nehenehe (W.); weku (R.).

Wood (timber), s. Rakau.

Wood, isolated, s. Motu rakau; kari (w.).

Wood, half burnt, s. Mounga; motumotu (W.); momotu (E. C.); ngotungotu (W.); ngoungou (W.).

Wood coal, s. Kapoai.

Woof, s. Aho.

Wool, s. Huruhuru.

Word, s. Kupu; korero.

Work, s. Hanga; mahi.

World, s. Ao.

Worm, s. Toke; noke (E. C.); ngunu (R.).

Worn out, n. Petapeta; ongeonge; ngawhewhe; ngawhingawhi.

Worse, a. Nui atu te kino.

Worship, v. Karakia.

Worthy, a. Pai. Wound, s. Tunga.

Wrap up, v. Takai.

Wrath, s. Riri; aritarita.

Wreath, s. Pare; kopare.

Wrecked, a. Paea; pakaru.

Wrench, v. Tango. Wrest, as words, v. Whakariro.

Wrestle, v. Whakataetae; nonoke. Wriggle, v. Korikori; titakataka;

wriggie, v. horikori; itakaiaka; keukeu (E. C.); tautaka; turetireti (W.).

Wring, v. Whakawiri.

Wrinkle, s. Korukoru (W.).

Wrinkled, to be, v. Rehe (E. C.).

Write, v. Tuhituhi.

Writhe, v. Kapekapeta; okeoke.

Wrong, a. He.

### Y.

Yam, s. Uwhikaho. Yawn, v. Kohera. Ye, pron. Koutou. Ye two, pron. Korua. Yea, ad. Ae; koia. Year, s. Tau. Yellow, a. Pungapunga. Yelp, v. Tau. Yes, ad. Ae; ina; koia; ana (w.). Yesterday, ad. Inanahi; nonanahi; tainahi. Yesternight, ad. Inapo; nonapo. Yet, conj. Ano. Yield, v. Ngaeki; ngaeri; oru; taoru.

Yield, let go, v. Tuku.
Yonder, ad. Na; ki ko.
You, pron. Koutou.
You two, pron. Korua.
Young, a. Kuao; punua.
Young of birds, s. Hukari; pi.
Younger relative, s. Muringa; teina; taina (E. C.).
Youngest child, s. Whakaotinga; potiki.
Your, pron. Ta koutou; to koutou; ta korua; to korua.
Youth, s. Taitamariki; maitiiti

Z.

Zeal, s. Tohe; uaua.

Zigzag, a. Kopikopiko.

THE END OF SECOND PART.

# SENTENCES.

#### A SELECTION

OF

# COLLOQUIAL SENTENCES.

#### I.

| . Where do you come from? No hea koe?                                    |
|--|
| When did you come? Nonahea koe i haere mai ai?                           |
| What are you come for? He aha koe i haere mai ai?                        |
| Are you married? He wahine tau?  |
| Have you any children? He tamariki au?                                   |
| Is this your child? Nau tenei tamaiti?                                   |
| Have you been baptized? Ka oti koe te iriiri?                            |
| Who is your Missionary? Ko wai to Mihanere?                              |
| Do you know how to read? {E matau ana ranei koe ki te ko-rero pukapuka?  |
| Do you understand how to write? E matau ana koe ki te tuhituhi?          |
| Have you never been to school? Kahore and koe i tae ki te kura?          |
| Do not your children go to school? Kahore o tamariki e haere ki te kura? |
| Send them, Mau e tono ki reira.  |
| Is there no school in your village? Kahore he kura i to kainga?          |
| Do you know how to sew? {E matau ana koe ki te tui ka-kahu?              |
| Mend this hole, Tuia te kore nei.  |
|  |

#### II.

| Here is some soap,                        |   |
|---|---|
| It is better to buy soap and not tobacco. | Engari me hoko he hopi kaua he tupeka.            |
| Throw away your pipe,                     | Maka atu to paipa.                                |
| It is a bad habit,                        | He ritenga kino.<br>Katahi taku mea whakama ko te |
| smoke,                                    | wahine kia kai paipa.                             |

## III.

| Have you a Testament? He Kawenata tau? Read with me, Taua ka korero pukapuka.  |
|--|
| You will tell me if I read wrong, Ki te he taku korero pukapuka mau e ki mai.  |
| What is the meaning of that word? He aha te tikanga o tena kupu? I do not understand what you say, Kahore au e matau ki to korero. Repeat it again, Whakahuatia mai ano. |
| Speak slowly—you speak too fast, Kia ata korero—hohoro tonu to korero.   |
| Let us read verse by verse, {Kia hikohiko ta taua korero, mau tetahi rarangi maku tetahi.  |
| Do you understand the meaning E matau ana ranei koe ki te ti-<br>of this? kanga o tenei.   |
| When do you go back to your Ko ahea koe hoki ai ki to kaivillage? nga?   |
| Come and see me again before Hoki mai ano kia kite i ahau you go, keiwha haere koe.  |
| Come often, Kia hono te hoki mai.  |
| You must teach me, Mau ahau e ako.   |
| I want to learn maori, E mea ana au kia ako i te reo maori.  |

# IV.

| Do you want to work?                      | E pai ana koe ki te mahi?              |
|---|--|
| Do you know how to fence? .               | E matau ana koe ki te hanga<br>taiepa? |
| Fence this piece of ground,               | Taiepatia tenei wahi.                  |
| Let it be firm, lest the cattle break it, | Kia u, kei pakarua e nga kau.          |
| You must not be idle,                     | Kei mangere koe.                       |
| You must work from sunrise to             | Me mahi koe no te putanga o te         |
| sunset,                                   | ra, a po noa.                          |
| You must bring your own food,             | Mauria mai he kai mau.                 |
| I shall pay you when your work is done,   | Ka utua koe ina mutu to mahi.          |
| You must dig up all this,                 | Keria katoatia tenei wahi.             |
|   | Kei waiho nga roi ki raro ki te        |
| in the ground,                            | whenua.                                |

| Gather them and burn them, Hoe this piece of land, Break the lumps of earth, Do not break my hoe, | Haua tenei wahi ki te kaheru.<br>Patupatua nga keretu.<br>Kei whati taku kaheru. |
|---|--|
| Bring it back to me when you have finished,   | te mahi.   |
| Where is my spade? ]  | Kei hea taku puka?   |
| I will lend it to you, ]  | Katukuae au kiakoe.  |
| Have you not an axe? ]  | Kahore o titaha?   |
| Cut down this three,  | Tuakina tenei rakau.   |
| Chop some firewood,   |  |
| Sow this seed.  | Ruia tenei nuranura  |
| Leave a space between each bed,   | Me whai takiwa nga moa i te-<br>tahi taha i tetahi taha.                         |
| Dig a trench,   | Keria he waikeri.  |
| Widen the ditch there, }  |  |
| Plant this tree,  | Whakatokia tenei rakau.  |
| Carry some earth to this part, . ]  | Kawea he oneone ki tenei wahi.   |

٧.

| You must carry these things, Do you know the road? Is it a good road? Is it by the coast or inland? Are there many swamps? Is there much forest? Shall we find a canoe at the river? | Kei te akau te ara kei uta ranei? He maha ranei nga repo? He roa koia te ngahere? Tera koia e rokohina he waka ki te awa?                          |
|--|--|
| Will you take me across?   | Mau pea ahau e whakawhiti? Ka hohonu te awa? E tika ana te hau? Turakina te ra. Hoea te waka. Kia kaha te hoe. Meake ua. Tera ranei e ua te rangi? |
| Pitch the tent,  | Kia u nga tia. Tahuna he kapura. Tikina atu hoki he wahie. Haere kawea he wai. Maka he wai ki te ahi mo te ti. Me tao a tatou kapana ki te umu.    |

VI. Are you sick? . . E mate ana koe? What is the matter with you? . He aha to mate? Where is your pain? . . . Kei hea to maemae? How long have you been ill? . Ka pehea te roa o to mate? Have you had any medicine? . Kahore ano koe i kai rongoa? Did the medicine do any good? I pai ranei te rongoa? Put out your tongue, . . . . Kia whatero to arero. Is your throat sore? . . . E mamae ana to korokoro? Have you not a cough? . . . Kahore he mare? Is your chest sore when you cough? Ka mamae to uma ina mare koe. Do you perspire much in the night? {Ka puta te kakawa i to kiri i te po? Do you feel pain when I press Ka pehia e au te wahi nei ka this part? mamae koe? Have you been sick? . . . I ruaki koe? How long has that tumour been Nonahea te puku na? . He aha te kai i kainga e koe? What food have you eaten? . Take this medicine in the morn- Kainga te rongoa nei i te ata, i ing and in the evening, te ahiahi. Take it morning, noon, and night, Kainga i te ata, i te tino awa-Take some of this when the cough Ka tohe te mare ka kainga teis bad, tahi wahi o tenei. Rub this ointment on the part Pania te wahi na ki te hinu nei every night, i tenei po i tenei po. Rub some of this on the eyelids Pania tetahi wahi o tenei ki nga every night,—let it be a very kanohi i tenei po i tenei po, kia iti noa. Wash your eyes several times a-day Kia taki mahanga horoinga o nga with cold water—with warm kanohi i te ra tahi ki te wai water. matao-ki te wai werawera. Do not walk about till you are Kaua koe e haereere, kia matutu ra ano to mate. Do not lie continually in the house, Kaua e takoto tonu i roto i te whare, otiia ka whiti te ra kia but when the sun shines come outside and walk about, puta mai ki waho haereere ai. Do not smoke, . . . . . . Aua e kai tupeka.

| Is he better?                                   | Ka ata haere tona mate?  |
|---|--|
| Is the pain less?                               | Ka iti haere te mamae?   |
| Did you take all the medicine?                  | Kua pau katoa te rongoa?   |
| Did the medicine pain you?                      | I mamae koe i te rongoa?   |
| Do you cough less?                              | Ka iti haere to mare?  |
| Can you sleep at night?                         | Ka moe koe i te po?  |
| Come early to me—I cannot wait at home all day, | Hoki mai koe ki a au i te ata,<br>ekore au e noho tonu i te whare<br>i te roa o te ra. |
| Is your child sick?                             | E mate ana to tamaiti?   |
| You must wash it all over in warm               | Me horoi tona tinana katoa ki te<br>wai wera i tenei ra i tenei ra.                    |
| If it be washed it will be soon well,           |  |
| Does it suck still?                             |  |
| Do not feed it with the bad food,               | Kaua e whangainga ki te kai kino.  |
| Bring it to me again to morrow,                 | Whakahokia mai e koe ki ahau apopo.  |
| Farewell,                                       | Hei konei ra.  |

FINIS.



JENA: PRINTED BY FR. FROMMANN



